NUMBER 166.

FURNITURE.

IMMENSE SALE

220 Wabash-av.,

On Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1873, commencing at 10 o'clock.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct'rs.

is most of the rutant of the Trade is called to the series of the attention of the Trade is called to the series of the series o WEBER FURNITURE COMPANY 220 Wabash-av.

TO RENT.

OFFICES

Now Ready for Occupancy.

The finest single offices and suites in the city. The building is strictly Fire-

Proof. The floors are laid in English

Fireand Burglar-Proof Vaults All appointments of the best

description. An elevator connects with all

the floors. There are several choice offices offered at reasonable rates

for a term of years. See the offices. For terms in-W. C. DOW, Room 1, Nevada Block.

NEW PUBLICATION.

10,000 COPIES SOLD IN TEN WEEKS ! GREATEST SUCCESS EVER KNOWN!

OF DITSON & CO.'S GEMS OF STRAUSS



Pizzicato Polka.

Cloar the Track Galop,
Tritsch-Tratsch,
Eata Morgana, Mazurka,
Liob der France, Mazurka,
Belle Helene, Quadrille,
And 20 other Polkas, Mazurkas, and Quadrille,
"Embellished with a fine portrait of Strauss, and filling
to all lovers of Strauss dance music." —Zeening Mail.

Price, \$2.50 in board covers; \$8 in cloth; \$4 in gilt.
Sold by all Book and Music Dealers.
Now Ready, Strauss Dance Music for Violin and Piano, \$1 Try SPARKLING RUBIES, 85c, and pronounce it the best and brightest of SABBATH SCHOOL SONG BOOKS.

Try CHEERFUL VOICES, 50c. The new SCHOOL SONG BOOK, by L. O. EMERSON We shall sell 100,000 in 1873.

LYON & HEALY, Chicago. COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP. INCIDE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a limited partner alp has this 37th day of January, 1873, been formed by more the control of the N. G. NUMSEN, WM. N. NUMSEN, Special Partners

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 27, 1876. BANKING.

DIMIE SAVINGS (COMPANY) BANK,

105 CLARK-ST., Nethodist Church Block. Six per cont interest allowed on deposits, payable semi sanually, July 1 and Jan, 1 in osch year. GEO. SCOVILLE, President. WM. Kelsey Reed, Cashier. NOTE.—Until further notice, any boy or girl calling at the Bank will be presented with a pass book free, and one dime deposited to his or her credit, which sum can be drawn out at pleasure.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Erroneous Idea About Paying State and County Taxes for 1871.

Many tex-payers who have not paid their STATE AND OOUNTY TAXES FOR 1811, have formed a wrong opinion by the announcement in the daily papers that the Legislature had just passed an act extending the time for the payment of taxes, without stating to which year's flate and County taxes the late to row the place of the payment of the payment of the payment of the payment of the late to the total the total to the payment of state and County taxes for 1813 an hour. The delinquent lists for state and County taxes for 1811 an hour. The delinquent lists for state and County taxes for 1811 an hour. The delinquent is the payment of the pa

J. S. RUMSEY, County Collector. BUSINESS CARDS.

W. PHILLIPS Bookseller. Stationer. and News Dealer. 132 DEARBORN-ST.,

PHOTOGRAPHS.

THREE DOLLARS **ው**ብ Will pay for ONE DOZEN Best Berlin Card Photographs, DJ At BRAND'S, 596 Wabash av.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL

FURNITURE! Greenebaum's Building

FIFTH-AV

Between Randolph and Washington-st.

The three Banking Offices on the main floor of this Building will be occupied, from and after Monday, Feb. 3, by

The German National Bank The German Savings Bank,

| Henry Greenebaum & Company

TAILOR. 148 Dearborn-st.,

> Opposite Tribune Building. BOSTON CARRIAGES.

${ t BOSTON}$ CARRIAGES.

REPOSITORY,

No. 222 West Washington-st., CHICAGO SLADE BROS., Agents.

Oldest Boston Manufactory. ESTABLISHED 1830.

Howard Slade,

Successor to Robt. Slade & Son. FINANCIAL.

INVESTMENT BONDS

The Northern Pacific 7-30 First Mortgage Gold Bonds

BEAT 3.10 PER CENT INTEREST IN GOLD, and have the following elements of atrength and saloty, viz.;
1. They are the obligation of a strong corporation.
2. They are the obligation of a strong corporation.
3. They are a FIRST MORTGAGE on the Road, its Rights, Franchises and Royimments.
3. They are a FIRST LLEN on its net-assuings.
3. They are a FIRST LLEN on its net-assuings.
3. They are a FIRST LLEN on its net-assuings.
3. They are a FIRST LLEN on its net-assuings and interest, a land grant of LEO of cares per mile through the States, and 3.600 acres per mile through the Territories.
Over 600 miles of the road its completed, and the earlings for 1873 will be large.
JAY COOKE & CO., Financial Agents,
For sale by Lunt, Preston & Kean, Chicago.

DIG.

Claims of all descriptions (barring outlawed paper, promptly collected in any para of the country. No atter-ceys' fees in suits, and no collections no charges. Inquire who we are, our responsibility, etc. FRASHER'S Mercan FOR SALE.

PAGING

NUMBERING MACHINES MANUFACTURED BY

CULVER, PAGE, HOYNE & CO., 118 & 120 MONROE-ST. WANTED.

WANTED.

A business man who has been for twelve years, or more, meased in the wholesale trade in Ohioseo—part of the ine in the wholesale grocery business—having lest most if the state of the property business—having lest most of the state of the s

Care LOUIS LLOYD & CO., 126 Fifth-av., Chicago.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION. The firms heretofore existing as S. & H. Florehoim and A. Florehoim & Co. have this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Fab. 1, 1873.

The processors have this day (A. Florehoim). onsent.

Feb. 1, 1973.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name and civil of Florishim Brea.

A. FLORISHIELM.
II. FLORISHIELM.
IV. FLORISHIELM.
IV. FLORISHIELM.

HOTELS,

Matteson House, Wabash-av, and Jackson-st,
This elegant Hotel will open to the public Menday, Feb.
Terms, 83.00 per de ROBERT HILL, Proprietor.

MEETINGS.

Masonic. Special communication of D. A. Cashman Lodge No. 536, A. F. & A. M. this (Saturday) evening, Feb. 1, at their ball, corner Madison and Roboys-is, at 71% o'clock, for work. Visiting pretires are conditally invited.

f. O. O. F. Members of Fort Dearborn Lodge 214, I. O. O. F., are bereby nutified to meet at their lodge room, corner of Halsted and Madison-its, Bunday morning, Feb. 2, at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, James Regges. Every member is expected to be present. Brothers from other lodges cordially invited.

Bakers' Benevolent Society. The members of the Bakers' Benevolent Society are re-requested to meet at the Markot Hall, corner of Jackson and Olinton ste., this (Saturday) evening, Feb. 1, 1873, at Society. WASHINGTON.

Additional Progress in the Credit Mobilier Investigation.

Durant's Expose of the Corrupt Practices of John B. Alley.

The President Approves the Killing of the Franking Privilege.

Proceedings in Congress Yesterday.

CREDIT MOBILIER.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—The Wilson Committoo had a long session to-day, and its room was crowded during the entire time, but the preceedings were not interesting, except during the last half hour of the session. The most astounding fact elicited to-day, and one of

tho most singular yot developed, was that \$50,000 was paid to General Dix, while he was Minister to France, for his supposed efforts in influencing the taking of the bonds. It does not appear that he was of any service in that capacity, but the amount was paid to him, and the payment was disguised and covered up, so as to prevent discovery. The examination of President Clark was continued, and, owing to the fact that he was very diffuse in his answers, and Mr. Hoar by no means brief in his questions, there was very diffuse in his answers, and Mr. Hoar by no means brief in his questions, there was very diffuse in his answers, and Mr. Clark, to-day that it was not customary for witnesses to do all the talking. Quek as lightning Mr. Clark to-day that it was not customary to put questions so as to be answered in the asking. To this Hoar replied, that the witness was cumbering the records, and the controversy was ended by the intimation by Clark, softo vece, that he was not a voluntary witness. Clark was arguing, in most of his testimony, that Congress should not hold the present inneent stockholders of the Union Pacific Railroad responsible for the extravagance and improprieties of the Directors and managers eight or ten years ago. He did not attempt to justify the management of the road, nor the use anade of its linances in former years. He only insisted that the road had been properly, economically, and honestly managed during the past year. He was asked what he had done to retrace the past, and to recover the misplaced funds. He answered emphatically that the statute of limitations barred any proceedings, and that it was uscloss to spend time on such things. He spoke of one Government Director who had demanded \$25,000 of the Company, and said he bolieved the Director was appointed for the purpose. From \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 will be required during the approaching summer, to reroll the iron of the otack. Shortly before the Committee and spectators in a constant roar of laughter. He had been engaged with Stewart,

tion, and the Committee adjourned after a short secret session.

The Beck for refunding the cotton tax at last came to a vote in the Ways and Means Committee to-day, and was defeated. It had previously been claimed by the Southern members, that the Chairman, Mr. Dawes, would favor this bill, but his vote to-day was on the other side. Mr. Beck moved that the Committee report the bill favorably, and pending this, Mr. Roberts moved that an adverse report be made, and this was agreed to—ayes, Messra. Dawes, Finkelnburg, Relly, Burchard, and Roberts; nays, Messra. Maynard, Kerr, and Beck, Mr. Brooks being absent.

The Committee also considered the tax on small cotton planters, and agreed to allow those who raise for their own use to sell 100 pounds without license.

with raise for their own use to sell 100 pounds without license.

The Judiciary Committee of the House considered the bill for the increase of the salaries, etc. As now stated, the Committee is unanimous in its favor, and a favorable time will be improved for putting it on its passsage. It is generally conceded that it will pass the House, because more than a majority of that are going out on the 4th of March, and, if they can take \$5,000 a piece in addition to their old salaries, they will be that much better off.

The Executive Committee of the Western Commercial Convention, consisting of Mossrs. Calliday and Acker, Illinois, Means, Kontucky Thurston, Pennsylvania, and Eggleston and Sherlock, of Ohio, will call on the President temorrow to exchange speeches with the Executive regarding Western internal improvements, as to whether or not an additional story shall be placed on the top of the Post Office Department in this city, and another one under. It will probably be decided by the Committee of Public Buildings and Grounds on Wednesday. The Department was inspected by the Committee to-day, attended by the Postmaster General and Supervising Architect Mullett, and found to be inadequate for the uses required. The change, it is estimated, will cost a million and a-half.

Another Scandal Rumoned.

suffrage are more than celipsed by the evils arrising from white suffrage, and instances the Senators as illustrious examples of the truth of this assertion.

arrising from white suffrage, and instances the Senators as illustrious examples of the truth of this assertion.

To-day the Board of Commissioners for the improvement of the Ohic River and its tributaries, had a consultation with the sub-committee of the House Committee on Commerce, the latter having in charge the River and Harbor bill. Mr. Thurston; the Chartman of the Committee on the contract of the Country, and particularly the Ohic River and its tributaries. The importance of establishing a system of lights and buoys on Western rivers was also presented, and such action urged as would extend the jurisdiction of the Light House Board over these matters. It was also urged that such appropriations be made as would only the Commissioners and the Commissioners are carry out their recommendation tuder the direction of the Light House Board for the establishment on the Ohio of lights and buoys; This evening the Commissioners met tile Commissioners met tile Commissioners and Kanawha project for the purpose of consultation and interchange of the James River and Kanawha project for the purpose of consultation and interchange of the Manage River and Kanawha project for the purpose of consultation and interchange of the Manage River and Kanawha project for the purpose of consultation and interchange of the Manage River and Kanawha project for the purpose of consultation and interchange of the Manage River and Kanawha project for the purpose of the Manage River and Kanawha project for the purpose of the Manage River and Kanawha project for the purpose of consultation and interchange of the Manage River and River a

found their accusers, and sustain the high reputations while they had hitherto borne before the country.

The modes.

It is stated on authority that the President has decided to appoint a Commission to treat with the Modees, said Commission to treat with the Modees, said Commission to the fully confer with the Oregon State Government, and act in harmony therewith. It is believed here that such a course will do more to prevent fur there bloodshed than to insist upon a vigorous policy upon the part of the army.

The Rock Island Railroad bill, about which so much has been said, became a law to-day, the ton days having expired in which the President could exercise his veto proregative. A strong pressure was brought to bear upon the President could exercise his veto proregative. A strong pressure was brought to bear upon the President founds as there were suspicious circumstances about the bill, however, he withheld his signature, thus allowing it to become a law without his approval.

NEGRO SYMPATHY WITH THE CURANS.

The colored people of this District propose holding a mass meeting for the purpose of urging upon the United States the justice and the necessity of recognizing the belligerent rights of the insurrectionister in Cuba. The meeting will be held early next week.

SEWING MACHINE FATENES.

The Senate Committee on Patents are being strongly urged to reconsider their late action whereby they decided adversely upon the patients of their fooding device patent to the sewing machine. It is thought that a sufficient number of that Committee and Favorable to this course to reopen the case for a hearing before the essesion outs.

To the Associated Press.]

A VETO MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—The President votoed the bill for the relief of the East Tennessee University, skying the same objections attach to it as expressed in the message returning the Sonate bill for the relief of J. Milton Best. He would heartly tayor the donation of the amount appropriated by the bill for the relief of the University, but the precedent cuce established that the Accountment is liable for the raygos of war, the end of the demands on the Treasury could not be forecast.

the Treasury could not be forecast.

NOMINATED.

The President nominated Mrs. E. E. Cotton
Postmistress at Versailles, Ry.

OENERAL HOWARD.

General Howard's accounts in the Freedmen's
Bureau have passed the Second Auditor of the
Treasury, and General Howard was found, by a
clorical error, to be indebted to the Government
in the sum of \$32.50. He gave a check for the
amount, and his accounts are square.

clerical error, to be indebted to the Government in the sum of \$32.50. He gave a check for the amount, and his accounts are square.

MERICAN HAIDERS.

The Attorney General has received a despatch from Fort Clark, to-day, stating that M. Weber and two other raiders in the Villa Nuevo, Mexico, have been arrested, and are now being conveyed to Austin, Texas. The Attorney General telegraphed to hold the prisoners against habeas corpus and other processes of the State Courts, and to apply to the United States District Attorney for advice and assistance.

ALMOST STANVED.

On the 28th inst., the rovenue steamer Stevens rendered assistance to the immates of Brant Island lighthouse, in the centre of Pamlice Sound. The principal keeper had been absent twenty-four days with the only heat holonging to the lighthouse; The assistant keeper and a small boy were alone, and in a starving condition, having been five days without food.

The Civil Service Board of the Treasury De-

The Civil Service Board of the Treasury De-partment, in reply to the resolutions of General Butler, sent a series of questions which were applied to 600 applicants examined under the

applied to dou applicants examined under the Civil Service rules. It makes over 748 pages, and includes questions embraced in twenty-seven distinct examinations.

THE CONTUMACIOUS WITNESS.
The contumacious witness, Stewart, was consigned last night to a room in the basement of the Capital, formerly occupied as a studio by Vinnie Ream, and recusant witnesses generally.

FRANKS ABOLISHED.

or the Capital, formerly occupied as a studio by Vinnie Ream, and recusant witnesses generally.

FRANKS ADGLISHED.

The President has approved the act abolishing the franking privilege.

OHIGAGO BUILDINGS.

Architect Mullett has sont a letter to Hon. C.
B. Farwell, stating that the Secretary of the Treasury will recommend an exchange of the old Post Office site at Chicago for the Bridewell let as suggested by Mayor Medili's letter, and that a bill to that end will be sont to the House Committee on Public Buildings. It has been hoped that the Senate bill would be passed, so that action in the House might begin by taking it from the Spaker's table. The House Public Building, Committee will inspect the Post Office Department building, and consider the practicability of raising it. A Chicago firm proposes to do it for \$50,000.

MISSISSIPPI INVER INIDES.

There is a contest between Chicago and Milwaukee interests before the House Commonder Committee. Under the act of Congress a Board of Engineers have located a bridge over the Mississippi at La Crosse City. The Milwaukee & St. Paul Road desires its location changed to two miles from the city, and, through Alexander Mitchell, as it makes their track four miles from Road opposes the repeal and location desired by Mitchell, as it makes their track four miles longer. The onigineers say that the change of location will compol the construction of three bridges and injure navigation. Representative Rireh, of Wisconsin, opposes Mitchell's attempt to repeal.

said this would also whos took belonging to Melson. Withress testified that these divided as well son. Withress testified that these divided as well sond the well and other stocks. Dillon would have naturally sold the stocks and an and the stocks of the Railron of the Control of the Mellon of the Control of the Mellon. A mes Alley, and their frigids were not the original subscribers in the Union Pacific Road, their of the Control of the Mellon. A mes Alley, and their frigids were not the original the original subscribers in the Union Pacific Road, their of the Control of the Mellon. A mes and the part of the Control of the Mellon. A mes and the part of the Control of the Mellon of the Control of the Mellon. A mes and the part of the Control of the Mellon of the M

Alley desired to address the Committee. Alley reiterated the former statement that the cry of "stop thiof" was made by the thieves themselves, and he hoped the other Committee would make a full investigation as to the history and management of the road. He charged that no satisfactory account had been rendered by Durant for \$435,000 expended by him, and said that the person Stewart, who had \$250,000 of that money, was now imprisened for refusing to testify. The charges against General Dodge were unjust, he thought. He declared he had nothing to do with purchasing the locometives, &c..

Adjourned until to-morrow.

placed on the top of the Post Office Department in this city, and another one under. It will probably be decided by the Committee of the Post District of The Management of the Committee of the

gross, however, intervened; and directed the amount withhold to be paid. Last spring the presentizenagement took possession and stopped leakages, and effected economy, and now, since that reform was inniferrated, another assault has been made, causing a loss of millions of dellars. The losses occur as the consequence of the raids in Congress has caused one class of securities to fall from 88 to 72.—The witness said that the Government, if the counts were adjusted on a principle of equit counts were adjusted to the Company. The Salary paid the President of the Union 15 ife Company was eight or ten thousand dollary interrogations of General Blocum, said the 81 interrogations of John A. Dix was in connect it with an attempted in goldation of bonds. The interrogations of John A. Dix was in connect it with an attempted in goldation of bonds. The interrogation of Oakes Ames. He didn't is when the payment was made—whether is the Presidency of Oakes Ames. He didn't is when the payment was made—whether is the Board. He heard from officers of the Company was prid after Dix-left the road.

The witness, in reply to Hoar, said he lad no personal knowledge of the subject. His attemption was first called to it during the recent campaign by his colleagues in the Board. He heard from officers of the Company. The ledger of the Company was shown the witness, which he said he had not seen. From this book it appeared \$23,000 were paid between May 24, 1865, and Neventher I, 1866. The witness could not give the details: The witness said the feature in the Company of the condition of the Paymen of the Company, but he declined on the ground that he would be compromised as a Government Commissioners made an actual profit, except from errors o

Adjourned.

ANOTHER WITNESS.

MARSHALL, Toxas, Jan. 31.—C. M. Dodge,
Chiof Engineer Toxas Pacific Railroad, left for
Washington yesterday, to testify before the
Credit Mobilier Committee.

rossing of East Lonnesson.

Messrs, Windom, Herlan, and Stovenson were appointed a Conference Committee on the Indian Appropriation bill.

River.
By Mr. SPENCER, authorizing the Columbus,
Fayotte & Decatur Railroad Company to enter

Mr. HARLAN introduced a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment electing Senators by a popular vote.

for a constitutional amendment observing for a constitutional amendment observed for a constitutional amendment observed for a constitution was raised, he withdrew his motion. He said he would call up the bill next Wednesday.

Mr. NYEC called up the Wobb Australian Steamship Subsidy bill, and spoke theroon. He said efforts are being made by British agents to defeat this American measure.

Mr. BUCKINGHAM opposed the bill.

Mr. BHERMAN moved to lay the Subsidy bill on the table, for the purpose of taking up the substitute for Buckingham's Banking bill, reported from the Committee on Finance on the 16th inst. Lost—yeas, 24; nays, 30.

Mr. GHANDLEIt then offered the Burnside Subsidy bill as a substitute for the pending bill, amouncing that on the final yote he would oppose both.

Mr. MORRILL (Me.) favored the bill. He said the Australian line desired encouragement as an American line, and also as the pioneer line which would open up a new field for the shipping of the Atlantic coast, now struggling in ruinous competition with the subsidized shipping of Europe.

Mr. CORBETT advocated. and

as an American line, and also as the pioneer line which would open up a new field for the shipping of the Atlantic coast, now struggling in rainous competition with the subsidized shipping of Europe.

Mr. CORBETT advocated, and Mr. FIELINGHUYSEN opposed the bill.

Mr. NYE said this bill was supported by recommendations of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, the Postmaster General, and the President of the United States.

[On motion of Mr. ANTHONY, a resolution was adopted extending the time for the presentation and selection of models for the Parragut statue to the 1st of March, 1873, to allow time for the arrival of the models sent from abroad by Randolph Rogers, with the proviso that the models already before the Committee may be considered before that day without projudice to any that may be received hereafter or before March 1, 1873.]

Mr. THURMAN moved to lay the pending bill on the table for the purpose of moving that when the Senate adjourn to-day, it adjourn to Monday. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. THURMAN, the Senate voted to adjourn till Monday.

The Subsidy bill was taken up, when Mr. THURMAN, for the purpose of killing it, moved to lay it on the table, when the Senate Adjourned until Monday.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.

The Duryen Mura 'T-The Bar Association-The Tweed 'Ase-The Bar Association-The Tweed 'Ase-The Bars'?
Proposete Fight 11 On '-The Market Braik Failure-A Swind, 'Brie Market Braik Failure-A Swind, 'Bresled Cont.

Speedal Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

New York, Jan. 31.—The failure of the jury in the Tweed case to agree causes general disappointment, but very little surprise, despite the emphatic charge of Judge Davis. From the beginning the prosecution seem to have anticrated some such conclusion as this. After cloven jurors had been empanelled, they desired to challenge peremptorily all of those already sworn. They declined to seeign any reason for this novel proceeding, but it was understood to refer to juror Williams, who was lobby agent for Judge Barnard, and is alleged to have been at one time in Tweed's employ. The Times to-morrow will charge that another of the jury, whose name it withholds, served a term in prison. Evidently the District Attorney has not at any time regarded this jury as one from which he could probably obtain a verdict of guilty. Tweed was drossed to-day in broadcloth, and wore a minister's peck-tle. His face beamed with a benovolent scalle, which underwent no change when the disagreement of the jury was an mounced. It seems that the jury, before coming into Court, made a pledge hely to reveal their deliberations and votes. One of them, however, furnished the following to Ru intimate friend, who happened to be a reporter. When the jury first went out a ballet was taken, which resulted, 6 for acquittal, the elements. the jury first wone out a bands was access, resulted, of for acquittal to 6 for conviction, and a blank. After some discussion, blank, who had only thrown in his blank as a feelor, went over to the siz for acquittal, thus changing the soven for sequittal to five for conviction. The jurors remained up all zight, discussing the various points of the testimony, and morning found them eight for acquittal, three for conviction, and one blank. Of the three for conviction, and one blank. Of the three for conviction, and one blank. Of the three for conviction, one was determinedly obstinate, and, but for his evident resolve to stick to incoming the properties of the conviction. After some conversation in the morning the jurors saw they would not agree upon a verdict. They were escented to French's Hotel by four officers, and there washed themselved, and partook of a good breakfast. The reporter asked what confidence did the jury place in Garvey's testimony.

Juror—The first thing we did on going out was to cast that entirely saide. Garvey perjured himself on several occasions. He confessed in his testimony to perjury and a certain kind of forgory, though the Judge did not call it forgory. When I say we cast Garvey's testimony on tirely aside, I mean those in favor of acquittal. I believe that of the three for conviction, only two placed confidence in Garvey's testimony.

Reporter—How did you view the fact of Mr. Twood's not going to the stand?

Juror—His counsel chose not to put him on the stand, so we didn't look at it one way or the other.

Reporter—Did you form your opinions on the stand, so we didn't look at it one way or the other.

Reporter—How did you view the fact of Mr. Tweed's not going to the stand?
Juror—His connect chose not to put him on the stand, so we didn't look at it one way or the 5ther.
Reporter—Did you form your opinious on the ovidence, or wore you influenced by the argument?
Juror—The jury were very much projudiced against the presecution by Mr. Tremsin's threatening language toward is.
Reporter—How did you view Judge Davis course?
Juror—Judge Davis made a much stronger argument for the prosecution than Mr. Tremsin's did. His charge, in fact, was nothing but an argument for the prosecution. All through the trial his rulings were against the defence.
Thus ends inconclusively a trial that lasted nearly a month, and which has been in laborious preparation for fifteen months.
William Van Name, President of the bankrupt Market Savings Bank, still languishes in Luddow Strebt Juli, being unable to procure the required \$48,000 bail. As Tweed had his Garvey, so Van Name has found his evil genius in his Cashier, Conklin, who has turned State's evidence, and proposes to testify all about how he and Van Name pseculated on Walt street with the depositors' money, and opened false accounts in their books. Van Name was at one time an oyster-oponer, alcewards keeper of a restaurat under the old Milseum building, and in this capacity he made the acquaintance of a large number of farmers from Long Island and Staten Island, who supplied him with vegstables. These people placed implicit confidence in Van Name's integrity, and the roputation thus acquired became a bait to entrap the savings of scores of such unfortunate people. It is not likely the depositors of the Market Bank will receive much beyond the 30 per cent that has been paid them. The books of the bank are in the hands of the authorities, but they say they are so badly confused this mothing can be done with them until Conlidin, who has been promised legal immunity, arrives from Montinat.

Governor Dix's first pardon is that of a lat from Clincinnati, named Hopkins, aged 15, whe ha

she which would open up a new fined for the line which would open up a new fined for the line which would open up a new fined for the line which would open up a new fined for the line which would open up a new fined for the ping of Luropo.

Mr. CRIELINGHUYERS opposed the bill.

Mr. RYLE said this bill was supported by recommon, the Pockmaster General, and the President of the United States.

[On motion of Mr. ANTHONY, a resolution was adopted extending the time for the presentation and solection of models for the Paraguistatus to the 1st of March, 1573; to allow time.

Mr. TRIBARS Rogers, with the provise that the models already before the Committee may be considered before that day without projudes to any that may be received hereafter or before any that may be received hereafter or before any that may be received hereafter or before that when the Senate adjourn to Allonday. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Allonday.

The House, after spending the whole day on private bills.

The House, after spending the whole day on private bills.

The House, after spending the whole day on private bills.

The House, after spending the whole day on private bills.

The House, after spending the whole day on private bills.

The House, after spending the whole day on private bills.

Adjourned.

FIRES.

Destruction of Property n Various Places—Three Lives Lost in Canada.

MEXPIRS, Jan. 31.—Last Wednesday morning a destructive fire, supposed incondiary, occurred at Jackson, Team, destroying property to the amount of \$100,000. The principal losers are Turkins & Morgan, Jan. 31.—Last Wednesday morning a destructive fire, supposed incondiary, occurred at Jackson, Team, destroying property to the amount of \$100,000. The principal losers are Turkins & Morgan, Jan. 31.—Last Wednesday morning a destructive fire, supposed incondiary, occurred at Jackson, Team, destroying property to the amount of \$100,000. The principal losers are Turkins & Morgan, Jan. 31.—Last Wednesday are destructive fire, supposed incondiary, occurred at Jackson, Jan. 3