

THE CASS COUNTY REPUBLIC

W. E. CAMPBELL, Editor & Proprietor.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

DOWAGIAC.

Thursday Morning, April 26, 1860.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention, to appoint twelve Delegates to represent this State in the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION, at Chicago, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President, will be held in the city of Detroit on Wednesday, the 2d day of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

E. C. WALKER, J. W. TILMAN, C. A. TROWBRIDGE, Ex. Com. of Rep. State Cent'l. Committee, Detroit, Feb. 24, 1860.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention, to nominate candidates for State officers and electors of President and Vice-President, and for the transaction of other business, will be held in the CITY OF DETROIT, at MERRILL HALL, on Thursday June 7, at 11 A. M.

The following was adopted by the Republican State Convention, August 10th, 1855:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention the appointment of any individual to represent any county in which he does not reside, should not be recognized in any future Conventions, and that the State Committee be instructed to make calls for future Conventions accordingly.

E. C. WALKER, J. W. TILMAN, C. A. TROWBRIDGE, Ex. Com. of Rep. State Cent'l. Committee, Detroit, April 12, 1860.

Volume III.

With this issue commences the third volume of the REPUBLICAN, and we take this opportunity to return our sincere thanks to those who have stood by us from the beginning, cheering us with kind words and wishes, and trust we may be able not only to retain their friendship in the future, but gain that of many others.

As regards the political course of the REPUBLICAN, it is enough to say that it will, as heretofore, advocate the principles and support the candidates of the Republican party, so long as those principles continue as they now are—just and right, and the candidates true representatives of such principles.

In the future, as in the past, we shall endeavor, to the best of our ability, to maintain for the REPUBLICAN a high moral standard, which shall make it a welcome visitor to every family in the land.

The Illinois Central Railroad Round-house, Machine and Blacksmith shops, situated on the lake shore near Chicago, were entirely destroyed by fire on Monday morning of last week.

The loss is estimated at \$150,000, insured to the full amount, all in companies of London, England.

A man named Henderson recently beat a slave to death at Prairie Mount, Miss. He gave him 170 blows. Henderson is said to be a New Yorker, and formerly attached to Van Amburgh's Co.

The Charleston Convention.

This body met at Charleston on Monday last, and was organized by the appointment of Francis B. Flournoy, of Arkansas, as temporary chairman.

It is well known that he is not the choice of the South, and they have never yet been known to concede anything to their Northern auxiliaries either through threats of rebellion, or from a sense of justice and gratitude.

The Kansas Bill through the House. We are glad to be able to announce that the bill for the admission of Kansas into the Union under the Wyandotte Constitution, has passed the House by a large majority.

This is a result auspicious for the final success of the bill, and one that will present it before the Pro-Slavery Senate in a shape to show how much real respect for free government exists among the majority of that body.

A General European War Expected. The New York Courier says that their private advices from Europe are more belligerent than the general reader would infer from the tone of the public press; and it should not excite the surprise if at an early day a general European war should become inevitable.

A private letter says: "The general quiet may remain undisturbed for months; it is certainly within the chapter of probabilities that there may be no war. But I tell you frankly, all the probabilities are against any such supposition; and you must be prepared for an explosion at any moment.

A letter from Paris says that "bankers, ecclesiastics, diplomatists, merchants, soldiers and civilians alike seem to hold but one language—that the year 1860 cannot close without a war with England."

The bad temper that is exhibited between France and England—the warlike feeling of Switzerland and Austria towards France—the hostile attitude of the Pope towards France and Sardinia, together with other visible symptoms of discontent and animosity, indicate that the apprehensions above expressed, that a general war may at any moment break out, are not without good reason.

The Two Lovejoys.

The recent speech of Hon. OWEN LOVEJOY, of Ill., and the attempt made to intimidate and bully him into silence, have recalled the circumstances attending the death of his brother, at the hands of the same stripe of men as the cowardly crew who exhibited their treacherous characters in the House on the 5th instant.

ELIAS P. LOVEJOY, the brother of OWEN LOVEJOY, was a native of Maine, and was graduated at Waterville College in 1826. He practiced law some time at St. Louis, Mo., but subsequently entered the church, became an agent of the Sunday School Union, and was finally selected to conduct a religious journal in St. Louis.

He next established himself at Alton, Illinois, and began the publication of a paper called the Alton Observer. In this journal he avowed his opposition to the system of slavery, and published a long exposition of his views on the subject.

In November, 1837, Mr. LOVEJOY's press having been recently destroyed and a new one ordered, a meeting was called ostensibly for the purpose of allaying excitement, but really to intimidate the bold advocate of free speech.

It is said that since the late duel that didn't take place at Washington, the fire-enters in the House have changed wonderfully their demeanor towards Mr. Potter. Formerly, when referring to him in debate, they called him merely "the member from Wisconsin."

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD NEWS.—The N. Y. Tribune of Thursday says: "The Michigan Central, with but two years operation under the sinking fund, has \$154,000 to its credit already, and before the year expires will have \$250,000.

A fierce hurricane passed over Terre Haute, Indiana, on Monday last, destroying the large engine house of the Evansville and Crawfordville Railroad, burying a man under its ruins, who was instantly killed; overthrowing a train of cars on the E. & C. R. R. and unroofing houses, raising trees &c., to a fearful extent.

BERGLARY AT NEW BUFFALO.—The Railroad dwelling house, at New Buffalo, occupied by Mr. GILBERT, agent of the company, was entered on the night of Thursday last, by cutting through the back door. The burglar passed through the kitchen and dining-room into the bedroom occupied by Mr. G. and his wife.

The disqualification which Mr. Potter, of Wisconsin, alluded in the late difficulty with Pryor, the Southern fire-enter, is contained in the Constitution of his State, whose provisions are extremely severe against dueling. It deprives any person sending or receiving a challenge of any office he may hold at the time, forever disfranchises him from holding any post of trust, honor or profit, in the gift of the people, and vitiates any vote cast for such a man at the ballot-box.

Miscellaneous Items.

The wife of "one of the first citizens of Auburn, N. Y.," has just gone raving mad from spiritualism.

John Brown's family is likely to be rich. It has already received upward of \$40,000; and still the money comes.

The Masonic Lodges of Paris are about to present an address to the Emperor, thanking him for his services in Italy. There are 100,000 Masons in Paris and the Departments.

The editors and publishers of the Cleveland Leader have been sued by William Graves, for \$5,000 damages for libel. The Leader published accounts of the distress of Mr. Graves' mother charging him with starving her to death.

All told, there are, large and small, some thirty-five opera houses, theatres and hippodromes in the city of Paris, with its 1,250,000 inhabitants. In the city of London, with about 3,000,000 inhabitants, there are twenty-seven similar places of amusement.

The Prince of Wales will not leave England until the 10th of July. Private letters received in Toronto state that the Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief, and the Duke of Newcastle, Minister for the Colonies, will visit Canada in company with the heir to the throne.

A steam plow has been introduced into Somersetshire, England. It plowed upwards of 8 acres of difficult soil in a day. The same amount of work would have employed nearly 10 horses.

SARZA.—We have long supposed this celebrated drug, had come to be an exploded humbug, but we are assured by those skilled in the healing art, that not the Sarsaparilla itself is to be blamed for the conclusion, but the miserable worthless preparations of it, that have been palmed off upon the community—preparations which contain about as much of its virtues as they do of gold dust.

The credentials having been handed to the committee, the Convention adjourned at 3 o'clock until to-morrow.

ST. ANDREWS HALL, April 23, 1860. To the Chairman of the National Convention. Sir:—The undersigned, Chairman and Secretaries of the delegation from the State of New York, representing the organization of the Democratic party in said State, have been directed by the delegation to present to the Convention over which you preside, that by the action of Mr. Smalley, Chairman of the late National Committee, they have been excluded from the hall in which the Convention has been assembled, and persons in no way entitled have been allowed to occupy their places.

Charleston Convention.

The Convention was called to order by Judge Smalley, Chairman of the National Committee, F. B. Flournoy, of Arkansas, was chosen temporary Chairman, and returned thanks for the honor. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Hinkel, of Charleston. Wm. F. Ritchie was appointed temporary Secretary.

Mr. Fisher, of Virginia, offered a letter from the Wood delegation of New York, the reading of which was objected to by Mr. Cochrane, of New York, as not being in order.

Mr. Cochrane demanded the reading of the resolution, and the question was put to the Convention whether the letter should be read. It was decided in the affirmative. Mr. Cochrane moved that the rules of the last Convention be adopted.

Mr. Fisher again arose and offered to present the letter from the Wood delegation. The President decided the reception of the letter out of order.

Mr. Cook, of Ohio, offered a resolution to appoint a Committee on permanent organization. Mr. Barksdale, of Miss., offered an amendment, that the Committee shall consist only of members of States from which there is no contest.

Mr. Cook contended that those who were admitted to the floor had a right to participate in all the acts of organization, except the Committee on Credentials. A long debate followed, participated in by Messrs. Richardson, Judge Meek, of Alabama, and Barksdale, of Miss.

Mr. Cochrane moved that it be received and referred to the committee without reading. After much excitement it was adopted.

The vote on excluding the New York and Illinois delegation from the committee on credentials, was adopted, with the following negative votes: Maryland 2, Virginia 15, Georgia 10, Illinois 9, Louisiana 6, Mississippi 7, Texas 4, California 2; balance all in the affirmative. Ayes 244, nays 54.

On the motion to request them to participate in the organization, the vote was nearly the same, except that Virginia voted in the affirmative, and Arkansas in the negative.

Therefore, in behalf of the delegation from the State of New York, we protest against their exclusion while the persons referred to who appear here as contestants to our rights, are permitted to occupy our seats in advance of an investigation by the Convention; and whilst we claim no advantage over our opponents, we do not submit to any advantage wrongfully obtained over us.

The Committee on Permanent Organization.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported in favor of Caleb Cushing for President, and one Vice President and Secretary for every State in the Union.

Mr. Wright of Pennsylvania made a strong appeal for harmony. He denounced sectionalism, and hoped no more allusion would be made to such a division.

Caleb Cushing was then introduced to the Convention, and made a speech. About a half an hour was spent in settling the Vice Presidents and arranging for the Secretaries, and also preparing for a formal and energetic enforcement of parliamentary rules in the future proceedings of the Convention.

A warm debate then sprung up on the rule reported by the Committee on organization, in which Messrs. Richardson, McCook, Cerna, of Pennsylvania, Barry of Mississippi, Josiah Randall, and many others took part.

Several of the Southern delegates opposed the rule. The resolutions offered yesterday for the appointment of a Committee on Resolutions and Platforms was then called up and an amendment offered that no voting be allowed for President or Vice President till the Committee have made their report.

The Committee on Credentials announced that they would not be able to report before to-morrow morning. The Convention then adjourned till 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

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liberately arranged, have taken place in the Southern States. The terrible duel between Pleasant and Ritchie near Richmond, not many years ago, was fought with pistols and swords; and the great Jack McCarty duel, also a Virginia affair was fought upon a basis of this character: McCarty presented to his adversary the choice of three modes of arbitration; first, that they should both leap from the Capitol; second, that they should stride a barrel of gunpowder, and apply a slow match to it; and third, that they should take muskets, place the muzzles close to each other's breast and fire. The latter proposition was accepted, as the most humane and least "vulgar;" and McCarty's life was saved by his adversary's weapon missing fire, while the latter passed to his final account with scarcely a groan. I have heard it stated that a formal duel with knives lately took place in New Orleans, and it is alleged that two of the Southern members of the Present House engaged in a fearful conflict with the ordinary bowie-knife. Those who know say that there is a manual by which the use of the bowie-knife is regulated, in pre-arranged fights, and it is notorious that many of those who carry this instrument of death use it with as much dexterity as the Indian uses the bow or the scalping knife.

Dowagiac Prices Current. CORRECTED WEEKLY. REPUBLICAN OFFICE, April 26, 1860. FLOUR—\$2.00 @ \$2.00 per bushel. WHEAT—\$1.12 for Red, \$1.25c. for White. CORN—55c. OATS—50c per bushel. POTATOES—25 @ 37c per bushel. BEANS—\$1.25 per bushel. HAMS—10 @ 12c per pound. BUTTER—10 @ 15c per pound. CHICKENS—7c @ 8c per lb. TURKEYS—8c per lb. CEREALS—10c @ 11c per pound. LARD—11c per pound. IRISH MEAL—\$1.50 per cwt. HAMS—green, 15c @ 20c per lb. HAMS—dry, 11c @ 12c per lb. PILES—7c @ \$1.00 each. APPLES—Dried, 7 @ 8c per lb. EGGS—5c per dozen. SALT—fine, \$2.00 per bushel; coarse, \$2.50; 20c per sack.

Special Notices.

POETRY OF PHYSIC. Let the sick to Herriek go, Who'd be ill, I'd like to know, Such cures as Herriek's Pills, Smiles, lovely smiles, shall deck the brow, Where gloominess is rampant now, And hope more shall we see, Than in the season to use thee.

HOPE FOR THE AFFLICTED. Herriek's Pills And Kid Strengthening Plasters. Pills per box 25 cents; Plasters, 15c each. Herriek's matchless Pills startle the people with their cure. This is the season to use them. Large boxes 25 cents; 5 boxes \$1. See advertisement on third page. may 10-59md

Michigan Central Railroad. PASSENGER TRAINS on the Michigan Central Railroad, on and after Monday, April 24th, will leave Dowagiac as follows: TRAINS EASTWARD. Day Express, 11:45 A. M. Evening Express, 12:30 A. M. Night Express, 3:20 A. M. TRAINS WESTWARD. Day Express, 3:30 P. M. Evening Express, 1:25 A. M. Night Express, 3:30 A. M. Way Freight passes this station daily as follows: Going east at 11:50 A. M., and west daily at the same hour. The Stock Express will leave this station daily, as follows: Going east at 7:35 P. M.; west at 1:50 A. M. R. N. RICE, Gen'l. Supt.

New Advertisements.

A FULL AND CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS, Warranted Pure WILL ALWAYS BE FOUND AT HOWARD'S DRUG STORE, Strictly for Medical Purposes, Embracing the following kinds: Brandies from \$2.00 to \$5.00 per gallon. Port Wines from \$2.00 to \$5.00 per gallon. PURE SACRAMENTAL WINE \$4 per gallon. N. E. Rum at \$1.00 per gallon. Pure Old Jamaica Rum at \$4.00 per gallon. Whiskies from 25 cents to \$2.00 per gallon.

Strayed or Stolen. On the morning of the 14th inst. TWO COWS, One of them is a dark brown, with white hind feet and legs, the lower part of tail white, the belly white, the face partly white from her horns down, in shape of a heart. The other is a red and white, mostly red, with star in the forehead, the lower part of the tail white, end of the right horn broken off. Whoever will return said cows, or give information where they may be found, shall be liberally rewarded. When last seen they were near or over the swamp west of Elder Watson's. J. D. OLNEY, April 25th, 1860. spl28-1wd

MRS. ANN E. SMITH, is now prepared to receive all her old friends and as many more new ones as may favor her with their patronage, with something new and nice in the MILLINERY LINE. She wants to give them the LATEST STYLES. And the very best. Lowest Prices than elsewhere. Mrs. Smith is now in EAST DOWAGIAC, From