RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1891.

THE TOBACCO REBATE CLAIMS.

The Department Rapidly Complying With the Applications.

THE MT. VERNON LADIES' ASSOCIATION.

that of the Numerous Relies Which Were Placed on Exhibition-The Second Day's Proceedings-Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15 .- [Special.]he announcement of the Fifth Auditor of the reasury to the effect that it would require several months to adjust the tobacco rebate mes upon the authority of the Auditorhimh the work. Many additional clerks have rafts in payment of the rebate claims are w being sent forward at the rate of about rec hundred per day. The total number of claims for rebate filed

The total number of claims for rebate filed from Virginia is 428, aggregating in money value about 522,000. Of this amount Treasury drafts, aggregating \$19,514.22 have been sent to claimants. To the Second Virginia distinct 191 drafts, aggregating \$14,600.24, have been forwarded, and to the Sixth district 116 drafts, aggregating in money \$4,914.63, have

VIRGINIA CLAIMS

The Virginia claims are now nearly closed as they were among the first to come in. second Revenue Commissioner and after ing scheduled in his office they are forward-to the Fifth Auditor and then go to the impureller. After going through these ofthe drafts are made out payable to claim-and are returned to the Commissioner be forwarded to the parties owning claim. There now remains only about out to be paid to Virginia claimants. The and of these only about 2,000 remain to prough the office of the Internal Revenue dissioner. It is safe to say that within at thirty days Virginia will get the re-

Octor Faville, Inspector of the Bureau of Upon their arrival in England the British stors reported that two steers of the were afflicted with pleuro-pneumonia, matter was referred to Dr. Faville. After d that the steers were not thus affected, us reply is of importance to Virginia, as it tends to show that pleuro-pneumonia does not exist in that State.

MT. VERNON ASSOCIATION.

The regents and vice-regents of the Mount rnon Ladies' Association have spent an-ber day going over the minutes of the last small as a preliminary to the work that ey will map out for this. They assembled have either been presented to or bought by the association were placed on exhibition to-They naturally attracted much attencles back again where they once belonged. They are all important articles, and were familiar adornments of the mansion during

One is a mirror, another a punch bowl, another a walking stick, all of which were purchased by the association at the recent sale of Lawrence Washinton's effects. Other interesting things are a silver-handled fork used by Washington during his campaign, presented by Mrs. William Henry Browne; a plate belonging to the East India set, which was once used at Mt. Vernon, presented by Mrs. Richardson, the vice-regent for Louisiana: a mantel clock, presented by Mrs. Woodware, the vice-regent of Kentucky; a pair of vases presented by Mrs. Townsend, vice-regent for New York; a pitcher, one of a set of memorial china made after the death of Washington, presented by Mrs. Walker, vice-regent for North Carolina; a dish cover, also the memorial china once owned by General Tessire, an aide-de-camp on Washington's One is a mirror, another a punch bowl, aneral Tessire, an aide-de-camp on Washington's staff, and a small piece of eilk embroidered by Mrs. Lorenzo Lewis, daughter-in-law to Nellie Custis—both of the latter presented

OTHER PRESENTS.

Mr. Broadwell of Ohio has also presented a ptano stool used by Nellie Custis, and it now stands in the Ohio room near the harpsichord, hich in the long ago reverberated in the

In commemoration of her twenty-five years' service as vice-regent for Maine Mrs. Sweat has presented to the ladies twenty-five silver as presented to the ladies twenty-live silver spoons, which have on the handless picture of Mount Vernon. Mr. Galto, the secretary, has presented through the vice-regent of the District, Mrs. Baris, two dozen silver spoons to be used by the ladies while at Mount Vernon. One dozen have a head of Mrs. Washington on the handles, and the other dozen that of Martha Washington.

GARDEN AND GREEN HOUSE.

There is no more fascinating spot about Mount Verhon than the garden. It is kept in the old-fashioned style, and the beauty of its roses are famous the world over.

The new green-house lately erected by Mrs.
Mitaball the vice regent for Wisconsin has The new green-house lately erected by Mrs. Mitchell, the vice-regent for Wisconsin, has added better facilities in its management. This green-house was built on the same ground and by measurements of the old one which stood here in Washington's time, and its erection completes the number of buildings, and as far as it is possible to tell restores the surroundings of the mansion to exactly what they were at that period.

Mrs. Washington, West Virginia's vice-regent, is about to have restored the clay bust of Washington which was made after Hou-

of Washington which was made after Hou-don's life-mask. The Secretary of the Treas-ury has given permission to Mr. Ellicott, the chief modeler in the supervising architect's office, to do this work and also to make a plaster cast of the restoration for fear of any possible danger coming to the original in years to come. The work will be done at Mount Vernon in a studio to be arranged

A MODERN BATTLE-SHIP.

The board of management of the Govern-The board of management of the Government exhibits was in session two hours and a half this afternoon. The representative of the Navy Department submitted for formal approval the detailed plans for the structure in semblance of a modern battle-ship, which is designated to be the principal exhibit of the department, and reported that the forms of contract the spacifications and the forms of contract, the specifications and advertisements had been prepared under the supervision of the law efficers of the Treasury Department, and he asked formal authority of the board to proceed at once with the work. This matter consumed the greater part of the meeting, resulting in the unani-mous adoption of the resolutions authorizing the immediate insertion of the necessary advertisements for the proposals. The archivertisements for the proposals. The archi-tect of the Navy Department will proceed to Chicago the latter part of the week to be ac-lacessable to intending bidders and give them information with regard to the working plans. The bids will be opened on the 10th of June and the contracts will be awarded by the

board as soon as possible after the considera-

Mr. Albert Bierstadt, the celebrated artist, will do his share towards commemorating the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by painting a manimoth historical picture of Watling's Island, which is held by the majority of the geographical authorities to have been the first landing of Columbus. Mr. Bierstadt has just returned from a visit to Watling's Island, where he made numerous to Watling a Island, where he made numerous sketches for the picture, which will be finished

in time to exhibit at Chicago.
In the Supreme Court to day Justice Brewer granted a writ of error in the case of the Nebraska governorship contest.

A LOTTERY FRAUD.

Attempt of Their Papers to Spread Large

Editions Throughout Louisiana. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15 .- The inspection division of the Postoffice Department has just been fully advised of the attempt of the lottery papers of New Orleans to spread large lottery papers of New Orleans to spread large editions throughout Louisiana in violation of the sample-copy privilege of the postal regulations and of the details of the work of the inspectors in stopping this violation of the law and the saving of the department of almost a thousand dollars in postage. The lottery company, promptly recognizing its advantages in the recent decision of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, proceeded to spread the news broadcast among the voters of the news browleast among the voters of the State, to whom a question of rechartering the lottery would be left in the general election of April 9, 1892. They hit on the device of doing this cheaply and effectively by availing themselves of the liberality of the postal regulations concerning annule conics. Supplications was the sample conics. sample copies. Simultaneously the lottery organs of New Orleans developed an extraor-

cinary anxiety about the spread of their country circulation. They proposed to make extraordinary efforts to extend it.

On the second of May loads of sample copies, which contained the full text of the lattery decision, began piling in the postoffice, Inspector Maynard, after consultation with Postmaster Laten, Assistant Postmaster Indest and Superintendent-of-Mails Sweeney and upon the advice of the officials of the and upon the advice of the officials of the Postoffice Department in Washington, deoided that these papers were not sent out as provided by the postal laws and regulations in

good faith "and must therefore be rated up at transient newspaper pos-tage. The result was that the increased reve nue secured to the New Orleans postoffice amounted to \$984, and that the estimated NOT FLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

Octor Faville, Inspector of the Bureau of mal Industry for the port of Baltimore, submitted a very elaborate report in retainments ago that greated some constern in England. The shipment consisted disfrom Wytheville, Va., and Frederick, 'pen their arrival in England the British tors reported that to the straight of the British tors reported that to the straight of the British tors reported that to the British tors reported that to the straight of the department all agree that the department all agree that the department all agree that the efforts of Postmaster Eaton and his assistants, who, although harshly criticised by the lottery people of sympathizing with them, as well as Inspector Maynard, deserve much peace for their shrewdness and vigor in the detection of this fraud.

Makes a Speech of Thanks to All.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15 .- The grand our of the President and his party, which beafternoon, when the presidential train came to a standstill in the Pennsylvania railroad station here exactly on time. The journey of 10,000 miles had been accomplished without

Benjamin Harrison McKee was the first person to be greeted by the President, who jumped from the platform of the train and clasped his grandson in his arms. Little Mary McKee was also at the station. Secretary Proctor, Secretary Foster and Attorney-Gen-eral Miller, with several assistants and a numthe train. Only a few people were at the sta-tion when the party arrived. The President, Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. and Mr. McKee, and Mrs. Dimmick were driven directly to the White House, while Mr. and Mrs. Boyd took the

train for Philadelphia.

The last day of the journey was the quietest of the entire tour. Rain fell most of the time, and when the party reached Washington it was pouring down steadily. Between Washington and Baltimore the members of the ington and Baltimore the members of the party and the train employes assembled in the observation car, and to them the President made a short speech in which he thanked all those who had accompanied him for their courtesy and attention. He referred to the journey as one that had never been equalled and paid high compliment to Mr. George W. Boyd, the general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad, who had charge of the train, for the great success he had achieved in

tour. His best record for a single day was yesterday, when he talked to twelve different assemblages. The day before he made eleven

SCOTCH-IRISH CONGRESS.

Officers and Representatives of Each State Elected for the Coming Year.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 15 .- President Robert Bonner, of New York, called the Scotch-Irish Congress to order at 10:45 this morning, and after prayer by Rev. T. D. Witherspoon introduced Rev. Thomas Murphy, of Philadelphia, who spoke interestingly of "the course and progress of the Scotch-Irish through the

Officers for the ensuing year were then elected as follows: President, Robert Bonner, New York: Vice-President-General, Rev. J. S. McIntosh, D. D., Philadelphia, First Vice-President at Large, T. T. Wright, Nash-ville: Second Vice-President at Large, Dr. Bryson: Secretary, A. C. Floyd, Columbia, Tenn.; Treasurer, Lucius Frierson, Columbia,

Among the vice-presidents elected for Among the vice-presidents elected for States were: Virginia, Hon. William Wirt Henry, Richmond; North Carolina, Hon. S. B. Alexander, Charlotte: Mississippi, Right Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, Jackson; Louisiana, Hon. Will Preston Johnston, New Orleans; Tennessee, Mr. S. G. Adams, Nashville: Kentucky, D. Harvey McDonald, Cynthiana; West Virginia, James Archer, Cynthiana: Steubenville.

Big Bailroad Deal.

WINNIPEG, MAN., May 15.-It now seems to be an absolute certainty that the Canadian Pacific has purchased the Northern Pacific the Canadian Pacific railroad takes all the Manitoba lines and terminals of the Northern Pacific almost immedi-ately. The official transfer will take place next week, it is said. A meeting of the dace next week, it is said. A meeting of the coard of trade has been called for Tuesday next to take into consideration what steps are advisable in view of the rumored withdrawal of the Northern Pacific railroad from

G. B. Raum's Resignation. Washington, D. C., May 15.—The Secretary of the Interior to-day accepted the resignation of G. B. Raum, Jr., assistant chief clerk of the Pension Bureau. It is understood that his resignation was called for and was the direct result of using his influence to secure the appointment of persons to positions in the bureau in return for financial benefits received or promised.

benefits received or promised.

Interior Department officials assert most emphatically that General Raum, Commissioner of Pensions, is in no way responsible for the conduct of his son, and that he was entirely ignorant of the transactions which led to young Raum's resignation. led to young Raum's resignation.

Another Negro Hanged. TRENTON, GA., May 15 .- Rufus Moore, col-TRENTON, GA., May 15.—Rufus Moore, colored, was hanged here about noon in the presence of 10,000 people. Just before he mounted the scaffold he said to a reporter that God had forgiven his sins and he was ready to die. He was hanged for killing Henry Clay, June 24, 1890. Moore and Clay had quarreled about two mulatto women who were notorious characters. Clay threw stones at one of the women, who stones at one of the women, who was Moore's paramour, and Moore told him if he did not stop he would kill him. Clay paid no attention to the threat and was shot twice with a pistol, dying almost instantly.

NO TIDINGS OF OUR CRUISER.

Opinion Prevails that the Charleston Would Get the Worst of the Fight.

ESMERALDA AT ACAPULCO.

A Cable Dispatch in Cypher Received at the Navy Department_Supposed to be

from Admiral McCann.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 15 .- A dispatch received from Acapulco says the Chilian cruiser Emeralda entered this port yesterday and sailed again to-day. Several of her officers were ashore and used the wires and made various inquiries regaring the United States, showing that they had been informed

pursuit of the Itata. It is believed that the Esmeralda has steamed North to intercept the Itata and protect her should the Charleston attempt to capture her. Nothing was purchased here by any of the officers. The officers who came ashore were very reticent, but from one of the sailors it was learned that they expected to sight the Itata and act as her convoy down

that the cruiser Charleston had been sent in

WILL DOUBLE ON THE CHARLESTON

The epinion prevails here that should the The opinion prevails here that should the Charleston attempt the capture of the Itata a naval engagement will take place and the United States cruiser will get the worst of it. The above dispatch was confirmed at the War Department yesterday, but the officers were inclined to be reticent. Minister-of-War Hanojosa says that the Esmeralda had sailed into the port on Tuesday and had sailed out again yesterday. It was impossible to gain any further information from him.

THE CHARLESTON EXPECTED. ACAPULCO, MEXICO, May 15.—A number of telegrams addressed to the United States cruiser Charleston have been received here,

and from that fact it is presumed that that vessel has been ordered to stop here.

The Esmeralda is said to be anchored off shore fifteen miles south of here. She could not obtain coal or munitions here, but was allowed to take water and provisions. NO TIDINGS YET.

Washington, D. C., May 15.—No word from the Charleston has been received at the Navy Department to-day. A dispatch has been re-ceived, however, stating that the Esmeralda had returned to Acapulco. San Francisco, Cal., May 15.—A dispatch from San Diego says the United States steamship Charleston has been sighted off that port bound northward.

MUST BE NEABING ACAPULCO.

Washington, D. C.. May 15.—Another day has passed and the navy has not heard from the cruiser Charleston or the ship which she is endeavoring to overtake and capture. A cable dispatch in cypher was received at the Navy Department to-day, and three officers have been engaged in translating it. It is thought to be from Admiral McCann, at Chili, but the officials of the department will sav nothing concerning it or its contents. The Charleston has been at sea since Saturday last and must now be near Acapulco, where she will probably stop to coal, as she can only MUST BE NEARING ACAPULCO. she will probably stop to coal as she can only carry 800 tons, which must be nearly exhausted if she is making even ordinary headway.

PROBABLY THE ITATA. CITY OF MEXICO, May 15 .- Advices from

that port waiting to see if it is possible to obtain a supply of coal. There is another strange steamer outside, supposed to be the Itata. No American steamer is in sight,

NO NEWS OF THE ITATA

No News of The ITATA.

CITY OF MEXICO VIA GALVESTON, May 15.—
A telegram from Acapalco says no news has been heard from the Esmeralda since she left port after being refused fuel. No American ship has been seen at that place. At the War Department officials say they have received no news of the vessels. A prominent Government official says no news of the Itata may be expected off Central America. expected off Central America.

Watching the Monzerst,

San Prancisco, Car., May 15.—Customs offi-cials have been keeping a strict watch over the steamer Monzerat, which left here last evening with a cargo of cereals and provis-ions for Chili. No arms or contraband goods were shipped, however, and she started on her voyage. THE SWITCHMEN'S STRIKE.

The Railroad Officials are Rapidly Replacing the Dismissed Employes.

CHICAGO, May 15 .- The situation to-day in the Northwestern switchmen's strike was one of activity on the part of the company and waiting on the part of the company and waiting on the part of the men. The railroad officials were using all possible efforts to restore their train service as speedily as possible. Reports received at the company's office from along the lines indicate moderate success in replacing the dismissed employes. At 7 o'clock this morning very nearly all the crews at points outside Chicago had been filled by new men and work was progressing without at points outside Chicago had been filled by new men and work was progressing without interruption. Reports to this effect came from Winona, Milwaukee and other towns.

The force in the city yards is as yet only one-half the usual size, but it is being rapidly enlarged. The company claims it will have the crews filled by night and all freight and research trains running on time.

passenger trains running on time.

The only trouble reported was from Clinton, Iowa, where an attempt was made to derail a stock train. One car was thrown from the track. The Switchmens Mutual Aid Association will hold a meeting to-day to consider the situation and to prepare for the presentation of its case to the Supreme Council of the Federation to-morrow.

Grand-Master Sweeney and Vice-Grand-Master Downey, of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association, called upon General-Manager Witman to-day to inquire why the switchmen of the Northwestern Company had been dis-charged and what it meant. Mr. Whitman replied by handing Mr. Sweeney a copy of the charge notice and a copy of the official the charge notice and a copy or the official statement giving the reasons for the action. Mr. Sweeney wished to discuss the matter and was told by Witman that he would be willing to receive any communication that Mr. Sweeney might wish to make, provided the same was presented in writing, so that no possible misunderstanding as to what was said could occur. Grand-Master Sweeney and his staff were engaged in prepairing a manifesto staff were engaged in prepairing a manifesto to place before the people explaining their side of the case and setting forth their many complaints against the management of the Northwestern Company. This statement will not be ready for publication till to-morrow.

A MEMBER OF THE MAFIA.

A Released Italian Convict Wanted in Italy for Murder.

BALTIMORE, MD., May 15. - Dominick Marchione, an Italian just released from the Maryland penitentiary, where he had served Maryland penitentiary, where he had served five years for the killing of a fellow-workman in this State, was to-day rearrested on the demand for extradition as a convicted and escaped murderer made by the consul of Italy at Philadelphia. The story of the alleged crime makes t appear that Marchione is a member of the murderous Mafia gang. Michael Repuccio was believed to know more than was considered safe about a murder in which Marchione (then known as Malchionea) and another were concerned. Marchione and the third man were heard to say the Repuccio must be put were concerned. Marchione and the third man were heard to say the Repuccio must be put away. In November 3, 1883, Repuccio's body was found, and in one course the murderers were convicted and sentenced to the gallows. It has not transpired how Marchione escaped to this country, but it appears that his blood-thirsty tendencies soon appeared after he reached America, and his sentence to the Maryland penitentiary for murder was the result.

BROWN NOMINATED.

He is Chosen by the Democratic Convention as Its Candidate for Governor.

Louisville, Ky., May 15 .- The promised row over the report on credentials did not materialize in the State Democratic Convenmaterialize in the State Democratic Conven-tion. Clay's managers were becoming des-perate over the drift of affairs, and the Brown men fearing that the rising wrath would be visited upon the candidate, made concessions that acted as oil upon troubled waters. After the row over the silver clause in the resolutions had been disposed of the conven-tion took one ballot for Governor, which re-sulted. Brown 272%: Clay. 204%: Clarly,

tion took one cannot be clay, 204%; Clardy, 196%; Hardin, 186%.

This morning at the end of the eighth ballot it stood: Brown, 234; Clay, 250; Hardin, 202;

Clardy 180.

Clardy will be dropped on the eleventh ballot, and it is expected will rally to the Clay standard and make Clay the nominee.

The Democratic State Convention nominated Brown on the thirteenth ballot for

At to-night's session of the Democratic State Convention Hon. Mitchell Alfred, of Middles-boro, was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor by acclamation and W. J. Handricks, of Fleming county, for Attorney-General on the fourth ballot. At 1 o'clock A. M. the conven-tion is still in session.

The Coke Region Strike.

Scottdle, Pa., May 15.—W. J. Rainey, the Wiley operator, who is worth millions now, seems to be with the strikers body and soul. He is engaged in a fight with Frick and other operators, and will use the strikers as the weapon to gain his point. To-day he gave Master Workman Wise permission to send labor agents among his employes to obtain funds to sustain the Frick and McClure strikers. An official of the Frick Company claimed to-night that they have 4,000 men now at work, while labor leaders asserted that not more than half that number are at work, and that 15,000 strikers are still firm. and that 15,000 strikers are still firm.

Five Boys Injured.

BIBMINGHAM, ALA., May 15.—Five boys were injured while about to enter the old Henley school building this morning by the falling wall of a new school building adjoining. They are James Oden, seriously injured about the head and body; Edward Marks, skull fractured; Albert Mayer, head seriously injured; Fletcher Summers and George Harnley, slightly hurt. Up to this evening none of the children were dead, but the condition of Marks and Oden was reported to be critical.

Business Failures.

New York, May 15.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number for the United States 212 and for Canada 25, or a total of 237, as compared with a total of 242 last week and 255 for the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 232, representing 191 failures in the United States and 21 in the Dominion of Canada.

Mr. Blaine's Condition. New York, May 15.—Secretary Blaine's physician reported his patient as very comfor-

table this evening.

THE LAND BILL.

The House of Commons Adjourns Until the 25th Before Passing It. (By Cable to The Times 1

LONDON, May 15 .- With the prospect of a prolonged holiday the Government induced members who were inclined to obstruct to night, when everything was favorable or passing the bill through the committee. Mr. Balfour stated that the debate would be resumed on the new clause relating to the advance of tenants. A squabble arose between Mr. Goschen and Sexton, the latter insusting that

a clause submitted by him had an equal right of consideration with the Balfour proposition. Goschen was obstinate and stuck to the letter of Mr. Smith's proposition that the House would adjourn till the 25th. All clauses were disposed of except Mr. Balfour's.

Reacting on the Christians. [By Cable to the Times.]

[By Cable to the Times.]

London, May 15.—The persecution of the Jews in Moscow and other places is reacting on the Christian population. The Jews have always been considered good in a financial sense, and their debts certain of payment. The Easter commercial settlement of accounts was at hand when the expulsion began, and the multitude of Jews driven out of Moscow left behind them so many unpaid debts that there is general demoralization of trade. The rich Jews are, for the first time, preparing to leave the country, and this is a heavier blow than the expulsion of the poorer Hebrews.

The Czarowitz's Injuries. IBy Cable to the Times.l

London, May 15.—A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Chronicle says that the Czarowitz is more seriously hurt than at first admitted, and that his assailant is an escaped Nihilist from Saghalien who joined the Japanese po-lice.

Subscription for Corfu Jews.

[By Cable to the Times.] Vienna, May 15.—Subscriptions are being raised in Austrian cities for the persecuted Hebrews of Corfu. It is alleged that Russia is fomenting the movement against the Jews.

Portugal's Political Crisis. [By Cable to The Times.] Lisbon, May 15.—The Portuguese Cabinet has resigned. The situation is critical.

A Soft Answer.

A merchant in Alexandria had a dispute with a fellah, as a peasant is called, about the settlement of an account. The merchant was determined to bring the question to the court, to which the fellah objected. Desiring to make a last effort, the fellah called at the merchant's office one morning and asked the servant if the master was in. The merchant, hearing the inquiry and knowing who it was called aloud from his office:

Tell that rascal that I am not in." The fellah, looking up towards him, calmly

Well, sahib, God put thee in a better

The merchant was struck with the meekness of this reply, and having looked more carefully into the matter, he became con-vinced that the fellah was right and he in the wrong. He sent for the fellah, and after ac-knowledging his error he said:

"I want to ask you one question. How were you able to bear my abuse with such tience?"
"Sahib," replied the fellah, "I will tell

thee. I was naturally as hot and violent as thou art; I knew that to indulge this temper was sinful, and I found that it was imprudent. I observed that men in a pazion often speak loud, and I thought that if I could control my voice I should repress my passion. I have, therefore, made it a rule never to suffer my voice to rise above a certain key, and by carefully observing this rule I have entirely mas-tered my natural temper."

When Lovely Woman Stoops to Folly. [Danville Register.]

The fact is that "when lovely woman stoops to folly" there is no limit to the depth of depravity to which she is capable of sinking. Her virtue is the immediate jewel of her soul, and when that goes character, honor and truth generally go with it. In most cases of this sort, where a woman has sinned and where her sin has been followed by disgraceful where her sin has been followed by disgraceful exposure, our observation is that her statements are unreliable, and in many instances fabrications and inventions of the most marvelous type. Indeed so many instances of this kind have come under our observation during a connection of several years with the public press that we would hesitate a long time before we would pass judgment upon a man of previous good character who had been accused by a dissolute woman.

TENNY WINS THE GREAT RACE.

The Little Sway-Back Carries Off the Honors of the Brooklyn Handicap.

AN IMMENSE CROWD IN ATTENDANCE.

Every Class of People Represented and Money Flows Freely-The Contestants. Results of the Other Races.

GRAVESEND, May 15 .- The great Brooklyn handicap race, which has been the all-absorbng topic for the past week, has been run-Tenny, who has been the favorite for the last few days, won the race easily enough, though in the first part of the race he locked to be

out of it. Fully 30,000 persons were present, including all the officials of New York and Brooklyn, while millionaire merchants and business men rubbed their elbows with their clerks and other employes. The fair sex was plentifully represented, and their bright, sparkling faces and brilliant costumes relieved in a great measure the general gloominess of the day. The weather was perverse, of course, and very tantalizing. It would rain a few minutes then stop. It finally settled into a steady drizzle.

MONEY FLOWED FREELY. In the betting ring all was pandemonium. Men struggled and trod over each other in Men struggled and trod over each other in their desperate endeavors to get the good odds before the bookmakers changed them. Great bundles of money were fairly hurled at the bookmakers and money floated about in a way that would drive a miser crazy. There were in all 118 bookmakers doing business— the largest number ever seen on a race track in this country.

in this country.

The races resulted:
First race, six furlongs—Kingston first,
Kingsbridge second, Charlie Post third. Time,

Second race, eight and a half furlongs— Longstreet first, Leighton second, Madstone third. Time, 1:49%. Third race, the Expectation stakes for two-year-olds, four furlongs—Osric first, Yorkville Belle second, Coxswain third. Time, 49%. THE HANDICAP.

A few minutes past 4 o'clock the handicap horses were all on the track and paraded past the stand to the post. Jockeys and horses seemed to be fully alive to the importance of seemed to be fully alive to the importance of the race, and Starter Caldwell had little trouble in sending them off at the third break, with Burlington in the lead, setting a lively pace, with Russell second. At the half Russell had gone to the front, with Nelly Bly second and Burlington third. Tenny, Tea Tray and Prince Royal were way back in the bunch. Russell was still in front at the three-quarter pole, with Loantaka at his throat-latch, while Once Again had spurted into third position.

TENNY TO THE FRONT.

At the mile to the surprise of everybody Russell and Loantaka were still running neck and neck, but Tenny had improved his position and was running third two lengths away. As they turned into the stretch Judge Morrow came with a great burst of speed from the bunch and took the lead, half a length ahead of Tenny. A shout went up from 30,000 throats "Judge Morrow wins," but the race was too hot for him, and he was soon joined by Tenny, Tea Tray and Prince Royal. Pike Barnes, on Tenny, realizing that the critical moment had come, began urging the great little "sway-back" with whip and spur. The horse responded The horse responded nobly, coming down the stretch with a great burst of speed, and at the stand there was daylight between him and Prince Royal.

THE BACE EASILY WON. Pikey's face broadened into a grin as he glanced over his shoulder and saw that the race was won. Tenny finished two lengths ahead of Prince Royal, who beat Tea Tray a head for the place. Then came Uncle Bob. head for the place. Then came Uncle Bob, Judge Morrow and Riley, while Burlington, who was the winter favorite, finished back in the bunch. The time was 2 minutes and 10

seconds.
Fifth race, four furlongs—Laughing Water first, Lady Longfellow second, Mt. Vernon third. Time, 48%.
Sixth race, eight and a half furlongs—Benedictine first, Masterlode second, Gallifet third.

Time, 1:50%. MARSHAL LAKE INJURED.

New York, May 15.—United States Marshal Lake was seriously injured while returning from the race track at Gravesend this evening. He was riding on the outer side of a crowded open car and in some way was crowded off. He fell down an embankment and into a cut a distance of 35 feet.

The train was stopped and the marshal

was taken to the hospital, where it was found that he had sustained fractures of the right arm, his left forearm, his nose, and be-sides cutting his scalp in several places he had received severe contusions of right breast and thighs.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

First race, one mile—Royal Garter first, Governor Wheeler second, Odrey third. Time, 1:45%. Second race, five furlongs-Bracelet first, Buck Hound second, Stratmaid third. Time,

Third race, one mile—Proctor Knott first, Protection second, Marion third. Time,

Fourth race, eight and one-half furlong Bob L. first, Nina Archer second, J. T. third. Time, 1:52%.

Fifth race, one mile and seventy yards—
Brandolette first, Rudolph second, Dollikens

hird. Time, 1:47%. Entries for the Gravesend races to-day are: First race, one mile—Tammany, Algernon, Asben, Stauguss, Mountain Deer, Masher

Port Chester, Ozone, John Cavanah, Vno-grande, Glenlochy, Warpath, Boughrum, 112; Hypatica, 107,
Second race, mile and one-eighth—Tristan,
118: Sir John, 112: Lavina Belle, 109: Admiral,
100: B. B. Million, 95.
Third race, five-eighths of a mile, "Seaside
Third race, five-eighths of a mile, "Seaside

Third race, two-eighths of a mile, Seaside stakes, selling—Uncle Sim, Julie, Merry Duke, King Cadmus, 110; Zorling, Laughing Water Arnica, 107; Milledan, Knapp, Disappointment, Preston B., Affinity (colt), 100; Oppressor, Temple, 105; Airshaft, 95; Lady Longfellow (colt), 104.

low (colt), 104.

Fourth race, one mile, Carlton Stakes—War-path. Void. Bolero, Algernon, Permuda, Strathmeath. Terrifier, Strategem, Picnicker,

Strathmeath, Terrimer, Strategein, Frencaer, 122: Ambulance, 117.

Fifth race, five-eighths of a mile—Rex, Fred Lee, Sleet, Patrimony (colt), Mars, 118; Picca-dilly, Jessica, Ninone, Natalie S., 115.

Sixth race, one mile, handicap—St. John, 124; Leontine, 120; Stryke, Watterson, 118; Lowlander, Baldwin, Blacklock, 114.

THE CHICAGOS WIN.

The Phillies Beat the Pittsburgs-The Giants Defeated_The Other Games.

PITTSBURG. PA., May 15 .- To-day's game was a tame and rather uninteresting exhibibition, enlivened only by the fact that Jake Beckley made his first error this season. Score

and Clements. Umpire, Hurst.
Chroago, May 15.—The home team defeated the Bridegrooms to-day after a close game marked by heavy hitting on both sides. Chicagos...... 4 2 2 0 0 2 0 2 0 -12

Brooklyns......4 1 0 0 1 2 2 1 0-11 Batteries: Gumbert, Hutchinson and Kitt-idge; Lovett and Con Dailey. Umpire, Quade. CLEVELAND, O., May 15.—The Giants were "not in it" to-day, the home team playing all

pieces and lost the day's game principally through errors of Slattery and Latham. Batteries: Mullane and Harrington; Nichols

and Bennett. Umpire, Power. ASSOCIATION GAMES.

Batteries: Daley and Farrell; Dailey and Cook. Umpire, Kerins.

At Philadelphia: Athletic-St. Louis game At Piniadelpina Athletics Double game prevented by rain.
At Washington: Washington-Columbus game prevented by rain.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

Won. Lost. Ass'n. Won.
13 7 Boston. 21
12 8 St. Louis 18
13 19 Baltimore 17
10 10 Louisville 16
10 11 Cincinnati 14
9 11 Athletic 12
10 11 Columbus 12
6 15 Washington 7

Pool Tournament. CHICAGO, May 15.—The continous pool tournament between Albert Powers and Alfred D'Oro for the championship and \$1,000 was concluded to-night, D'Oro winning by 83 points. To-night's score was: D'Oro, 192; Powers, 151. Totals, D'Oro, 600; Powers, 517.

John L. Goes for Him.

John L. Goes for Him.

Denver, Col., May 15.—After the performance was over last night John L. Sullivan, who is playing in this city, went to "have a time with the boys." He wound up in Murphy's Exchange, where he met Pat Allen, a Colorado puglist. He asked him if he thought he could fight, and without waiting a reply Sullivan proceeded to "do up" Allen in the most approved style. They were separated, but not before Allen had been knocked down twice. Sullivan was taken home by friends.

AFTER THE OLD HOMESTEAD,

But Found Only Its Ruins, Hemmed in by Virginia Town Lots.

It is estimated that the revenues of the Postoffice Department have been increased at least 13 per cent. by the organization of the Sons of the Revolution and of the Daughters of the Revolution. Not that the sons and daughters have started a regular correspondence bureau, for no intermediary association would be re-quired to boom this already flourishing department of the postal service, but the starting of societies in all parts of the country and ment of the postal service, but the starting of societies in all parts of the country and the dissemination of literature on the subject have started many hundreds of inquiries by mail about this or that common ancestor, and those on the inside are really beginning to be surprised at the number of Americans resident in the United States who had ancestors old enough to fight the "blasted Britishers" 115 years ago and subsequently. And when to this fact is added that there were a great many Americans who did not bear arms during the Revolution, as someody had to do the farming and attend to the business of the young country, it is seen that there is quite a respectable number of United Staters who can sing with feeling "Hail Columbia" and the "Star Spangled Banner."

But this is a digression. Letter-writing was the theme. From many sections missives have come to people asking them about this or that granduncle, grandfather or grandmother. These letters have had various receptions, for most people are about as cautious in acknowledging claims of relationship as in introducing in a mixed crowd two people from the same city.

in acknowledging claims of relationship as in introducing in a mixed crowd two people from the same city.

Many Americans are already burdened with too many relations, as they will acknowledge to their sorrow. Many have enough and few too few. But now and then an interesting situation is developed by this unique corre spondence, and the following story is told

bout one: Before the Revolution two brothers lived in Albemarle county, Va. Their grandfather was one of the Huguenots who at Governor Spotswood's invitation had settled in Manican Town. Their grandmother was of the sturdy Scotch-Irish stock, which settled prinsturdy Scotch-Irish stock, which settled principally in the Valley. The elder brother, marrying a young wife, went over the mountains and settled in what was then farther Virginia, but is now a State known far and wide for its blooded horses, good whisky and fair women; in fact he settled in "God's country." This first settler tendency was handed down to his many children and their descendants, and to make along story shorter a crandson was one of

a long story shorter a grandson was one of those who in 1849 pushed overland to the gold-fields of California.

The son of the "Forty-niner," a millionaire of San Francisco, wrote recently to a woman of the same family name whom he had read of the same family name whom he had read had participated in one of the patrictic gatherings in New York city. Her ancestor was the second son of the old Albemarie county farmer and for two generations her family had lived in New York city. The correspondence, begun in this way, ended in an acquaintance with her distant Californian cousin, and, with truth to the Virginia instinct, ended in matrimony—no time being lost—a few weeks ago, for he was brave and wealthy and she was young and fair. They had lost sight of many of their relatives and had never been in Virginia, but on their wedding trip they went to Asheville, N. C., and while there he determined, true to another Virginia instinct, to mined, true to another Virginia instinct, to hunt up the old homestead and make it his

Bringing his wife to Washington he started Bringing his wife to Washington he started on his search, which was made comparatively difficult by the destruction of county land records during the war. But he found the place at last, and returned to Washington yesterday with the sad intelligence that the homestead could not be purchased. The house, one of those roomy dwellings with immense stuccoed pillars hedging in a portico, which commanded a view of the Blue Ridge, had been destroyed by fire, and on its site stands a darky's shanty built of the debris.

The house could easily be rebuilt, but what

The house could easily be rebuilt, but what would a homestead be without the paternal acres? These though had been catght in the meshes of the Virginia boom and had been cut up into prospective town lots, which were being widely advertised. Where the quarters of the slaves stood was a car-wheel shop, and what used to be the ancient gate lodge had been turned into a real estate office, and the only comment the son and the daughter of the American Revolution had te make was sic transit gloria Virginiae.—Washington

A Drop of Hay Water.

Let me tell you of some of the wonderful things I have seen. Once I put a little hay in a tumbler, covered it with water and set the glass in a warm place for a day or two. Then, with a medicine-dropper I put a drop of the water on a glass slip, covered it with a very thin glass wafer the size of a cent, placed it under my nicroscope, adjusted the focus and what a sight met my eyes. Dozens and dozens of what looked like animated drops of jelly were darting here and there, bumping against one another or dodging one another like schoolboys at recess. Perhaps among the crowd of smaller ones would dash a much bigger fellow. I fanciedly it might be a big brother, older than the others by some hours, and so entitled to the deference he seemed to exact. Then in another part of the drop of water the little ones formed almost a circle, and presently in the centre of this came a big fellow—he must have been at least one-hundredth of an inch long—who began revolving slowly. "P. T. Barnum," I thought to myself. "That is exactly the way I have seen him address an audience surrounding a circus ring." But I can never know what he told the small ones for not even the "little ghost of an inaudible soueak" reached my ears. Besides these lit-Let me tell you of some of the wonderful never know what he told the small ones, for not even the "little ghost of an insudible squeak" reached my ears. Besides these little creatures I could see what looked like dark specks darting above. Determined to find out what these things were I used a stronger magnifying glass and looking through it the specks proved to be other little swimmers such as I had just been examining; and the latter, of course, seemed larger.