

THE JOURNAL

Remember the X! Subscribers who find this mark (X) after their names will understand that the time they have paid for has expired, and that the subscription must be renewed by advance payment. If they wish the paper continued.

TRI-WEEKLY JOURNAL. The Tri-Weekly Journal, published Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. Subscriptions received for four or six months at the same rate. In all cases the cash must accompany the subscription.

Sudden Death.—A citizen of Columbus City, named Ayers, died suddenly at Stein's Hotel, Tuesday, of heart disease. He had been sick only a few hours.

A dispatch from Cairo of the 11th says Capt. Keeler had just arrested twenty thieves and gamblers in that place. Two soldiers had been garrotted and robbed on the streets the night previous.

To the Farmers.—We learn from the State Register that the Supreme Court of this State has affirmed the constitutionality of the hog law. This has been a question of very much interest to the farming portion of our population, and we are glad for their sakes that it is now settled.

We regret to learn of the death of Daniel Leffer and Wm. Nyeenhuis, of Co. B, Gray Guard Regiment. They were both citizens of this place. They died in hospital at St. Louis on the 10th inst.—the former of small-pox and the latter of chronic diarrhea. Their loss is deeply lamented by all who knew them.

Lancet.—A man named Barrows, residing in Sweden township, was arrested last Tuesday and brought before Esquire Nye, charged with the robbery of a lot of books which he had taken from Burnett's and Palmer's book store. He was fined ten dollars and costs, amounting to fourteen dollars, which he borrowed and paid over.

Interesting Historical Picture.—An artist of this city has executed for the citizens of Grandview, a spirited drawing of the late famous retreat of Judge Thayer from the "Abolitionists" of that place. The scene is graphically delineated, and will prove of great interest to Grandview, and will doubtless be placed on exhibition.

Railroad Extension.—The trains on the M. & M. R. commenced running to Malcom, ten miles west of Brooklyn, Tuesday. From this place a six-horse omnibus runs in connection with the trains to Grinnell. The road will soon be completed to the latter place, as the grading is all done, and iron sufficient to lay the road purchased. The company is displaying commendable energy in pushing forward this great work.

To those persons who voted for the resolution, (a resolution prohibiting the editor of this paper from speaking again at Grandview or in the vicinity of that place,) permit us to say that if we take a notion we will speak at Grandview again, and that we will compel those abolitionists to listen to us again.—C. W. R.

Cool, very! The people of Grandview and vicinity seem to think, however, that the "notion" won't take you very soon—that it will be some time before your nervous system will be sufficiently restored to stand up before those "abolitionists" again.

Petit Jurors.—The following named gentlemen were drawn for petit jurors for the next term of court which holds its session in June:

St. McNutt, P. Houtz, Lake township; Wm. Freese, E. Adams, A. Fry, Morris Neidig, H. H. Garmes, Bloomington township; I. R. Wright, Wapawano township; C. Miles, Wilton township; J. D. Newberg, Cedar township; D. Morgan, Moscow township; E. R. Cole, Montpelier township; J. Wallingford, Pike township; Wm. Tals, Fulton township; H. C. Sweet, Sweden township.

County Fair.—We notice that the directors of the various county fairs throughout the State are making vigorous efforts for the coming exhibitions. Many of them have already published premium lists, and in the majority of cases the premiums are liberal. What is our Agricultural Society doing in this matter? They should be vigorously at work in order to secure a successful fair, such as one as those formerly held in this county only a few years since. These fairs were held in higher estimation, and drew a larger number of exhibitors and strangers than the State Fair. Why not recover our former popularity in this respect? Liberal premiums should be offered and inducements held out sufficient to attract exhibitors from other counties. The premiums for horses and other stock should be large. No county in the State can get up a better fair than Muscatine, if proper exertions are made.

Good Cooks.—Ladies, if you would be known as good cooks and would avoid the mortification of having poor biscuits for tea when you have company, use D. B. DeLand & Co's Chemical Salt, and that only.

Obituary.—Died, in hospital, at St. Louis, Mo., March 30, 1863, of small-pox, James Hunt—aged 50 years.

Decedent was a corporal of Co. B, 27th Regiment Iowa Infantry, and also a working member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

At a meeting of Co. B, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That we, the undersigned, in the active discharge of his provisions, to remove from our midst our friend and comrade, James Hunt, who has been a member of our company, and to bury him with the honors of war.

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The Meeting at Grandview!

E. H. T. DISGUSTS THE PEOPLE WITH HIS TREASON AND IS COMPELLED TO BEAT A HASTY RETREAT.

GRANDVIEW, IOWA, April 13th, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—The friends of the Government will, I doubt, be interested to know that the "Grand Democratic" alias Copperhead "Ball," which was to have been held in Grandview on last Saturday, turned out to be a grand Democratic fiasco. But those who are continually crying that the liberty of the press and the freedom of speech are restricted by abolition fanaticism, cannot say that such was the case here. It is true that the weight of a fair wind, at several times, have turned the tide of an indignant audience against the speaker, but a different, if not a wiser course prevailed, and E. H. T. was allowed to belch forth the stereotyped edition of his foul slander upon the policy of the Administration, which contained, as usual, little else than denunciations without foundation, charges without proof, and a wailing cry of sympathy for the glorious emblems of our country, torn and spit upon—not a word of censure for the traitor who is thrusting the dagger at the heart of the nation.

But we do not intend to review the speech. The Judge says it is one which he is not ashamed to spread before the world, and he promised to publish it; we will leave you, therefore, to make your own comments, if any are necessary. Perhaps it is not ashamed to be a total stranger to any such emotions, but there are those who are ashamed of it—those who said they had always been Democrats, but not such a—d—d Democrat as E. H. T.

When the speaker had finished and taken his seat, some one proposed "three groans for Thayer," and such doleful ones were given, we had thought could only be heard from the regions of despair. Then followed three cheering cheers for Lincoln and the Administration.

You may wonder why such sentiments were uttered at a grand copperhead rally, why their champion was groaning at, and why the Administration which he denounced with the bitterest terms, was cheered so enthusiastically. The secret is in the fact, that but a handful of Thayer's disciples had the courage to face the music of the Union and the loyal citizens of Grandview who turned out to rebuke treason.

Perhaps the Judge will tell his readers of another outpouring of the people, if he does, perhaps (I) he will also tell of the outpouring of the people, which was shown about him as he made his exit from the tavern by the back door, and his exit from town by a back street, &c. The last that was seen of him was by a gentleman who met him going to the house of two-story whippers at every jump. Of course he would stop at the slough and wash the eggs off.

He no doubt felt, muttering curses deep, if not loud, against the abolitionists, for he didn't think his religion will bear him above profanity; but he may be thankful that he escaped as well he did, and take warning not to attempt to repeat the offence unless he has a passport to the other world.

Yours truly, S. E. J.

[From another correspondent.]

Ed. Journal:—The Copperheads, some time since, circulated hand-bills announcing that there would be a Democratic meeting at Grandview on Saturday, the 11th inst., to be addressed by E. H. Thayer and others. The time arrived, and no house could be procured, notwithstanding we have five churches in our village. They consequently took out doors for it.

Thayer read his speech in grandiloquent style, but there was not a cheer during the whole hour and a half of his delivery, nor when he was done.

Mr. Williamson was called for, but the "faithful" asked to be allowed to go on with their business. He was allowed, however, to ask Mr. Thayer to furnish him with a copy of his speech. This he would not consent to do, but that he would publish it in his paper. Mr. Williamson wished him to meet him and defend his speech, but he said the speech needed no defense—it defended itself.

Some one then called for "three groans for Thayer," and they were given with a will.—Immediately some one called for "three cheers for the Union," and they were given in good style.

About ten minutes Thayer made his exit at the back door of the tavern (the speech was in front of the tavern), and hastily jumping into his buggy, and the eggs beginning to fly freely, he put to the whip, and in a few moments was out of sight. He took a back street, instead of coming round the main street, and thus escaped the most of the eggs. I am informed that twelve dozen were in readiness for him.

It was resolved by a formal vote of the crowd that we would allow no more such speeches. Exit, Thayer! ALTERNIA.

Decedent Iowa Soldiers.

The following is a list of deceased Iowa soldiers, who have died in hospital at Memphis, Tenn., from March 10 to April 1, 1863.

John T. W. Long, of Iowa, State Sanitary Agent at St. Louis and vicinity.

TELEGRAPHIC.

The Case of the Blockade Runner Peterhoff.

Address of Jeff Davis to the citizens of the "Confederacy."

A Secesh Review of the War.

PREPARATIONS FOR A DRAFT.

Gov. Curtin, of Pa., to be Minister to Spain.

The Supreme Court decides that Fugitive Slaves be returned to Loyal Owners.

[Special to Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, April 15. The case of the Anglo reefer Peterhoff continues to engage the Administration as well as diplomatic circles here. It is understood that Lord Lyons has requested the British mail found on board to be returned to him unopened, and that the State Department is ready to accede to his wishes.

Secretary Welles is of the opinion that whatever abstract right and wrong of the question may be the District Court which has the case before it for adjudication alone can decide the statute being peremptory that a vessel, shall be transmitted unopened to the court before which such vessel is proceeded against.

Judge Betts last week invited Mr. Archibald, British Consul, to be present while the mail was being opened, but he did not appear. The Judge would then have proceeded to open the mail, as we are informed, but for the reception of telegram from Washington.

The new president of a force of rebels at Rocktown, Middleburg, and through that region, is known here.

The rumor started here that there had been skirmishing at Fairfax Court House is not true.

New York, April 16. Jeff. Davis has issued an address to the people of the Southern Confederacy urging them to devote their agricultural labor to the production of food. He says, though the soldiers are on half rations of meat, there is plenty of it in the Confederacy, but that a difficulty exists in its transportation, which is now about to be remedied. The address contains the following paragraph:

"To oppose invading forces composed of slaves which have already exceeded 1,800,000, we had no resources but, the unconquerable valor of a people determined to be free, and no substitute of military supplies, that of thousands of our citizens were reluctantly refused admission into the service from inability to furnish arms, while for many months the communication of our armaments over their safety chiefly to a careful concealment of the fact that we were entirely out of a supply of powder for our cannon."

Your devotion and patriotism have triumphed over all these obstacles, and called into existence munitions of war, clothing and sustenance, which have enabled our soldiers to illustrate their valor on numerous battlefields, and to inflict crushing defeats in our armies, each of which our arrogant foe fondly imagined to be invincible. The contrast between our past and present condition is well calculated to inspire full confidence in the triumph of our arms. At no previous period of the war have our forces been so numerous, so well organized, and thoroughly disciplined, armed and equipped, as at the present season.

High waters, on which our enemies relied to enable their fleets of gunboats to penetrate into our country and devastate our homes, is fast passing away, yet our stronghold on the Mississippi still bids defiance to the foe, and months of costly preparations for their destruction have been spent in vain. Disaster has been the result of their every effort, and the storm Vicksburg and Port Hudson, as well as every attack on our batteries on Red river, Tallahatchie and other navigable streams.

Within a few weeks the falling waters and receding host of summer will complete their discomfiture and compel their hasty and defeated forces to the abandonment of the expedition on which was based their chief hope of success in effecting our subjugation.

We must not forget, however, that the war is not yet ended, and that we are still confronted by powerful enemies and threatened by numerous fleets, and that the Government that controls these fleets and armies, is driven to the most desperate efforts in the unholy purpose in which it has thus far been defeated. It will use its utmost energy to arrest this impending doom so fully merited by the atrocities it has committed. The savage barbarities which it has encouraged, and the crowding attempts to excite a servile population to massacre our wives, daughters and helpless children. With such a contest before us there is but one danger which we must guard against, and that is the danger of apathy. We must never allow our patriotism to wane, and we must never permit our eyes to be lulled by the success of our arms.

Special to the Chicago Times.

WASHINGTON, April 15. The preparations for enforcing the Conscription Act are being completed. The medical rules have been submitted to the Secretary of War by the Board of Army Surgeons, and the list of appointments for Provost Marshals has been finally revised, and will be announced. The enrollment, it is believed, can be made during May, so that the draft may be ordered early in June, if deemed necessary.

Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, has been tendered a mission to Spain. He declines a re-nomination to Congress as a member of the War Department.

The proceedings in the case of private Salter, of Hiale's engineer regiment, are also in progress. The case, have been set aside.—The trial took place at Memphis.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE!!

William A. Bachelor's celebrated Hair Dye produces a white spot on the temples—restores the color of the hair; cures itching humors; cures the effects of bad diet, and invigorates the hair for life. GRAY, RED OR RUSSY HAIR instantly turns a beautiful black or brown, leaving the hair soft and beautiful. Sold by all Druggists, &c.

WILLIAM A. BACHELOR, 109, on the corner of Broadway and Third Street, New York, (late 25 Broadway and 18 South Street.) June 21/64

THOS. P. CHAPMAN, Chemist, No. 321 Broadway, New York.

MARKETS.

Wheat.—We quote rejected spring at 50c and 51c, spring at 50c, 51c and 52c. Oats.—20c, 21c and 22c. Corn.—20c, 21c and 22c. Flour.—20c, 21c and 22c.

Stoves.

Empire Stove & Tin Shop.

COOPERS' TOOLS.

CASH CAPITAL REPRESENTED, OVER \$100,000.

THOMAS D. SMITH, General Insurance Agent, AND COMMERCIAL BROKER.

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