INDIAN INTELLIGENCE.

Sitting Bull's massacre was a tragic event in the history of the United States. It took place on the Ogallala Reservation, Nebraska, on November 29, 1868. The massacre was committed by Commodore John Lee Maffit, commanding the U.S. Navy, who fired on a large group of Lakota Sioux, killing 44 people, including women and children. The incident was part of the ongoing conflict between the United States and the Lakota people over land and resources. The massacre caused widespread outrage and led to increased tensions between the Native Americans and the U.S. government. The Lakota people were terrorized and the event had a long-lasting impact on their community and the broader American history.

THE LATEST

AFGHAN AFFAIRS.

Communication With General Roberts Cut Off.

During the recent conflict in Afghanistan, the communication lines between General Roberts and the British government were cut off. This was due to the actions of the Afghan forces, who disrupted the lines in an attempt to maintain their independence and resistance against the British forces. The situation was further complicated by the political instability within Afghanistan, which made it difficult for the British to establish a stable presence in the country.

DANIELS DAGGER,

With Which He Lays Out the Life of Houston.

One of the most famous cases of urban terrorism in the United States was the assassination of David Houston, the mayor of Cleveland, Ohio, on July 4, 1884. Houston was shot in the chest by a man named William J. O'Neill, who was using a small, homemade hand grenade. The attack was a shock to the city and led to a significant increase in security measures and investigations into the cause of the murder. The incident also highlighted the growing concern among the American public about urban crime and violence.