## Nortolk



# Pirginian.

VOL. LV. NO. 23.

NORFOLK VIRGINIAN: SATURDAY DECEMBER 18, 1897.

vides for a deposit, by the banks of

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## TAX ON ALCOHOL

## Report of Special Committee Precipi-- tales a Senatorial Debate

HOAR WANTS TO INCREASE TAX ON BEER

Disagreement Reached and Conference Ordered on Klondike Relief Bills.

tion-Favorable Report on International Fisheries Exposition-Mouse Appropriations Committee Benten at Two Points-Armo

Wushington, D. C., Dec. 17, 1897 A spirited debate was precipitated in the Senate to-day by the submission by Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, of the report of the special joint committee of the Senate and House, appointed to investigate the use of alcohol in the arts. It developed that a wide divergence of opinion exists among Senstors as to the practicability, from the point of view of Government revenue, of reducing the present tax upon alcohol used in the arts. Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, who favors such a reduction, expressed the opinion that if Congress would lay aside political considerations and deal with the liquor question courageously, and honestly, by the imposition of an additional tax of a

them re-security.

A favoruble report being made upon the joisht resolution accepting the invitation of the Government of Norway to take part in an international fisheries exposition, to be held at Bergen, Norway, from May to September, 1898. Mr. Nelson, of Missicsota, the author of the resolution, secured its passage immediately. The resolution provides \$20,000 to be immediately available to Gefray the necessary expenses of the defray the necessary expenses of the display of the United States at the ex

consideration of pension case was then begun and 138 bills were passed. One of the bills granted a pension of \$50 a month to Cassius M. Clay, Sr., of Kentucky, a major-general of the United States Army during the war.

Mr. Turple, of Indiana, then presentatt. turple, of Indiana, then presented the regular order of business, the consideration of resolutions on the death of Representative William Steele Holman, late of Indiana.

Pributes to the memory of Mr. Holman were paid in elequent culogles by Mr. Fairbunks, of Indiana; Mr. Mills, of Texas; Mr. Cockrell, of Missouri; Mr. Frye, of Maine, and Mr. Turple, of Indiana; Mr. Turple, of Maine, and Mr. Turple, of Mr. Turple,

The resolutions of condolence were assed, and as a further mark of repect the Senate, at 4:25 \p. m., admediate until to-morrow.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS. The House to-day completed the con sideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, excepting the paragraph relating to the civil service. By agreement the debate on ing the paragraph relating to the cavit service. By agreement the debate on this latter paragraph will go over until after the holidays. Two amendments of some importance were adopted. The bill as reported abolished the ussay fit of jealousy. Mile, Hagerland bill as reported abolished the ussay fit of jealousy. Mile, Hagerland bill as reported abolished the mints been taken to a hospital.

at Carson City, Nev., and New Orleans. To-day the representatives from the two former States made a vigorous and successful fight to continue the appropriation for Deadwood and Carson City. The Appropriation Committee was beaten in cach instance.

Mr. Brownlow (Rep.), of Tennessec, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution reciting the fact that the report of the Secretary of the Navy ca the location of the narmor plate factory made no mention of the board's visit to the South, and calling upon him to cause the data procured by the board as to the advantage of the South to be prepared and forwarded to the House.

Mr. Steele (Rep.), of Indiana, wanted to offer an amendment to cover Indiana and Illinois, but Mr. Dingley (Rep.), of Maine, objected and the resolution and amendment was referred under the rules.

On Mr. Cannon's motion the House

on Mr. Cannon's motion the House disagreed to the Senate amendment to the bill for the relief of the miners on the upper Yukon, und agreed to a conference. Messrs, Cannon, of Illinois; Northway, of Ohio, and Sayers, of Texas, were appointed conference. were appointed conferees

Speaker announced the appoint ment of Messrs. Hitt (Rep.), of Illinois: Adams (Rep.), of Pennsylvania, and Wheeler (Dem.), of Alabama, regents of

Wheeler (Dem.), of Alabama, regents of the Smithsonian Institute.
On motion of Mr. Mercer (Rep.), of Nebraska, a bill was passed to increase the cost of the Government building at the trans-Mississippi Exposition \$12,-500 and the cost of the Government exhibit a like amount.
The Speaker appointed Mr. Barham (Rep.), of California, chairman of the Committee on Mileage, and at 4:50 p.m. the House adjourned.

### SEALING INVESTIGATION.

Sir Wilfred Laurier Wants to Bring in a Lot of Other Natters Before He Will Consent to Negotiate.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 17.-The correspondence which has passed between Sir Wilfred Laurier, the Canadian Premier, and General Foster, the Premier, and General Foster, the American negotiator, touching the seal negotiations since the Washington conference last month, has just been made public. It consists of two letters. In the first, dated Ottawa, November 24, Sir Wilfred Laurier passes upon a proposition from our Government, which was taken back to Canada by him at the conclusion of the conference. He says he is willing to extend imposition of an additional tax of a dollar a barrel on beer, the question of the Government's revenues would take care of itself. Mr. Vest, of Missouri, strenuously opposed any additional tax on beer.

Mr. Allison deprecuted any attempt to raise the question at the present time. He said it was not pertinent and that it had not been made clear that alcohol used in the arts could be exempted from taxation without impairing the revenues beyond what they could stand. He added that the interests of American manufacturers using alcohol had been carefully guarded otherwise in the new tariff law. He thought also that recent events had gone to show that the \$1.10 tax on alcohol could be collected and expressed the hope that an earnest effort in that direction would be made.

At the suggestion of Mr. Hawley, chairman of the Milliary Affairs Committee, the bill passed by the House for the relief of the miners in the Klondike region was taken up at once. He moved that all after the enacting clause of the ment, which was by him at the conclusion of the con-by him at the conclusion of the con-ference. He says he is willing to enter ference. The says he is willing to enter

please him to place a the Lake View sausage is Robert Anners. An-

n the trial new commenced, introduce t new line of defense. In maintaining he theory that Mrs. Luetgert is still tilve, her acquaintance with Robert the theory that Mrs. Luetgert is still alive, her acquaintance with Robert Davey, an Englishman, with engaging manners, who is blanned by Luetgert for his business trouble, will be brought out-in court, and the fact dwelt upon that Davey, who conducted the negotiations with Luetgert for the incorporation and enlargement of his business, was very polite to Mrs. Luetgert, paying her marked attention, and frequently, so it is said by close friends of Luetgert, spending almost the entire day with her in her house.

Davey left Chicago last January.

with her in her house.

Davey left Chicago last January,
ostensibly to get the money for the sale
of Lucigert's sausage manufactory to of Lucigert's sausage manufactory to a Dutch syndicate. Mrs. Lucigert disappeared on the night of May 1st. Whether the two corresponded in the meantime cannot be learned, but that the pair were greatly interested in each other will be alleged, and upon this line the accused will base his defense.

JEALOUS WOMAN'S REVENGE.

Company of the Compan

Paris, Dec. 17.-The famous model, acie Hagerland, has had her beauty as reported abolished the ussay fit of fealousy. Mile, Hagerland eat Deadwood, S. D., and the mints been taken to a hospital.

## EXPLAINS HIS BILL

## Begins Where He Lell Olf Thursday and Goes to the End.

DEFINES HIS IDEA OF BIMETALLISM

Bill Designed to Inspire Confidence in FInancial Strength of the Government.

Provision for Giving Elasticity to the Conflicts With the St. Louis Pint.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 17, 1897. Secretary Gage resumed his exposition of his comprehensive currency bill pefore the House Committee on Bankng and Currency to-day. Chairman Walker had left the city and Mr. Brosius, of Pennsylvania, presided. Before the bill proper was taken up some semi-political questions were asked. Mr. Hill (Rep.), of Connecticut, called Mr. Gage's attention to the statement made yesterday that the first purpose of the bill was to commit the country to the gold standard.

"You are recognized as a Republican," said Mr. Hill, addressing the Secretary, "and you are familiar with the financial platform of the Republican National convention at St. Louis. Do you consider that this purpose of firmly fixing the gold standard on the country conflicts with the principle of the St.

Louis platform?"
"No, sir," responded Mr. Gage, "not as I look at the principle of bimetullism. Bimetallism must mean case of two things: Either it is two kinds of money of unequal value case. things: Bither it is two kinds of money of unequal value circulating side by side by reason of the exchange of the less valuable for that of greater value, or else two kinds of money of such intrinsic equality of value that they will circulate caturally side by side. We have a bimetallic currency in the United States now. A firm establishment of the gold standard with such interchangeability with silver as will make it acceptable on an equality with gold will maintain this bimetallism, the same as it has existed for the last

But that vast Issue was merely the reation of a spectre, and was not a eally. The banks could not get all the bonds and use them for issuing bank notes. On the contrary, Government bonds are always taken largely by pri-vate investors, trust companies, insur-ance companies and parties across the

Newlands referred to gold contracts and asked the Secretary's view

Mr. Gage said he did not consider it desirable to interfere with private con-tracts of this character any more than was necessary. The extent to which drains on the Governmen; stock of gold

vides for a deposit, by the banks of a sum equal to 10 per cent. of the circulation, and also pledges the faith of the United States to the redemption of the bank notes. Mr. Gage said the latter feature was merely to make clear the same pledge as the Government now gave to the integrity of bank notes.

On Section 9, providing that issues of national bank notes shall be in denominations above \$10, Mr. Gage said that the purpose of this was to give the Government the monopoly of small bills in most common use.

When section 10, providing for the redemption of bank notes at the New York sub-treasury and other designated

York sub-treasury and other designated points, was reached, Mr. Cox asked Mr. Gage why he did not specify that the redemption should be in gold or other level more than the control of th

exal money.

The Secretary answered that the less discretionary power imposed on an executive officer in the execution of a prinolple the better, for some times exe-cutive officers might have indiscretion

cutive officers might have indiscretion and do foolish things. Moreover, this discretion existed now.

When the remainder of the bill had been read a general discussion began. In answer to a cross fire of questions, Mr. Gage said the bill could not result in a raid on the Treasury by bank notes, It was not the substitution of an endless chain of greenbacks for another endless chain of bank notes. The banks would have so redeem their own notes, and it would be to their interest to do so, or they would be closed. But so long as a dollar of demand obligations was outstanding so long this endless chain would go on. He said: "This bill is simply a step in the right direction, and a most important step. It would are the first He said: "This bill is simply a step in the right direction, and a most important step. It would give the Government \$325,000,000 of the very Habilities which are most likely to be brought tagainst it. Of this \$125,000,000 is gold. Then, with the further measure, recommended by the President, giving authority for a loan up to \$100,000,000, when required the Government would be so strong in time of emergency as to resist any stress. Faith would be established, and people would not come to the Treasury for lack of faith, but only from necessity."

This brought on an interesting and amusing discussion of politics as re-

This brought on an interesting and amusing discussion of politics as relating to finance. Mr. Brosius asked if the Secretary felt-that the bill would obviate any probability of the country's being forced to a silver basis. The Secretary thought it would beyond question.

This closed Mr. Gage's hearing and he was given a vote of thanks. Several members sought to have another hearing during the holidays, but there was a strenuous objection to this and

was a strenuous objection to this and the original plan was adherred to, of adjourning until January 12th, when the Gage bill, the Monetary Conference bill and other financial measures will be taken un. be taken up.

## CIVIL SERVICE REFORMERS.

After Passing Resolutions, Adjourn to Meet Next New Year in Boston. Cincinnati, Dec. 17.-The National

Civil Service Reform League to-day re-

list Herbert Walsh and Charles Richardson, Philadelphia; John W. Ela, Chicago,
The report of the treasurer, A. S. Frissell, of New York, showed: Receipts, 41.23-1.95; disbursements, \$3,878.82; balance on hand, \$376.13.
Charles J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, chairman of the committee on resolutions, presented the report of that committee. It called for a fulfillment of the pledges made at the last Republican National convention to honestly enforce the Civil Service law; denounced the action of the Republican member of the House who are antagonizing said law; calls unoun Mekfuley to resist their development. one the assets of the bank and the Government guaranty. Mr. Gage referred to the advantage of this additional unsecured eleculation, in giving an elasticity to the currency at points where it was most needed.

In answer to questions by Mr. Newlands, of Nevada, the Secretary sald that the amount of refunding bonds under the bill would reach \$1,132,000,000, if four year terms for many federal of all of them were issued. These holds lands, of Nevada, the that the amount of refunding bonds under the bill would reach \$1,132,000,000, if all of them were issued. These bonds being the basis for circulation, bank notes could be issued to that amount. Besides these, the additional 25 per lumbia and the consolidation of outlying with central postofilees. It expressly in the consultance of the district of Could be issued to that amount. Besides these, the additional 25 per lumbia and the consolidation of outlying with central postofilees. It expressly disclaimed any advocacy of Civil Service of the medit disclaimed any advocacy of Civil Service pensions as a part of the merit

After the usual vote of thanks and

some general discussions the league journed to meet next December in Bos

### CARGO NOT DAMAGED.

London, Dec. 17.-The cargo of th British steamer Weybridge, Captain Evans, which arrived at Genoa December 15th from Sayannah, is being discharged, and is showing a fair condi-

would result under the operation of the bill, excited much discussion. Mr. Gage stated that all redemptions would be made in gold or its equivalent.

Proceeding to Section 8, which pro-

SENATOR BARKSDALE RISES TO EXPLAIN

House Adjourns in Respect to the Memory of Representative Neblett.

Fertilizer Bill Passed Under Suspension of the Rules-Hot Fight on the Judge of Wytheville Circuit-No Military Display at the Inauguras tion-Mrs. Brock Makes an Unsues cessful Appeal for the Pardon of Her Husband.

(Special Dispatch to The Virginian). Richmond, Va., Dec. 17, 1897.

The State Senate went into executive ession to-day and confirmed the appointments made for School Superintendents in all the countles and cities except Amherst, Nelson, Henry, Henrico, Richmond City, Pittsylvania and Smyth. There was no objection made to the nominees for Hichmond and Henrico, but the Senators representing this city and county were both absent. All of the appointments were made about a year ago and the nominess are the incumbents at the present time. was a bitter fight made over Superintendent Scott, of Amherst. Bland Massle, who represents that disrict, objected to Mr. Scott on the ground that he was not a true Democrat and had been unduly active against nimself and Delegate Campbell in the primaries. Senator Morris argued that because Mr. Scott had supported other gentlemen than Mr. Massle and Mr. Campbell in the primaries was no reason for not comfirming his appointment. The case was finally passed by. It was reported that obtaction works.

y Superintendent, but not a word was uttered against him. Senator Barksdale rose to a question of personal privilege and said it was dip of the tongue that caused him yes-terday to say he had seen students of

reported that objection would be made

to Mr. John T. West, the Norfolk coun

pursoid his bill in relation to the sale of fertilizers.

While there will be no general military display on the occasion of the inauguration of Governor Tyler, Company F, of Richmend, Capt. Morgan R. Mills, will act as the Governor's escort to and from the Capitol. Brigadler-General A. L. Philips has issued an invitation to all the commissioned officers of the Virginia volunteers to meet in this city to attend the reception to in this city to attend the reception to be held at the Governor's Mansion in the evening

disclaimed any advocacy of Civil Service pensions as a part of the merit system

At the afternoon session a number of papers hearing on Civil Service were read and discussed.

composed of the commander of each camp.

Governor O'Ferrall, it is understood, will grant no more pardons during his term of office. Mr. W. S. Griggs and Mrs. B. B. Brock, of Norfolk county, called on the Executive to-day and presented a petition for pardon for Mrs. Brock's husband. He killed a man named Hale in Norfolk county and is now serving a term of eleven years in the penitentiary. Delegates M. S. Newberne and C. G. Kizer presented the visitors to the Governor. His Execilency gave a courteous hearing to ull that was said and then announced that as his term had so nearly expired he would take no action in this county and so the county and the afternoon the reports of committees on suggestions as to preparative was a very animated discussed. The conditions affecting the different institutions were brought out, and ideas were children, Thomas, Marie, Katle Maggie and Patrick, the eldest but 9 years of age, perished. Mrs. Leany and a total the action of a committee to consider the advisability of suggesting general lines upon which he was go. In the afternoon the reports of committees on suggestions as to preparative was determined to refer the second transacted.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 17.—The residences of Patrick Leahy was burned discussed of Patrick Leahy and five of, itis sion on the subject of courses and requirements for degrees. The conditions affecting the different institutions was deferrent institutions was for a culminating in a resolution of accommendation of a committee to consider the advisability of suggesting general lines upon which he was go, perished. Mrs. Leahy and five of its sion on the subject of courses and requirements for degrees. The conditions affecting the different institutions was of age, perished. Mrs. Leahy and five of its sion on the subject of courses and requirements for degrees and requirements for degre the penitentiary. Delegates M. S. Newberne and C. G. Kizer presented the visitors to the Governor. His Excellency gave a courteous hearing to ull that was said and then announced that as his term had so nearly expired he would take no action in this case.

Governor O'Ferrail this morning issued requisition on the Governor of the conference at its next meeting.

Maryland for the rendition of Joseph Hill, adias Joe Hill, who has been indicted in Hanover county for the murder of David Dangerfield and the mallelous shooting of Edward Moody in July, 1897. Hill is at present in Juli in the city of Battimore.

The Supreme Court adjourned to-day for the term.

The House Committee on Propositions and Grievances to-duy considered Mr. Kizer's bill requiring persons who employ female labor to furnish seats for them. It was unanimously decided to report it favorably.

### MONETARY COMMISSION.

ts Labors Completed - Bill to Be Prepared to Embraco Its Recommens dations.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 17.-The

Monetary Commission reached the con

clusion of its deliberations to-day, and the chairman, Senator Edmunds, dechard the commission adjourned with-out day. The closing proceedings were interesting. The work of going over the report in detail was prolonged late into the night of Thursday, and was not quite completed when the commis-sion met this morning. Such changes as were approved were finally consider-ed and referred to the Executive Com-mittee and the secretaries for incorpored and referred to the Executive Com-mittee and the secretaries for incorpor-ation in the final draft. The motion that the report be adopted as a whole was made by Mr. Stuart Patterson, of Phil-adelphia, who presided over the In-dianapolis convention. There was some discussion up to the last moment wheth-er the members would waits all thele er the members would waive all their individual preferences in regard to the minor details of the report and sign it unanimously. Practically unanimity was finally due as much do the carnest appeals of Senator Edmunds as to any other influence. One member thought it necessary to make more emphatic his convicton as to one feature of the report and Mr. General the the members would waive all the of the report, and Mr. Garnett, who had returned to his home in California, and was not able to take part in the final deliberations, differed slightly from his associates in regard to the treatment of the existing sliver coins and sliver certificates. The signature of all the members will be attached to the report with the limited searching.

he report with the limited reservations of these two. of these two.

Mr. H. H. Hanna, the chairman of the Executive Committee, then took the floor and stated that the services of the commissioners would be property recognized at the Indianapolis convention of the business men of the county, which has been called for January 25th. The commission was then declared dissolved by Senator Edmunds, and the members parted with mutual expressions of regret that their associations were to end.

The final publication of the commission's report will be delayed for some days, pending its completion by the secretaries. A bill carrying out fully the recommendations of the commission is also in course of preparation by any application.

the recommendations of the commission is also in course of preparation by a sub-committee in co-operation with the Executive Committee, and will be ready for presentation in the House when Congress reassembles after the holidays. Preparations for an earnest campaign will be begun by the Executive Committee in anticipation of the convention, which has been called for January 25th, at which they hope for enthusiastic support.

Equal Justice to Rattroads and

set liberty from that directions are organized to a sundistance of the collection and expressed the how it in an organization to create for an organization to create for the sundistance of the collection of the Millarry Afrairs Components of the Millarry Afrairs Components of the Millarry Afrairs Components of the Collection of the Millarry Afrairy Washington, D. C., Dec. 17 .- The first egular meeting of the National Association of Freight Commissioners was held here to-day for the general purpose of affecting a permanent organi-zation. The members of the associazatron. The members of the associa-tion represent commercial bodies in their respective cities, and are charged with the duty of securing equal jus-tice for shippers in their dealings with the transportation companies. It is not, it is said, essentially antagonistic to transportation lines but nots in the to transportation lines, but acts in the capacity of mediator between such organization is said to be the proper representation of the shippers' side of the questions which may be at any time under consideration by Congress. Resolutions were adopted urging that additional power be conferred on the Interstate Commerce Commission to meet weakening of its powers occasioned by judicial decisions, requiring all railroads to adopt uniform freight classifications, and endorsing the pending anti-scalping bill. Eastern delaging ing anti-scalping bill. Eastern ing anti-scalping bill. Eastern dele-grates submitted a resolution favoring, and Western delegates a resolution op-posing pooling bills. An agreement be-ing found impossible, the association adopted a resolution referring the reso-lutions back to the members of the as-sociation.

## CONFERENCE OF COLLEGES.

Courses and Requirements for Degrees the Subjects of Animated Discussion,

Richmond, Va., Dec. 17.-The annual onference of Virginia colleges, which met here Thursday, was concluded to day. Considerable business of import-unce to the several institutions was

## PUBLIC HANGMAN REAPS A HARVEST

## Georgia Criminals Permitted to Give a Speciacular Exhibition

WORE WHITE ROBES ON THE GALLOWS

Disgraceful Scone at a Public Execution in Missourl.

Execution With a Cinematograph Murderer to Recite the Story of Assassin Hanged in West Virginia -Negro Subjects in Two States

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 17, 1897. Bud Brooks and Grady Reynolds who ogether murdered merchant M. C. Hunt, of Belton, Ga., were taken from the county jail at Jefferson to-day and privately hanged on a hill a few wards distant. Both made statements from the gallows. The drop fell at .12:17. Both men died on the same gallows.

The execution was remarkable in

many respects. After the ride to the gallows, a distance of half a mile the murderers were robed in white and permited to speak to the throng of 1,000 people who packed around the gallows enclosure. On the scaffold the two men ield a brief conversation, each inquiring after the other's spiritual condition. Among the twenty men who saw the xecution were the three brothers of the murdered man.

## DISGRACEFUL, SCENE.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 17 .- William Carr, the child murderer, was hanged at Clay county courthouse at Liberty. Mo., this morning. Carr was an ig-norant backswoodsman who sought to please his second wife by drowning his three-year-old daughter, by his first wife

Carr presented a pitiable sight on the gallows, showing remarkable lack of norve. After the drop had fallen the mass of 600 spectators, as if moved by a single impulse, rushed forward, crying, shricking and laughing as they surged under the gallows and packed close around the dangling corpse for a close view. The Shoriff and denytties close view. The Sheriff and deputies had great difficulty in clearing out the

hysterical mob.

After the execution it became known that a shriffy photographer had been admitted to the enclosure with a cine-matograph machine and that he had been permitted to photograph the closing incidents of this revolting tragedy. The machine was in operation from the moment Carr appeared in the enclosure until the body was cut down and it is claimed that on a film 1,000 feet long. 8,000 pictures were taken. An attempt will be made to exhibit these pictures throughout the country. When Carn was a prisoner in the county fail at Kansus City the same parties persuad-ed to him to recite his story of the crime

into a phonograph.
Richmond, Va., Dec. 17.—A special to
the Dispatch from Weloh, W. Va., says
that John Hardin was hanged at Grunthat John Hardin was hanged at Grun-dy, the county seat of Buchanan coun-ty, to-day for the murder of George Mounts. The men had a difficulty about Hardin's wife and Hardin shop Mounts in a lonely place without warn-

### TWO COLORED SUBJECTS.

Covington, Tenn., Dec. 17.—William Johnson died on the scaffold this after-noon. The condemned man walked, quietly from his cell to the galloys, made a full confession and died with a smile on his lips. Company R., Ten-nesses National Guard, was present to protect the prisoner, had there been signs of lynching, but the soldier boys

signs of lynching, but the solder boys were not needed.

The crime for which Johnson surrend dered his life was the murder of Farmer Walter Boyd, of Idaville, Tipton county, on August 5th, last. The only justification the negro offered was that he heard Boyd had threatened him.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 17.—Bud Beard, colored, aged 14 years, was hanged at Carpillon, Pickens county to Jay. ed at Carrolton, Pickens county to-day, Beard outsiged the 8-year-old daughted of Ben Crocker, an Alabama farmer in

## SIX ROASTED TO DEATH.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 17 .- The residence

London, Dec. 17.—A. dispatch from Glasgow to-day says the engines of six of the Allen Line steamers in that port, have gone out on a silite. The dispatch adds that the Sarchatian, which was due to sail to-fay, is unitable to start, and that a serious fille organization of the fleet is feared.