

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY IN NEW MEXICO COMPLETE

Practically Accurate Returns
from Over the State Increase
Majority of Ferguson over
Jaffa to 5,301.

WILSON ELECTORS GET ALMOST FOUR THOUSAND

Those Rock-Ribbed Republican
Counties Which Were Relied
on to Carry Election Failed
to Come Through.

From returns received, up to last night by the Morning Journal from over the state, supplementing the returns indicated the night of the election, indications are that Congressman Wilson has been elected by a majority of 5,301, and this may be made still greater when the complete returns are in.

Congressman Ferguson ran 1,600 votes ahead of his ticket in the state, which attests his popularity in New Mexico with the people at large.

The vote of the presidential electors shows that Wilson carried the state by almost 4,000, or to be exact, by 3,701 on the incomplete returns.

Following are more complete returns from the various counties:

SANTA FE AND RIO ARRIBA GO REPUBLICAN

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 6.—Practically complete returns from Santa Fe county up to this evening give the republican electors and Nathan Jaffa, nominee for congress, a plurality estimated at 200.

Incomplete returns from Rio Arriba county show a republican plurality of between 500 and 600.

The result in those counties remained in doubt today. The victory lies between the democrats and the republicans by a majority so close as to make predictions either way impossible. The democrats claim that Ferguson has carried the county by a majority of 200, while the republicans, who will have near 200. The county probably will give the Taft electors a small plurality.

REPUBLICAN VOTE IN SAN MIGUEL SLUMPS

East Las Vegas, N. M., Nov. 6.—Unless returns from the country precincts yet to be heard from, San Miguel county will not return its usual majority of from 900 to 1,500. In fourteen of the fifty-eight precincts Taft has a plurality of 15, while the democrats have a plurality of 15. The total vote in these precincts is: Taft, 802; Wilson, 625; Roosevelt, 133; Debs, 24; Jaffa, 87; Ferguson, 748; de Baca, 82, and 87. This is three out of 58 precincts give Ferguson 1,352; Jaffa, 1,692; or a majority for Jaffa of 309. Conservative estimates place the total republican majority at 500 to 600.

San Juan county, Nov. 6.—Ferguson will run ahead of his ticket about 30 votes in the county.

UNION COUNTY GOES DEMOCRATIC BY 350

Clayton, N. M., Nov. 6.—With all but a few precincts to be heard from in Union county, the democratic majority will be about 350. Ferguson will run ahead of his ticket about 30 votes in the county.

SIERRA COUNTY GIVES DEMOCRATIC PLURALITY

Hillborn, N. M., Nov. 6.—South out of fifteen precincts in Sierra county give Ferguson 381; Jaffa, 180; de Baca, 27; Wilson, 231; Taft, 164; Roosevelt, 88. The missing precincts will increase the democratic plurality to about 200 for Ferguson and 180 or 200 for Wilson.

DEMOCRATS LITERALLY SWEEP GRANT COUNTY

Silver City, N. M., Nov. 6.—Though several of the grant precincts still remain to be heard from, these will make no change in the previously announced results of a plurality of 250 for the democrats. This victory gives a sweeping victory in the county, the republican defeat being a crushing one.

FERGUSON LEADS IN ROOSEVELT BY 100

Portales, N. M., Nov. 6.—With 90 per cent of the Roosevelt county vote in, Ferguson has 556; Jaffa, 82; Wilson, 190; Roosevelt, 200, and Taft, 84. Debs polled 151 votes.

QUAY ROLLS UP 550 DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY

Tucuman, N. M., Nov. 6.—Seven-teen precincts in Quay county give Ferguson a majority of 480. The four precincts yet to be heard from will increase this majority to 550. Wilson carried the county by a majority slightly below the Ferguson vote.

The vote in the four principal towns was as follows:

Tucuman—Wilson, 268; Roosevelt, 81; Taft, 104; Ferguson, 324; de Baca, 20; Jaffa, 116.

Montoya—Wilson, 38; Roosevelt, 10; Taft, 64; Ferguson, 35; de Baca, 10; Jaffa, 65.

Nata—Wilson, 3; Roosevelt, 25; Ferguson, 27; de Baca, 28; Jaffa, 32.

San Jon—Wilson, 65; Roosevelt, 12; Taft, 27; Ferguson, 68; de Baca, 9; Jaffa, 28.

SAN JUAN CARRIED BY THE DEMOCRATS

Abree, N. M., Nov. 6.—Complete returns from ten out of eleven precincts in San Juan county give Wilson, 473; Roosevelt, 235; Taft, 189; Debs, 143; Ferguson, 189; Jaffa, 232; de Baca, 146. The state highway

bond issue carried by a vote of 581 to 312. The \$30,000 county bridge bond issue also was ratified by a vote of 384 to 312. The constitutional amendment was defeated by a vote of 632 to 246. The missing precinct is Pine River, which usually gives a majority for the democrats of from 15 to 20. A comparatively light vote was polled in the county.

EDDY COUNTY STANDS BY WILSON AND FERGUSON

Carlsbad, N. M., Nov. 6.—The vote in Eddy county, which is complete, shows a substantial majority for Wilson and Ferguson. The vote by precincts follows:

Carlsbad—Wilson, 257; Roosevelt, 67; Taft, 26; Ferguson, 268; Jaffa, 71; de Baca, 23.

Loving—Wilson, 60; Roosevelt, 7; Taft, 8; Ferguson, 44; Jaffa, 8; de Baca, 2.

Otte—Wilson, 50; Roosevelt, 20; Taft, 3; Ferguson, 54; Jaffa, 11; de Baca, 1.

Terrela—Wilson, 208; Roosevelt, 119; Taft, 31; Ferguson, 234; Jaffa, 93; de Baca, 41.

Lakewood—Wilson, 56; Roosevelt, 24; Taft, 19; Ferguson, 69; Jaffa, 11; de Baca, 12.

Dayton—Wilson, 37; Roosevelt, 23; Taft, 9; Ferguson, 49; Jaffa, 9.

Knowles—Wilson, 69; Roosevelt, 8; Taft, 8; Ferguson, 69; Jaffa, 9; de Baca, 3.

Livingston—Wilson, 36; Roosevelt, 8; Taft, 12; Ferguson, 29; Jaffa, 27.

Monument—Wilson, 15; Roosevelt, 11; Taft, 6; Ferguson, 17; Jaffa, 15.

DEMOCRATS CAPTURE LUNA BY ABOUT 100

Deming, N. M., Nov. 6.—With but two small precincts to be heard from and both of these democratic, the vote in Luna county on Tuesday was as follows:

Wilson, 453; Roosevelt, 187; Taft, 80; Debs, 82; Ferguson, 195; de Baca, 129; Jaffa, 103; Eagan, 69.

FERGUSON AHEAD OF TICKET IN MCKINLEY

Gallup, N. M., Nov. 6.—Eight precincts in McKinley county show that Ferguson ran far ahead of his ticket. County returns are as follows:

Wilson, 170; Roosevelt, 197; Taft, 206; Ferguson, 306; de Baca, 43; Jaffa, 39.

Ferguson thus has a majority of the votes cast for congressmen, and more than seventy-five votes above the number given Jaffa.

WILSON SLIGHTLY IN MAJORITY IN TORrance

Estancia, N. M., Nov. 6.—Nine precincts show that Wilson has a slight plurality over his competitors, while incomplete returns show Ferguson and Jaffa running neck and neck. County totals are as follows:

Wilson, 233; Roosevelt, 186; Taft, 241; Ferguson, 247 (seven precincts only); de Baca, 101; Jaffa, 257.

WILSON OUTRANS TAFT IN COLEMAN COUNTY

Raton, Nov. 6.—Wilson outran Taft and his democratic running mate, Congressman H. E. Ferguson, in the election here yesterday, according to returns from sixteen precincts out of the thirty in the county. County totals are as follows:

Wilson, 928; Roosevelt, 346; Taft, 72; de Baca, 774; Jaffa, 363; Jaffa, 825.

FERGUSON POLLS BIG VOTE IN SOROCRO

Socorro, Nov. 6.—Wilson, president of Socorro county, showed that Ferguson polled a very strong vote in this normally republican section. County totals follow:

Wilson, 290; Roosevelt, 189; Taft, 564; Ferguson, 312; de Baca, 111; Jaffa, 458.

Precinct totals are as follows:

Socorro—Wilson, 14; Roosevelt, 21; Taft, 176; Ferguson, 11; de Baca, 21; Jaffa, 189.

San Antonio—Wilson, 23; Roosevelt, 24; Taft, 16; Ferguson, 43; de Baca, 31; Jaffa, 24.

After Canyon—Wilson, 11; Roosevelt, 5; Taft, 10; Ferguson, 13; de Baca, 3; Jaffa, 5.

Kelly—Wilson, 55; Roosevelt, 65; Taft, 30; Ferguson, 62; de Baca, 25; Jaffa, 58.

San Marcel—Wilson, 60; Roosevelt, 55; Taft, 55; Ferguson, 100; de Baca, 5; Jaffa, 58.

Magdalena—Wilson, 81; Roosevelt, 55; Taft, 55; Ferguson, 100; de Baca, 5; Jaffa, 58.

(Continued on Page Two.)

REVISED ELECTORAL VOTE.

WILSON.	ROOSEVELT.	TAFT.	DEBS.	FERGUSON.	JAFFA.	DE BACA.
Alabama	10	10	10	10	10	10
Arizona	10	10	10	10	10	10
Arkansas	10	10	10	10	10	10
California	10	10	10	10	10	10
Colorado	10	10	10	10	10	10
Connecticut	10	10	10	10	10	10
Delaware	10	10	10	10	10	10
Florida	10	10	10	10	10	10
Georgia	10	10	10	10	10	10
Idaho	10	10	10	10	10	10
Iowa	10	10	10	10	10	10
Kansas	10	10	10	10	10	10
Kentucky	10	10	10	10	10	10
Louisiana	10	10	10	10	10	10
Maine	10	10	10	10	10	10
Maryland	10	10	10	10	10	10
Massachusetts	10	10	10	10	10	10
Mississippi	10	10	10	10	10	10
Missouri	10	10	10	10	10	10
Montana	10	10	10	10	10	10
Nebraska	10	10	10	10	10	10
Nevada	10	10	10	10	10	10
New Hampshire	10	10	10	10	10	10
New Jersey	10	10	10	10	10	10
New Mexico	10	10	10	10	10	10
New York	10	10	10	10	10	10
North Carolina	10	10	10	10	10	10
North Dakota	10	10	10	10	10	10
Ohio	10	10	10	10	10	10
Oklahoma	10	10	10	10	10	10
Rhode Island	10	10	10	10	10	10
South Carolina	10	10	10	10	10	10
Tennessee	10	10	10	10	10	10
Texas	10	10	10	10	10	10
Virginia	10	10	10	10	10	10
West Virginia	10	10	10	10	10	10
Wisconsin	10	10	10	10	10	10
Wyoming	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total	413	290	114	143	230	114

TAFT MAKES PLANS FOR FUTURE OF REPUBLICAN PARTY

President Believes That Club
Should be Formed Entirely
Apart from National Commit-
tee's Activities.

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS DEPRECATED

Chief Executive of Nation Pro-
poses to Open Law Office in
Cincinnati When Term in
White House Expires.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Columbus, O., Nov. 6.—The president, but for from disconcerted, President Taft already has formed plans for holding together and strengthening the republican party.

The plans are indefinite, but he said tonight to friends that the party will continue to exist, that it will be as active as in the past, and that there is no reason to believe that its chances of future success were not excellent.

So far as the president's plan is concerned, he hopes to see organized a "republican club" entirely apart from the republican national committee, which shall cherish the principles of the party and be a source of political activity not only during electoral years but at all times.

To a suggestion that he might be the republican nominee in 1916, the president replied with a smile, but made no comment. He laughingly repeated his intention of returning to Cincinnati and the practice of law.

The president is convinced that the task of President-elect Wilson will not be easy. He said tonight that he earnestly hoped Mr. Wilson would not call an extra session of congress to revise the tariff. He wished, he said, to see that the president properly continued as long as possible. Mr. Taft declared Mr. Wilson would face a congress made up to a large extent of untitled men who have come to believe in "high tariff" and who believe that to show their faith with the people they must at times be "insurgent" and oppose the program of the leaders.

The president was particularly interested in any tariff revision program and laughed when he said he was eagerly awaiting the democratic efforts to reduce the schedule of that "insidious Payne-Aldrich law."

Asked if he did not consider Mr. Wilson more conservative than Taft, the president replied that he believed Taft was more conservative than he. "I am not a conservative," said Taft, "I am a radical. I must speak as radical on the platform to keep by followers, but in office I am not a radical."

The president left Columbus at 5:40 for Washington. He expected to stay there with but few trips away from the White House until March 4th.

He announced today that he will not visit the Panama canal during the Christmas holidays as he had planned.

Richard L. Lervie, one of the six-foot secret service men who has guarded President Taft since he was elected four years ago today, was notified to proceed to Princeton. He will be joined by other secret service men later.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—With an overwhelming majority in the great hall of congress, the republican party today indicated a probability of the success of a sufficient number of democratic senatorial candidates to give the republican party a majority in congress. There still is sufficient uncertainty regarding new legislative measures to make the senate situation indefinite.

In the present light, 44 of the 86 senators may be assigned definitely to the democrats. These are the thirty hold over senators, the five already elected by the republican party, and the Louisiana, Mississippi and Virginia, and the nine to be chosen from southern states in which democratic legislatures are supposed to have been elected.

To insure the 49 votes necessary to control there must be a further gain of five senators, all of which must come from states now represented in the senate by republicans, unless West Virginia be counted in the list. The chances are believed to be strongly favorable to the democrats in Colorado, New Mexico, Nevada, and more or less so in Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada and Oregon. Of these seven places still in doubt only five will give the 49 votes necessary to a majority. Should the entire seven prove to be democratic, the democrats would have a considerable margin in the upper house of congress.

The greatest surprise came in a report from West Virginia of the probable transfer of that state from the democratic to the republican column. West Virginia had been counted as absolutely secure in the democrats, but while all the figures have not been obtained, indications are that a republican legislature has been chosen. The effect of this change would be to retire Senator Clarence W. Watson.

On the other side, one day's reports made sure of the triumph of the democrats in New Jersey and the election to the senate to a democratic colleague for Senator Martine. The present incumbent is Senator Briggs, one of the most trusted of President Taft's advisers. Mr. Briggs will be succeeded by William Hughes, who until his resignation a few months since, represented the Sixth district of New Jersey in the house since 1907.

Other returns of the day make sure the election of two republican senators from Idaho, one of whom must succeed the late Senator Heyburn and the other must be Senator Borah or his successor. Reports indicate the return of Mr. Borah on the state republican ticket.

Positive announcement was made also of the election of a republican legislature in Rhode Island, which will insure the election of a republican senator to succeed Senator Watson, who has declined to stand for reelection. In Illinois the progressives

(Continued on Page Three.)

CONGRESS IN GRIP OF DEMOCRACY IN SENATE AND HOUSE

Seven Legislatures May Re-
turn Opponents in Place of
Republicans Now Wearing
Coveted Toga.

INCREASED MAJORITY FOR REPRESENTATIVES

After Service of Thirty-Eight
Years Uncle Joe Cannon Goes
Down to Defeat with Many
Stand Patters.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The democratic party today indicated a probability of the success of a sufficient number of democratic senatorial candidates to give the republican party a majority in congress. There still is sufficient uncertainty regarding new legislative measures to make the senate situation indefinite.

In the present light, 44 of the 86 senators may be assigned definitely to the democrats. These are the thirty hold over senators, the five already elected by the republican party, and the Louisiana, Mississippi and Virginia, and the nine to be chosen from southern states in which democratic legislatures are supposed to have been elected.

To insure the 49 votes necessary to control there must be a further gain of five senators, all of which must come from states now represented in the senate by republicans, unless West Virginia be counted in the list. The chances are believed to be strongly favorable to the democrats in Colorado, New Mexico, Nevada, and more or less so in Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada and Oregon. Of these seven places still in doubt only five will give the 49 votes necessary to a majority. Should the entire seven prove to be democratic, the democrats would have a considerable margin in the upper house of congress.

The greatest surprise came in a report from West Virginia of the probable transfer of that state from the democratic to the republican column. West Virginia had been counted as absolutely secure in the democrats, but while all the figures have not been obtained, indications are that a republican legislature has been chosen. The effect of this change would be to retire Senator Clarence W. Watson.

On the other side, one day's reports made sure of the triumph of the democrats in New Jersey and the election to the senate to a democratic colleague for Senator Martine. The present incumbent is Senator Briggs, one of the most trusted of President Taft's advisers. Mr. Briggs will be succeeded by William Hughes, who until his resignation a few months since, represented the Sixth district of New Jersey in the house since 1907.

Other returns of the day make sure the election of two republican senators from Idaho, one of whom must succeed the late Senator Heyburn and the other must be Senator Borah or his successor. Reports indicate the return of Mr. Borah on the state republican ticket.

Positive announcement was made also of the election of a republican legislature in Rhode Island, which will insure the election of a republican senator to succeed Senator Watson, who has declined to stand for reelection. In Illinois the progressives

(Continued on Page Three.)

BULGARIANS PUSH MORE DYNAMITE FLEEING TURKS TO LAST LINE OF DEFENSES

Extraordinary Energy is Dis-
played by Invaders in Pursu-
ing Beaten Army of Sultan to
Stronghold at Tchatalja.

OTTOMAN COURT MAY FLEE FROM EUROPE

Austria-Hungary Notifies Ser-
bia Not to Attempt to Occupy
Any Part of Albania or War
Will Result.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

London, Nov. 6.—Bulgaria is driving the broken Turkish army to no time to recuperate. In accordance with the tactics adopted throughout the war, the Bulgarians are following up the defeated Turks with extraordinary energy.

Flying columns are pushing along the sea coast towards the Tchatalja line and it is believed the main attack will be delivered tomorrow or Friday.

Constantinople appears to have lost hope of stemming the victorious advance of the Bulgarians and the Turkish court is ready to cross into Asia. Apparently, however, the Bulgarian government has no design on Constantinople itself, and would be ready to conclude peace, provided Turkey agrees to surrender Adrianople and some other positions in the western theater of war and give a guarantee to bring no more reinforcements from Asia.

The Porte shows no disposition to treat for peace direct with the allies, and until the big Tchatalja battle has been fought, the diplomatic situation is not likely to be changed.

It is stated that any attempt by Serbia to encroach on Albania will be met by the Bulgarians with a counter-attack. On the other hand, Serbia claims that a port on the Adriatic is a matter of life and death for her and she fails to see why her presence there should be detrimental to the interests of any other power.

The fall of Monastir is not confirmed, but is considered not improbable. The Greeks are crossing the Vardar river and the fall of Salonika is reported imminent.

The commissariat department of the Turkish army, to which the Bulgarians have secured some successes in Serbia, but today it is reported that the Montenegrin army has cut off its last communication by taking Alessio and the point of supply (Guslar) in Macedonia through which Serbia has been obtaining supplies.

Adrianople is reported to be in a bad way, as the main water supply of the city has been cut.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Sofia, Nov. 6.—The Turkish army commanded by Nazim Pasha, was completely crushed in the great battle of the last few days on the Serai Tchatalja line. According to the semi-official Mr. the Turks lost in killed and wounded more than double the losses of the Bulgarians. The Bulgarians are now pursuing the defeated army.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—King Nicholas of Montenegro, discussed the intentions of the Bulgarian allies today with a correspondent of the Vienna Telegraph.

"While the Balkan nations will act for their interests," he said, "the victors have not made them so far as to forget to accommodate their wishes to the general situation in Europe."

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Vienna, Nov. 6.—King Nicholas of Montenegro, discussed the intentions of the Bulgarian allies today with a correspondent of the Vienna Telegraph.

"While the Balkan nations will act for their interests," he said, "the victors have not made them so far as to forget to accommodate their wishes to the general situation in Europe."

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The council of ministers met last night discussing the military situation and the question of mediation. Several prominent generals were invited to give their opinion on the position of the army.

Comprehensive measures have been adopted for the protection of the city and the fear of disorders is decreased. It is reported that the Bulgarians have arrived. It is reported that preparations have been made for the situation in Europe.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The council of ministers met last night discussing the military situation and the question of mediation. Several prominent generals were invited to give their opinion on the position of the army.

Comprehensive measures have been adopted for the protection of the city and the fear of disorders is decreased. It is reported that the Bulgarians have arrived. It is reported that preparations have been made for the situation in Europe.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The council of ministers met last night discussing the military situation and the question of mediation. Several prominent generals were invited to give their opinion on the position of the army.

Comprehensive measures have been adopted for the protection of the city and the fear of disorders is decreased. It is reported that the Bulgarians have arrived. It is reported that preparations have been made for the situation in Europe.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The council of ministers met last night discussing the military situation and the question of mediation. Several prominent generals were invited to give their opinion on the position of the army.

Comprehensive measures have been adopted for the protection of the city and the fear of disorders is decreased. It is reported that the Bulgarians have arrived. It is reported that preparations have been made for the situation in Europe.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The council of ministers met last night discussing the military situation and the question of mediation. Several prominent generals were invited to give their opinion on the position of the army.

Comprehensive measures have been adopted for the protection of the city and the fear of disorders is decreased. It is reported that the Bulgarians have arrived. It is reported that preparations have been made for the situation in Europe.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The council of ministers met last night discussing the military situation and the question of mediation. Several prominent generals were invited to give their opinion on the position of the army.

Comprehensive measures have been adopted for the protection of the city and the fear of disorders is decreased. It is reported that the Bulgarians have arrived. It is reported that preparations have been made for the situation in Europe.

WILSON MAY NOT HAVE POPULAR MAJORITY IN NATION

While President-Elect Has a
Large Plurality Over Any
Competitor, Their Combined
Votes May be Greater.

UNCERTAIN STATES CAUSE SPECULATION

Hopes Change as Varying Re-
turns Come in But Never a
Doubt Exists as to General
Result.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

New York, Nov. 6.—Only the uncertainty of a few close states, whose electoral vote in no way can affect the election of Wilson and Marshall, speculation over the popular vote of the three presidential candidates, and the complexion of legislatures that will name United States senators, held interest tonight in the final returns of yesterday's general election.

The total of the republican electoral column apparently was fixed at the twelve votes of Idaho and Vermont; but the footing of the Wilson and Roosevelt columns differed alternately during the afternoon and night as late returns from Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, South Dakota and Wyoming gave indications of changing from the results accepted last night.

On the basis of the latest returns early in the evening, with the vote of Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, South Dakota and Wyoming placed in the "doubtful" column, President-elect Wilson had 183 certain votes in the electoral college, Roosevelt 89 and Taft 12. All of the doubtful states except South Dakota gave more or less certain returns during the night of landing in the list of Wilson electoral votes; while South Dakota's returns showed a general trend toward Roosevelt.

A by-phase of the general election that became known today was the success of woman's suffrage in four of the five states where constitutional amendments were submitted to the people. In Kansas, the women's complete in Kansas, Arizona and probably Michigan; late returns from Oregon indicated that they had succeeded in securing a majority of the vote in each state showing the decisive defeat of the equal suffrage proposal.

Estimates of the popular vote polled by Governor Wilson ranged through many millions during the day. It was found impossible to compute with accuracy the popular vote of any of the presidential candidates and it will be a number of days before the counting of the electoral votes can be completed.

Assertions were made today from several quarters where an effort had been made to gather preliminary popular vote figures, that Governor Wilson had secured a majority of the votes cast throughout the country. Estimates ranged from a small majority of all votes to figures nearly 1,000,000 below a majority.

There were many surprises throughout the day and night. Early in the morning, when the returns from Cook county, which had been credited to Taft, went into the Wilson column with a majority of about 1,500 for the democratic candidate. Returns from Idaho which came in during the early part of the day, favored Wilson so strongly as to create the belief that it would give him his electoral vote, but later returns made it the third state to go over to President Taft.

The Roosevelt forces, watching the returns hourly as they came from Illinois, suffered a severe as the downstate democratic districts. Reduced to a