The Eaton Weekly Democrat

EDITED BY A COMMITTEE.

Eaton, Thursday, July 14, 1870.

THE ISSUES BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

A White Citizenship, Free Trade --Repudiation of the BondedDebt, Abolishment of the Income Tax, Restoration under the Old Constitution and no compromises with the destructive andInfamous policy of a centralized despotism.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Secretary of State,
WILLIAM HEISLEY.
Of Cuyahoga County.
For Supreme Judge,
Hon. RICHARD A. HARRISON
Of Madison County.
For Comptroller of the Treasury,
JOHN A. HEATON.
Of Belmont County.
For Member of Board of Public Works
Col. WILLIAM SPENCER,
Of Licking County.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

Meeting of the Democratic Central Committee of the District.

HAMILTON THE PLACE, AND AUGUST 18th THE TIME.

The meeting of the Chairmen of the Democratic Central Committees of the Third Congressional District of Ohio, was held at the Bickel House, Dayton, on Monday, July 11th.

Present—Jhon E. Greer, of Montgomery county; W. C. M. Brookins, of Preble county, and R. W. Andrews, of Butler co.

John E. Greer called the meeting to order and stated the object.

On motion of Mr. Greer, Mr. M. B. DeLaCourt, of Butler county, was elected Secretary.

On Motion, Mr. Brookins was elected Chairman.

A letter from Lebanon was read, stating that the Chairman of the Democratic County Central Committee of Warren county could not attend the meeting.

A resolution was adopted to make the basis of representation in the Congressional Convention of the Third District, one delegate for every 150 votes, and one for every fraction of 75 and over, on the vote cast for Pendleton in 1869:

			Delegates.
Butler,	for Pendleton	4879	33
Montgom.	" "	6420	43
Preble	" "	1554	12
Warren	" "	1875	13

On motion, it was resolved that the Democratic Convention of the Third Congressional District shall be held on the 18th day of August, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A vote was then taken on the question of the place of holding the Convention. W. C. M. Brookins, of Preble, voted for Hamilton; John E. Greer, of Montgomery, voted for Dayton; and R. W. Andrews, of Butler, voted for Hamilton. Hamilton was accordingly selected as the place.

On motion, it was resolved to have the proceedings published in all the Democrctic papers in the Third District.

On motion, adjourned *sine die*.

John E. Greer, of M'tgomery,
W. C. M. Bookins, of Preble,
R. W. Andrews, of Butler.
L. B. De La Court, of Butler,
Secretary.

—The *Springfield Transcript* makes the following happy hit:

"Two dollars per day and Roast Beef" was once a political rallying cry. Now the Radical task-masters of New England raise the cry of "Sixty cents per day and roast Rat," for workingmen. How do the workingmen of Springfield, who have enriched these New England lords by sustaining an unrighteous and uniair tariff through their votes, like the sound of this new rallying cry."

—"You dare not strike," says the New England Factory owners to their employes. "Ship loads of Chinese coolies are coming, and you must submit or *starve*."

— The Senate of the United States votes to abolish the in come tax, and then turns around and votes to continue it. The Senate treats all such matters as taxing the people with very little consideration, and as a joke.

—The Chinese do not come to this country as immigrants, but as cattle, to be sent here, there, anywhere their master may determine. They are assured their $23 per month for their whole time, but whether their work is in Massachusetts or Michigan, whether it be to peg shoes or dig onions, to rock cradles or spread hay, they neither know nor care. The opposition to Chinese labor is not based, at present, on personal hostility, on repugnance to race, or even on the fact that, as *importations* their (virtual) slave labor is set down by the side, with free labor; that they are used as as tools in the hands of cunning men, to beat down the just living rates now received by workmen; that they can be put to-day at this, to-morrow at that—in other words, they are to be used as a disturbing element, not at all in the interest of the public, but to the the pecuniary tetriment of the laborer and the moral degradation of the status of labor throughout the land.—*Springfield Transcript.*

Is a Man's Money Worth More than His Life.

According to Radical theorizing, it is. They insist that the Bondholders should pay no tax because in the exigency of the nation they came forward and gave the Government the use of their money; but we are not aware that they have made any such grateful provision for the soldier who came forward and offered the Government his life. We know a soldier who lost a leg at Murfresboro after three years of incessant toil and danger in the service of his country, who pays taxes on his horse and cart with which he keeps his family out of the jaws of starvation, while living within a stone's throw of his humble domicil, resides a man who bought Government Bonds at forty cents on the dollar, and holds fifty thousand dollars worth of them, on which he pays no taxes, The dead soldier's widow pays taxes on her only cow, but the aristocratic Bond holders pays not one cent on his hoarded wealth. Let us have equality. If the use of money borrowed on a big shave at usurous interests is worth exemption from taxation, the use of muscle, blood, health, life, in the nation's struggle is equally worth exemption. If we are to continue to exempt the rich man's bonds, let the property of our million of soldiers meet with like favor.

— Every vote cast to reimpose the infamous income tax was cast by a Radical Senator, while every Democrat voted to lift this burden from the business and business men of the country.—This is an important fact, and it should light the path of every business man at the coming election.

— A suit was recently brought in New Orleans under the Social Equity law of Louisiana, against the proprietor of an ice cream establishment, who refused to receive colored applicants for refreshments. It resulted in the disagreement of the jury which was a mixed one. The negroes objected to the freedom allowed by this statute, one colored juror declaring that he did not want white men as visitors at colored people's balls, "to come there and take my colored ladies away." This mixed jury business is an outrage upon all the plainest ideas of justice, and that fact is apparent whenever the experiment is tried.

— Delano is to steal gently over to Kentucky this fall and stump the State for the Radical party. Send a few more such men as Delano, and Kentucky will roll up a larger Democratic majority than she ever did before.

— Butler says that a man should not always depend upon seeing alone. He is more certain to get through by feeling than by seeing only. The thousands of silver spoons now in the form of legacies in the Butler family can testify that the Beast felt his way pretty successfully through the South.

[From the Sanfrancisco Examiner.]

Most Fitting.

It is most fitting that Massachusetts should come forward as the champion of Chinese coolie labor. She did more than any other community to fasten African slavery upon the South.—At the adoption of the Constitution the feeling was decidedly against it in the central States.—Had the slave trade been at once prohibited, there is no doubt but that the institution of slavery would have been abolished peacibly years ago. But the New England States, Massaehusetts taking the lead, combined with North and South Carolina and passed the clause in the Constitution legalizing it for twenty years. In those twenty years more slaves were imported than in the century previous. The institution became a fixed fact, through New England's cupidity. She drove a profitable traffic in dealing in human flesh—buying slaves in Africa with rum, calicoes and gewgaws, and selling them at enormous profits to the Southern Planters. And now her people have taken up the Chinese business. They are substituting Mongolian labor for white in her factories. The white toilers asked for a ten hour law, and this was refused. Such unreasonable laboring men and women must be got rid of. And so they have been importing Chinese. The matter was before the Legislature of Massachusetts the other day in the shape of a bill to restrict such contracts to six months, but it was voted down. And thus the men who have just deluged the land in blood to get rid of African slavery place themselves on record in favor of establishing Chinese coolieism. O, the hypocrites!

— For striking Congressman Porter, in Richmond, Virginia, Patrick Wood is imprisoned in the Washington jail three months with chain and ball to his leg.—Terrible fellows, these Congressmen are. Wonder who they will imprison this fall, when half of them will get knocked clear off their pins?

General Grant got on a drunk the other day, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and had to be laid away in a cellar to cool his ideas. As soon as he is thoroughly sobered off, the man that footed the liquor bills for him will be appointed Collector some place. No mistake but "Gineral appreciates favors.

An Ex-President in Retiracy.

Ex-President Johnson has settled down quietly into the position of a private citizen in Tennessee. A local paper says that he saved most of his salary while President and is now very well off for his section. Some before he retired from the White House he bought a fine farm of two hundred and fifty acres, on which he has erected a flouring mill, and has lately bought a large brick block in Greenville, and is credited with the purpose of starting a bank, which is much needed by the people. The ex-President now spends most of his time in reading and writing, and it is believed that he is about publishing a book which shall be a defense of his administration. He has many visitors from a distance, and during court week is filled by the people from the surrounding country, who consider Mr. Johnson to be the greatest man in the country. Mrs. Stover, one of Mr. Johnson's daughters, who helped him to do the honors of the White House, is married again, and is now plain Mrs. Brown, and Mrs. Patterson, with her husband, lives on the ex-President's farm, mentioned above. If Mr. Johnson has any intention of entering political life again, it is not now evident, and quiet likely he is undecided himself.

☞The Wooster (Ohio) *Democrat* says:

"Seventeen men who have hitherto uniformly acted with the Radical party, came without any solicitation to the Democratic Primary election in this place, and pledged themselves to vote the Democratic ticket this Fall. We met one of them on the street afterwards and he said to us: '"I am sixty years of age, and have never voted a Democratic ticket in my life, but if God spares me till Fall I will vote it; the nigger business is more than I can stand.'"

Expense of the Standing Army.

In view of the fact that each American soldier costs the Government two thousand dollars per annum in time of peace would it not be well for our military authorities to note the movement now going on in England with a view of lessening the cost of armies by utilizing to some extent the labor they keep unemployed?

A few months ago the question was put to the British Secretary of War in Parliament whether it was intended to promulgate regulations for the employment of soldiers in trades connected with the supply of their own clothing, repair and construction of their own dwellings, &c. Mr. Cardwell replied that it had been decided to organize in each regiment a corps of artisans in lieu of the pioneers as at present constituted; these men to be exempt from ordinary fatigues. Permission, he added, had also been given to regiments and corps to execute their own barrack damages; tools had already been issued to twenty-six regiments, and a further supply provided for in the estimate; it was expected that these institutions would be self-supporting, and a committee had already been appointed to draw up a set of rules for guidance.—This action is of great importance, and we hope its results will be closely watched by our military authorities.—*Dayton Ledger.*

The negroes of Missouri are promised 133 delegates in their coming Radical State Convention. They have 20,000 votes, and claim this number; and if entitled to so many delegates, they are entitled to two members of Congress, 35 members of the Legislature, with Judges, Sheriffs, Coroners, &c., in proportion. The white radicals kick and whince, but they must bear it now or by-and-by. Where the tree falleth, there shall it lie. The Fifteenth Amendment means this.

The Indians and the Late Rebels.

General Sherman advises the Indian Peace Commission, which was called to meet in New York, to adjourn to Fort Sibley, or some place where the red men are to be seen; and promises if that is done to attend. That is very generous and foresighted on the part of this exceedingly distinguished friend of the administration. We would go a little farther than the General, however. We would advise Congress to cease reconstructing the Southern State governments from Washington and adjourn to some point at the South before it proceeds to legislate further for that people.—*Kokomo (Ind.) Democrat.*

Satan's Agents.

It seems as though Satan were aware that his deputy, king alcohol, was about to be deposed from his throne on this continent, and that he was making his final and terrible struggle to maintain the ascendency of his kingdom. If he can find a religious paper whose columns are for sale, he charters a department of it and advocates the use of domestic wine as a beverage. If he can find a physician who cares more for his fee than he does for his patient, he visits him in his study, and, squatting like the toad in Eden, whispers in his ear the advice to use alcohol in preference to any substitute for medical purposes. If he can find a politician who, like the bat is half mouse and half bird, flitting in the twilight of public opinion, he pounces upon him and inspires him with the sentiment that temperance is poison to politics. Trusting in Providence as though all depended upon God, we intend to labor as though all depended upon our own exertions. "Truth is mighty, and must prevail."

—An observer in Washington speaking about United States Senators, says: "Most of them sit with their hands in their pockets, walk with their hands in their pockets, and talk with their hands in their pockets."

—Omaha has a man who lives with his family in one of the large iron tubes used in the construction of a bridge. He was too poor to rent even the humblest frame cabin, so he adopted this singular expedient. He has constructed a neat stone fireplace in his iron house, and the wife and children manage to live and get their frugal meals.

—One hundred and twenty tons of silver ore were shipped to Newark, N. J., and eighty tons to Sacramento, from the Cotton wood mines, near Salt Lake.

New Avertisdments.

Ohio Farmers Insurance Company!!

LEROY MEDINA CO. O.
Incorporated Feb. 8, '48,
Charter Perpetual.

Cash Surplus, Sept. 29, 1869 - - - - $251,826 39
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Insures Farm Property Only.

EXPENSES LESS, in proportion to amount of business than any other Company doing business in Ohio, and for this reason its rates are lower than those of any other Company,

Without any Further Liability,

Has been in successful operation over twenty years, and by reason of its low rates, fair dealing, and prompt settlement of losses, has become the most popular Company in the States among the Farmers. In case of loss, this Company pays the full value of property destroyed by

Fire or Lightning,

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For Preble & part of Montgom'ry Counties.
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.Nov 11th, 1869,yrl.

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SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oportive Grape, raised in this country. Its valuable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other native Wine Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervisiod, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and is suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is, in every respect, A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

INVALIDS USE SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE-
FEMALES USE SHEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.
WEAKLY PERSONS FIND A BENEFIT BY ITS USE.

Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other wines.

Sold by Druggists generally, who also sell Speer's Standard Wine Bitters,—Trade supplied by all wholesale Dealers. See that the Signature of Alfred Speer, Passiac N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

A. SPEER'S Vineyard, New Jersey.—Office, No. 243 Broadway, New York.
For Sale by J. P. BROOKINS & SON
'69—1yr Eaton, Ohio.

Legal Notices!

Richard B. Wilson, pl'ff } Preble Court
vs. } of Common
Nelson P. Phelps, Def't, } Pleas In Attachment.

NELSON P. PHELPS, of the State of Illinois, will take notice, that Richard B. Wilson, of the State of Illinois, did, on the 11th day of June, A. D 1870, file his Petition in the Court of Common Pleas within and for the county of Preble and State of Ohio, against the said Nelson P. Phelps, setting forth, that the said defendant is indebted to said plaintiff in the sum of Five Thousand Dollars with interest thereon from August 1st., 1869, being in part for the purchase money of certain Real Estate situate in Lemingston county, Illinois, sold and conveyed to the defendant, by the plaintiff in January, 1869, &c., &c

And on the 11th day of June 1870, an order of attachment was issued from said Court, in said action on the ground that said defendant is a non resident of the State of Ohio, and on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1870, the same was levied on the following property of the defendant to wit. A certain tract or parcel of land situate lying and being in the county of Preble and State of Ohio, and known by being the South east quarter of section number eight (8) in township number eight (8) of range number one (1) east, &c. Containing one hundred and sixty acres be the same more or less.

Plaintiff prays judgment on said claim for the amount above named, and asks for sale of said property, and that the proceeds arising therefrom may be applied in payment of said claim.

The said Nelson P. Phelps is notified that he is required to appear and answer said petition on or before the 3rd day of September A. D. 1870.

WALKER & WALKER,
Campbell & Gilmore, Attorneys.
Attest—D. B. Morrow, Clerk.
July 14, 1870 w6, prf. $20

NOTICE.

Daniel Stump, Pl'ff, } Preble Com.
vs. } Pleas—In Partition.
MariahStump,et.al dfts }

MARIAH STUMP, of Darke county, Ohio, Albert Avery and Hannah Mariah Avery of Preble, county, Ohio, and John D. Baker of Montgomery county, Ohio, will take notice that a Petition was filed against them in the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the county of Preble by Daniel Stump and is now pending, wherein the said Daniel Stump demands partition of the following real estate to wit: Situate in the county of Preble and State of Ohio, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Being all of the north half of the north east quarter of section number thirty-six (36) in township number six (6) of range number three [3] east &c., containing 80 acres of land more or less.

And that at the next term of said Court, the said Daniel Stump will apply for an order that partition may be made made of said premises.

CAMPBELL & GILMORE,
Attorneys for Petitioner.
Attest—D. B. Morrow, Clerk.
July 14, 1870-w6prf $14

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!

Having been appointed the Agent of the Richmond Woolen Mills for the sale of all kinds of woolen Goods in their line such as Blankets, Flannels, Jeans, Tweeds, Cassimeres and Yarns, which I will exchange for wool at Factory prices.

Cash paid for wool if desired. Call in and see before disposing of your Wool.

M. F. Stephens.
May 12, 1870—w8.

The Trichina Spiralis or Pork Worm.

Perhaps it is not generally known that the much talked of *trichina spiralis*, or pork worm, was first discovered in America by Dr. R. C. Kendall, of Philladelphia, Pa., with that American instrument known as the Craig Microscope, costing only $2 75, after repeated failures to discover the worm with an imported microscope, costing $55, "of feebler power and less reliable." This act Dr. Kendall stands ready to prove at any time. The "Craig" Microscope in neat box with full direction is mailed anywhere for $2.75, by E. H. Ross 313 Locust st., St. Louis, Mo. Read advertisement in this paper. june9.3m.

How many housewives are there who have experinced the difficulty of obtaining good vinegar. Read the advertisement of W. H. Bishop in this paper. june9.3m

THE "SINGER" NEW

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

WITH ATTACHMENTS FOR ALL KINDS OF WORK.

Is fast winning favor in the Household as shown by the Sales of Last Year, Amounting to eighty-six Thousand, seven Hundred and Eighty-One Machines, which far exceed those of any other Company!

This new FAMILY MACHINE is capable of a range and variety of work such as was thought impossible, a short time ago, to perform by machinery.—We claim, and can show those whom it may concern, that it is the cheapest, most beautiful, delicately arranged nicely adjusted, easily operated, and smoothly running of all the family Sewing Machines. It is remarkable, not not only for the range and variety of its sewing, but also, for the variety and variety of sewing, but also for the variety and different Kinds of Texture which it will sew with equal facility and perfection, using Silk Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, fine or coarse, making the Interlocked-Elastic-Stitch, alike on both sides of the fabric sown. Thus heavy cloth, or leather, may be sewn with great strength and uniformity of stitch, and in a moment this willing and never weanying machine may be adjusted for fine work on Lauze or gos amer tissue, or the tucking of tarletan, or ruffling, or almost any other work which delicate fingers have been known to perform.

Purchasers can soon be convinced that our new Family Machine embodies New and essential principles—simplicity of construction—ease of operation—uniformity of PRECISE action at any speed—capacity for range and variety of work, fine or coarse, leaving all rivals behind it.

THE FOLDING CASES.

The New Family machine may be had in a variety of folding covers and cases. Some show in polished surface only the grain and tint of the wood, while others are finished in all the elaboration of art

THE ATTACHMENTS.

For Hemming, Feiling, Ruffling, Braiding, Binding, Gathering, Tucking Embroidering, and so forth, are not only numerous, but now brought to great perfection. Most of them can be attached by a simple move of the hand.—The quality of the work can only be fully appreciated on observation and examination.

Machine Twist.

INEN THREAD, SPOOL COTTON OIL, &c.

We have and shall keep in stock at our Central Office, and Agencies, [on spools of various sizes,] Twist of all sizes and colors,—Linen Thread, Spool Cotton Oil, and all other articles necessary in the use of our machines.

We wish it understood that we manufacture the Twist sold by us; that we shall aim to have it excel in quality and exceed in quantity, for a given price, that of other manufacturers, and that the Twist [made by us in our new and extensive mills, supplied as they are with the most improved machinery and skilled labor] can be relied on for the desirable qualities of uniformity of size, evenness, length of thread as marked on each spool, strength, excellence of color and beauty of finish.

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THE

DEMOCRAT can be had from now until after the Campaign for the trifling sum of SIXTY-FIVE cts. In clubs of 10 FIVE DOLLARS. This is the only, and best offer we shall make to the many Democrats of Preble. Send in the names early.

ALFRED BENNET'S ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned was this day appointed Administrator of the Estate of Alfred Bennett, deceased JULIA A. BENNETT.
J. H. Foos, Attorney.
July 14, 1870.w3 printers fee $1,75.

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During the past Six Years its worth has been testified to by thousands of Scientific Men, School Teachers, Students, Physicians, and others.

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june23m

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IT CONTAINS, The surest and only certain method to keep Eggs Fresh and Sweet for at least one year The cost is less than half a Cent per dozen, and by this method Eggs bought at eight and ten cents a dozen during the Summer, can be kept and sold through the Winter and sold for thirty and fifty cents. When once known this method will take place of all others. It does not Tarnish the Egg or give it the appearance of age. When offered for sale it cannot be told either by appearance or quality from a fresh laid Egg

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IT TELLS, How to Dye Clothes of shades and in fast colors.

IT GIVES, Valuable Receipts for curing Burns, Sores, Cuts, Felons, Frost Bites, Cancer, Ear Aches, Tooth Aches, Ring Worm, with hundreds of other new and valuable methods, with full directions, so that any one can use them.

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IT TELLS, How to make the best Curling Fluid for making the hair grow in beautiful flowing ringlets.

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