### AMUSEMENTS.

DIKE'S OPERA-HOUSE. J. W. Guest. Lessee and Manager A. W. FENNO, Stage Manager M. Summons, Treasurer THIS (Friday) EVENING, December 27, BENEFIT OF MISS DORA SHAW, And last night but one of herengegement. By pur-ticular request, she will appear in, her character of

GAMILLE. To conclude with the taughable Farce of BETSY BARNS.

PRICES OF ADMINION-Parquette, Circle and Bal-cony, 50 etc.; Californe, half prices Gallery, 25°. Bex Office open daily from 18 to 4 P. M.

W O C D ' S T B E A T E R

Manager, Geo. Wood; Stage Manager, G. H. Gilbert; Treasurer, G. T. Collins. PRIORS TO SUIT THE TIMES - Dress Circle and Parquette, 36 cents; Gaillory, 15 cents. THIS (Friday) EVENING, December 27,

BENEFIT OF MR JOSEPH PROUTOR, When a great bill will be presented. Mr Proctor a WALLACE, THE HERO OF SCOTLAND, And the JIBBENAISOSAY, in THE NICE OF THE WOODS.

WATIONAL THRATER Novel and Brilliant Attraction! SEVENTH WEEK.

DAN RICE'S GREAT TROUPE.

First representation of the Chivalrous Equestrian St. George and the Dragon. Also, of the Comic Pantomime of The Miser of Bagdad,

With a grand melange of entertainments. NOTICE—The regular Dramatic Season will commence on the 8th of January. Ludice and gen-tlemen of ability can apply to the Manager de23. JOHN BATES.

SMITH & NIXON'S HALL HELLER EVERY NIGHT!

## WONDERS AND MIRACLES!

An Afternoon Performance Saturday.

PIKE'S CONCERT HALL, CHRISTMAS AFTERNOON AND EVERY EVEN. ING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE. Will be on exhibition the great Panorama of

FAIRY LAND Painted on 25,000 feet of canvas by the celebrated Attist, W. T. PORTER.

Afternoon Exhibition at 2 o'clock; Evening Exhition at 5 o'clock Cards of Admission 25 cents; Children, 15 cents, Also, SA t UnDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

"Holiday Fixins'."

EVERY THING THAT ANY BODY is kept and sold at lowest rates by de23 f FEEGUSON, Ninth and Vine. "Something to Eat."

The carquisite flavor of the spleadid Holiday Oysters, which will arrive every day during this and next week, at de25-f FERGUSON'S, Ninth and Vins.

"Eomething to Drink."

A LARGE AND PARTICULARLY well-selected stock of fine Brandies and Wines, as well as the best trish. South and B'urbon Whiskies in the city bottled of on draught, at dext-1 FERGUSON'S Nimb and Vine.

# HEAD-QUARTERS.

## MILITARY MEN-AND SUTLERS

WILL SAVE MONEY BY PURCHASING THEIR GOODS AT THE

New Rubber Store,

SOLE WESTERN AGENCY For the Sale of the Patent

COMBINATION CAMP COT I

FENWICE & CO.

No. 56 West Fourth-st., OPPOSITE CABLISLE BLOCK.

SEWING MACHINES GREAT BARGAINS

WE HAVE TEN FIRST-CLASS Sewing Machines Particularly adapted to the

MANUPACTURE -0F-Army Clothing, etc. etc.,

Which we will sell AT GREATLY-REDUCED PRICES.

Call at our store and see them. NIXON, CHATFIELD & WOODS,

Nos. 77 and 79 Walnut-stroot.

NEW ARRIVAL Williams & Orvis' Improved Noiseless Double-thread 825

## FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

THE INCHEASED DEMAND POR these UNBIVALED MACHINES has called for a large increase of our stock, and we now invite the solitors' pant. O case, vest and dress makers of this city to call and see a Machine for \$55 that will de MOSE WORE, in less times and DO 17 BET-TER, than any other in this market. Ramples of heavy and tight work with circulars, forwarded on application at our Central Office for the West.

164 RACE-ST., CINCINNATI, do if Bc, \$23 Washington at Boston.

# Cincinnati

CINCINNATI, FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 27, 1861

### WIT AND WISDOM THE DAILY PRESS.

PURLISHED BAILT, EXCEPT SUNDAYS, BY THE CINCINNATI PRESS COMPANY. ... DECEMBER 25

VOLUME VI.

Railroad Bulletin. ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

SATTLE MIAMI Forrow Accommodation 7.40 A M 2.00 P. M Na'ly Express 10.00 A M 6.50 P M Name Accommodation 5.15 P M 6.10 P. M Stumbes Accommodation 5.50 P M 8.00 A M CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DATTON.

MABIETTA AND CINCINNATT. 3.30 P.M. 5.20 P.M. 3.30 P.M. 10.05 A.M.

OBIO AND MISSISSIPPL INDIANAPOLIS AND CLECIMBATE

Toledo, Detroit & Chicago Ex-Toledo, Detroit & Chicago Ex-Toledo, Detroit & Chicago Ex-Toledo, Detroit & Chicago Ex-Detroit & Chic GINCINNATE AND CHICAGO AIR-LIBR.

Mail and Express 7,30 A M 9,15 P.M. CINCINNATI, WILNINGTON AND EARSVILLE. 

General Cheatham.

The Sonora (Cal) Democrat, of the 16th ult., furnishes the following sketch of this rebel General, who was in command of the Confederate forces at the battle of Belmont; This gentleman is no other than Colonel Chentham, who lived several years at Stockton, and for some time in Sonora. He is a middle-sized, stout, square-shouldered man, with a keen, piercing eye, and a de-termined, fighting look. Of his military abilities we know nothing, except that he served with distinction during the Mexican

War, as a Colonel of one of the Tennessee regiments. He is a native of Nashville, and his family is one of the most wealthy and respectable in the State. While in this county Colonel Cheatham was engaged in a number of desperate af-fairs. One night, at a well known saloon in this city, he was attacked by a notorious bully named Bill Ford. Cheatham was not the man to stand bullying, and with one blow he knocked down his assailant and in an instant was standing over him, bowieknife in hand. Ford was afterward killed

in a fight with a desperado called "Stud-Horse Bob." In 1851 a man by the name of Hill committed several robberies and other villainous acts in the lower portion of our county. Hill was finally caught by the people of Campo Seco, given a trial by lynch law, and condemned to be hung. Colonel James M. Stuart, however, aided by a few others, resolutely opposed the mob, and held the crowd in check until the arrival of Sheriff Werk, who succeeded in rescuing the prisoner, and started with him in a buggy for Sonora. The news of the effair preceded the Sheriff, and by the time he reached here the jail was surrounded by an excited multitude. Battling his way through the crowd, Werk at last reached the jail-door, ere his entrance was stoppe nel Cheatman, who, with a cooked revolver in hand, had placed his back against the door, and swore no one should pass in. George Werk was a brave man, but he could not pass that doorway, and in a few minutes Hill was taken and strung up by the mob. This is by no means to the credit of Cheatham, in our eyes, for we consider mob violence in the highest degree censur-

ter of the man. [From the Syracuse (N Y.) Journal, Dec. 18 ] The Career of a Villatn-A Pretended Eng-

able, but we mention it in order to illus-

trate the determined and desperate charac-

lish Nobleman. The Skaneateles Democrat this week gives the upshot in the case of an imposter, a young Englishman by the name of Nurse a resident of that village, who some months ago, it was announced, had inherited a handsome property by the demise of a relative in England, and that with it had descended a title which was to fall upon him under the style of "Sir James Burdett Nurse, Captain of the Queen's Own Guard." &c.

The young nobleman has flourished gaily in the best society of Skaneateles for some months. He formed the acquaintance of the daughter of a worthy citizen of English descent, courted and married her. They made a grand wedding tour, returned to Skaneateles, took elegant apartments at the Lake House, set up an "English cab," and

flourished generally in grand style. Occasionally, "Sir James" made a flying trip to New York, to look after remittances which he claimed came through an eminent banking house known as the firm of "Belmont & Co." On the 4th inst., he made one other?
of these visits, the last, as he took his "port-

able property," his wardrobe, and has not since been heard from. The checks he gave to his personal friends, just before he decamped, have been dishonored; a forged note for several hundred dollars bears his father-in-law's name; he is indebted to many of the business men. tradesmen and farmers of Skaneateles. His young wife, cheated, broken-hearted, and has returned to her father's disconsolate, house, with all her bright visions dissipated. Nurse has proved himself an adroit and successful swindler.

Bodies in Spinits,-The following story of a pickled corpse is from the Observer:

It is not generally known that at Coppet, on the Lake of Geneva, the residence of the late Madame de Stael, and her father and mother, the celebrated Monsieur and Mad-ame Necker, the latter are not there buried, but preserved in a huge vat of spirits of wine, The curious, and they are not a few. rush there to see this most painful as well as disagreeable of sights. It was so much the desire of Monsieur Necker that he and his wife should be pickled in this strange manner, that, fearing his own family might not carry out his wishes, he left a certain sum to be paid yearly to the town for the supply of a certain quantity of spirits of wine for that purpose. The vet is placed in the grounds close to the house, and partially hidden by trees which his grandson, Mos-sieur is Baron de Stael, has planted around

We can beat this story, says the Observer. A storekeeper over in Brooklyn went to the A storekeeper over in Brooklyn went to the West Indice with his wife, who was an invalid. She died there. He brought her home in a cask of spirits; buried her in Greenwood, and sold the spirits to his customers! They liked the liquor well enough, and he, being a worthy church member and a good citizen, never thought there was any thing out of the way in thus disposing of the spirit when the body was out of it.

For an adult, one teaspoonful two or three times a day.

To Cure Dreffers — Take a new axe, put a white hickory handle in it, bore a hole in the top of the handle, fill the hole with gum the top of the handle, fill the heat of the handle dissolves the camphor. (Dose to be taken daily.)

Manners make a man. Study men as well as books. Positive men err most of any. ORDER FROM GEN. HALLECE. Never wade in unknown waters.

Look not a gift horse in the mouth. Never wish a thing done, but do it. Faulkner. Sell not virtue to purchase wealth.

Prudence is not satisfied with may-be's. The present is the mold of the future. Remorse very often barbs the arrows of Some showy quality often screens a num-

Men's arguments often prove nothing but None are so weary as those who never

er of unsightly ones.

Men are often resigned but never con-Undeserved popularity is the prelude to contempt.

When men try to get more good than comes from well doing, they always get Most men die before they have learned We can not escape the evils of life by

shrinking from its duties. If life improves the character, death will improve the condition. Injury must never provoke a good man

to do wrong. It were base first to raise a confidence and then deceive it. Learning is preferable to riches and vir-

tue to both. Maids want nothing but husbands, and then they want every thing. Make choice of your wife by the ears,

not by the eves. Make no enemies; he is insignificant indeed that can do thee no harm. Make other men's shipwrecks thy sea

Many come to bring their clothes to church rather than themselves. Marriage has many pains, but celibacy

Men take less care of their conscience than their reputation. More credit can be thrown down in a mo-

ment than can be built up in an age. Most men employ their first years so as to make their last miserable.

Though virtue gives a ragged livery, yet she gives a golden countenance Tranquillity of mind and temperance of body are the complete felicities of life.

To be happy is a blessed state, and that every man may have if he pleases. Neither look for troubles nor be entirely unprovided for them.

Never do that in prosperity whereof you may repent in adversity. Never marry without love nor without reason.

Never think of raising your reputation by detraction. Next my friends, I love my enemies, for

from them I first hear of my faults. Poverty wants some, luxury many, avarice all things.

Silence is the wisdom of a fool, speech of a wise man. Sloth is commonly the mother of poverty.

more die than virtue itself. Some people write, and others talk themselves out of reputation.

Sow good works and thou shalt reap gladness. Spare when young and spend when you

Speak of thyself seldom, and always with great caution and modesty. Spend the day well and thou wilt rejoice

at night. Rash oaths, whether kept or broken, of ten produce guilt.

Religion is the best armor in the world, but the worst cloak. Remember always your end, and that lost time never returns.

Search others for their virtues, thyself for thy vices. That anger is not warrantable which has

seen two suns. That seldom remains a secret which is made known to three.

The best way of revenge is not to imitate the injury. The glutton and drunkard shall come to

The life of a solitary man will be cer tainly miserable, but not certainly devout. The punishment of a sinful act often con-

sists in the strength it gives to a sinful habit. Is forgetfulness any thing more than the temporary displacement of one idea by an-

In whatever shape evil comes, we are app to exclaim, with Hamlet, "Take any shape

What is the difference between a milknaid and a swallow'? One skims the milk and the other skims the water.

A disconsolate lover, who was discarded consoles himself with the reflection that his loved one is married to a lawyer, has two children, and the fever.

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM .- A gentleman in Boston has sent us a recipe for the cure of rheumatism. He assures us that after suffering from this disease for four or five months, he was radically cured by this remedy. Afterward, he was induced to recommend it to others, with like beneficial re sults. Persons afflicted with this malady are in the habit of resorting to all kinds of remedies to relieve it, and they can not be injured by trying this one. Here it is, and also a recipe for "Cough Drops," which he sends in the same letter:

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM, (especially the Seis-

ounces Cinnamon Water, (mixed)
One teaspoonful thrice daily before eating.
Perhaps its efficacy may be more doubtful in Inflammatory Rheumatism.
Also excellent for the relief or cure of Dyspepsia, and for many Humors of the Blood. COUGH DROPS.—One ounce Sirup Tolu, one ounce Paregoric, one ounce Muclage Gum Arabic, two drachus Tincture Tolu, (mixed).

For an adult, one teaspoonful two or three

## BY TELEGRAPH.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

Hon, Alf, Ely Exchanged for Ex-Minister

Reported Defeat of the Pederal Forces at Port Royal.

More Bridge Burning.

## slidell and Mason not Released.

St. Lours, December 26 - General Hal-leck has issued the following general order: "In virtue of the authority conferred by the President of the United States, the Martial Law heretofore declared in this city will be enforced.

"In virtue of the same authority, Martial Law is hereby declared and will be enforced in and about all railroads in this

State. "It is not intended by this declaration to interfere with the jurisdiction of any civil court which is loyal to the Government of the United States, and which will aid the military authorities in enforcing order and

punishing crimes. "Commanding officers of troops and posts will be held responsible that their commands are ready to move at a moment's warning. Excuses for delay and want of preparations will not hereafter be admitted."

FORTHESS MONROE, December 25, via. Batterneys, December 26, There was no good.

TIMORE, December 26.—There was no good foundation for the report that a skirmish took place yesterday. The Hon. Alfred Ely came down from Norfolk late this afternoon by a flag of truce, and after a visit to head quar-

ters, he took passage for Baltimore.

Prize schooner Jane Campbell, captured off Besufort, laden with salt and flannel, arrived The Charleston Mercury of the 20th reports a repulse of a Federal gun-boar by the bat-teries at Port Royal Ferry. Also, that the Federal forces attempted to cross in flats, but were driven back with terrible slaughter.

Washington, December 26 -Our pickets toward Drainesville were driven in this morning.

The Secretary of War directs no more horses be purchased until all now owned are

To-night a fire occurred in the Government stables, in the rear of the Observatory, containing over 600 horses. About 200 per

QUINCY, ILL., December 26 -Two spans of the bridge across the Charlton River, on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, were burned by the rebels last night. Trains can not cross for some days.

Boston, December 26.—Report of Mason and Slidell going in the Europa untrue They remain at Fort Warren,

## ADDITIONAL BY THE NIAGARA.

Arrival of the Australasian with Arm at Hallfax-A Bard Story About Mr. Seward-General Scott's Return. Halifax, December 26 .- The Niagara bas

20,000 in specie and 351 troops for Halifax.

The steamer Australasian, which left Liverpol with 1,285 troops, a field battery, large quantities of amountion, stores, sleeges, &c. for North America, also arrived

at Halifax this morning.
The West India mail has taken to England news of the escape of the Sumter from Mar tinique, as also that on the 28th of Novem-ber, the Sumter captured the American abid Montmorencie from Newpor', England, with coal for the St Lawrence, but released her on receipt of a bond by the Captain, promis ing to pay \$26,000 three months after peace was proclaimed.

The British war vessel Cadmus had arrived off St. Thomas to protect vessels against another Treat affair. GREAT BRITAIN .- Ine attitude and prepar-

ations by Great Britain show no change.
The London Times editorially reports the following story:
"During the visit of the Prince of Wales to America, Mr. Seward took advantage of an entertainment to the Prince, to tell the Doke of Newcastie be was likely to occupy a high office, that when he did so, it become his duty to insult England, and he

about dinsuit her accordingly."

The Times accumulates evidence of a longcherished intention on the part of Mr. Sew and to do England an injury.

In snother leader on international affairs the Times advises the Federal Government to make peace in time, before it is commit ted to a triple war, viz: with the Confederates, the British, and its own Abolitionists.

A telegram from Brussels of the 12th, to no Times, says there is a rumor in diplomatic circles that mediation in the American conflict will be offered by King Leo-The Morning Post says there is no truth in the rumor that General Scott's sudden re-turn home was the theme of much specula-

It was generally reported that he had some sort of mission from the French Gov ernment to the Washington Cabinet. The Herald's Paris correspondent says he

d a long interview with M. Thouvenel before his departure. The general impression in financial circles was that General Scott carried out a momentous communication from the French Gov.

ernment. It is estimated that about twelve thousand troops are to be sent to Unnuda, to be ready to take the field immediately on landing

The British Government continued to charter all available steamers. Two battalions of the British Guards were expected to sail on the 18th inst., in the teamers Adviatio and Parana, under command of Lord F. Paulet.

Orders have been issued for the hasty man-

pfactore of 2,000 pack-saddles and a propor-tionate number of ambulance-wagens and cars for dispatch to Canada.

The United Prayer-meeting at Exeter Hall took place on the 12th inst, as an-nounced. Rev. Baptist Noci and other min-

isters participated in the proceedings, and fervent prayers were offered up for peace.

Lord Shaftesbury declined to attend the
meeting, stating, in his reply to an invitation, that it would be interpreted by the bulk of the press and by America, as a cloaked rebuke of the British Government, and favor the opinion that the country was not united in this serious question. He commended the purpose of the meeting, but thought it would be better carried into effect by private and congregational means.

At a meeting of the Congregational Board

resolutions were adopted deprecating hostil-ities, and calling for arbitration if diplomacy fails to secure peace.

It was asserted that Prince Napoleon continued to argue against the recognition of the Southern States, and that he was instru-mental in causing General Scott to go to

Washington.
The Paris correspondent of the Post asserts that peaceful anticipations prevailed among the Americans in Paris, and says that Min-ister Dayton and Consul Bigelow used all their influence, combined with that of Gen-eral Scott, to inspire conciliatory counsels at Washington. He asserts that the French Government desires peace between England and America.

trals may be revised; provided England, according to the wishes of other European

Governments, agrees to a modification of the existing code. The Paris correspondent of the London Globe says: "M. Thouvenel's dispatch to M. Mercier, at

Washington, is known to have confined the Federal Executive to the simple dilemma: Federal Executive to the simple dilemma: 'Are the Southerners belligerents or rebels?' They have been fiatly refused any rights in the first capacity, and in the second the right of saylum acquired by political refugees has been set at naught, and France must make the case of the Trent substantially her own."

The Paris Presse says General Scott's mission appears to have been arranged so as to allow him time to fulfill it before the ultima tum of England is remitted to the Federal

tum of England is remitted to the Federal Government, and perhaps to modify the na-ture of this step on the part of England. The Pays asserts, on the contrary, that the English ultimatum will be of an absolute

character.

France.—The monthly statement of the Bank of France shows an increase of cash on hand of nearly 40,000,000f. The Bourse was heavy, rather than lower, on the 13th itstant. Rentes closed at 67f. 60c.

The cruption of Vesuvius continued. Houses were falling in Terre del Grace, and the village was in imprediate description. the village was in immediate danger of destruction by lava. All communication be-tween places in the vicinity of the mountains

character.

was interrupted. THE LATEST. Liverpoot, December 14 -- The London Times publishes a letter from Thurlow Weed, the main object of which is to defend the American Government, and Mr. Seward in American Government, and Mr. Soward in particular, from alleged hostile intentions toward England; and disclaims, on behalf of Mr. Seward, any unfriendly feelings or intentions toward her, and says that the threat of insulting England, which Mr. Seward made to the Duke of Newcastle, was merely idle talk or badiosge. Mr. Weed says habelieves it England's dispatch to Lord Lyons is peremptory in tone, it will meet with a peremptory refusal. He appeals for moderate counsels on both sides as the only method

ate counsels on both sides as the only method of avoiding a collision.

The Times editorially comments on Mr. Weed's letter, and says he has made the cause of his client and his country considerably

worse than he found it
The Times says England asks nothing from America but that she shall abstain from act-ual outrage, or that, if it is committed, that she shall make reasonable reparation. If she will do this, it is well; if not, the alternative will not come in the desired form of protracted negotiation.

The command in chief of the forces

Canada will remain in the hands of Sir Fenwick Williams.
No additional orders were issued on the 13th for regiments to be held in readiness.

No cavalry or horse artillery will go to

Canada before spring.

The preparations were represented as on a scale which would have as onished people in anti-Crimean times. The Paris correspondent of the Times says that the general belief is that General Scott has gone back with the intention of en-

ideas of the French Government. He is doubtperor, and that it is not favorable to President Liccoln's policy.

General Scott will probably convince his countrymen that they can not count on the moral support of France.

The mail sgent of the steamer Trent was dined by the Royal Yacht Club. He narrated the circumstances of the seizure of wason and Sidell, which differed in almost every detail from accounts published in American journals.

The London Herald takes strong grounds against the Daily News' argument in favor of arbitration, says negotiations can not be

i-tened to while Mason and Slide I are

37th Congress---First Session. WASHINGTON, December 26. SENATE .- On motion of Mr. Hale, of New Hempshire, it was agreed that when the Senate adjourn to-day, it be to meet on Monlay next, at d when the Senate meet on that y, it adjourn to meet next Thursday.
Mr. Grimes, of Iowa, presented a petition

rom citizens of lows for the introduction of the homeopathic system of practice in the Messie. Somner of Massachusetts and Trumbull of littois presented petitions for the emancipation of slaves under the war

power. Several petitions were presented for the postion of a pational armory at Rock Island, Mr. Hale offered a resolution that the Presdent be requested, if not incompatible with public interest, to transmit copies of all dis patches which have passed between this

Government and Great Britain, relating to the seizure of Mason and Slidell; said dispatches to be communicated either in open or Executive session, as may be deemed Summer objected. Mr. Hale said he had understood from the public press and those who hold more inti-mate relations with the Administration than mself-though the absence of the intimacy was not his fault, as he was willing to be as confidential as any body—that for three or four days past the Cabinet has had under consideration a proposition fraught with more evil to the country than any thing that

had yet marked its history, and that was the surrender of Mason and Slidell to Great Britain. By doing this, we would yield all that we had gained in the war of the Reve-lution, and be humiliated to a second rate OWER No men would go farther than himself for peace, but he would not submit to national disgrace and dishonor to obtain such a peace. He would favor be arbitration of another reat Britain for the surrender of Mason and Sidell, war should be declared against her instantly. He would make all honorable concessions for peace but a peace involving such a surrender would be infinitely worse than war. His friend from Indiana (Lane) had remarked this morning that his State had sixty thousand men in the field, and would double that number to maintain the national honor. If this Senate should go home after such a surrender and humiliation,

it would be subject to the scorn and indig-nation of the country.

He regarded the arrogant demand of Engand as a pretext for war. She was deter-bled to humiliate us first, and fight us afterward. Let our cities and villages be-pillaged and burned, but let our national pillaged and burned, but let our national honor be preserved. Francis the First asid, after the battle of Pavia, that all was lost but honor. He (Hale) would pray that this Administration might not sacrifice our national honor. Thousands would yet come to the field to defend it. If this surrender was made, the Administration would meet with such a fire in the rear that it would be hurled from power. If we had a war with England, it would be for the same cause that had sent one king to the block, and another homeless and bouseless över the world, and one that would appear to men wherever the English language was spoken. He believed, too, that language was spoken. He believed, too, that if Napoleon had one desire more than any

other, it was to whip out the stain upon the French arms at Waterloo and America.

All over Canada there were thousands of The same writer also, in reference to General Scott's return, says it is not impossible that France, if saked, may become the medical form and at the same time the laws of neu-would ray, let it come, and thank God we to the West India retain.

NUMBER 101

are the instruments in His hands to work out His own cause,

Mr. Sumner said his own belief was, that the matter would be amicably adjusted. It was in safe hands, and it would be better for

the Senate to reserve themselves for facts and not act upon rumor.

Mr. Hale's resolution was laid over under the rules.

Mr. Harris, of New York, gave notice, that

Mr. Harris, of New York, gave notice, that

he should introduce a bill confiscating every species of property of all persons who have had any connection with the Southern robellion, either in civil, military or naval capa-Mr. Harlan, of Iowa, introduced a bill for

establishing Provisional Governments in all the secoding States. Referred. Mr. Howe, of New York, introduced a bill amending the Fugitive Slave Act. Adjourned till Monday.

Arrival of the Arago at New York.

New York, December 26.—The Arago arrived with Gen. Scott and J. Glancey Jones as passengers.

An Attack on Ohio and Virginia Troops. The Indianapolis Journal of the 23d inst. makes the following severe allusion to Ohlo

and Virginia troops. It says: "There is no disguising the fact that the battle in Wessern Virginia, ran like scared dogs. The Twenty fith Onio ran over the Thirteenth Indiana while the latter was in line of battle and threw them into some con-fusion, which was the principal cause of the Thirteenth losing as many men as it did. The Thirteenth recovered from its momentary sbock, and succeeded in retaking some preson ers of a body of three hundred it had captured and compelled to stack arms before the needless and precipitate retreat of the Twenty-fifth Ohio. Had the Ohio and Virginia troops stood their ground, the victory of General Mitroy would have been more complete, as he would have certainly captured all, or nearly all, of the enemy, with their supplies and equip-ments. The Indiana troops did all the good fighting that was done, and deserve all the credit of the battle. So far the Hoosier boys have been successful in every engagement where they have crossed fire with the enemy."

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OPINION UPON THE VOLUNTERS RELIEF FUND -As the question of affording relief to the families of volunteers enlisted in regiments or companies formed on side of the State of Ohio, from the general relief fund, has given rise to different coinions on the subject, the Attorney General has given ble opinion of the matter, in answer to the inquiry of the Auditor of Athens County, which settle the mat or fully. As it is applicable to every portion of the State, and will set County Con mi-stoners and Auditors right on the subject, we give the opinion is full:

ATTORNET-GENERAL'S OFFICE, COLUMNUS, OHIO, October 16, 1861. Inditor of Athens County, Ohio:

Six: Your letter of the 19th ult. inquires "whether, under the act of May 10, 1861, nutborizing the levy of a tax of one-half mill on the dollar valuation in each county in this that funds can be distributed to the families of volunteers, a., that funds can be distributed to the families of volunteers going out of this State and enlisting in regiments raised in other States?" I answer, that, in my opinion, it makes no difference where the man culists. A person "volun-teers," so as to entitle his family to relief under the provisions of the above cited act, must be a volunteer from Ohio, and mustered either into the service of the United States or into the actual service of the State of Ohio.

THE WAR IN MISSOURI.-Our dispatches satisty us that there is soon to be an end of the war in Missouri. The expture of one thousand three hundred rebels, of a thousand horses and powder, and a large buggage train, shows what our army is doing, and the exigencies to which General Price will soon be reduced. Hence forth it may be safely assumed that he will no longer be able to draw supplies from Central and North-eastern Missouri, for the line will be eo guarded as to out off all communication with him, and he must retreat to Arkansas or starve. Possibly, he may put himself in a position to risk a battle, but if he should do so be will be inevitably defeated. General Price nust see, at all events, that his call for fity thousand men is to remain unbeeded, and his bribe of two handred million of dallars, pro-perty of the Union men of Missouri, will find o takers. If, as is supposed to be the case, he has been left with only some eight thousand men, and those in a destitute condition, it is hardly possible that be can hold them together for any length of time. When his samy is disbanded or driven out the State, then will peace be restored to Missouti. The Federal troops are prepared to do it, and a few more such exploits as the one at Milford, will put an end to active secession in Missouri —St. Louis Repub

ROBBERY IN SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO - Henry Harrison, a butcher and resident of this place, was, on Monday evening of this week, robbed of \$278 in money, under the following circum

Retaining from the country on horseback, se overtook two mes on the bridge that crosses the Mismi two and a half miles north of Sid One of the men asked Mr. Hardson if he had a match, when he (Harrison) handed him one. The man ignited it on the saddle-skirt, and then gave Harrison a cigar. As Harrison was lighting his cigar, one of the men caixed him by the collar and dragged him from his horse, choked him to insensibility and then took from him the money. One stab with a dirk, or knife, penetrated through his overcost. a memorandum book, his underclothes, and slightly marked his side. The perpetrators undoubtedly left him for dead. A more darlog outrage has never been committed in this reo justice. It is the duty of all good citizens o help ferret out and arrest these perpetrators.

Sidney (O.) Democrat CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS ORDERED FROM WEST-EEN VIEGINIA TO SOUTH CAROLINA .- A rumor was in the city some days ago, that General Floyd and his command were to be transferred to Kentucky; and this was followed by the confident though contradictory report, yester-day, that the army in Western Virginia were to

We are unable to give the facts on which these rumors have been probably based, as some sort of foundation. General Floyd is not, as far as has yet been determined, to be transferred from Western Virginia. He has been ordered into winter quarters at Nawburn near the Verginia and Tounessee Railroad. A the same time that these orders were sent out, Colonel Starke's Regiment was detached, with General Donaldson's Tennessee Brigade, to proceed to Bowling Green, Kentucky. That order has been reversed, and these forces will at once repair to South Carolina, and report there to General Lee.—Richmond Ecuminer, December 12.

wife of Mr. Stidell's Secretary, has arrived in Paris, accompanied by Celonel Lemas, of Louisians, who was on board the Trent. Mrs. Slidell and bur daughters remain some days lenger in London. The Paris Pairie states that "\$50,000 have been subscribed in New York, to present a testimonial to the captain, officers and crew of the Son Jeciato. The captain to have a sword of honor, the officers revolvers, and every man

A Paris letter says:

ADVERTISEMENT

MISERYED AT THE FOLLOWING RAYES I

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THE WHEELER & WILSON BEWING-MACHINE COMPANI, having gained
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C S, FAIRS OF 1888, 1600 AND 1860, And at the Cincinnal Bischanics' Institute for TOUR SUCCESSIVE YEARS we have taken the First Premium over all competitors as the best BRET FARILY SEWING-MACHINE.

It uses no "fruttle, makes the look-efficie alike on both sides of the goods, leaving ne chain or ridge on the under-side of the sears; and uses but half as much thread as the chain-efficie machines. Bend or call for a Ofreular, containing prices, testimonicals, etc. LWM. STENER & CO., Agents. 77 West Fourth-st.

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Great Reduction in Prices! SINGER'S No. 2 Standard Shuttle Machin Bedweed from \$100 to \$75 casts. SINGER'S No. 1 Standard Shuttle Machine SINGER'S Letter A Machine is the best in the

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A constant daily supply always on hand, so that dealers and families can obtain at any time, during the season, those auprire Orsters in caus and half cans, warranted fresh and sweet.

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Depot. 11 West Pifth-street. OF L. B PLATT & CO., DEALERS IN OYSTEBS, are now receiving disty by the Adams Ex.

pres their CELEBRATED PRESH BALTINGUE OF STEBS, in cause and balf-caus, which we offer for sale at the lewest cash price.

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For sale by the case, half-case, or can. Prices to suit the times. G-eat inducements offered to dealers and consumers. [au31-cm] I O. GESNER.

MEDICAL. D. E. NEWTON. M. D.—NO. 102 WEST between the sad Sace. Office hours, 7% to 8% A. M. 1% to 2% P. M., 7 to 8 P. M. [noz0 tf]

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