



FOR PRESIDENT, HORACE GREELEY, of N. Y. NOR VICE PRESIDENT, B. GRATZ BROWN, of Missouri Democratic State Ticket.

For Secretary of State, AQUILLA WILEY. For Supreme Judge, JOHN L. GREEN. Member of Board Public Works, ISAAC B. KILLEY.

For Congress, 4th District, Hon. J. J. WINANS, Of Green.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the Executive, and Advisory Committees of the Democratic and Liberal Republican parties, at their rooms, in Eaton, on Saturday, August 17th, 1872, at 1 o'clock, P. M. It is important that every member shall be present.

J. H. FOOS, Chairman. L. G. GOULD, Secretary.

North Carolina.

By fraud and ballot-box stuffing, the radicals succeeded in electing the Governor of North Carolina, by a small majority. The Democrats have the Legislature, and will contest the seat and give it where it properly belongs.

Executive Committee.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee in Columbus on Tuesday, July 30, a State Executive Committee consisting of five members was elected. Hon. JOHN G. THOMPSON was elected Chairman, E. B. ESHELMAN, Secretary, and JACOB REINHARD, Esq., Treasurer, and AMOS LAYMAN, Esq., and Hon. M. A. DAUGHERTY were elected members.

The officers of the Executive Committee are the same as in 1867.

Some Democrats affect to believe that there is no choice for Democrats between Greeley and Grant, and declare that the former is no better than the latter. The Democrats seem to lose sight altogether of the fact that these men represent at this time policies directly the opposite of each other. Greeley is the champion of despotism—advocating the subordination of the political affairs of the states to the military control of the General Government. Nothing political can be wider apart than Greeley and Grant, and while the latter occupies a position that must be condemned and opposed by every Democrat, Mr. Greeley is now acting in concert with the cherished principles of the Democracy.

While Mr. Greeley was not the first choice of Democrats by any means, for the Presidency, yet they all recognize the fact that the only hope of ridding the country of the dishonest and corrupt men with which Grant has surrounded himself, is by joining hand with the honest men of the country, without regard to former issues. And they will do it, without a doubt.

The Rads spent more money to carry North Carolina than was ever spent in a political canvass before, in any State, and used more terrorism!

Grant's Attempt to Bribe Senators.

When Carl Schurz said, in his great speech, that the President had tried to bribe him with an offer of unlimited patronage if he would support his pet Santa Domingo project, he started the country somewhat, but touched that functionary in a very tender and sore place. The next meeting of the cabinet was principally devoted to a consideration of what it was best to do. Something must be done, that was certain, Gen. Grant authorized an explicit denial and challenge for proof, whereupon the ready and versatile German published a letter from Gen. Pleasanton, for a long time one of the President's family and trusted intimates. The letter justifies the Senator's statement in every particular, and adds that this is not the first instance in which Gen. Grant's recollection has proved at fault. The affair has had a damaging effect upon the fair minded Republicans who care more for the country than for Gen. Grant, and would sooner see him defeated than have the nation suffer at his hands. But the unfavorable impressions were deepened by the prompt statement of other Senators that they were approached in the same way, and Gen. Grant went to the Capitol and personally sought to influence Senators by such considerations as he could personally present! Mr. Sumner was offered the mission to England if he would let the measure pass without the notice of his ever-vigilant eyes! A sadder revelation of executive unfitness and degeneracy has never been made. Every patriotic American will turn from the disclosure with pain. Instead of running him for re-election, he should be impeached by a unanimous vote of the U. S. Senate; and this would take place but for the fact that the majority in the Senate is as corrupt as Grant himself. Impeach him! impeach him! is the demand of every honest man.

Rail-Road.

The latest item concerning our Railroad, we clip from a letter in the Cincinnati Gazette, from Bellefontaine, Ohio, dated August 8th:

Bids were opened yesterday for the portion of the Lake Erie Evansville and Southwestern Railroad, to be built in this city and township, Col. Pattison, Superintendent of the road for the company, was awarded the contract for the \$60,000 bonds issued by the township. The company contracts to build the mile of the road, all turn outs, side tracks, switches, frogs, &c., and put the iron down ready for running. Work will commence immediately.

In North Carolina the Grant Administration have had 400 U.S. marshals operating during the late campaign at five dollars a day. These fellows made arrests almost all over the State just previous to the election on some pretense or other. The persons arrested were allowed their liberty, provided they would vote the radical ticket, and promised, that, if they did so, the cases against them would be nollied after the election. This extended villany, with the expenditure of hundreds of thousands of dollars of their corruption fund, may account for the election in that State, being so close on Governor. The State, however is all right, and Merriam is governor elect. The Legislature is largely conservative, and we have five of the eight members of Congress.

Less than five per cent of the Radical vote added to the Democratic vote of Ohio will give the State to Greeley. The secession from the radical ranks since Greeley's nomination, gives every assurance that Ohio will wheel in to the victorious line next November. Every Democrat, every farmer, every honest man will vote for honest old Horace.

Now that General Banks has "gone over to the enemy," of course he never was of any account—he was quite as worthless indeed as Salmon P. Chase. Lorace Greeley, Lyman Trumbull, Carl Schurz, or Charles Sumner. O. P. Morton, Ben. Butler and Simon Cameron are the real patrons of great and true deliverers of sound doctrine.

Has the Grant Administration been Economical?

The Republican speakers and the Republican papers have a good deal to say about the economy of the Grant Administration and the great reduction of expenses while Grant has been President. The Eaton Register is making a big effort to stuff its readers on Grant's economy. It is a dirty piece of deception for even a reckless pot-house stump-tail orator to undertake to impose upon those who have not the means to detect the fraud and imposition, but when a christian (?) editor of a Sunday School journal engages in the imposition it is still meaner and lower. If he does it ignorantly he is to be pitied. If his boasting be true the public documents furnished by Grant's officials ought to show it, but this they do not appear to do. If the Grant Administration has been economical a comparison of similar expenses under the previous administration will demonstrate it. The New York Tribune has made this comparison and here are the results, let Morris study them:

The expenses of Congress itself seem to fulfill this requirement. Now we find that the cost of the Fortieth Congress, from June 30, 1866, to June 30, 1869, was \$6,651,074, including books, and that of the Forty-first Congress, from June 30, 1869, to June 30, 1871, was \$11,223,042. We find no evidence of economy here; but, on the contrary, a startling increase in the bill. We are at a loss to conceive what we have had for all these millions. It scarcely seems possible that the Forty-first Congress was worth five millions more than the Fortieth.

Next we will compare the cost of the Executive Department. Under this head are embraced the salaries of a great number of officeholders, including nearly all the big and little officials at Washington. We are told that Johnson's administration was notoriously profligate, and it is commonly believed that Grant is immensely less expensive than Johnson was. Yet we find that the last two years of Johnson's administration consumed \$12,856,220, while the first two Grants run up to \$18,709,472. The latter sum does not include two millions expended for compiling the census returns. The Judiciary, too, increased their expenses from \$4,840,389 in 1867-9 to \$5,981,262 in 1869-71. Neither in the legislative, executive or judiciary departments do we find the Grant administration less expensive than Johnson's.

The mint, assay offices and sub-treasuries, which cost \$2,281,055 in 1867-9 rise to \$2,944,877 in 1869-71. Foreign intercourse, including salaries of ministers and consuls, was maintained at an expense of \$2,470,810 in 1867-9, and of \$3,095,150 in 1869-71. Johnson collected the customs for \$14,548,448, in 1869-71; Grant for \$14,802,528. The Indians were experimented with for about \$10,900,000 for the two years by both administrations. Forts and fortifications, river and harbor improvements, public buildings and repairs of buildings, absorbed \$14,574,763 in 1867-9, and \$16,420,161 in 1869-71. But we will not weary the reader with details. We make the broad statement that there is nothing in the official reports of Government expenditures from 1867 to the latest issue to countenance in the slightest degree the boast of superior economy which is so boldly made by the partisans of General Grant. It is not an easy matter for a great and unwise government, such as that of the United States has now become, to make progress in the direction of economy. For the last three years, leaving out of the account the army and navy, the progress has been the other way. With the President's peculiar management of the civil service and the subservience of Congressmen, what else could be expected? Let us hear no more, then, of this false pretense of economy as an argument for a second term of personal government.

The defeat of John A. Bingham in the Sixteenth District is significant. Bingham was the first man to beat the going in Ohio for Grant. He appeared at Elyria as the early bird of the campaign. His defense of Grant upon that occasion, especially against the charge of nepotism, was grand and majestic.

Every republican that leaves the corruption party is a "scab," or a "sore-head" according to the Register and papers of its kind. We are forced to the conclusion that every member of that party is a "scab." As soon as the independent man thinks for himself they all turn "States evidence."

POLITICAL NOTES.

One of the puerile arguments brought against Mr. Greeley is that the people of the South cannot possibly vote for him because they are so angry with him for his so called "On to Richmond" course in THE TRIBUNE. Another is that Northern people cannot vote for him because he sympathized with the Rebels all through the war. Wouldn't it be just as well to select one of these lies and stick to it? They will not hang together.

It is proposed to "fill up" that "chasm" which Secretary Boutwell objects to clasping hands across, by dumping into it the present Administration. The people have taken the contract, and it will be performed in November.

The Liberal Republican National committee are getting out a pamphlet showing the absent days of the President and all the members of his cabinet for the past three years. The pamphlet shows time of leaving and return by date.

After North Carolina, Maine, September 9th, Presidential year, should be compared with Presidential years. Four years ago the Grautites carried North Carolina booming. Where are they now?

Gen. Hunton and Col. John Mosby had a political discussion at Salem, Fauquier Co., Virginia, on the 8d. Mosby is loyal, now that he goes Grant?

In a recent letter, Chief Justice Chase says: "If I live, and am able to go to Cincinnati in November, I shall vote for Horace Greeley."

Judging by the North Carolina election the People are determined to bury hatred and fill up the bloody chasm with the Grant gentry.

The Democrats and Liberal Republicans of Michigan have united upon a state ticket. The Democrats and Liberals have struck hands in Vermont & have nominated a state ticket.

Presto Change.

What a remarkable coincidence exists in the histories of the three great lights of the Dental Association, whom Indiana Radicals do most delight to honor, relative to changing the names bestowed upon them in youth. As is well known Grant's name was originally Hiram U. Grant, but on account of the generosity of an early friend of the family whose name was not Higgins, but Simpson, the Hiram was dropped by the grateful Jesse, a new deal was had, and our hero henceforth was known as Ulysses Simpson Grant. The name of our great Dairyman Governor is really O. H. P. Throckmorton; but on account of some youthful irregularities, it was almost entirely remodeled, and appeared anew in its present abbreviated form. But the greatest enterprise in this regard manifested by any of the Grant party is that shown by their candidate for Vice President, Mr. Michael Mullaly, alias Jerry Colbath alias Henry Wilson. The fact of his name being changed by the Legislature of Massachusetts from Jerry Colbath to Henry Wilson, on his own petition is known and conceded by all his friends; but comes now one Peter Miller, a well known shoe-maker of Covington, Kentucky, who says he is well acquainted with the aforesaid Vice Presidential candidate, worked in the same shop with him when a boy, and that Wilion is really an Irishman, who ran away from home at an early age, and on coming to this country assumed the name of Jerry Colbath. What a fellow feeling those gentlemen of many names have. After November next we may look for another change all around.

Grant's Economy.

No one will dispute the fact that, all things being equal, the cheapest Government is the best, and that economy is a virtue in rulers which is always properly appreciated by the people. The revenues of our government arise from only two sources—taxes on imported goods, which necessarily go to increase their price, and direct internal taxes. The one coming mediately the other immediately from the pockets of the people. In 1860 the United States Army cost the people \$16,001,167. In 1872 it cost \$14,080,085. In 1860 the Navy cost the people \$11,513,150; one million and a half of which was for new vessels. In 1871 it cost \$19,431,027, with not a cent for new vessels. Here we discover a difference in two items of expenditure for a single year, of \$32,696,795, in favor of James Buchanan's Democratic Administration over U. S. Grant Radical rule. These are facts which the Secretary of the Treasury can not cover up with all his proverbial cunning. They are too palpable to escape the notice of any but the wilfully blind.—Dayton Ledger.

EATON MARKET.

Table with columns for 'BUYING' and 'SELLING' prices for various commodities like Flour, Butter, Eggs, etc.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

Table with columns for 'BUYING' and 'SELLING' prices for various commodities like Butter, Coffee, Lard, etc.

October Election.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT.—Please announce the name of B. N. FLEMING, as an independent candidate for County Coroner, at the next October election. MANY VOTERS.

VALUABLE Real Estate! For Sale.

The undersigned will offer at private sale the following Real Estate situated in Preble county, Ohio, 2 1/2 miles south of the county seat. One Farm of 30 acres, 2 1/2 miles south of the county seat.

Benj. N. FLEMING'S SHOEING SHOP!

BENJ. N. FLEMING, has opened a New Blacksmith Shop on Main Street, on the lot south of Steven's Livery Stable, where he will do Horse Shoeing in all its various branches and in the most satisfactory manner.

WANTED

We will give energetic men and women Business that will pay from \$4 to \$8 per day, can be pursued at your own homes, and is strictly honorable. Send for samples that will enable you to go to work at once.

New Drug Store. J. DONOHUE & CO.,

SIMPSON'S VEGETABLE SYRUP!

Purifying the System! SCROFULA!

IN ALL FORMS! Sore Eyes, Tetter, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Old Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Erysipelas and Catarrh.

Rheumatism

LONG STANDING DISEASES OF THE Liver and Dispepsia! It is the only known Remedy for Removing SYPHILIS!

Lumber! Lumber! To The Public.

ROBINSON CHAMBERS & CO. KEEP FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES PINE, POPULAR AND ASH Flooring, Dressed Pine and Poplar Siding, Dressed Ash Pine and Poplar Finishing LUMBER.

BENJ. HUBBARD, I. E. FREEMAN, Hubbard & Freeman, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

Blythe Bro's, HOUSE & SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS, Donahoe's Building, up stairs, Main Street, Eaton, Ohio.

\$10 DOLLARS Set of Teeth,

At the Dental Office of TUTTLE & WELSH, Minor's Block, Eaton, O.

Supply YOURSELF

DRY GOODS!

While you Can Buy them Cheap!

Branch Store At Eaton, O.,

To Close Out A Large Stock!

In 30 Days, JACKSON & CO.,

Hamilton, O.

Van Ausdal's Room,

MAIN ST., WEST OF BARRON.

The TRADE WAGON!



It is a three-spoked wagon intended for general purposes, where a light wagon is required. It makes a very neat Business Wagon!

SEWING MACHINE WAGON, WARRANTED.

All the principal carriage makers keep them. Send for descriptive catalogue to the manufacturers. S. N. BROWN, Dayton, O.

New Hardware House IN EATON.

Boner & Myler, Selected Stock of Hardware!!

Iron, Nails, Cutlery, Agricultural Implements! Carpenters Tools, &c.

Special Inducements!

GROCERIES AND Queensware!!

And all in to have the largest and best supply ever kept in one house in Eaton, and invite the trading public to Give them a Call!

C. BROWN, Boots & Shoes.



Baron Street, Eaton, Ohio. Keep constantly on hand a full stock of all kinds of LEATHER GOODS and makes to order every style of

BOOTS & SHOES, GAITERS, SLIPPERS &c.

He warrants all his work to be just what he recommends it, and makes to order every style of work of every description to suit the taste.

New Goods!

VanAusdal & Co., Have Now Received FROM NEW YORK!!

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF SPRING & SUMMER Goods!!

For Rent.

A Good Dwelling (House and business-room) in the centre of West Alexandria. Terms moderate. For particulars address, or apply to STOTLER & GLANDER, West Alexandria, O.

FARM For Sale Cheap!!

I WILL SELL at private sale, a Farm situated one mile from the Court House, in Eaton, on the Lexington Free Turnpike, containing Eighty-one Acres sixty acres of it under cultivation, and the very best of tobacco land. The improvements are a New Frame Cottage, containing nine rooms well finished; a Good Barn; a Wash House; a Smoke House; never failing Well; half mile of New Pine Board Fence along front of farm; also, a Frame Tenant House of four rooms. I will sell low.

Terms.—One-third cash, balance remain on mortgage for four years. Call and see for yourselves. S. H. THOMAS, On the premises. Eaton, July 18, 1872, &c.

GREAT Sale of Town Lots!

The subscriber will offer at Public Sale On Saturday, August 24, 1872, Forty-Four Valuable Lots!!

Suitable for building purposes, lying East of Ankerman Street—adjoining the Corporation of Eaton.

The Lots have been carefully laid out by a competent engineer, with suitable streets and alleys. Several of the lots have very fine fruit growing on them.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash; one-third in one year; one-third in two years; deferred payments secured by mortgage on premises, with eight (8) per cent. interest. R. E. PRYOR, July 23, 1872, &c.