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WASHINGTON BUREAU, ANGUS Me-SWEEN, MANAGER, WASH-INGTON, D. C.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1895,

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS AND EVENTS.

Temple Lodge, Masons, Assonic Temple. Hines Lodge, K. of P., Schiller Hall. Damon Lodge, K. of P., Coreoran Hall. Myrtle Lodge, K. of P., Coreoran Hall. Union Lodge, I O. O. F., Odd-Fellows' Hall. Tribe, I. O. R. M., Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall, Haymakers' Degree, 1 O. R. M., Odd-Fellows' Hall, tehmond Lodge, K. of H. Ellett's Hall, treinia Lodge, Golder, Chain, Ellett's Hall. Enterprise Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., Schiller Hall,

Schiller Hall.
Rescue Council. Jr. O. U. A. M., Jr. O.
U. A. M. Hall.
New South Council. Jr. O. U. A. M.,
Eighth and Hull streets
Shockoe Council. R. A., Central Hall.
Trinity Temple, I. O. G. T., Central Hall,
Sidney Lodge, I. O. G. T., Belvidere
Hall.

Sidney Lodge, I. O. G. T., Belvidere Hall. Lee Lodge, Golden Shore, Central Hall. Company A. First regiment, Armory, R. E. Lee Camp, C. V., Lee Camp Hall. Friendship Lodge, K. of P., Toney's Hall, Aurora Ccuncil, Jr. O. U. A. M., Gate-wood's Hall.

THE FREEBOOTERS ARE GETTING READY.

Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, who is as consummate a boss as Gorman, of Maryland, and who therefore wants, naturally, to help all the protected monopolies by legislation in return for money they give him to corrupt politics and retain his position of boss, is said to have prepared a scheme for supplying the deficiencles in the government's revenues, which that body meets. He proposes to raise additional revenue of \$3,600,000 annually by restoring the duty upon raw wool, and by increasing the present duties upon manufactured woollens, pottery, su-gar, and other articles, the protion of which, he asserts, will increased by additional protection to the manufacturers. He does in force. When Quay brings his propoeition forward it will no doubt receive | paper than any other, but it the support of most of the Republican | long ago a Republican gaper. Senators and of such Democratic Senathreat to the Administration that it must erations of good conduct to make real accede to the demands of these freebooters or see the government go on getting deeper and deeper in debt for want of

sufficient revenue.

We most sincerely hope that Mr. Cleveland will fight this assault upon the rights of the people with all of his wellthinks this necessary. This would un doubtedly be somewhat irregular, but the case justifies the measure. He should land, and in a very short time, too, for not permit the political bosses to again the whole country yearns for such a subject the people to the grinding exacget money from protected monopolies with which to debauch the elections of people. If anything was made clear by the presidential election of 1820, it was declared as the popular will that the duties on which the protected monopolies live should be repealed. It is therefore as in him lies, that these duties, repealed to some extent by the last Congress, shall not be renewed by freebooting Senators like Quay and Gorman. He should veto any act that they pass having that object in view, never mind what the con-

requences may be. The money necessary to supply the deficlency in the revenue can be easily raised by any one or two measures of internal taxation, and Mr. Cleveland should in-mist that it shall be raised from such Americans except those who wish to pil lage their fellow-Americans, if he takes this stand. But it would be far better if he would point out to Congress how the present revenues could be made amases in 1861 were only about \$75,000,000 and they are now nearly \$500,000,000; What has happened to justify this enormous inprease in these expenses?

THE PROFITS OF THE SYNDICATE. It is said to be the purpose of the Re-publican Congressmen, when Congress meets, to prefer articles of impeachment against Secretary Carlisle for his part in making the Morgan-Belmont-Rothschild contract last winter. A special dispatch from New York to the Washington Post, which we print elsewhere, gives a very full and complete account of the nature of the contract that was made, of all its details, and of the way it was executed, and also of the profits that grew out of t. We have frequently seen parts of his matter stated, but this is the first ime that we have met with a compre-sensive account of the whole business, nd, from other information we have, we

tant that the people should know the facts stated in this paper, both because of the threatened impeachment of the Secretary of the Treasury and because they should receive correct information concerning all matters that affect their interest.

tract with the government undoubtedly bought \$6,000,000 of bonds from the government at \$104.48, and those same bends may be said, therefore, to have made a thing like \$11,000,000. Unthinking men might say that it was a most scandalous

be a very unfair and a very super-ficial way of looking at the case. The world's distrust of our financial situation had made it make raid after raid upon had become evident that the government must be protested and drop to a silver basis unless some extraordi-nary measure was adopted. Mr. Cleve-

arrangement. The Populist element that authority, and there was little more gold in the Treasury to meet all demands upon it than had been drawn out in a week at some periods. The government was that was almost desperate. But the very desperation of that situation made it impossible for the government to sell its we can not live bonds at anything like their normal tainted with fraud. price. If we were to go to a silver basis the tumble would, of course, carry govthing else, since they would become pay-The best financial experts agree that it the government bad offered \$5,000,000 or most questionable whether it could have

the panic which every one was striving When the case, therefore, is looked at just as it was, it becomes almost certain that some extraordinary measure like that resorted to was absolutely necessary, or the country would have slipped down to the silver basis, and we should have been plunged into the herrors of the most terrifle financial panic that the world ever saw. The contract that Mr. Carlisle and Mr. Cleveland made restored confidence as if by magic, and ended absolutely the drain upon the Treasury's gold. Business at once commenced to revive, and we have a prospering instead of a ruined country. Fifty times eleven millions of dollars would have been a small price to pay for the difference between the two situations, and instead of condemning him, a grateful country will forever thank Mr. Carlisle for his part in securing

it would most probably have precipitated

The thing most needed in these United

aroma of its old atmosphere still hames. tors as Gorman. It will be, of course, a around it at times. It will take two gen-Democrats forget its old-time delinquen-

they are very few and far between, and known determination, and with any and every weapon that he can lay his hand upon. He has one ready at hand, which it would not be perfectly regular for him to use, but we hope he will use it nevertheless. He has the right to use the gold reserve to pay the current expenses of the Government, and he has the formulation of the Government and he has the formulation of the of the Government, and he has the fur-ther right to self the government's bonds ready to sacrifice everything to unflinchto replenish the gold reserve whenever he | ing loyalty to that, could become a powing as that of the London Times in Eng-

IS CHINA GOING TO PIECES?

It is hard to say what is going to hap pen to China, but there seems imminent danger that the Chinese Empire is going to pieces. And we should rather speak of this, perhaps, as a grateful prospect than as a danger. Whilst the immense mass now known as the Chinese Empire remains a cobering mass it will probably forever be an inert one, representing little if any more than half barbarism. But China is certainly beset with dangers now that threaten her continued existence as an empire. The succession of overwhelming defeats that sho received from Japan has utterly destroyed her prystige with her own citizens even, and to hold them together, let pen to China, but there seems imminent Mr. Cleveland's duty to see to it, as far | peet than as a danger. Whiist even, and to hold them together, let alone rurling them, requires that they should believe the Government has some part of the actual power which it so carefully teaches Chinese to believe it

has.

A great Mahommedan rebellion has broken out in Northwestern China, which is as threatening as possible. The movement has grown in the past few months until some hundreds of thousands of rebels are said now to be in arms against the Government in that region. It began in March last, near the sources of the Yellow river, in resentment at the imprisonment of a head man of a Mahommedan town. Riots developed into a concerted scheme of rebellion. The local authorities were killed and the treasury looted, Then other cities and towns were taken, and the rebellion became strong enough to defeat the armies of the Yellow river, in resentment at the imprisonment of a head man of a Mahommedan town. Riots developed into a concerted scheme of rebellion. The local authorities were killed and the treasury looted. Then other cities and towns were taken, and the rebellion became strong enough to defeat the armies sent from Pekin to put it down. The region involved is near the Thibeian frontier, and was twenty years ago the scene of a like rebellion, which the scene of a like rebellion, which the Pekin Government finally suppressed with great thoroughness, but after most exhausting efforts.

New York navy-yard to have some changes on the officer's quarters. The Navy Department was to-day advocable to the made, as known at present. The Navy Department was to-day advocable to the Montgomery at Norfolk, where she is to be decked.

Not to interfere With the Work.

Not to interfere With the Work.

Not to interfere With the Work.

Nothing new is to be said about the injunction suit brought by L. H. Hyer frontier, and was twenty years ago the scene of a like rebellion, which the Pekin Government finally suppressed with great thoroughness, but after most exhausting efforts.

Now York navy-yard to have some changes quarters. This alteration is the only change to the beautiful at the table with Blackburn and several others, "resented by who was sitting at the table with Blackburn and several others, "resented the burn's remarks about Secretary Carlisie, the burn's remarks about Secretary Carlisie, the table with Wow was sitting at the table with Blackburn and several others, "resented the was at least ten miles on the sale with Blackburn and several others, "resented the was at least ten miles on the farm to the mearst railway station is goes on to say that Lieutenant Young at lake. With a great at the table with Blackburn's attack, with a great at the mable with Blackburn's attack, with a great at them the burn's remarks about Secretary C

The New York Court of Appeals, in affirming the conviction of the election rough, "Bat" Shea, who committed murder at a recent election and was sentenced to death, used this striking language:

Quoting this, the New York Evening

republican institutions is the political boss, who uses the public money (salaries

elevated him.

The moral elements of society must combine and struggle with all their might to end the political boss or our institu-tions are in real danger of perisning. We can not live if our elections are

ON THE HUSTINGS.

List of Appointments for Democratic Speakers in Virginia.

Virginia State Democratic Committee Rooms, October 21, 1855. An Announcement of speakers and mes and places of speakings, made as

times and places follows:
HON, JOHN W. DANIEL.

Rustburg, Campbell county, Friday, No-ember 1st, Danville, Saturday, November 2d (at ingat).
Lynchburg, Monday, November 4th (at night).

HON, GEORGE D. WISE.

HON, GEORGE D. WISE.

Goochland Courthouse, next court-day.
Toano in James City county, on Friday
next November 1st.

JOSEPH BUTTON, ESQ., AND S. L.
FERGUSON.

Chap, Nevember 2d.
Evergreen, November 2d.
Evergreen, November 2d.
H. D. FLOOD, ESQ., w. J. HUBARD,
ESQ., COLONEL B. W. L. BLANTON,
J. H. FLOOD, ESQ., AND E. W. HUBARD, ESQ.
New Store, 2 P. M., November 1st.
Arvon, 7 P. M., November 2d.
HON, H. T. WICKHAM, GEORGE P.
HAW, ESQ., AND DR. B. L. WINSTON.

TON.
sold Harbor, November 1st, 7 P. M.
anke's Turneut, November 4th, 7 P. M.
N. H. R. POLLARD, HON. ISAAC
HGGS, AND DH. B. L. WINSTON. No ember 2d, 8:15 P. M. J. TAYLOR ELLYSON. Chairman

J. Dell Bigger, Secretary.

On Wednesday, October 18, 1898, at 19:39
A. M., Miss Lucy Da mey Walker was united in the noods of matrimony to Mr. John Patton Gilerer, at Rocky Mount,

Longer Recess for Children.

"Danger of Statehood." SALT LAKE CITY, Get. El.—Thirty thousand copies of a circular entitled "fine banger of Statchood" are being circulated in Utah. The circular deals targely in statistics, showing the cost of

The Indiana Uninjured. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 31.—The Navy Department, on being informed that the new cruiser Indiana had touched bottom on her trip up the Delaware, caused a careful examination of the ves-

TIMELY TOPICS TERSELY TOLD.

When a train in France is ten minutes late the railroad company is fined.

Mrs. Esther F. Jacques, said to be a very attractive woman, is under indict-ment in Elizabeth, N. J., as a common scold.

Prince Bismarck is said to receive an annual income of \$15,00 from industries in which he is interested.

Fercy Field, of Red Bank, N. J., has been fined fifty cents apiece for five oaths used on the public highway.

The second son of the King of Corea will probably come to this country as minister. He is only about eighteen years old.

PROFITS FOR BANKERS. Millions Made by Members of the Bond

NEW YORK, Oct, 31.-The great gold syndicate which undertook to preserve The right leg of an actor in Milwaukee was accidentally shot off during a play Tuesday night, and death followed in a short time.

General Schofield is much disappointed at the discovery that he can only draw 75 per cent of the pay he received as illeutenant-general on the active list. Dr. Samuel E. Millken, of New York, has succeeded in grafting two tendons in a boy's foot, thereby curing paralyses of the muscles, a trouble hitherto considered incurable.

stronger, not only in London, but also in other European capitals. The only point upon which all reports and all opinions agree is that English interests in that section of the world are vitally therefore.

Every hour of the day this week brings divided among Great Britain's rivals New York Sun.

PUNCHED BLACKBURN'S NOSE.

because of the attitude which Carlisie had taken in the Kentucky campaign. This was very displeasing to Secretary Carlisle's friends, but it was not known by the public that any of them had done anything more than talk about it until the News published this evening a story to the effect that Lieutenant Lucian Young, a well-known Kentuckian in the United States mavy, punched Senator Blackburn's nose at Chamberlain's one night, by way of showing his disapproval of Blackburn's talk.

Tht News, after describing Blackburn's remarks about Secretary Carlisle,

seized by some of the gentlemen present, as was Lieutenant Young also. The combatants were hustled into different rooms, and for the rest of the time during Senator Blackburn's sojourn in the city, they were kept apart, for fear that a more serious row would result.

"After the episode, every man who was present was sworn to secrecy, but the story, however, is being discussed in all its phases by prominent men about town."

Syndicate_Carried Out Their Contract.

double inter profits by selling the bonds thus assisted, and many of them have already done so. There is always an active degrand for government securities, and the market rate at the present writing for this issue is size. They secured their bonds at \$104.8, with the commission of Messrs Morgan and Belmont, which was three-fourths of 1 per cent, unded, or \$100.25 gross; and have sold them or may sell them at \$125, an advance of \$16.75 on each bond of \$100, so that, assuming that all of the bonds are sold, the total profits enjoyed by the members of the syndicate is \$12.24,281. This, divided among twenty-seven participants, gives an average of about \$500,00 to each. But the bonds are not evenly apportioned. While the facts are not known outside the immediate direls in which the managers move, it is generally understood that J. P. Morgan & Co., and Belmot & Co. reserved for themselves about one-half, or \$30,00,000 of the total. If this is true, their reward amounts to something like \$6,000,000. It should be sald, however, that the management of this deal required the very highest funcial ability, and the skill and sagacity with which Mr. Morgan and Mr. Belmont have controlled foreign exchange has commanded the admiration of bank-cris on both sides of the Atlantic. It is also due to the members of the syndicity with which Mr. Morgan and Mr. Belmont have controlled foreign exchange has commanded the admiration of bank-cris on both sides of the Atlantic. It is also due to the members of the syndicities on the full protected the government of to ship specie, even though exchange rates advanced to the highest qualities on record, and successfully protected the government might have made a similar trade for 3 per cent, bonds at \$104,48, it congress had been willing to give the authority.—Washington Post.

Lieutenant Young Resented the Senator's
Abuse of Carlisle.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 21.—When Senator Blackburn was here last month he talked bitterly and at times violently against his old friend. Secretary Carlisle, hecause of the attitude which Carlisle had taken in the Kentucky campaign. This was very displeasing to Secretary Carlisle's friends, but it was not known by the public that any of them had done anything more than talk about it until the News published this evening a story to the effect that Lieutenant Lucian Young, a well-known Kentuckian in the United States may, punched Senator Blackburn's nose at Chamberlain's one night, by way of showing his disapproval The Cost of End Roads, cost of road transportation is, therefore, thirty cents per ton per mile, or about forty times as groat as the rate on the railroad. The average distance from the farm to the nearest railway station is at least ten miles, so that it cosos as much to get the goods to or from the railroad station as to carry them 45 miles on the cars. It only needs to state these elementary facts to show what an enormous drain bad roads make on our resources.

horse team. This effects a saving of fully three-fourths of the cost of hauling to the station, and reduces the cost of road transportation from thirty to seven and a half cents per ton per mile. What this saving amounts to may be imagined when it is known that the New York Central railroad alone carries nearly 30,000,000 tons of way freight in a year. If this is hauled only two miles by road to or from the station, and a saving of 21-2 cents per ton per mile could be effected, it would mean a total saving of nearly \$0,000,000. These figures may seem exaggerated, but they will no longer appear so when we realize the saving actually accomplished by the reduction in railroad rates in the last twentylive years. For instance, in 1853 the average freight rate on the New York Central railroad was 24-10 cents per ion per mile; in 1853 it was seven mills. This saving, on the business of 1853, is upward of \$64,00,000. This is the result which has been accomplished by the application to the railroad problem of the highest available talent. During these same twenty-five years little or no attention has been given to the road problem. The roads are as bad now as they were in 1853, and the cost of transportation over them is as great now as it was then. In the next twenty-five years the results accomplished on the common roads are likely to be great now as it was then. In the next twenty-five years the results accomplished on the common roads are likely to be as remarkable as those achieved on the railroads in the last twenty-five years.—Extract of Francis V. Greene's Address before Union College.

A Boston councilman lately presented Captain Charles F. Taylor, a fire commissioner's badge, of beautiful design and workmanship, to show his appreciation of kindness shown him while here with the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, a few weeks ago.

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CARBONA A NEW INVENTION-con-inflammable, non-explosive-removes grease from the most delicate fabric without lajury to fabric or color. Grocers or Druggista. HALL CHEMICAL CO., MARSHAL, VA.

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E MILLER & AHOADS, Broad St., Bet. Fifth and Sixth. tratal at a total of attached at a fact at a f

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merchandise, de is especially verified THIS WEEK

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Our buyer, who is now in the market, has picked up some exceptional values in OUTER GARMEITS, which wes process to give our patrons the advantage of just now, at the time you're in want of these Wraps. They're all up-10-date styles, and the values need only to be seen to convince you of the saving we make for you on every Jacket shown to clay.

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The Old Dominion Steamship Company will run its second personally-conducted Excursion to New York to the Horse Show. Party now forming. Leave Richmond SATURDAY, November 9th, at 3:35 P. M. via Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, connecting with our new and elegant steamship "Jamestown" at Norbolk, arriving in New York San

lay 3 P. M. Returning, can leave New York Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday at 3 P. M., or Saturday 4 P. M. for Old Point, arriving in Richmond next evening at 6:50 via Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. Fare for roundtrip, including meals and stateroom berth on steamer, only \$11. Tickets good for ten days, and to return on any steamer of the line. Special hotel rates have been secured (American and European plans). As the party is limited and New York will be crowded with visitors at that time, early application should be made, that good steamer and hotel reserva-

tion may be secured. GEORGE W. ALLEN & CO., Agents,

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