Office, No. 13 Madison Street

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

MEMPHIS:

Saturday Evening, Nov. 17, 1866

THE DOMESTIC POLICY OF THE SOUTH. Now that the North has assigned the South a position of inferiority in the Government because it bates our people. and because it has the power to oppress them, the question arises, What shall they do? Disowned as a people, and oppressed as a section, they must have a policy, and unity of sentiment and action. The best minds should grapple the subject, and teach the people what their duty is, in what direction their interests lie, and how to achieve them. Isolated from the aid and sympathy of stand point of adversity, recommences the march of existence. Its progress may be slow, but it is not impossible, by the aid of a judiciously directed energy, of the planters of the South have been in- person? vested in negroes and lands. Every dollar took that direction, to the neglect of other enterprises that create the glory and the wealth of States and sections. There was a fascination about a cetton plantation stocked with negroes. The toiling mechanic, when he had scraped together a few thousands, hurried off to the country and bought land, a few negroes, and began the life of a planter. The merchant invested the profits of his business in planting, and left others to lowed to take their seats in Congress. follow in his footsteps through all the labyrinths of trade, and ultimately to arrive, like himself, at a cotton planta-

A change has been wrought, and men's minds are no longer on negroes, and New necessities invite to new pursuits. and a mutual fate dictates that policy, enlightened and comprehensive, should be announced at the earliest moment The profits of planting, it any should accumulate, must seek new fields of in vestment. What shall these be? Some system of labor must be devised. What shall it be? Money must be invested? In what? The experience of the present year teaches us that the system of hiring negroes, and relying on the persistency of their labor, is a failure, and will not be resorted to, to any great extent hereafter, unless some means shall be devised to insure tenacity. The means provided for carrying on the operations of planting, have generally been dissipated, and the yield will scarcely reimburse the outlay. With such an experience, few planters will be disposed to renew the hazard.

But what shall they go at? What shall be the general policy? It occurs to us that neither one man, nor fifty men, can determine so important a matter. Conventions of the counties should send delegates to State conventions that should discuss the subject, survey the whole ground, and direct the future industrial policy of the South. A Convention of all the Southern States might even be held. We suppose the Government would not suppress such a gathering, as it would not be political. These Conventions could discuss the subject of and the question of labor. They might advise an abandonment of the rush for the production of cotton, and recommend small crops, one part to be exported and the other manufactured at home. They might recommend an aggregation of capital and the erection of mammoth cotton factories, iron works, etc. Unity of purpose, concentration of energy, aggregation of capital, would speedily lift the South from the depths of poverty, and give her a commanding position and influence at home and abroad.

SOMEWHAT ALARMED. The Philadelphia Telegraph, an intensely Radical paper, has become alarmed at the course affairs are taking. It says that to-day the country is in far more danger than it has been since the defeat of our forces under BURNSIDE. The evils that threaten us to-day are such that no man can calculate their ex tent; and if once the unbridled fury of the contestants breaks forth, we cannot dare to say where it will end. Then turning the whites of its amazed eyes up | Monton is a poor man, of course. to heaven, it breaks forth: "When we remember that Gop is just; that having blessed us once more with the return of peace, having afforded us an opportunity of closing the door of the Temple of Janus, we are persistently neglecting the opportunity; that passion rules the land. and all the virtues seem secondary to a mad fury; we fear lest we should again be plunged into the vortex from which we have had a chance to escape; we ready to go to a jury. It is understood bill, and the stand which he took against to be a test case, and great interest is secession and in favor of the Governdashed upon Charybdis, or engulfed in felt in the result. Scylla, when she might have floated peacefully in the harbor of pational unity." SHILOCK is alarmed for his ducats.

WELL DESERVED.

The St. Louis Democrat administers this dose to the Chicago Times: We print the article from the Chicago Times which announces its conversion to Radicalism. Eleventh-hour converts often find a very hearty welcome. But the Times has postponed its conversion till

the Times coming in at this late hour to da. It is not probable any action will ism with all its ability, unscrupulous doubted somewhat. cunning and blackguardism, until, as it confesses, "negro suffrage is inevitable." may be sure that its motives will not be misunderstood!

IMPORTANT DECISION.

The Jackson Clarion says: "An important decision was recently made in our high court. The opinion was delivered by Judge HARRIS, and decides that Mississippi during the war was still a State, not merely de fucto but de jure, and its of wit and music. acts, so far as they were not in contravention of the United States Constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof, binding and of full force. Mississippi but attempted to change her exterior relations with other States, and the government she and those other States had miliar hickory. formed or become parties to. Her interior relations to her own people remained unaltered, except so far as they clashed with the paramount authority of the United States Constitution.

ROYAL VISITS

An exchange paper says all the male cubs of the Russian Bear-the sons of the Czar-expect to make the tour of the United States. Royal visits are becoming quite common. The Queen of the Sandwich Islands, the Emperor of the North and West, the South, from a Brazil, and the Russian Princes-all within a twelvemonth. Is the dethroued FAUSTIN I, of Hayti, still living? If so, where? He is missing a good time. An ex-Emperor and negro! Was ever so to make it swift. Heretofore the profits much greatness combined before in one

NO CHANCE.

The Peoria Democrat says: It was The Peoria Democrat says: It was contrary to the Jacobin programme that the Conservatives carried Mayland. It was no part of the plan that they should waymen and shot through the left arm the Conservatives carried Maryland. It was no part of the plan that they should do so. Hence a review is to be had in Congress. Recollecting, as we do, that Congress at the last session threw out members who were as legally elected as any in the body, we believe there will be no Conservatives from Maryland al-

BOFFERNANDO WOOD has denied the published rumors concerning him, and says: "I have not advocated negro suffrage either in Washington or elsewhere: I am not in favor of the proposed amendment to the Constitution; I have taken no part in favor or against any candidate for naval efficers at New York, nor have I in any way taken part in that matter.'

BED. Judge BARNARD, of New York, in general term of the Supreme Court, decided the late act of the Legislature, taxing brokers' sales, unconstitutional and void. He bases his decision mainly upon the ground that the Constitution of the United States gives Congress the power to collect taxes on imports and exports, and denies such power to the

Ben. The Nashville Banner, in speak ing of the shameless course of the Chicago Times, and its proposition to the Democracy to abandon the President, says: "The President has stood by us and we will stand by him, though the torches and turpentine be applied to every dwelling, and the surveyor's chain to every acre, in all the broad land of the South."

Mr. GREELEY sympathized prodigiously with the Fenians during the period of his candidacy, and they came up to his support at the polls in solid columps-but through some mistake voted the wrong ticket. He received 374 votes in one ward, mainly inhabited by the future liberators of Ireland, and his opponent had 2520.

In spite of the many denials, rumors of a Prusso-Russian alliance conmanufactures, the diversity of pursuit tinue to prevail. It is even said that the treaty provides for the admission of the United States into the alliance, with a sovereign establishment in the Mediterranean, and guarantees that nation highly favorable relations.

Gen. SHERMAN will stop in Havana, where he will be joined by Gen. SHERIDAN. They go thence to Vera Cruz by the Susquehanna. Count DE MONTHOLON, the French Minister, sent a MONTHOLON, the French Minister, sent a the other Southern States formed inte-dispatch to France on the subject of the gral parts of the Congress, and that no

Ber A man in Minnesota rented a house till cold weather. With the first cold snap came landlord telling him to quit. Man could not, and went to Court. Court, wrapped in big overcoat, and sitting before big fire, decided that cold weather don't come till 1st of December.

Mrs. GEO. D. MORTON, of Carroll county, Miss., lately gave birth to four children, three boys and one girl. The latter died withtn twelve hours after birth. Mother and three boys doing well. Mr.

The New Albany Ledger says that an estimable young man, well known in that city, named D. E. SMITH, was lately, while visiting a young lady in Gallion, Ohio, killed in cold blood by a young man whom the lady had discarded.

The case of the banker Sulthson. against the Secretary of War, has gone through all the pleadings, and is now

non The New York Herald's Washington special states it is said that Hon. J. A. BINGHAN, who is preparing articles of impeachment against Mr. Johnson, the assassination of Mr. LINCOLN.

JAMES STEPHENS, C. O. I. R. Some believe him to have sailed for Ireland, while others believe him to be still in New

task and now lay aside their tools. And ness for an immediate invasion of Canathe Times coming in at this late hour to da. It is not probable any action will United States as he was true and stead-offer its services, having fought Radicalbe taken in the premises, as the news is

> BO Gen. Sickles, commander of the department of South Carolina, has been called to Washington. The precise import of the order is a State secret.

Ber Major WILLIAM B. LEWIS, the companion of ANDREW JACKSON, died recently at Nashville.

Ben. When death shall claim Grouge De PRENTICE, it will extinguish a great deal

We want capital and population in the South, not political missionaries.

BYRON says "Tis sweet to be schooled in a strange tongue." It is not quite so sweet to be schooled with a fa-

has its dog.

Has "Verna Vayle" discarded the muses? or has an injunction been served upon her musical throat?

MURDER OF A KENTUCKIAN IN ARKANSAS.

Then Robbed. The Louisville Courier of yesterday has the following account of a shocking

He was Shot Three Times and

Intelligence was received yesterday of the brutal murder in Arkansas, on the 5th inst., of Mr. George N. Bullitt, of this city, who for some weeks had been trav-eling in that State on business for Messra. Wilson, Peter & Co., and Dr. John Bull. and shoulder, which were badly broken and shattered, again through his right thigh, and a mortal wound entering his back near the spine and lodging in his

left breast under the nipple, Young Bullitt lived until 9:30 o'clock on the morning of the 6th, and was bu-ried on the following day, all of the best citizens of Clarkesville attending his re-

mains to the grave.

After he was shot the villain or villains robbed him of \$250 in money, his watch, horse, equipments, clothing, etc. A man who was supposed to be the murderer was arrested and placed in prison.

Young Bullitt was about twenty-three years of age, and was a man of most exemplary habits and character. He was a son of our old fellow-citizen Wm. N. Bullitt, Esq., whose family have our sincerest sympathies in their bereavement. He was a brave and gallant Con federate soldier, having served during the war in the 2d Kentucky cavalry of Morgan's command. His genial manners had made him highly popular with all his acquaintanees, and his sad and un-timely death will bring sorrow to the hearts of a large circle of friends.

The Rejection of the Constitutional Amendment by Georgia.

We have heretofore mentioned the fact that the Legislature of Georgia, by a unanimous vote (36 ayes) in the ate, and 131 to 2 in the House of Representatives, refused to ratify the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States. The committee who recommended this action accompanied their report with a lengthy argument against ratifying the amendment, the substance of which is as follows: 1st. That States of the United States

are alone authorized to consider Consti-tutional amendments. 2d. That such amendments must be

proposed by two-thirds of the Congress, or Legislatures of two-thirds of the States. That Georgia was one of the original thirteen States by which the government was created, and must always have continued to bear that relation to the general government, unless she reserved to herself the right to second or delegated to some department of the general gov-

rement the right to reject her.

The report proves by the legislation of Congress—by the proclamation of the President, and the issues made and maintained by the general government during the war, that a State could not secede; that her practical relations to the gene ral government were interrupted by the rebellion, and that with its suppression, the States were restored to their practi cal relations; and the constitution, which had never been overthrown, became the supreme law of the States recently in rebellion, and that this con-stitution can only be changed in the manner prescribed by the States them-

selves.

The argument continues with considerable force, to show that Georgia and Constitutional Congress could be convened while integral parts of the whole are forcibly excluded. And in con-clusion, for these reasons, the amend ment not having been proposed by two-thirds of the Congress, recommend the adoption of the following resolution: Rosolved, That the Legislature Georgia declines to ratify the amend-ment proposed as a 14th article to the Constitution of the United States.

Andrew Johnson

NEW YORK, Nov. 16 .- The Times gives prominence to the following portion of a communication to-day addre by a member of the Cabinet to a friend of the Administration in England, who is said to be apprehensive that the diffi-culties between the President and Congress might induce action on the part of the former which would tend to widen the breach, if it did not put important interests in jeopardy. The member of the Cabinet says:
Notwithstanding his long public career,

few men seem to be less understood than President Johnson. That he is a man of strong convictions and earnest purposes is evident from the manner in which he advocated and pushed forward important

ment during the late civil war.

He believes that in view of the manner in which he proposed that the government should deal with the constitution in furtherance of the measures which he thinks are best calculated to promote of impeachment against Mr. Johnson, will charge him with aiding and abetting the assassination of Mr. Lincoln.

There is much speculation as to the present whereabouts of Mr. would no doubt yield much to effect a re-

conciliation He will not, however, sacrifice his principles nor violate the Constitution, according to his interpretation of it, no done. The battle has been fought and DS. The government has information he understands the right, and will trust in the State of Tennasses

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE won. The laborers have completed their professing that the Fenians are in readi-He will be as true to the Constitution and the Government as President of the its trials.

Jefferson Davis.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14 .- The Commis sioners from Mississippi waited upon the President to-day and presented him with the resolutions of the Mississippi Legis-

among other things that those whom he represents do not seek to screen Mr.

Davis from trial; that his imprisonment is not necessary to secure his presence when desired for trial, that his continued incarceration threatens fatal results to his health, that the ends of justice will be reached by admitting him to bail or parole, which they severally ask. The documents seem to assume that there will be no trouble.

The President received the Commissioners courteously, and informed them he would give to the application due con-

The subject of a change of Commissioner of Internal Revenue has been frequently mentioned in a correspondence from this city, but it is not the present intention to remove him.

UTAH.

Insecurity of Life among the Saints

St. Louis, November 15.—Rev. Dr. McLeod, editor of the Salt Lake Vidette, who was detained from returning to Utah by the assassination of Dr. Robinson, has arrived here and will lecture upon the subject of the insecurity of life and property of the Gentiles in Utah. Dr. McLeod will also lecture on the same subject throughout the North and East, with a view of interesting people gen-erally in this matter, and procuring the interposition of the Government in behalf of the persecuted citizens of that terri-

Printers' Strike in Prospect.

CHICAGO, November 13.-There is a prospect of a serious conflict between the journeymen printers of this city and the proprietors of the various offices. The Typographical Union are about to demand a further advance in the rates of composition, and have also passed a resolution to make nine hours a day's

On Saturday twenty-eight proprietors, including all of the daily papers except one, signed a written agreement to refuse both demands.

Tenneessee-Trial of Judge Frazier.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 15 .- The Senate ob tained a quorum to-day, completing organizations for business in both house

of the Tennessee Legislature.

The House this afternoon appointed a committee to consider the case of Judge Frazier, summoned, but refusing to appear before its bar to answer the charge of interfering with the organization of the House at its extraordinary session, July last, in releasing on habeas corpus two members held in arrest by

AMUSEMENTS. NEW MEMPHIS THEATRE.

Second week of the engagement of EDWIN ADAMS.

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 17, 1806, will be presented John Brougham's beautiful drama, in three acts, entitled the GUNMA-KER OF MOSCOW. Rurie Nevel, the Gunmaker of Moscow, Edwin Adams. To conclude with the criginal drama, in two acts, eatitled MICHAEL ERLE, THE MANIAC LOVER; OR, THE FAYRE LASS OF LITCHFIELD. Michael Erle. Mr. J. F. Wheelock.

In preparation, the Revolutionary Drama, DEAD HEART.

Performance begins punctually at 71/2.

SCALE OF PRICES—Dress Circle and Parquette, \$1; Orchestra Chairs, \$1 50; Family Circle, 50c; Third Tier and Colored Gallery, 25c Colored Boxes 50c.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE. Stage ManagerJ. H. ROGERS. Last Night of the Engagement of the

WEBB SISTERS SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 17, 1866, will be presented the drama of BEN BOLT. The performance to conclude with ICR WITCH: OR, THE FRO IN HAND. Minns (with songs), Miss Associated the performance with the performance of the per

Monday, Benefit of Mr. J. Wesley Hill. PRICES OF ADMISSION-Parquette and The Greenlaw Opera House.

J. H. ROGERS

THE MANAGEMENT TAKE PLEASURE

GROVER'S OPERA TROUPE Will give Three Grand Concerts,

Commencing THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1866. Seats can now be secured. MEMPHIS CLUB HALL.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY!

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 17, 1896, sixth Kunkel's Nightingale Opera Troupe,

under the immediate direction of Mr. GEO. KUNKEL, comprising a combination of 188 Talented Representatives of Ethiopian Characters, will appear as above, in an entire new Programme, Ethiopian Meiodies, New Sayings, Dances, etc. For full particulars, see small bills of the day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

H UNT, THOMAS H. & CO., PREMIUM Silk & Woolen Dyes, 246 Second. OFFICE CITY EXCUSED.

OFFICE CITY EXCUSED.

MEMPHIS, November 16, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at this office until Tuesday next at
Il o'clock m., for grading Union street from
Front street to the river. Detailed statements
of the work can be obtained at this office. The
Mayer and Improvement Committee reserve
the right to reject any or all of the pronocals.

FRANCIS FOSTER.

(6)

SALE OF

EXTRA FINE CLOTHING.

WE WILL SELL, AT AUCTION, THIS evening, at 7 o'clock, a lot of

VERY FINE CLOTHING.

Consisting of Beaver and Pilot Cloth Over-coats, Cassimere Suits, Cloth Dress Costs, and Pants, Vests, etc. Here is a rare chance for fine suits at your own prices. HEARD & PLUMMER. 27 Cours street.

MIKE LIPMAN'S CIRCUS AND TRAINED ANIMALS

WAIT FOR THE COMING OF THE GREAT SHOW!

MIKE LIPMAN'S



As reorganised and rearranged for the Fall and Winter of 1866-7.

Some of the Features of the GREAT SEXTUPLE COMBINATION

IN SELECTING AND ARRANGING THEIR GREAT ATTRACTION FOR THIS Colossal Exhibition, it has been the aim of the Management to present for the patronage of the public an entertainment that shall combine all the elements of novelty, superiority and excellence, and with a lavish expenditure of time and money, they have organized and perfected the Great Sextuple Combination, combining under ONE IMMENSE PAVILION, AND FOR ONE PRICE OF ADMISSION. SIX DISTINCT SHOWS: LENT'S EQUESCURRICULUM.

SPALDING & ROGERS' GREAT NORTH AMERICAN CIRCUS.

GRIZZLY ADAMS' TROUPE OF ACTING BEARS, from California, THE EDUCATED BURMAH, OR SACRED BULL,

> THE CELEBRATED BEDOUIN ARAB TROUPE, SPENCE & STOKES' STUD OF

TRAINED HORSES AND PONIES.

Witness the following list comprising only a portion of the performers forming the GREAT CONGRESS OF ARTISTS, connected with this Modern

Mr. Wm. Smith, Equestrian Director.

Mr. Wm. Armstrong, the Famous American Equestrian, who, during recent professional visit to Europe, has acquired an unrivaled celebrity.

Mile. Rosalie DiVirde, the Charming and Peerless Equestrienne, from the Royal Cirque, Paris. Her first engagement in America.

Mr. Walter Wentworth, the Great Flexionalomist.

Miss Mande Stanley.

Mr. Edwin Crouestte, the unrivaled and unapproachable Clown and Jester, from L. B. Lent's N. Y. Hypotheatron.

Wm. La Rue, the world-renowned Bare-Backed Rider.

George Madden, the funniest Clown in the United World. Master Geo. Holland, Principal Act.

The Holland Family, the wonderful Acrobats and Gymnasts.

Chas. Lorrid, the Daring and Fearless Equestrian. George Bacheldor, the Greatest Vaulter and Leaper of the ag the only Man in the world who is able to turn a COMPLETE DOUBLE SUM-MERSAULT OVER THE BACKS OF EIGHT HORSES.

THE BROTHERS LEVITAN,

In their DARING AND FEARLESS EVOLUTION ON THE DOUBLE TRAPEZE AND

FRANK DONALDSON. JOHN SOMERS. JNO. HOLLAND, JR.

La Petite Angelo, Only Eight Years of Age, In his great act entitled ZAMPULERASTRATION, OR THE FLYING TRAPEZE.

Among the many features of this COLOSSAL EXHIBITION will be

THE GRAND PROCESSION! Led by Perry's World Renowned Metropolitan Opera Band,

CAR OF ÆOLUS,

Drawn by a Splendid Team of ANDELUSIAN HORSES, in the beautiful and elaborately

To which will be followed by the Procession of

ACTING BEARS, SACRED BULL, PERFORMING BUFFALOES, ETC.



TROUPE OF BEDOUIN ARABS

Arrayed in the wild fantastic garments of their normal race, and a score or more of Knights and Ladies gally appareled and splendidly mounted, complete this

GRAND FREE EXHIBITION AT MEMPHIS!

on Monday, December 3d, 1866.

CHILDREN UNDER TEN YEARS OF AGE.

Performance to Commence at 2 and 7 O'clock, P. M.

LOCATION, ON THE BLUFF, BETWEEN MADISON AND MONROE STS. 141

MEDICAL.

Something New Under the Sun.

A New Era in Medicine.

Let THE SUFFERING AND DISEASED
Let all who have been given up by Doctors, and spoken of as incurable, read the following:
Let all who can believe facts, and can have faith in evidence, read the following:

faith in evidence, read the following:

Know all Men by these Presents. That on this, the twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, personally came Joseph Haydock to me, known as such, and being duly sworn, deposed as follows: That he is the sole general agent for the United State and dependencies thereof, for preparations or medicines known as MAGGIEL'S PILLS and SALVE, and that the following certificates are verbatum copies to the best of his knowledge and bellef.

[L. S.] JAMES SAIRITRE, Notary Public, Wall Street, New York.

L. S. J JAMES SMEITRE, Notary Public,

Wall Street, New York.

Dr. Macgirl: I take my pen to write you of
my great relief, and that the awful pain in my
side has left me at last-thanks to your medicine.
Oh, doctor, how thankful I am that I can get
some sleep. I can never write it enough. I
thank you again and again, and am sure you
are really the friend of all sufferers. I could
not help writing to you, and hope you will not
take it amiss.

June 1, 1856.

This is to certify that I was discharged from
the army with Chronic Diarrhea, and have
been cured be Dr. Maggiel's Pills.
WILSON HARVEY.
New York, April 7, 1865.

Zi Pitt Street.

The following is an interesting case of a man
employed in an Iron Foundry, who, in pouring
melted iron into a flask that was damp and wet
caused an explosion. The melted iron was
thrown around and on him in a perfect shower,
and he was burnt dreadfully. The following
certificate was given to me by ham about eight
weeks after the accident:

New York, Jan. II, 1866.

My name is Jacob Hardy: I am an iron founder: I was badly burnt by hot iron in November
last: my burns healed but I had a running sore
on my leg that would not heal; I tried Maggiol's
Salve, and it cured me in a few weeks. This is
ail true, and any body can now see me at Jackson's Iron Works, Second Ayenue.

J. HARDY.

WHAT THE PATIENTS SAY OF

WHAT THE PATIENTS SAY OF Dr. Magglel's Pills and Salve! "I had no appetite; Maggiel's Pills gave me

"Your Pills are marvelous." "I send for another box, and keep them in "Dr. Maggiel has cured my headache that

was chronic."

"I gave half of one of your pills to my babe for cholora morbus. The dear little thing got well in a day."

"My nausea of a morning is now cured."

"Your box of Maggiel's Salve cured me of noises in the head. I rubbed some of your Salve behind my cars and the noise left."

"Send me two boxes; I want one for a poor family." "I enclose a dollar; your price is twenty-five cents, but the medicine to me is worth a dollar." "Send me five boxes of your pills." "Let me have three boxes of your Salve by

teturn mail."
"The best Pills for headache I ever had." "My liver works like an engine, thanks to "I am pleased to say to you, Dr. Maggiel, that I would not be without a box of your Pills for curing me of morning nauses for the world."
"You will find enclosed one dollar. Your Pills are only 25 cents, but I consider them worth to me one dollar."

"Dasa Dooron: My tongue had a fur on it every morning like the back of a cat. Your Pills took it away."

"I took half a pill and crushed it to powder, and gave it in jelly to my little babe for cholera morbus. The dear little pet was well in three hours after."

"I suppose it is hardly worth while to tell you my burned foot has got well from the use of your Salve. Enclosed find 25 cents for another box to keep in the house."

"Send me another box of Salve." "Enclosed find 75 cents for two boxes of your Maggiel's Pills and one of Salve." "The most gentle yet searching medicine I

I Have Over 200 Such Testimonials. I Have Over 200 Such Testimonials.

MAGGIEL'S PILLS AND SALVE are almost universal in their effects, and a cure can be almost always guaranteed. FOR BILLIOUS DISEASES nothing can be more productive of cure than these Pills. Their almost magic influence is felt at once; and the usual concomitants of this most distressing disease are removed. These remedies are made from the purest VEGETABLE COMPOUNDS. They will not harm the most delicate female, and can be given with good effect in prescribed dozes to the youngest babe. FOR CUTANEOUS DISORDERS and all cruptions of the skin the SALVE is most invaluable. It does not heal externally alone, but penetrates with the most searching effects to the very root of the evil.

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS

IN 'ARIABLY CURE THE FOLLOWING DISKASES:
Asti. 'Ims,
Bowe.' Complaints,
Coughs,
Codds,
Chest Disc wes,
Costiveness,
Dyspepsia,
Diarrhea,
Diarrhea,
Dropsy,
Debility,
Debility,
Devor and Ague,
Scalds.

Dropsy, Debility, Fever and Ague, Skin Diseases, Each Box Contains Twelve Pills. ONE PILL IS A DOSE. 25. Notices.—None genuine without the engraved trade mark around each pot or box, signed by DOCTOR J. MAGOIRL, New York, to counterfeit which is felony.

25. Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and Causdas, at 25 cents per box or not.

TENNESSEE. SHOES, 10 D AND M E BOOTS 国 TRE SUP YI 0 ARE, 83 RET AIN A HARDW! Z Z 4 0 Z 0 8 4 GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, 8 0 V 0 HO

DENIE, JOINER & KIRKLEY

. Have the best

ROSENDALE CEMENT. ROMAN CEMENT. PLASTER PARIS. PLASTERERS' HAIR.

> FIRE BRICK; Also Agents for

Rousom & Co.'s Alabama Lime.