

TELEGRAMS.

REPORTED SPECIALLY FOR THE HERALD BY
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Opinions of the Press on the President's Veto Message.

New York, April 30.—The following are some of the opinions of the press on the President's veto message:

The St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* says: It is a clear presentation of the objections to the revolutionary scheme of the Bourbons, and puts in strong light the reasons why the bill should not become a law.

The St. Louis *Republican* says: Upon the President, upon the administration of which he is the executive head, and upon the political organization which he is made to represent, must rest the responsibility for the mischievous consequences which may follow.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: The veto is in direct conflict with the constitution and shamelessly hostile to the Declaration of Independence. It is an assertion of executive prerogatives that is both groundless and perilous. It is a declaration that Congress may forbid Congress to appropriate moneys for the maintenance of the government if Congress attempts to direct the manner in which and the purpose for which within the constitution the money shall be expended.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: The statements in the veto message are plain and the conclusions so strong that they cannot be answered. The President is with his party and country, and the party and country are with him.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says: It has the more weight that it comes from a President who has from the day of his nomination shown a disposition to soften party antagonisms and allay sectional feeling, going beyond the views and incurring the suspicions of a majority of the party with which he is identified in his efforts to conciliate extremes and bring into reasonable harmony the discordant elements of American politics.

The Boston *Journal* says: We believe the intelligence of the country after a careful perusal of the message will approve of the President's course, and conclude that his objections to the measure are sound and entitled to the highest consideration.

The Boston *Post* says: The President's objections are of little importance. He has unmistakably proclaimed that he and his party were determined to stop the wheels of government rather than submit to the repeal of measures for controlling elections by federal bayonets.

The Chicago *Times* says: Mr. Hayes has taken an oath to faithfully execute the office of President and protect and defend the constitution. He has performed that duty with a boldness and vigor that will commend him to the applause of all good citizens.

The Chicago *Tribune* says: The President has earned the gratitude of his country by the prompt and courageous performance of his duty, and will find universal admiration for the intelligent manner in which he has done it.

The Chicago *Inter-Ocean* says: The President's action will give confidence to Republicans and encourage them to fight out the battle on the issue presented by the Democrats, firmly and without hesitation.

Approval of the Veto.
DES MOINES, April 30.—A salute of fourteen guns was fired to-night, one for each of the original 13 States and one for Iowa, in honor of the President's veto.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—The Republican State Central Committee, in session last night, adopted resolutions heartily approving the veto of the Army Appropriation bill, and favoring a thorough organization of the Republican party throughout the State, and declaring General Grant to be their choice for President in 1880.

SPRINGFIELD, (Ill.), May 2.—A joint Republican Legislative caucus to-day adopted resolutions endorsing the President's veto of the Army Appropriation bill, and approving of the course of Senator Logan in the controversy with Representative Lowe.

Railroad Affairs.
SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—A Portland dispatch says: A gentleman closely identified with the enterprise arrived here on the last steamer, and states that Jay Gould has made a defection at Ft. Hall, Idaho, from the northern line in the direction of Oregon, and has let the contract for one hundred miles of road. If this road should be continued on the line of this defection, and there are good reasons for believing it will, it will touch the Columbia river at Umatilla. The managers of the local railroads are projecting the narrow gauge roads to connect with the Utah Northern.

Transcontinental Railroad Scheme.
WASHINGTON, May 1.—It was reported here to-day that Jay Gould will soon complete the transcontinental railroad by building a line of 56 miles between Toledo and Detroit, which will give him connections from Boston by way of the Grand Trunk, and from New York by way of the Erie road to San Francisco, independent of the Vanderbilt lines.

The Army Appropriation Bill.
CHICAGO, May 2.—The *Journal's* Washington special says: The talk of the Democrats to-day indicates pretty conclusively that they intend to pass the Army Appropriation bill next week, modified to the extent of leaving out all political sections and allusion to civil officers, making the section apply solely to the army. In this shape the Democrats profess to believe the bill will receive the approval of the President.

Murder of a Chicago Merchant.
CHICAGO, May 1.—Last December, Mrs. Ada Roberts filed a bill against Theodore B. Weber, member of a prominent wholesale boot and shoe firm here, charging Weber with seduction and that he had promised to pay her eight per cent. on \$5,000 annually during his life on condition that she would support their son and keep silent; that Edmund Jussen, his lawyer, was appointed trustee of the fund, but that Weber had unaccountably stopped these payments. Weber filed an answer last month, alleging that black mail had been practiced and confessing that certain sums had been extorted from him, but the woman having failed to keep silence he had stopped payments. This afternoon, as Weber, Mrs. Roberts and Jussen were in the latter's office taking Weber's testimony, Mrs. Roberts suddenly drew a pistol and shot Weber in the abdomen. He was taken home, bleeding inwardly, and will die probably to-night. He has made a will and claims that he is innocent.

CHICAGO, May 2.—Theodore B. Weber, who was shot yesterday by Mrs. Roberts, died at 2:15 p. m. to-day. Mrs. Roberts was held on the charge of murder. Weber's wife is in Europe. She has no children.

Stage Robbery.
SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—A Eureka, (Nevada,) dispatch says: The Ruby Hill stage was stopped near Eureka last night by three men. The passengers and express box were robbed. In Eureka, last night, two men went to a livery stable, bulldozed the hostlers and took two of the best horses and started off. They were pursued by the Sheriff's posse and overtaken this morning at Railroad Canyon. The thieves showed fight, and one named John Sullivan was killed, and the other was wounded and taken to jail. Sullivan was from Massachusetts, where he has a wife.

Sale of Silver.
SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—The Bank of California has sold to the government 100,000 ounces of silver, for delivery here, at 110¢. The coinage at the San Francisco mint for April, was of double-eagles, \$2,540,000; standard silver dollars, \$10,000. The Carson mint was idle during the month. The treasure shipments per City of Pekin was as follows: Fine silver, \$208,200; trade dollars, \$11,066; Mexican, \$53,941; gold coin, \$9,130.

Marriage of Lieutenant Rowell.
SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—A Portland dispatch says: Lieutenant Charles W. Rowell, Adjutant Second Infantry U. S. A., was married last night to Sallie, daughter of Gen. Frank Wheaton, U. S. A.

A Test Question.
CHICAGO, May 2.—The *Times's* Washington special says: The whole question of the use of troops and federal officials at an election for Congress will come up in the case of Eichoff, contestant of Einstein, a New York sitting member. Eichoff simply basis his claim to Einstein's seat upon the fact that he was defrauded of election through the interference of federal officials. The House elections committee will make a precedent of this case at once by summarily rejecting Einstein upon proof of federal interference. A member of the joint committee said, "We propose to give it to Hayes hot and strong after this. There were lots of Democrats who were timid last time and allowed the Republicans to count us out because they had the odds against us. But this time we have the country in our hands, and so sure as there is a God in heaven, every State will be thrown out where these federal laws are enforced." The above clearly defines the fight as it will be made by the Bourbons. They are plying the party lash vigorously, and hope to drill everybody in line at caucus.

The New Silver Bill.
NEW YORK, May 2.—The *Times* to-day, in an editorial on Warner's silver bill, says: While the Treasury will cease to receive the present accumulation of coin from the mints it will receive far larger amounts of silver bullion, covered by certificates, in payment of revenues. There is no limit to the amount of dues to the government which may be paid in those certificates, and this large accumulation of bullion the Treasury is actually forced to bid to coin and must sell for what it will bring. A more ingenious arrangement for the benefit of the silver ring it would be difficult to imagine. We are not aware what benefit it is even supposed would result to the country from this generous gift to the silver mine owners, nor do we know wherein these gentlemen have earned such munificent liberality.

Destructive Fires.
ST. PETERSBURG, April 30.—A great fire occurred in the city of Orenburg, Ural river, Monday and Tuesday last, destroying the principal part. The loss was enormous. More than half of the population are destitute of food and shelter, and a number of persons were injured. A dispatch from the Governor of Orenburg to the Minister of the Interior says: A violent storm assisted in spreading the flames Monday and Monday night, and the best quarters of the town are in ashes.

Violent Hurricane.
PESTH, May 1.—A violent hurricane at Szegedin, yesterday, destroyed the works prepared for restoring the railway, and filling the breaches in dams. The barges filled with building material and earth were mostly sunk. The storm caused extensive fresh breaches in the railway embankment, and the laborers are in great danger. Relief has been sent to them.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

[Extraordinary Session.]

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Maxey, from the Committee on Post Offices, reported the bill to extend the time for special postal service under the service contracts obtained by advertisement.

Saulsbury, from the Committee on Elections, reported a resolution instructing that committee to inquire into the matter of the contest of Spofford against Wm. P. Kellogg regarding a seat in the Senate, with power to send for persons and papers, and to employ a stenographer to take the testimony either in Washington or New Orleans by the subcommittee. Cameron (Wis.) objected to its present consideration.

Edmunds inquired when the Senate might expect the Committee on Appropriations to report back the Legislative Appropriation bill?

Davis (W. Va.) replied that the bill had just been printed. The subcommittee had been at work on it and might report to the full committee to-morrow.

Edmunds inquired whether it was not the same bill that was acted on at a former session of Congress, except matter extraneous to appropriations?

Davis replied that it was, but it was known that there were some members on the committee who were not in the previous Congress, and therefore the entire subject had to be considered irrespective of former action. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
WASHINGTON, April 30.—After reading of the journal the Speaker presented the veto message of the President upon the Army Appropriation bill, and it was read by the clerk. At the conclusion of the reading of the message, Sparks offered the following:

That it is ordered that the message of the President just read be entered at length on the journal, as required by the constitution of the United States, and that the House will to-morrow proceed to consider said message, and thereafter to reconsider the bill making appropriations for the support of the army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1880, and that said message be printed. Adopted.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Sparks called up the order made yesterday, to reconsider the Army Appropriation bill. A vote was taken on the question, no debate being allowed, whether upon reconsideration the House will pass the Army Appropriation bill notwithstanding the objections of the President?

The House refused to pass the bill over the President's veto, the vote standing 120 to 110, not the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative. It was strictly a party vote. Only three of the Greenbackers voting for the bill and nine against it. Adjourned until Saturday.

A SHOCKING AFFAIR.
A Religious Fanatic Kills his Daughter.

Boston, May 2.—Charles F. Freeman, of Pocasset, Massachusetts, yesterday killed his five-year-old daughter. The man is a Second Adventist, and has been attending revival meetings. About a week ago he claimed to have received "wonderful revelations," and has not eaten or slept since. He says the Lord directed him to sacrifice his little daughter and he declares that she will rise again in three days. Yesterday morning he sent word to the neighbors that he would make the revelation known and offer an orthodox sacrifice. In the afternoon a number of Second Adventists assembled at his house, but the child had then been killed. The little one was transfixed with a knife and her blood poured out upon the table, improvised as an altar. Freeman had driven every one from the house and locked and barred the doors and windows, and having firearms threatened death to any one who interfered. Alone with the dead child, he goes through horrible incantations which, he says, in three days will result in the "resurrection of my beloved child."

Freeman was a mail carrier at Pocasset between the railroad station and post office. He awoke his wife at 3:30 on Thursday morning and told her he must make a sacrifice to the Lord of his youngest daughter. He got up and took the child from her bed and stabbed her in the side with a butcher knife. His wife said it was all right, and that Abraham would raise her next Sunday. Freeman says the child gave one scream and died in a minute. It is stated that the Second Adventists held a meeting at his house the same afternoon, and appeared to wish the affair kept quiet. Freeman carried the mail as usual and showed no signs of insanity. The cause appears to be religious excitement alone. He is now at his residence, in charge of officer Reddings and Dr. Wood of Pocasset. Freeman informed a reporter to-day that he was told by God to offer Edith, his young and beautiful daughter, as a sacrifice to God and he did so. As God would not stay His hand he had to obey His command. He said God would justify him in his act.

The Negro Exodus.
NEW YORK, May 2.—The *Tribune* concludes an editorial on the negro exodus and condition of the refugees as follows: As for the political association in Boston, which now claims to have been the motive power in sending these hordes away from their oppressors, what is it doing to feed and clothe them now it has set them adrift? Money was always forthcoming when needed to flood the South with agents and circulars, but now these helpless creatures are starving and dying of disease. We have not heard of a dollar contributed from that source.

Territorial News.

[New North-West, 2d.]

Mr. P. Hoyt has taken charge of the Race Track house. It will be a favorite resort this summer.

The expense to the county thus far in trying the Lobb murder case foots up in the neighborhood of \$3,000.

Mr. Wm. Hardenbrook, formerly Under Sheriff of Lewis & Clarke county, has come to Deer Lodge with his family to reside.

The jury in the Lobb murder case had not returned a verdict up to the hour of going to press. They have been out since Wednesday afternoon.

The gross receipts of the Institute fair and concerts were something over \$1,500. After payment of all expenses there was deposited to the credit of the Institute fund \$1,220.

The Sawtelle Company left on Friday last for Pioneer and played there that evening. They went thence to New Chicago and are now in Missoula county.

[Courier, 1st.]

George Budd has been appointed to a position in the Quartermaster's Department at Fort Ellis.

Messrs. Dewings, Baronette, Stone and others have recently struck rich gold-bearing ore in Crevice gulch. Parties who have examined specimens of the ore pronounce them equal to any found in Bear gulch.

The marriage of Edwin L. Fridley to Miss Elmira Champagne, on Thursday night last, was a remarkably pleasant affair. The hearty good will and generous exuberance of the community has seldom, if ever, assumed a more spontaneous or general expression than was manifested in the nuptials of this happy young couple.

Last week "Minnie Anderson," a courtesan, living in east Bozeman, took an overdose of laudanum and died from its effects. No cause is assigned for the act. The remains of the unfortunate woman were interred in the public cemetery on Saturday last. Her female friends manifested their sorrow and respect by unremitting attention to her during her last hours of unconscious existence, and sparing no expense in the last sad rites of sepulture.

The Lowe-Logan Affair.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Representative Lowe publishes a card this afternoon, in relation to his difference with Senator Logan, including the following letter:

WASHINGTON, April 25, 1879.
Hon. John A. Logan:
Sir—On the 21st inst. you published in the *Republican* of this city, a communication containing words personally reflecting on me. I have twice addressed you a note calling your attention to this language. You have failed and refused to answer either of them, and you thereby force me to the last alternative. I therefore demand that you name some time and place out of this district, where another communication will presently reach you. My friend, Chas. Pelham, is authorized to act for me in the premises. Respectfully,
WM. M. LOWE.

Col. Lowe then concludes: Thus ended this one-sided correspondence. It needs little or no comment from me. I will not brand John A. Logan as a liar, for he is a Senator of the United States. I will not post him as a scoundrel and poltroon, for that would be in violation of his local statutes; but I do publish him as one who knows how to insult, but not how to satisfy a gentleman, and I invoke upon him the judgment of honorable men of the community.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—It has leaked out to-night that William M. Lowe, Greenback member of the House from Alabama, has sent a challenge to Logan, of Illinois, to meet him on the field of honor. The difficulty grew out of a statement made by Lowe, about two weeks ago, and published in a Pittsburg paper in the form of an interview, in which that gentleman is reported to have said that Logan, on the eve of the rebellion, contemplated entering the Confederate service; that he raised three regiments of troops in Illinois, which entered and fought in the Confederate army, and that just prior to the departure of these regiments of troops from Illinois, Logan deserted them.

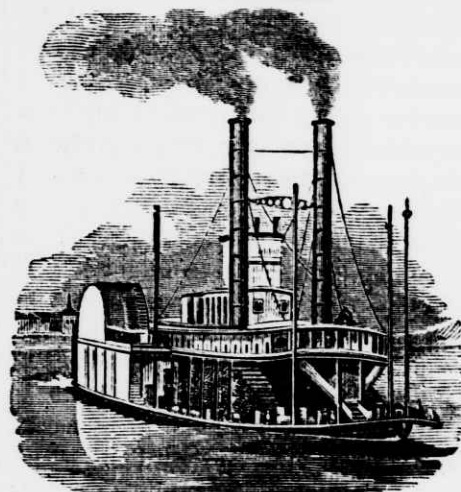
Dangerous Policy.
CHICAGO, April 30.—The *Journal's* Washington special says: The Democratic leaders show more feeling to-day than yesterday over the President's message and are more defiant in their talk regarding their future action. The feeling is becoming stronger among some of the leaders that the party will not suffer seriously if they adjourn Congress after the Legislative Appropriation bill is passed and vetoed, and leave the government without money. This course is openly and strongly advised by leading Northern Democrats, who think that the President will be forced to back down when they come together again in extra session.

—He is a good fighter. The *Courier* says: A prospector coming from the Black Hills, was followed by a party of Indians for three days and while in camp at Prior's Gap was attacked. He killed five Indians. Supposition was that they were Crows, but this is a mistake, as none of the Crows are down that way. The man's name is Cummings. He was interviewed by the Commanding officer at Fort Custer, and Marshal Botkin. There were three other men with Cummings, but had no hand in the fight, not being present.

—The wind has been blowing "great guns" for the past thirty-six hours—the hardest wind we have had here for years. Sam. Richardson, the careful watchman at the tower, says there were very few fires in the business houses and dwellings throughout the city last night, showing that our people are not forgetful of the severe lessons we have had. It would have been a dreadful night for a fire.

1879. 1879.

BENTON P LINE.



STEAMER BENTON.

Leaves Bismarck on the Opening of Navigation, about April 15.

STEAMER HELENA.

Leaves Sioux City, April 10.

JAS. MCGARRY, - - MASTER.

STEAMER BUTTE.

Leaves Pittsburg April 5. Leaves St. Louis April 12.

ANDY JOHNSON, - - MASTER.

These well known, Elegant, Fast and Commodious Missouri River Steamers will form a weekly line, arriving at and departing from Fort Benton as near as can be Wednesday evening of each week during the boating season, making close connections with the Benton and Helena Stage Company, offering to passengers and shippers such facilities as cannot be competed with for dispatch and comfort in traveling and transportation.

For Freight or Passage apply to

T. C. POWER, Manager, 83 Market Street, Chicago.

Agents: T. C. POWER & CO. T. C. POWER & BRO. HELENA, M. T. FT. BENTON, M. T.

I. P. BAKER, What-boat, between Oliver and Locust Streets, St. Louis.

L. F. BOOTH, 415 Broadway, New York.

Through bills of lading from Chicago and St. Louis and the Canadas as late as September 15th from those points. dly&wsm

GRAY, DEWEY, GOULD & CO.

(Successors to Harding, Gray & Dewey.)

WOOL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

169 CONGRESS STREET, BOSTON.

Advances made through any bank or banker in the Territory. Letters promptly answered. Shippers may mark bags "G. D. G." or "H. G. D.", as formerly. Refer to most of the leading Wool Growers in the Territory. d&wlm2m-ap38

RICH'D W. KING & CO.

BROKERS IN

MINING STOCKS

AND

RAILROAD SECURITIES,

Nos. 31 and 33 Broad Street, New York.

CONSIGNMENT OF ORES SOLICITED.

Reference—The prominent Bankers and Merchants of New York. Also, Hon. A. Saunders, U. S. Senator from Nebraska, and Mr. Jno. T. Connor, Helena. w4m-mh15

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The valuable property, popularly known as ROCK CREEK, is a 40-acre tract, forty miles north of Helena, Lewis and Clarke County, is offered for sale. The property includes a large public house, with new furniture throughout, a stable and outbuildings of all descriptions, agricultural implements, together with 160 acres of arable land, 50 acres of which is under fence and cultivation. Title to the land is secured by United States patent. An excellent stock range adjoins the property. For further particulars or information apply on the premises or by letter to JOHN H. GREEN, Rock Creek Ranch, Benton Road M. T. d&wlf-10

RARE FOSSIL COLLECTION FOR SALE.

The largest collection of Fossils in Montana, comprising shells, Fish, and Reptilian remains from the Dakota and Benton groups (cretaceous, tertiary, massive, and carboniferous rocks, and numbering over 1,100 specimens, enclosed in a suitable cabinet. List of specimens sent on receipt of stamp. Apply to O. C. MORTSON, Fort Benton, M. T. d&wlm-mh28

SIX HUNDRED HEAD

OF

STOCK AND BEEF CATTLE

FOR SALE.

Including three thoroughbred Durham Bulls, two of which are recorded in valum IX, American Herd Book, which can be seen at W. H. Guthrie's, in Helena. Also, seven head of graded bills in the lot.

PRICE, \$14 PER HEAD.

d&wlf-ap16 E. G. BROOKS, Whitehall, M. T.