OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor. Joseph K. Toole.
Lieutenant Governor, Frank Higgins.
Secretary of State, Geo. M. Hays.
State Auditor. J. H. Calderhead.
State Treasurer, A. H. Barrett.
Attorney General James Donovan.
Superintendent of Public Instruction. W. W. Welch.
Chief Justice. Theodore Brantley.
Associate Justices, W. T. Pigott, and Geo. R. Milburn.
Clerk of Supreme Court. H. G. Rickarts.
Representative in Congress. Caldwell Edwards.
United States Senators. W. A. Clark and Paris Gibson.

COUNTY OFFICIALS.

Sherriff, J. D. Watts.
County Treasurer, Chas. H. Buck.
County Clerk and Recorder, Howard D, Smart
Clerk of District Court, J. F. Cone.
Assessor. Chas. M. Johnson.
County Attorney, W. P. Baker.
Superintendent of Schools, Kitty Ostermeyer
Coroner, W. T. Adair.
Public Administrator, J. D. Miser.
County Commissioners, James R. Rawlins, W. E. Gleason and Ed. A. Johnson.

CITY OFFICIALS.

Mayor—Miles Romney.
Treasurer—W. O. Fisk.
Attorney—R. Lee McCulloch.
Clerk—Richard C. Parmenter.
Marshal—Josh Pond.
Night Officer—W. A. Strange.
Police Magistrate—Frank J. Morris.
Aldermen First Ward—Louis Peterson, H. S. Page.
Aldermen Second Ward—Geo. H. Taylor. F. L. Burns.
Aldermen Third Ward—E. A. Trosdahl, J. J. Howley.

SOCIETIES.

RAVALLI LODGE. No. 36, K. OF P., MEETS every Tuesday evening at Fonger's Hall, cor. Main and Third streets. All Knights in good standing cordially invited to visit.
C. M. Johnson. C. C.
JOHN J. HOWLEY, K. of R. and S.

HAMILTON, LODGE, NO., 48. I. O. O. F., meets every Monday night at Odd Fellows Hall, South Second street. All Brothers good standing invited to visit.
Josh Pond, N. G.
F. M. Lockwood, R. S.

BITTER ROOT ENCAMPMENT, NO. 10, I. O. O. F., meets first and third Fridays at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting Brothers invited to attend. J. POND, C. P.
J. T. BOARDMAN, Scribe.

IONIC LODGE NO. 38. A. F. & A. M. MEETS first and third Saturdays of each month at Odd Fellows hall, Second street. Sojourning orethren invited to attend.
O. C. COOPER. W. W.
J. J. SOUTWICK, Sec.

HAMILTON LODGE NO, 20. A. O. U. W., meets every second and fourth Thursday at Odd Fellows Hall, at 8 p. m.
F. J. MORRIS. M. W.
HENRY GROVER, Rec.

CHARITY LODGE, NO. 11, I. O. O F. meets the second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month at Odd Fellows hall.
MRS. ADA BURNS, N. G.
MRS. J. T. BOARDMAN, Secretary.

BITTER ROOT TENT K. O. T. M, Meets 2nd and 4th Friday evenings at Odd Fellows Hall. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.
J. M. REINDEAU, Commander.
MARTIN TINGLEY, Record Keeper.

HAMILTON CAMP NO. 5604, MODERN Woodmen of America. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every Tuesday evening.
E. F. RICHARDS, Clerk. C. C. COULTER, V. C.

B. A. Y. RAVALLI LODGE NO. 540 MEETS every Thursday evening at 8:30 o'clock in the Odd Fellow's Hall.
CHRIS SANDVEN, H. F.
REV. I. R. HUBBS, Sec.

EVENING STAR, No. 58, I. O. O. F. MEETS every Saturday evening in Miles' Hall, Darby. All brothers in good standing invited to attend. CHAS. LAWRENCE, N. G.
AUGUST SOLLEDER, Sec.

CORVALLIS LODGE No. 28, A. F. & A. M. meets every second fourth Saturday evenings in Masonic hall, Corvallis. Visiting brethern in good standing cordially invited.
R. R. SMITHEY, W. M.
G. G. LOCKWOOD, Sec.

VICTOR SOCIETIES.

Victor Lodge No. 43 A.F. &A. M., meets first and third Saturdays at Appolonio, Watters & Company's hall, Victor. A cordial invitation is extended to visiting members. James H. White, W. M.; M. D. Fulkerson, Secretary.

Ravalli Lodge No. 71 I. O.O. F., meets every Friday at Appolonio, Watters & Co.'s hall. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend. W. R. Rickman. N. G.; Jos. Appolonio, Sec.

TIME CARD —OF— TRAINS.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

BITTER ROOT BRANCH.
Mixed Passenger and freight.

North Bound	STATIONS.	South Bound
Lv. 9:00 a. m.	....Hamilton....	Ar. 8:05 p. m.
9:17	.....Corvallis.....	7:45
9:50	.....Victor.....	7:25
10:20	....Stevensville....	7:00
10:50	.....Florence.....	6:35
Ar. 12:10	.....Missoula.....	Lv. 5:00

CHARLES RUSSELL, Superintendent.
J. P. McBride, Agent Hamilton, Mont. | Chas. S. Fee, G. P. A. St. Paul, Minn.

FINAL REPORT SPOTTED FEVER

Specialists Conclude Their Labors—Hold Wood Tick Responsible—Cost of the Investigation.

The state board of health this afternoon received the report of the eastern experts who came to Montana to examine and diagnose the cases of spotted fever in Western Montana. The board also heard the usual report of Secretary Longeway upon the number of contagious diseases in the state, says the Helena Herald of Aug. 5.

The governor, attorney general, Secretary Longeway, Dr. Treacy and Dr. Belcher of Townsend were the members of the board present. Secretary Longeway laid before the board the report of the two experts who examined the spotted fever cases.

The specialists hired by the state board to study the disease were Dr. Louis B. Wilson, first assistant bacteriologist of the Minnesota state board of health and senior demonstrator in pathology at the Minnesota state university, and Dr. William Chowning, junior demonstrator in pathology at the Minnesota state university. The report of these two experts is in pamphlet form and contains eighteen pages. The substance of the report was published in the newspapers about the time it appeared in the Journal of the American Medical association last month. The conclusion of these experts is that the strange disease is probably given to human beings by the bite of some parasite, presumably a wood tick.

"The occurrence of 'spotted fever' in isolated cases in a region sharply limited on one side by a river," says the report, "would indicate the conveyance of the germ to man (if by any animal whatsoever) by a temporarily parasitic animal which travels slowly and not widely, and which is not carried far by the wind, etc. The tick answers this description.

"All of the patients, eleven, coming under observation during this investigation had been bitten by ticks. In three cases a history was given of a single severe tick bite two, three and four days, respectively, before the onset of the disease.

"There is apparently no other insect, arachnid or other biting creature within the infected locality, which would fulfill the conditions indicated in the above outline as does the tick. For instance, it may be noted that the mosquitoes probably do not appear until a later date than that on which the earliest cases 'spotted fever' have developed, while they remain for several weeks after the spotted fever ceases. They move about freely and are readily carried by the wind. Were they the infective agents, one mosquito would probably infect two or more persons in the same family, and the disease would not be limited by the river. Bedbugs and fleas are present throughout the year, and, from their persistent activity, would probably infect more than one individual in a family, were they the carriers of the disease.

"The extreme isolation of cases of 'spotted fever,' their occasional development in localities removed many miles from the site of any previous case, and the long period existing between the death or convalescence of the last case of any one year before the development of the first case in the following year, would point to the possibility of the red blood cells of some one of the lower warm-blooded animals being the normal habitat of the parasitic protozoon in that stage of its life cycle not passed within the body of some arachnid. Of the animals within the infected region, the common gray gopher would probably best fulfill the conditions of such a parasitism.

"The writers are at present attempting to obtain data which shall confirm or demolish the above hypotheses."

Dr. Chowing, who is in the city, appeared before the board and enlarged upon the report.

The report seemed satisfactory to board and the cost of the investigation, $1,650 was approved. Of this amount $1,400 was paid to the experts.

Secretary Longeway reported to the board the number of contagious disease cases reported to him between Feb. 4 and Aug. 4, as follows: Smallpox, 490; measles, 124; scarlet fever, 213; diptheria, 26; typhoid fever, 7. The cases of chicken pox and whooping cough have not been reported with any degree of reliability.

Dr. Longeway reported on the steps that were taken to fight the contagious diseases during the past two months, notably smallpox.

THE MONTANA GAME LAW.

A Concise Statement of the Laws Compiled by State Game Warden —Paste It in Your Hat.

The following synopsis of the game laws of Montana was prepared last year by State Game Warden W. F. Scott for the information of sportsmen:

The open season for the hunting of wild geese, wild ducks, brant and swan is from Sept. 1 to May 1.

For sage hen and turtle dove (limited to the killing of 20 in a single day by any one person), Aug. 1 to Dec. 1.

For grouse, prairie chicken, fool hen, pheasant or partridge (limited to the killing of 20 in a single day by any one person), Sept. 1 to Dec. 1.

For deer and Rocky mountain goat (limited to the killing of six by any one person in any one open season), Sept. 1 to Jan. 1.

For bull or male elk (limited to the killing of two by any one person in any one open season), Sept. 1 to Nov. 1.

Fish may be caught at all times of the year with hook and line.

It is unlawful to kill at any time moose, bison, caribou, buffalo, quail, Chinese pheasant, mountain sheep, antelope, female elk, beaver, meadow lark, bluebird, thrush, woodpecker, mocking bird, goldfinch, snowfinch, cedar bird, stork or any other small birds known as singing birds.

It is unlawful to run or hunt any of the above mentioned large game at any time with dogs.

It is unlawful to use any giant powder or other explosive compound or hooks baited with any poisonous thing or compound, or by the use of dams, grabhooks, seines or other similar means for the catching of fish. Seines or catchnets may be used in the Missouri river below Great Falls and in the Yellowstone river below Big Horn, but such seine or net must have a mesh not less than two inches square.

It is unlawful to dump any sawdust or debris coming from sawmills into any stream.

It is unlawful to sell or offer for sale at any time any game, mountain trout or graylings except that the latter be caught in private ponds by the owner or owners thereof.

It is unlawful to catch or trap or otherwise restrain any buffalo, elk, moose or mountain sheep for the purpose of sale or domestication.

It is unlawful for any person, railroad, express or stage company to receive for transportation or carriage or to sell or to offer for sale any fish or game that has been killed contrary to law.

It is unlawful to destroy the nests or to carry away the eggs of any bird or wild fowl.

The possession of any of the dead bodies or any part thereof is prima facie evidence of the guilt of the party or parties in whose possession same is found.

All game or fish taken or killed outside of this state shall upon arrival within the borders of this state be subject to the above laws the same as if said game was killed within the state.

All Indians are subject to these laws and will be prosecuted the same as others violating said laws.

There shall be constructed over all dams a fishway or ladder. Plans and specifications will be furnished by the state game warden upon application for same.

Every non-resident who is not a taxpayer in the state is required to procure a hunter's license. The license for large game is $25 and for small or feathered game is $15. One license does not entitle the holder to hunt both kinds of game. Licenses may be procured only from the state game warden at Helena, Mont. If application be made for same in writing inclose amount of license, giving name, residence, postoffice address, age, color of eyes and color of hair of applicant. License good only for year in which same is issued.

LOOK PLEASANT, PLEASE.

Photographer C. C. Harlan, of Eaton, O., can do so now, though for years he couldn't, because he suffered untold agony from the worst form of indigestion. All physicians and medicines failed to help him until he tried Electric Bitters, which worked such wonders for him that he declares they are a godsend to sufferers from dyspepsia and stomach troubles. Unrivaled for diseases of the stomach, liver and kidneys, they build up and give new life to the whole system. Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by the Bitter Root Drug Co., druggists. *

IT NEEDS A TONIC.

There are times when your liver needs a tonic. Don't give purgative that weaken. DeWitt's Little Early Risers expel all poison from the system and act as tonic to the liver. W. Scott, 531 Highland ave., Milton, Pa., says: "I have carried DeWitt's Little Early Risers with me for several years and would not be without them." Small and easy to take. Purely vegetable. They never gripe or distress. Hamilton Drug Co. *

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

To James Bubaer, his heirs, executor or assignee: You are hereby notified, that in accordance with the provisions of Section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States and amendments thereof, concerning annual labor on mining claims that we, your co-owners have expended in labor and improvements on the "Tip Top" Quartz claim in the Hughes creek mining district, Ravalli county, Montana, (Recorded Dec. 14, 1897, in Book 4, page 106), one hundred ($100) dollars for the year 1901; on the "Dynamo" Quartz mining claim in the Hughes creek mining district, Ravalli county, Montana, (Recorded Aug. 25, 1899, in Book 5, page 35), one hundred ($100) dollars for the year 1901; on the "Empire" Quartz mining claim in the Hughes creek mining district, Ravalli county, Montana, (Recorded Aug. 25, 1899, in Book 5, page 37), one hundred ($100) dollars for the year 1901; and on the "Carrie Kearney" Quartz claim in the Hughes creek mining district, Ravalli county, Montana, (Recorded Sept. 27, 1899, in Book 4, page 240, of quartz locations), one hundred ($100) dollars for the year 1901, and if within 90 days after the publication of this notice you fail or refuse to pay your proportion, amounting to one hundred and ten ($110.00) dollars, together with the cost of advertising, for your undivided interests in said claims, said interests will become the property of the undersigned, your co-owners, as provided by law.

DANIEL KEARNEY,
JOHN BRICKLEY.

Dated this 11th day August, 1902. First publication Aug. 13, 1902.

The best physic—Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Easy to take. Pleasant in effect. For sale by Corner Drug Co. *

Stops the Cough and Works Off The Cold

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

California's Industries.

The leading industries of California are in close rivalry as to annual product. Sugar and slaughtering each produces about $15,000,000, while lumber, flour and fruits each shows about $13,000,000.

A NECESSARY PRECAUTION.

Don't neglect a cold. It is worse than unpleasant. It is dangerous. By using One Minute Cough Cure you can cure it at once. Allays inflammation, clears the head, soothes and strengthens the mucous membrane. Cures coughs, croup, throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Children like it. Hamilton Drug Co. *

A. J. Cottingham went to Washington county, Ark., to see his sister and while there was taken with flux (dysenery(and was very bad off. He decided to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was so much pleased with the prompt cure which it effected, that he wrote the manufacturers a letter in praise of their medicine. Mr. Cottingham resides at Lockland, Ark. This remedy is for sale by Corner Drug Store Co.*2

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

NOTICE OF ELECTION, CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

House Bill No. 55.

An Act Providing for the Submission to the Qualified Electors of the State of Montana of an Amendment to Section 4 of Article XVI, of the Constitution, Relating to County Commissioners.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Montana:

Section 1. There shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State of Montana at the next general election to be held in said state, the following amendment to Section 4, of Article XVI of the constitution, relating to county commissioners:

That Section 4 of Article XVI of the constitution of the State of Montana, be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 4. In each county there shall be elected three county commissioners, whose term of office shall be six years, provided, that the term of office of those elected on November 6th, 1900, shall expire on the first Monday in January, 1907; provided further, that at the general election to be held in November, 1902, (in counties where commissioners are to be elected that year), three commissioners shall be elected whose terms shall expire on the first Monday in January, 1907; provided further, that at the general election to be held in November, 1906, one commissioner shall be elected for a term of two years, one commissioner shall be elected for a term of four years, and one commissioner shall be elected for a term of six years, whose term of office shall commence on the said first Monday of January, 1907; and provided further, that at each general election thereafter commencing with the general election to be held in November, 1908, one commissioner shall be elected for a term of six years. A vacancy in the board of county commissioners shall be filled by appointment by the judge of the judicial district in which the vacancy occurs."

Section 2. The vote upon this amendment shall be counted and canvassed by such officials and in such manner as is provided by law for the counting and canvassing of the votes for member of congress, and if a majority of all votes cast at said election for and against said amendment shall be in favor of the amendment, the governor of the state shall immediately so declare by public proclamation, and said amendment shall be in full force and effect as a part of the constitution from and after the date of said proclamation.

Section 3. The official ballots to be used at the next general election to be held in this state shall have printed thereon the following words in such manner as to allow every elector an opportunity to indicate thereon by proper marks, his preference to-wit: "For the Amendment to the Constitution relating to County Commissioners," and "Against the Amendment to the Constitution relating to County Commissioners."

Approved February 25, 1901.

United States of America, State of Montana, ss.:

I, George M. Hays, secretary of state of the State of Montana, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of an act entitled "An Act Providing for the Submission to the Qualified Electors of the State of Montana of an Amendment to Section 4 of Article XVI of the Constitution, Relating to County Commissioners," enacted by the Seventh session of the legislative assembly of the State of Montana and approved on the 26th day of February, 1901.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of said state.

Done at the City of Helena, the Capital of said State, this 15th day of July, A. D. 1902.

(Seal.) GEO. M. HAYS, Secretary of State.