



MUNSON & McNAMARA.

123 and 125 MAIN STREET.

SALE

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

Nov. 12 and 13,

100 Dozen Handkerchiefs!

Embroidered Edges and Initial Corners; also 50 doz Embroidered Edges and Embroidered Corners, all

At 11 Cents Each.

WRAPS, WRAPS!

Our Annual Sale of

Fine Wraps!

THIS WEEK.

We Own all Our Goods and Sell Them Ourselves.

MUNSON & McNAMARA.

STRIKE--ROBBERY.

The Situation at the Chicago Stock Yards Unchanged Yesterday.

With the Exception of One Riotous Mob of Strikers Attacking an Imported

Workman's Household Goods and Destroying Them--K. of L. Committee are Still Holding

Secret Sessions--Jim Cummings, the Supposed Express Robber, Writes Another Letter

Dated at Topeka, Kansas, Which is Addressed to the Missouri Republican, in Which was Drafts, Bonds, Etc.

THE ADAMS ROBBERY.

Jim Cummings, the Purported Robber, Writes Another Letter.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—Jim Cummings, the Adams express robber, writes to be absolutely assured of his own safety that he desires to have a little amusement with the express company. He has written several letters heretofore and the detectives agreed that they were written by the now imprisoned messenger, Fotheringham, before the robbery was committed, as a measure of safety should he be suspected, and an alleged expert penman testified before the grand jury that the handwriting was the same as the messenger's. But the

Republicans in receipt of a fresh letter, dated Topeka, Kansas, which it prints this morning, in the same handwriting as the others and signed by "Jim Cummings," which goes to show that Fotheringham could not have written it, or either of the others. In the letter he states that he regrets that his previous letter was so imperfectly written, and asserts that the messenger did all in his power to protect the company's property. He requests that the package, which accompanied the letter, and which contained property valued at \$10,000, in notes, mortgages, etc., be returned to the Adams express company. Upon one receipt for money to the First National bank, Topeka, Kansas, appeared the following signature: "Jim Cummings, for First National bank, Topeka," and on the line where the fact is to be noted if money is not received in proper shape, occurred the words "If later in compliance to make whatever." The postscript to the letter says: "I sent that bank note to Frank James for a joke, not for any desire to get him into trouble."

Upon a letter from W. H. Damsell, manager of the company, to the agent calling upon the latter in person several bonds were returned. In the letter he states that he is in a hurry to get on his way, and that he is in a hurry to get on his way, and that he is in a hurry to get on his way.

"In order to give the block a chance to see if he's any good on earth, I will go on his bond." Jim Cummings.

The value of my property is \$35,000 in cash. It is confidently stated today that the officials of the express company and detectives in the city have discovered the identity of the two men recently indicted by the grand jury for grand larceny under the names of Jim Cummings and Richard Roe, but they do not as yet see fit to make their real names public.

It has been ascertained that a waitress in a fine street restaurant was Cummings' mistress and from her, his description which tallies exactly with that given by Fotheringham, was obtained.

The shops at St. Charles, Mo., where the camp outfit of guns, etc., referred to by Cummings in a former letter, were purchased, has been visited by detectives and from their proprietors it was learned that one of the purchasers was the waiter partner and doubtless one of the robbers. It is ascertained that both of these men will be arrested.

All is Quiet.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—The general situation at the Union stock yards shows no perceptible change beyond the fact that applicants for work were more numerous than on any previous day, and many of the old men and boys who had been previously discharged, are now again appearing on the list, having apparently concluded to accept the more paltry offered them, to secure their former places while there is still an opportunity. The troops guarded all the main approaches this morning but encountered no turbulent crowds.

The Workmen.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 12.—The local papers were this morning that the result of the many hours concentration between the middleman Barry, Messer Workman and members of the several executive boards in district No. 27, as to the next move against the packers, was the issuing of a boycott circular against the goods of Armour & Co. This has been a considerable success since the day of the strike, and it is believed that the packers will be unable to do business for some time and at last accounts the executive board has caused it to be withheld. Powderly's well remembered advice of last spring that the time had not come for the 8 hour movement, stood in the way of the board's ordering a boycott to sustain the fight for eight hour government only. This was a serious obstacle, and it has not yet been overcome, but the situation demanded some heroic measures, and it is evident that district No. 27 has determined to take the risk of having its work overruled by a higher authority than they try at all.

One small riot that was promptly nipped in the bud was that which occurred at the stock yards today. To relieve the monotony of the situation a hundred or so of strikers attempted to tear into pieces the outfit of a recently engaged employee of Armour & Co. who was moving to a new place of residence. Some of the strikers' deputies intervened before much damage was done, but the mob remained in the vicinity for some time and at last accounts the unfortunate employee was under the protection of a strong guard.

There is a large increase in the number of men at work and it would seem that in a few days the houses would have a full gang at work.

One of the packers in looking over a crowd of a thousand or more remarked that the material was none of the best and would need considerable weeding out before it would be very serviceable.

There is a crowd of colored people among the imported men.

The committee consisting of Messrs. Barry, Carlson, Marshall and Schilling was in session all the morning at the Trax-

th house. Numerous visitors were ushered up stairs to the room in which the committee sat, but no amount of inquiry could elicit any information.

A new feature of the strike is the boycotting of Armour's meats by district assemblies 57 and 24, K. of L.

A local boycott has been placed on Underwood & Co.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—Tonight many people are of the opinion that the stock yards strike will be settled before Monday. Their confidence is that Armour knows more about the probabilities and possibilities of a settlement than any one. He decided not to take any more men till Monday and it is believed that gives rise to the belief that the matter will not be settled before that day.

Many rumors are in circulation that the strike could be confirmed. One report was that the proprietors of two of the smaller establishments had agreed to withdraw from the packers' association and by taking the job of the most difficult employees of Armour, Powder and other leading packers, attempt to gain possession of that, secure the chairmen of the committee on Monday by those named up in the K. of L. names.

The strikers leaders received and sent many telegrams during the day and evening, but absolutely declined to work as to whether or not the condition of affairs had been altered. In the afternoon J. Carlson, accompanied by Mr. Barry and the strikers' executive committee, left their headquarters ostensibly to call at the downtown offices of the packers. The packers denied that any such call was made.

Late tonight Messrs. Barry and Carlson said they had been working on a certain line, the result of which they were not at liberty to explain. The opinion is general among the well posted strikers that important instructions have been received from Mr. Powderly and that the leaders are engaged in shaping their policy to accord with the ideas of the General Master Workman.

Butter and Egg Convention.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 12.—In the National butter, egg and cheese association convention this morning, Mr. James Anderson, of Chicago, presided. The convention was presided over by Mr. Anderson, who presented a report of committee. The report expressed the opinion that packing eggs in cases was preferable to shipping them in barrels, although in New York the demand was almost exclusively for barrels because the empty barrels could be sold again. In regard to the preserving of eggs the report expressed the opinion that an absolutely satisfactory process would ever be discovered until they first learned how to prolong human life indefinitely. Mr. Hols, of Boston, said the dealers of his city preferred cases very much to barrels. When an examination of the matter was made they would find that cases were not so much more expensive than barrels.

Mr. Van Polkenburg offered a resolution asking congress to make an appropriation for the purpose of enforcing clean milk.

Mr. Douglas moved that the convention refer to a case that all manufacturers and dealers in pure dairy products be requested to withdraw all support and aid to the various organizations and associations throughout the country that have been formed for the purpose of illegal discrimination against and who have heretofore aided the manufacturers and dealers in spurious butter by exhibiting and dealing in such ways as to assist in its fraudulent sale. The resolution was adopted.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, H. B. Gurley, De Kalb, Ill.; secretary and treasurer, A. M. Lettler, of Iowa; vice-presidents, W. H. Duckworth, New York, Charles City, Iowa, H. C. Garrett, Philadelphia, Pa.; Messrs. W. L. Dester, Illinois, Hon. W. H. Hatch, Mississippi, W. D. Board, Wisconsin.

Bradstreet's Bulletin.

New York, Nov. 12.—Special telegrams to Bradstreet show a continued lack of real activity in the market for staples, with the exceptions in favor of iron, steel and lumber. Dry goods continue to bear the brunt of the falling off in demand, while textiles generally, and produce are quiet. At few points the retail trade has been stimulated by either weather or festal holidays. The cotton market has been quiet, but the country makers have not disposed sufficiently of their recent heavy purchases to warrant a revival in buying. The industrial troubles at Chicago and the Eastern New York knitting mills, have not seriously affected the general trade yet, although 4,000 employees have been thrown idle by the latter troubles, and a check to the foreign demand for American securities created a dullness in the stock market with some tendency to lower the prices. Money was easy and the arrival of more gold from Europe together with the activity of the treasury in multiplying December and January interest payments, tending to improve the situation. The stoppage of the offerings of the bills against securities gives foreign exchange a stronger tone. Money is returning from the west more generally than a week ago, although at Kansas City and Milwaukee, the country demand is heavy. The total bank clearing at thirty cities is \$1,033,457,521, against \$1,035,387,911 last week.

American makers of pig and finished iron are confident of the future as a market, although in the price of raw iron is looked for in a few weeks, say \$2 per ton. The rail mills have contracted about 500,000 tons for the 1887 delivery, nearly one-half their capacity. Profitable capitalists have generally broken out of the rut in which they have lain at about 65 cents per barrel and on Thursday advanced to about 72-1/2, closing at 71-3/8 cents.

Wheat continues heavy and prices low, the farmer's stocks at the northwest make the Minneapolis decline to bearishness. In Minnesota and Dakota 55 per cent of the total crop is reported out of the farmer's hands.

Butchers--Republicans.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—The agents of Armour's branch establishment in this city and in the city of Washington, Messrs. C. & C. have within a day or two sent to Chicago over two hundred skilled hog butchers to take the places of the strikers at Armour's packing houses in that city. The men were guaranteed one year's steady work at from \$3 to \$4 and were provided protection from union men.

A committee of the Republican members elect of Philadelphia's tonight State Treasurer Matthew S. Quay was addressed by United States senator, to succeed John I. Mitchell, whose term expires next March.

Official.

Washington, S. C., Nov. 12.—The official report of the Seventh congressional district gives the choice to Wm. Elliott, Democrat, over Small, Republican.

To Be Submitted.

Revere, Kan., Nov. 12.—The board of county commissioners today ordered a special election December 21st, to submit a proposition to subscribe \$25,000 to the capital stock and vote bonds to the Fort Smith, Kansas and Western railway.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Wm. Stubblefield Wilson, the Jonesboro, Ill. Wife Murderer, Pays the

Penalty of His Dastardly Crime on the Gallows Yesterday Afternoon.

Holliday Wren, a Colored Man, Also Struck a Blow at Pittsburg, N. C. for Rape.

A Mob at San Francisco Seek to Gain Possession of Alex. Goldenson, the Murderer, But Fail.

Bill Davis and Jack Kennedy Fight 32 Rounds and Both Fall From Sheer Weakness.

On the Gallows.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 12.—A special to the Globe-Democrat says that William Stubblefield Wilson, the wife murderer, was hung at Jonesboro, Ill., this afternoon. The execution was private. Wilson's crime was committed on the 7th of last January. Counting home that day after one of his customary absences, he found several young men of the neighborhood cutting wood for his neglected family. His wife, of whom all speak well, was the mother of his seven children, and one unborn child, were the victims of his alternate abuse and neglect for twenty years, kindly said him in. He seemed enraged and went into the house and soon after a pistol shot was heard and his long suffering wife staggered out and fell dead.

"Gone Where all Good Darkies Go."

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 12.—Holliday Wren, colored, was hanged for rape at Pittsburg yesterday in the presence of fully 5,000 persons, about half of whom were colored. He made a short speech on the gallows, but made no confession. He said he did not dread death. He asked his wife and two children to be cared for. He declared that he had been prosecuted wrongfully, and was willing to submit to the Lord's will. He told his brother to be careful of the company he kept. At 9:10 the drop fell. Death was almost instantaneous, as Wren's neck was broken.

Indignant.

San Francisco, Nov. 12.—An immense audience assembled at the Metropolitan tonight to express their indignation at the murder of Miss Annie Kelly, who was cowardly shot down on Wednesday last by Alex. Goldenson. Several fiery speeches were made, and great indignance expressed. After the meeting adjourned the excited crowd left the building and proceeded to the county jail, where the prisoner is confined, with the evident intention of taking him out and lynching him. The crowd was greatly increased in numbers and by the time they reached their destination it numbered fully 10,000. Several attempts were made to storm the jail, but it was guarded so strongly that the police were enabled to repel the mob at each attempt. At this hour (10 p. m.) the excitement is somewhat subsiding.

Davis--Kennedy.

New York, Nov. 11.—Bill Davis and Jack Kennedy fought with two-ounce gloves to a finish, Marquis of Queensbury rules, near Backbay this morning thirty-two rounds, and the contest was one of the most exciting and desperate fighting was done all over the ring. At the end of the round the men could barely walk to their corners. In round thirty-one they almost tottered to the center and at the call of time they lunged each other, abandoning all attempt at defense. At the end of the round both fell down from sheer weakness, and although both took the mark for another round the referee decided the fight a draw.

Assault and Battery.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 12.—Col. J. A. Knight of Ashland, who managed the legislative campaign in Wisconsin for Postmaster General Vilas, this morning assaulted Horace Ralke, editor of the Sentinel, who in a fit of anger over a statement made in the Sentinel's editorial on the day previous, had called him a "damned scoundrel" in the face with his fist and made a violent blow at him with his cane, which was happily ward off by the bystanders. The case was broken in the assault.

The Boodle Alderman.

New York, Nov. 12.—Judge Ewing, in the court of general sessions today, disposed of the case of "Boodle" Alderman McCabe, holding that he need not be sent to the institution, but that he might be cared for by his wife. The judge fined him at \$20,000 for the ground where the production of money should be recovered his reason.

Fire in a Church.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—At 2:30 this morning was discovered in the basement of the Chicago Avenue church, at the corner of Chicago street and Lake street. The alarm was given, but before the engines could respond the flames had burst through the first door into the lecture room, thence spread to the second floor, and into the auditorium before it was extinguished. The fire had gutted the building completely. Incalculable loss is believed by some to be the cause of the fire. It is said that at 1:30 a. m. a policeman saw some one in the interior of the building. Rev. Mr. Goss, the pastor, could not conceive what motive any one might have, but admitted that he could not understand the origin of the flames in the part of the building where they were discovered unless the fire was set.

A Heavy Gale.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—A heavy gale has been blowing on Lake Michigan all night and continues this morning, forcing a large number of vessels to seek refuge. A small cutter near the beach within a quarter of a mile from shore early this morning, and is now a complete wreck. Nothing can be learned as to the schooner's name or the fate of her crew.

The wrecked boat was sent to the Illinois lumber crabs, called "Wells" Wampler of Marquette, Wis. Her entire crew consisted of the captain and one seaman, both of whom saved themselves by jumping on break water as their boat was driven ashore.

Failure.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—A Times special from Kansas, Mich., says: Upright, Emery & Co., general merchants of Charles town, have failed. Liabilities \$50,000, assets unknown.

Of the Table.

Special Minutes to the Duty Table.

Kirkman, Kan., Nov. 12.—Engine No. 2 while being turned ran off the turn table at 8 o'clock last evening and so far has not been got back.

Weather Report.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 13, 1 a. m.—The following are the indications for Kansas: Generally fair weather; slightly warmer; winds generally southerly.

For Missouri: Fair weather; warmer; variable winds, shifting to southerly.

Farmers Alliance.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—The National Farmers alliance resumed its deliberations this forenoon, with President Simons in the chair. The committee on resolutions made a report outlining a policy which was discussed by the chair and several of the delegates, then followed a talk on railroad traffic, Mr. Geo. P. Harding, referring to the manner in which the farmers are imposed on by the railroad companies.

A delegate from Wisconsin told how his state was blessed by farmers, and several others spoke in the same strain.

In the afternoon a platform was adopted which favors a union of the farmers with the labor organizations to annihilate all evils oppressing both classes in common, and that the police of all large cities be placed under direct state control and forms gradual income tax and demands that railroads be subjected to the closest possible supervision by the government. Upon tariff and prohibition issues, the platform is uncommittal. The session of officers resulted as follows: President, B. J. Stroh, of Michigan; vice-president, J. J. Barrows, of Missouri; secretary, J. J. Barrows, of Missouri; treasurer, Mr. Ar. Field. The next convention of the alliance will be held in Minneapolis.

CAPITAL BUDGET.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 12.—The president made the following appointments today: William D. Barnett, of Cincinnati, Ohio, to be United States attorney for the southern district of Ohio; W. I. Jaclson, of New York, to be Indian agent for New York; Amos A. Brown, of New York, to be consul of the United States at Offton, Ontario; Wm. H. Bowman, of Rochester, N. Y., to be commissioner to examination of the Oregon and California railroad, in place of Gileson B. Tucker, resigned; Frank R. Hoffman, appraiser Merchandize, district of Chicago; Charles W. Irish, Iowa City, Ia., surgeon general; Novard; A. W. Gibbons, of California, to be United States marshal at Independence, California, vice Michael J. Case, resigned; John W. P. Laird, California, register land office, Independence, California, vice David Walker, resigned; Timothy H. Ryner, Atlantic City, N. J., Indian agent for Utah and Oregon, consolidated agency in Utah; Samuel A. Walton, Kentucky, consul United States.

Cancelled Their Dates.

New York, Nov. 12.—The Violet Cameron-Lonsdale opera troupe have decided to abandon the proposed tour of the principal cities of this country, and the entire company will sail for Liverpool. The unpleasant notoriety gained by the star and her lovely manager, caused a number of the best town managers to cancel their dates of the company. This taken with the fact that their engagement at the Casino has been a financial and artistic failure, decided the noble lot to take his troupe home again.

They Sue for \$50,000.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 12.—Yesterday the Detroit Evening News published a sensational story to the effect that the Detroit Free Press was financially embarrassed, and that discussions on the editorial desk interfered with the paper's success.

It was stated last night that the Free Press denounced the whole statement as false and malicious, and this morning brought suit against the News for libel, claiming \$50,000 damages.

Pleuro Pneumonia.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 12.—The state board of health has received telegrams saying that pleuro pneumonia had appeared in Benton county and begging aid in preventing the ravages of the disease. In their efforts to check the epidemic the farmers in the northern part of the state have killed and burned several hundred head of cattle.

Rogee Accepts.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 12.—Commissioner Blanchard today notified the Atokson, Topeka and Santa Fe company that he could not serve as their representative arbitrator. The position was then tentatively assigned to Hays Randall and then to J. E. Tucker, both of whom declined. Finally Geo. M. Boge was induced to accept. The meeting of arbitrators will be held some time next week.

Business Failures.

New York, Nov. 12.—Business failures throughout the country for the past few days are reported to R. G. Dunn & Co., number for the United States 120, Canada 33, total, 251; as compared with the total 168 of last week and 215 the week previous. The notable increase in the number of casualties arises in New York city, Canada and the southern states.

Monthly Report.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 12.—The monthly report of the condition of the light farms of the United States, published by the American Manufacturers' trade journal, shows an increase in the production of charcoal iron over last year of 35 per cent, of anthracite 33 per cent, and of bituminous 30 per cent.

The charter for a new company to be called the Newton, Augusta & Fort Smith railroad company, has been filed with the secretary of state. The purpose of this company is to build and operate a standard gauge road and telegraph line from Newton through Harvey, Sedgwick, Butler, Cowley, Elk, Chautauque, Montezuma, Labette and Cherokee counties to the south eastern line of the state. Estimated length, 150 miles. Directors: A. Moore, J. M. Bagshaw, E. Hoag, G. W. Beardsley and J. T. Hay, Newton. Capital stock, \$2,000,000.

The postoffice at Old Keweenaw is discontinued. Every transient man will register, and this city will now be called Keweenaw. The legislature will enact a new law, dropping the word New, and we have at least secured the right to Kansas in this locality for Indian name. Hoop & Keweenaw—Journal.

The twentieth annual meeting of the Kansas State Horticultural society will be held at the city of Emporia, Lyon county, in the assembly room of the State Normal building, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, December 7th, 8th and 9th, 1886, in response to an invitation of the Lyon County Horticultural Society, and to which you and your neighbors are cordially invited.

FOREIGN FLOODS.

Heavy Rains and Floods are Reported from Different Sections of the

Foreign Countries in Which is Entailed the Loss of Lives and Property.

Much Alarm Exists at Madrid Over the Reports of a Threatened Outbreak Against

The Government, and that Extensive Military Precautions are Being Taken.

The Father of Prince Waldemar, of Denmark, Sends Telegram Repeating the Throne of Bulgaria.

OVER THE OCEAN.

France.

Paris, Nov. 12.—The city of Nice has been visited by enormous waves from the Mediterranean. The water swept away the quays and the promenade. On the Angles plantation upward of a hundred people were carried off their feet and the quay and promenade covered with sand. The devastation wrought by the waves extends two miles along Nice's water front. At Cannes, which is twenty-five miles from Nice, a fierce storm has been raging and two lives are known to have been wrecked. A man standing on the quays was carried off to sea on immense waves. The Croisette promenade was destroyed.

A rain amounting almost to a deluge has been falling four days at Gips, the capital of the department of Hautes Alpes. A number of houses have been utterly destroyed by the floods resulting from the water fall.

The city of Alexandria badly flooded that travel in the streets is impossible, except in boats.

In Times, two pyramids are under water and another is isolated by floods.

England.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The Earl of Salisbury, foreign secretary, had some words with Baron De Staal, the Russian ambassador, at their last meeting and announces that the latter is about to leave England on a prolonged leave of absence.

It is officially announced as stated that Lord Salisbury and Baron De Staal quitted their last meeting in union. On the contrary the interview which took place on Wednesday was very cordial.

Information has been received here that much alarm exists in Madrid in consequence of the reports of the threatened outbreak against the government and that extensive military precautions are being taken. News from Catalonia shows that a land state of feeling prevails among the people and a heretofore manly manager, caused a number of the best town managers to cancel their dates of the company. This taken with the fact that their engagement at the Casino has been a financial and artistic failure, decided the noble lot to take his troupe home again.

The local government board has made public its reply to the letter recently addressed to it by the social democratic federation calling attention to the alleged continuous increase in the number of the poor and unemployed in London. The board's reply asserts that in the month of October, 1886, the percentage of the paupers in London was 22 to every 1,000 of the population, while in the same month of the year 1885 the percentage was 22 to the 1,000, and argues that these figures prove that if pauperism does increase in London the government will be quite able to manage it and its attendant evils. The board promises to assist the local authorities in the work of relieving the poor.

India.

Bombay, Nov. 12.—The Galathea whaler in Afghanistan, have been attacked by the Afghan general sent to subdue them, and badly defeated. The general sent to Galathea (part load of loads of rebels killed in the battle as a token of the victory his forces had won.

Bulgaria.

Sofia, Nov. 12.—The king of Denmark, on behalf of his son, Prince Waldemar, has sent a telegram to Thiers, expressing thanks for the honor conferred upon his son, but declining upon any condition to allow him to accept the throne. His refusal to send a deputation to Cannes to meet Prince Waldemar.

Henry George had his peculiar land tax theory incorporated in the resolutions adopted by his friends at the recent Cooper union meeting in New York. "We propose," the resolution says, "to establish all taxation upon buildings, improvements and other forms of human production, and by taxing the value of land alone, to provide for purposes of common benefit. It is this purpose to make it impossible for the few holders to hold lands, mines, forest or city lots which they cannot put to use, and by this means to throw open to citizens who wish to make themselves business or employ their labor in producing wealth, the abundant opportunities which our common Father has provided for his children. The idea is to ensure fruitfulness in producing subsistence for man, and act it at that rate.

NATURAL GAS.

Prof. Hay, of the United States geological survey, has been making a special investigation into the development of natural gas in eastern Kansas, and having visited a number of places where it is found, he is desirous to hear from any place he may now visit. He therefore asks the press of the state to publish this notice, so that all persons interested in the matter may communicate with him and state:

A. Whether gas has been found on the surface or in wells in large or small quantities.

B. Whether gas has been obtained in large or small quantities for use in cooking, for gas or for coal or for mineral water.

C. Where borings have been made without definite result.

D. Give, if possible, the drill record of the strata passed through in all prospect holes.

The publication of the professor's report will certainly be of value to future prospectors. His report will be addressed, Rev. 182, Junction City, Mo.

Good corn has been selling as high as 40 cents per bushel on our streets.—Leon Indicator.