

THE ADVANCE.

THOMAS DOVER, Publisher.
 WORTHINGTON, MINN.

A memorial tablet has been erected on the house in Park lane, London, where Edward Jenner, the originator of vaccination, resided in 1803.

Among the little trades of Paris is that of selling food for birds, either in the street or in a corner of the market place.

The state of Kentucky is claiming from the Southern Pacific Co. back taxes estimated at \$11,867,902, which the state claims accumulated between 1900 and the present year. The Southern Pacific Co.'s position is that it owes the state of Kentucky only \$48,000.

Late estimates indicate that the coming orange and lemon crops in California will be record-breakers. Shipments, it is declared, will reach 35,000 cars, and may go to 40,000. The yield of the current year, as given by the Southern California fruit exchange, show that the last crop yielded to growers \$7,000,000. The output of the coming year, on the same basis, will produce \$12,000,000.

That American method of scientific husbandry will soon be introduced into distant parts of the world will receive striking demonstration at Missouri university, when a large number of foreign students will enter the Canada, Mexico and Japan. Among them will be natives of Egypt, Turkey, Canada Mexico and Japan. Among those from Japan will be Asata Suzuki, the famous wrestler, who was recently defeated in a contest with George Baptiste in St. Louis.

Since the Boxer uprising nothing has happened to stir up the people of China so much as the present agitation against the United States. This is a commercial demonstration made in view of the renewal of the treaty between these two countries regarding the entrance and residence of Chinese subjects in the United States. The present movement is one to boycott all American trade, all schools conducted by Americans, and all American employers in all the ports of China.

While the emperor of Germany does not fail to transact a large amount of public business during his various voyages for rest and recreation, he is said to be, when on his yacht at sea, a very different man from the ruler of a great nation living in state at Berlin. Aboard ship he casts aside court etiquette and is a bluff and jolly mariner. The emperor likes to take along with him as guests men eminent in various callings, in the conversation of each of whom he finds pleasure and profit.

A novel bicycle has been built in London which has been pronounced "as comfortable as a rocking chair" and which shows a remarkable mechanical ingenuity. This new machine is fitted with an anti-vibrating easy-chair-like saddle which affords wonderful relief to a tired back and which proves a luxury when coasting down long hills. The ladies' machines are meeting with particular favor. They are of exactly the same construction as the machines built for the men.

Baroness Rosen, wife of the new ambassador at Washington, will in all probability become a social leader with the members of the diplomatic corps in the capital city. The graciousness and charm, which are marked characteristics of the baroness, were made apparent several years ago, when her distinguished husband had charge of the Russian legation in this country. The baroness is an unusually clever woman, and has the added prestige of being a member of one of the houses of the oldest Russian aristocracy.

Suicides among people of high social station and comfortable circumstances are quite as common as among those where other conditions prevail, although several states of the union make the attempt at suicide a punishable offense; but we have yet to learn of a single case where the penalty provided by statute for this crime has been imposed. Would-be suicides are often fished out of rivers or forcibly relieved of a dose of poison and hauled off to a police station under arrest, but that has always seemed to be the end of the proceeding.

Russia and India have within the past six months taken increased quantities, and nearly every country in Europe is now requiring additions to their stock of subsidiary coin. The activity of business in all parts of the world creates this increased and urgent demand for the minor coins. The United States government will have to arrange through the next congress for obtaining bar silver to coin into half dollars, quarters and dimes, and the order will be for no small amount. It will require from \$10,000,000 to \$26,000,000 of coinage value annually.

M. Eugene Brusseau, a French official and an explorer, has just returned from Algeria, bringing with him photographs of giant gorillas, one of which was killed by his escort of native sharpshooters. The animal is of great size, being seven feet six inches in height, while the width of the shoulders is four feet. One of its hands, when cut off, weighed six pounds, while the carcass turned the scale at 720 pounds, and the united efforts of eight native soldiers were necessary to drag it to the French residence at Quessou.

FLAMES DEVOUR SEVEN VICTIMS

EXPLOSION SETS FIRE TO A BIG FACTORY IN AVON, CONN.

Panic Among the Employees—Seven Lives Lost—Eleven Persons Injured—Spectators Helpless to Save the Unfortunates.

Avon, Conn., Sept. 16.—The explosion of a fuse, followed by a fire in a building of the Climax Fuse company here Friday afternoon caused a panic among 20 employees in the building and resulted in the death of seven and injuries that doubtless will prove fatal to several others. There was no way of coping with the flames, which soon spread rapidly, and in less than an hour after the explosion occurred those who were unable to escape were in the clutches of a fire that eventually burned their bodies to ashes. As the day wore on the great crowd that collected in the hamlet saw the bodies of men and women roasting in the fire and were powerless to check the flames.

The Victims.
 The dead are: William Burke, 40 years old, married; James Joyce, about 35, married; Robert McCarthy, aged 18; James Wallace, married; Mollie McCarthy, Miss J. Sullivan, Mrs. M. B. Tucker. Eleven persons were injured. The exact cause of the accident which caused the loss of seven lives may never be known, but it is the accepted theory here that in an effort to burn out a stoppage in one of the machines a workman caused an explosion of a fuse, with the hot iron he held in his hand.

Inflammable material was set on fire and in a few moments the room was a mass of flames. In an instant there was a mad rush for the doors and windows, and during the scramble many were pushed back into the building, while others were severely burned. The scene at the fire was heartrending. Friends and relatives of the missing were almost frantic with grief when it became known that bodies of those close to them were being burned to a crisp in the ruins of the factory. As there is no fire department in the town it was utterly useless to cope with the flames with buckets.

Helpless to Save.
 As one of the walls of the second largest building fell several bodies could be seen entangled in the mass of machinery in the basement, and in a short time they were reduced to ashes. Early in the evening the body of a woman was seen near the edge of the fire and an effort was made to pull it away from the flames, but on account of the great heat this was impossible.

Soon after the building in which the lives were lost was consumed the fire spread to the new structure, which was just completed at a cost of \$35,000, and in a few hours this building was gutted, only the four walls remaining. Two smaller buildings were reduced to ashes, making a total of four burned, the loss on which is estimated to be \$100,000.

SHOWS A LOSS.

Iowa's Census Gives State Population of 2,201,372, a Loss of 30,481 Since 1900.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 16.—According to preliminary figures of Iowa's state census, completed Friday by Secretary Davison, of the executive council, the state had a total population January 1, 1905, of 2,201,372. This is a loss of 30,481 since the census of 1900, when the state was accredited with a population of 2,231,853. Twenty-two of 99 counties showed increases in population, while the remainder showed decreases. Practically all of the larger cities and counties showed gains. The loss was almost entirely in rural sections. All of the census authorities who have studied this year's statistics are agreed that the loss was due to enlargement of Iowa farms and attendant emigration of Iowans to districts where cheaper lands were available.

Fulfills Suicide Pact.
 Marion, Ind., Sept. 16.—In carrying out her part of a suicide compact, entered into with her chum, Cleo Baugher, who committed suicide at Muncie a month ago, Miss Chio Thompson, 17 years old, Friday swallowed a large quantity of arsenic and died from the poisoning.

Town Destroyed.
 Rome, Sept. 16.—The town of Monte Rosso, an almost inaccessible place of 3,000 inhabitants, was destroyed by an earthquake, according to dispatches received in Rome from places near the village. It is believed that hundreds of lives have been lost.

Wisconsin Pioneer Dies.
 Milwaukee, Sept. 15.—Peter Vleau, the oldest native Milwaukeean and brother-in-law of Solomon Juneau, died Wednesday night at his home at Muskego Center at the age of 86 years. He suffered a paralytic stroke several days ago.

Pupil Kills Teacher.
 Athens, Tenn., Sept. 13.—Prof. Albert Watchenberger was cut to death Tuesday by Ernest Powers, a pupil in his school. Watchenberger had attempted to chastise the boy.

To Meet in Dallas.
 Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 15.—At its closing session here the great council of Big Men accepted the invitation of Dallas, Tex., to meet there next year.

WAR MAY BE AVERTED.

Norway and Sweden on the Point of Settling Their Differences—King Edward Aids.

Karlstad, Sept. 18.—It is believed that Sweden has averted all danger of war with Norway by proposing a compromise by which Norway need only disarm her forts instead of demolishing them. The compromise answers Sweden's purpose and relieves Norway of humiliation. The first official announcement indicating that the delegates of Norway and Sweden were approaching an understanding in their effort to establish a modus vivendi for the countries as separate governments was given out Saturday night at the close of the joint session of the delegates. This announcement reads: "The probabilities are that in the near future the negotiations can be brought to a definite result." This cryptic announcement is accepted as indicating that the negotiations have, finally reached a stage where an agreement is in sight and that a resort to arms, which have involved other powers, may safely be considered to be out of the question.

London, Sept. 18.—The belief that there would be an amicable settlement of the Swedish-Norwegian dispute has developed into confidence. There is reason to believe that King Edward has taken a direct personal interest in the matter, and it is known that messages bearing on the situation at Karlstad have been continually passing between the foreign office and the king for several days. In fact, it is believed that King Edward suggested a modus vivendi. The exact nature of this, of course, is not known.

TO DISCUSS QUARANTINE.

Governors of Twelve States Call Conference at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 18.—A quarantine conference will be held in this city November 9. Governors of 12 states have signed the call for the meeting. Representative business men from all over the south will attend. Measures will be discussed for relief from the stringent yellow fever quarantine regulations, which, the call says, are crippling the great business interests of the south. The prosperity and growth of the southern states is retarded at length and the call is signed by Govs. Cox, of Tennessee; Blanchard, of Louisiana; Warfield, of Maryland; Dawson, of West Virginia; Montague, of Virginia; Broward, of Florida; Vardaman, of Mississippi; Beckham, of Kentucky; Heyward, of South Carolina; Lanham, of Texas; Folk, of Missouri; and Terrill, of Georgia.

New Orleans, Sept. 18.—The yellow fever record up to six p. m. Sunday is as follows: New cases, 24; total cases, 2,571; deaths on Sunday, 2; total deaths, 335; cases under treatment, 323. The Sunday reports are usually lighter than the weekday reports, but it was not expected that the report would run as low as it did. This leads to the hope that the reports this week will be much lighter than they were last week.

LIGHTNING KILLS FOUR.

Bolt Strikes Crowded Exhibition Tent at County Fair in Iowa.

Indianola, Ia., Sept. 15.—Four men were killed, six were seriously injured and a dozen more stunned by a bolt of lightning which wrecked a crowded poultry exhibition tent at the county fair here Thursday morning. The dead are: Ray Anderson, Carl Peterson, Theodore Young, all of Indianola; Blain Wright, Pleasantville. The seriously injured: Dr. Carpenter, J. McGranahan, E. W. Freil, Earl Barker, C. Shellberger, all of Indianola.

The tent was crowded at that time by people who had gone into it to escape the rain, which was responsible for the large loss of life in the disaster. The lightning bolt struck the tent pole and split it wide open, the lightning radiating over the tent and tearing it into shreds. Four of the occupants were instantly killed. Half a dozen were burned perhaps fatally and a dozen men, women and children were stunned. Thousands of chickens in the coops were killed.

Will Test Anti-Pass Law.
 Plainfield, Wis., Sept. 18.—Charged with using his railroad pass in violation of the law, W. B. Angelo, an attorney for the Wisconsin Central Railroad company, and holding a position as a notary public, was on Friday placed formally under arrest on complaint of W. H. Berry, editor of a newspaper at Waushara, Wis. The action is for the purpose of testing the anti-pass law passed by the last state legislature.

Took Poison.
 St. Louis, Sept. 14.—Grief-stricken because of the death of her uncle, James Smith, with whom she had made her home since childhood, Miss Georgia Taylor, 35 years old, committed suicide with carbolic acid in his death chamber. The uncle, aged 60, had died a few hours previously.

Death of a Veteran.
 Timm, O., Sept. 18.—Brig. Gen. Daniel W. Benham, U. S. A., died suddenly of apoplexy here Sunday, aged 68. He enlisted as a volunteer in 1861 and was placed on the retired list in July, 1898.

Loss Was Enormous.
 St. Petersburg, Sept. 18.—The Russian losses in ships at Port Arthur, Vladivostok and the Sea of Japan, according to official statistics, amount to \$13,000,000.

THE FIRST DAY OF SCHOOL.



BOSTON MOURNS DEATH OF MAYOR

HON. PATRICK A. COLLINS DIES IN HOT SPRINGS, VA., AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS.

Was a Noted Figure in National Democratic Politics—Served Six Years in Congress and Was Consul General at London.

Boston, Sept. 15.—Patrick A. Collins, mayor of Boston, died Thursday at Hot Springs, Va. The immediate cause of his death was a hemorrhage of the bowels. A telegram received by Mr. Curran briefly reported the sudden demise of his chief.

Mayor Collins left here about a week ago for Hot Springs to obtain a greatly needed rest. He was accompanied by his eldest son, Paul Collins. He had complained more or less of being ill and had kept to his room for the last three days, but had not been confined to his bed entirely. He was sitting up talking with his son Thursday morning when seized with the attack, death occurring at nine o'clock.

Was a Leading Democrat.
 Mayor Collins was one of the leading democrats of the country. He served in congress from 1883 to 1889, and the United States consul general at London from 1893 to 1897. He was the presiding officer of the national democratic convention of 1888. For many years Mayor Collins devoted much time in behalf of the cause of home rule for Ireland, and he was the first national president of the Irish Land League in this country.

Citizens Shocked.
 The news of the sudden death of their mayor came as a tremendous shock to the citizens of Boston. Mayor Collins was regarded here as one of the last members of the so-called "old school" in national life. The general respect in which he was held as a national figure was enhanced by the affection in which he was held by the people of Boston.

BASEBALL.

Tables Showing the Standing of Clubs of National and American Baseball Leagues.

The following tables show the number of games won and lost and the percentage of clubs of leading baseball organizations. National league:

Clubs	Won	Lost	Per ct.
New York	54	37	.718
Pittsburgh	50	47	.657
Chicago	45	57	.609
Philadelphia	42	59	.594
Cincinnati	40	67	.567
St. Louis	38	63	.558
Boston	35	66	.515
Brooklyn	30	70	.429

Clubs	Won	Lost	Per ct.
Philadelphia	48	48	.500
Chicago	45	52	.500
Cleveland	42	59	.500
New York	40	60	.500
Detroit	38	62	.500
Boston	35	65	.500
Washington	32	74	.417
St. Louis	28	85	.344

Indicted.
 Danville, Ill., Sept. 15.—Walter V. Juntgen, former bookkeeper of the wrecked Edgar county national bank, of Paris, Ill., was indicted by the federal grand jury Thursday for making false entries and abstracting funds from the bank. The indictment contains 25 counts.

To Be Hanged.
 Winchester, Ky., Sept. 15.—Samuel Hise, a negro charged with assaulting Mrs. Jasper Case, a white woman, was on Thursday sentenced to be hanged. The jury was out only seven minutes. The attorneys for Hise announced that no appeal would be taken.

Three Killed.
 Kimmell, Ind., Sept. 13.—Three persons were killed and several passengers were injured in a collision between eastbound passenger train No. 14, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, and a light engine at a point one mile west of here.

GAVE TO CAMPAIGN FUND.

New York Life Contributed Many Thousands to Secure Victory for Republicans and Roosevelt.

New York, Sept. 16.—On the stand Friday afternoon, in the insurance investigation, George W. Perkins produced a check for \$48,702 drawn by the New York Life Insurance company December 30, 1904, payable to J. P. Morgan & Co. Mr. Perkins testified that this check was a contribution to the national republican committee and was promised to Cornelius N. Bliss, treasurer of the committee. Mr. Perkins said the same thing was done in 1896 and 1900. The reason for these contributions, he said, was that the company feared its assets would be endangered in case of democratic success.

Eposus, N. Y., Sept. 15.—To an interviewer, who called at Rosemount, Judge Parker's home, and asked if he had anything to say in relation to the statement made by Vice President George W. Perkins of the New York Life Insurance company before the legislative committee investigating the insurance business, to the effect that President John A. McCall of that company had caused a contribution of about \$60,000 to be made last year to the republican national campaign fund, Judge Parker said:

"Yes, I believe I ought to say, now that there is no political excitement to distract the public attention, that the president of the New York Life was not the only such contributor. The officers of other great life insurance companies, such as the Equitable and the Mutual, also contributed from the policyholders' funds for campaign purposes last year. What has been proved in the case of the New York Life will undoubtedly be proved in the other cases. The facts exist, and honest and able counsel, backed by an honest committee, will undoubtedly bring them out for the public good. Were there an investigation of railroad, manufacturing and other corporations it would be found that these life insurance officers were not the only corporation officers who put their hands into the treasury and took out moneys belonging to widows and orphans to help secure a partisan triumph. That their acts were unlawful and their purposes corrupt, goes without saying."

AUTO PLUNGES OVER BRIDGE.

Four Men Injured in Massachusetts—Gov. Glenn, of North Carolina, Has Narrow Escape.

Winchendon, Mass., Sept. 16.—An automobile containing members of the party accompanying Gov. R. B. Glenn, of North Carolina, plunged over a bridge on the road to Royalston here Friday and landed at the bottom of a ditch. The motor car containing Gov. Glenn was directly behind the automobile which met with the accident, and only the prompt action of the chauffeur avoided a collision between the two cars.

May Be Delayed.
 St. Petersburg, Sept. 18.—Emperor Nicholas, with the empress and their children and Grand Duke Alexis, started Sunday on a cruise in Finnish waters. They are expected to return toward the end of the week. The emperor's absence from St. Petersburg will probably delay the signing of the peace treaty.

Russians Repulsed.
 Tokio, Sept. 13.—A report from the Japanese headquarters say that in the direction of Helsingborg Gen. Madrikoff, with about three regiments, opened an attack on Sushan on Monday, September 11, but was immediately repulsed by the Japanese. Madrikoff's force is said to have principally consisted of bandits.

Will Resign.
 Camden, N. J., Sept. 14.—William F. Powell, United States minister to Hayti, who is on leave of absence at his home here, announces his intention of tendering his resignation to President Roosevelt at once. He gives as his reason for resigning the prevalence of revolutions, riots and fever in Hayti.

CALLS A PEACE CONFERENCE

CEAR CALLS A SECOND MEETING OF THE POWERS AT THE HAGUE.

President Roosevelt Relinquishes His Part in Reassembling the International Congress. The Surprise is Great.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—Emperor Nicholas again appears before the world as a promotor of universal peace. No sooner is the Russo-Japanese war over, and even before the peace treaty has been ratified, than his majesty issues invitations to a second peace conference at The Hague. That the emperor has done so was learned from a source which leaves no shadow of a doubt as to its authenticity.

It is officially announced that the Russian government "proposed to address the foreign powers with the view to holding a second peace conference at The Hague" but it is known that negotiations preceding this announcement that the government "proposed to address the powers" were entered into, especially with the United States, and were conducted with the greatest secrecy, there being not the slightest inkling that Russia contemplated anything of the kind.

The announcement created the greatest surprise here, and that Russia should propose a second peace congress, notwithstanding the close relations between Emperor Nicholas and President Roosevelt, was heard with amazement. It is clear the step could not be taken by Russia without first reaching a complete understanding with President Roosevelt. The fact that the promoter of the first conference should be the instigator of the second, and readily and gladly acceded to the Russian proposal, is a clear proof that the conference has already been called and that President Roosevelt relinquished his part in it to the emperor.

There is strong reason to believe that the news even of the intention of the Russian government would not be given out if invitations had not already been sent to the powers and probably their answers received.

SEQUEL TO KOCH TRIAL.

The Barn of Henry Heinzman is Destroyed by Supposed Incendiary Fire.

St. Peter, Minn., Sept. 19.—A crime that many people believe is directly traceable to the Koch murder trial at Mankato was committed in Lime township, Blue Earth County, when incendiaries fired a barn belonging to Henry Heinzman, who was a member of the jury that acquitted the New Uim dentist, now practicing in Minneapolis. When the third trial of the celebrated case was held at Mankato, Mr. Heinzman, who is a milkman residing three miles north of that city, proved acceptable to both sides, and was sworn as a juror. After the verdict of "Not Guilty" had been rendered, Juror Heinzman talked freely of the case, and his attitude was resented by persons believing in the guilt of Dr. Koch.

Mr. Heinzman's barn was fired and entirely destroyed. It is supposed that enemies he made, while the murder trial was in progress, adopted this means of obtaining revenge. The blaze originated in the hay loft, two stories above the ground, and this fact shows, conclusively, it is argued, that it was the work of firebugs.

Mr. Heinzman's loss will reach fully \$3,000, not including forty tons of hay and several hundred bushels of grain. Had he not succeeded in driving out his stock the loss would have been much greater.

Collision.

Minneapolis, Sept. 19.—A railroad wreck and cracking flames which consumed part of the combustible remains of two smashed passenger coaches of the St. Louis road, furnished much excitement for Excelsior citizens at 1 a. m. Monday. The village was roused by the crash accompanying a rear-end collision between a west-bound freight train and a lake passenger train standing on the Excelsior siding for the night. Flames starting from the freight train and its fireman jumped to save their lives. The passenger train was unoccupied.

Cair Will Help.
 Paris, Sept. 19.—A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Matin says the czar will meet King Christian of Denmark at Darmstadt with a view to adding in the settlement of Scandinavian affairs.

Recover Two Bodies.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 16.—With the discovery of two additional bodies, the remains of fifteen persons who perished in the wreck of the steamer Isoco and her consort, the Olive Jeannette, have now been recovered. Of these, eight have been picked up along the beach in the vicinity of the Huron Mountain Club and the others in the neighborhood of L'Anse. One body found yesterday was of a man wearing silk underwear, although his trousers were of the blue jean variety and his shoes of the common sort.