

The Election in Meigs Co.

We publish to-day the official vote of Meigs County. The result is exceedingly gratifying. The whole County ticket, as will be seen, is triumphantly elected. In view of the desperate means resorted to by some of those calling themselves Democrats, the vote speaks well for the intelligence of the citizens.

If the naked lies invented, the petty falsehoods circulated—and the miserable misrepresentations resorted to had been believed by the people, and produced the effect anticipated by their inventors and peddlers, the Republicans would have been overwhelmed. But relying on the simple majesty of truth and the good sense and moral integrity of the people, we believed, and said before the election, what the official vote proves true, that even in politics "honesty is the best policy."

When requested, by our friends to notice the miserable fall-hoos circulated about us, we declined as a general thing to do so, stating that if the people were stupid or prejudiced enough to believe them, or to be influenced by such preposterous and shameless outrages upon truth and decency, we did not wish to be their Representatives. In short, we believed that those so operating had underestimated the intelligence of the citizens of the County, and we point to the official vote for the correctness of our opinion.

We sincerely hope that the rebuke administered on Tuesday last will teach a lesson that will not be forgotten. For the last five years, the capital stock of Democratic stumblers and prelates has been but the repetition of the stale and senseless along which it was supposed would operate through the lowest prejudices and basest passions of the people, to the promotion of the leaders of the party. And we frankly confess, that if they had not mistaken the mental and moral capacities of the people, their tactics would have been successful. It was simply a mistake in the calculation. They assumed that a majority of the people were too ignorant to detect their misrepresentations, and too prejudiced to let what sense they had guide them in their actions. On this assumption their plan for the campaign was well chosen. And but for the fundamental mistake in their premises, their success would have been complete.

We are curious to know what will be resorted to next. Nothing but sheer infatuation can lead to another repetition of the same worn out weapons. Failing, as they did, on Tuesday last, and signal as is the rebuke administered by the people, it would be but adding the hopeless insanity of fanaticism to the moral depravity of the actors, to conduct another campaign, upon the same platform, and with the same instrumentalities. We therefore hope for an approach to the ordinary decencies of social life hereafter, as it is demonstrated that the opposite course will not "pay."

We do not like to designate the citizens by classes, as our doctrine is that citizenship carries with it equality wherever the person may have been born; but we cannot close without bearing witness to the gallant bearing of our German Republicans. The Welsh, Scotch and English naturalized citizens have generally been Republicans from the organization of the party, while the great majority of the Germans have acted with the Democrats. But we are happy to know that very many of the thoughtful Germans voted the Republican ticket on Tuesday last for the first time. And very many more would do so to-day if the election was to be repeated. The German mind is not easily changed, but when changed upon conviction, it stays changed. And many of them are beginning to see things in their true light. They have no desire to be humbugged, and finding that they have been deceived and imposed upon by those who have obtained their votes, by such means, are becoming disgusted, and will show their independence hereafter. Democratic leaders have boasted heretofore that they had a mortgage on the German vote, and let others do as they pleased, the Germans could be relied upon to vote the Democratic ticket. The German vote of Tuesday last has opened the eyes of these leaders, and they are now cursing the Dutch, as earnestly as they were intent on wheeling them before election. We are very much mistaken if many of those who still voted the Democratic ticket on Tuesday last, are not found along side of their Republican brethren at the next election.

Upon the whole the result of the election in this county is exceedingly gratifying, and we congratulate our friends thereon. The skies are bright, and the future promising. With increasing educational facilities and the diffusion of general intelligence, the politics of the county will be elevated more and more from the debasing appeals to passion and prejudice, to the nobler and purer plane of reason and conscience, until the right to exercise a freeman's franchise, will have coupled with it in the mind of every citizen, a most sacred duty which can only be discharged aright by an understanding of the real issues between the parties and honestly acting upon that understanding. We believe the people of the county are progressing in this direction, and therefore we believe the principles of the Republican party are destined, not only to be permanent, but to draw to the party from year to year, such acquisitions from the ranks of the Democrats as will make its majority overwhelming.

Glorious News.

Republican Governor in Ohio, elected by near twenty thousand majority!—Both branches of the Legislature Republican, by the unparalleled majority of thirteen on joint ballot! Dough-faceism, in the person of Senator Pugh, effectually crushed out in Ohio! A Republican Senator will be elected who will represent the people of Ohio instead of the slave trading disunionists of the South, as the pusillanimous Leconte who has misrepresented us for the last six years has done! An honest districting of the State is secured, and a fair expression of the will of the people can be had at the polls in future! The victory is complete, and such as was never before achieved by any party in the State. Let the people everywhere rejoice!

More Glorious News.

Pennsylvania, the Key-Stone State—the home of Buchanan, and the strong hold of Democracy—has stepped along side of Ohio and the other Free States, and rolled up a most magnificent majority against the mis-named Democratic party. The Legislature is even more overwhelmingly Republican than that of Ohio. The last remnant of dough-faceism is nearly swept from the Legislative Halls of that ancient Commonwealth!

A Republican Senator is secured in the place of the plant and servile Bigler! No proposition has ever been brought by the Southern fire-eaters which did not find a willing tool in this same Bigler. It was thought that no degree of subservency could break the allegiance of the Democrats of Pennsylvania to the party. But the result shows that the leaders counted without their host—that there is a point beyond which the masses of the party will not be driven.

All hail! Gloriously triumphant Pennsylvania! Ohio sends greeting, and side by side, in the coming and final struggle for the right says, "let the only rivalry be, which shall be the truest to the Constitution, the Union, and the rights of humanity!"

Still More Glorious News.

Indiana held her election on the same day as Ohio and Pennsylvania. The returns are not received sufficiently to give the result, but so far as heard from the Republicans are sweeping the State. The latest telegraphic dispatches indicate the complete triumph of Republicanism in that State. As there were nothing but County officers to be elected this year, the result of the contest there is only important as showing the change in the popular sentiment in the right direction, and giving assurance that Indiana will be in perfect harmony with her sisters of the East, North and West in 1880. Welcome Indiana, to the Republican fraternity! Yes, thrice welcome!

And Still More Glorious News.

Iowa, from her free homes on her broad prairies, has just given in her verdict in the great case of "Free vs. Slave Labor." She held her election on the same day as Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, &c. The returns are not all received, but so far as heard from, she has followed in the train of the other States named, and given a rebuke to the subservience of her dough-faces that will be remembered for the next generation at least.

And thus, from all directions the cheering news comes to strengthen the faith, and confirm the hopes, and nerve the purposes of the true friends of their country. The people cannot be made the instruments of their own degradation! It is a sublime spectacle to see the masses of the people rise in their might, and, bursting through the ties and prejudices of party, smite down by the silent but omnipotent power of the ballot-box, the men and the party in whom they had so long trusted! It teaches a lesson that will not soon be forgotten. Although a temporary success may be won by sham, and falsehood—by frauds and misrepresentations—yet in the end, a straight-forward, honest course in politics, as in everything else will be found the most successful, and the sooner the fact is admitted the better it will be for all parties.

And Still Further and More Glorious News Expected!

Minnesota held her election on the same day as Ohio, &c. She elected a Governor, two members of Congress, and a Legislature which will elect a U. S. Senator in place of Shields.

We have not heard from any portion of the State, but judging from the vote of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, and Iowa, we expect next week to announce the complete triumph of Republicanism in the new and gallant State. It can hardly be, that she will permit the dough-faces that now speak in her name to disgrace her long in the halls of Congress.

P. S. Since writing the above we have received the Cincinnati "Gazette" of the 15th inst., which brings the glorious news that Minnesota is all over Republican. State Ticket, both Members of Congress, and both branches of the Legislature, securing a U. S. Senator in place of Shields.

The Hon. Joseph R. Swan, chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Ohio has resigned his position, to take effect on the third Tuesday of October, which is to-day. The Governor will, make a temporary appointment until the term of Judge Johnson, just elected, commences. The Governor, taking the vote of the people from year to year, such acquisitions from the ranks of the Democrats as will make its majority overwhelming.

The State Election.

We congratulate our Republican friends—and Democrats as well—on the auspicious result of the election in Ohio. We have no disposition to exult over the utter prostration of the Democratic party. The masses of the party are doubtless honest, and many of the more intelligent, after the first mortification of defeat has passed, will rejoice with us at the result, for they will share in the common benefit. The leaders, whose all was at stake, will rave of course, and in their downfall we unfeignedly rejoice.

We confess the result is far beyond our expectation. We expected to elect the State ticket, and with the anticipated aid of Hamilton County, hoped to carry the Legislature. But as stated in our last number, without Hamilton County we did not hope to succeed.

In the last Legislature the Democratic party had, we believe, 26 majority on joint ballot. As their very existence as a party depended on their success this fall, they made as they themselves said, "almost superhuman efforts." And as they everywhere professed to be certain of success, we did not hope to overcome so large a majority as 26 in the Legislature. But the result shows that, although we lost the ten members from Hamilton County by a few votes, we have still carried both branches of the Legislature by the unprecedented majority of 39 on joint ballot. This secures a U. S. Senator in place Pugh, and a fair and honest districting of the State for members of Congress.

It settles too, the vote of the State for President next year. All factions of the Democratic party were united in the election just past. But it is morally impossible that they should unite again. The feud between Douglas, Buchanan, Wise, Hunter, and Jeff. Davis, and their respective followers, only waited the fall elections to break out in irreconcilable fury. It manifested itself in the murder of Senator Broderick of California—Douglas' most valued friend—as soon as the election there was past. And the organs of the factions are now filled with vindictive bitterness unprejudiced in political controversies heretofore.

The friends of freedom and good government will take fresh courage from the splendid victory of Tuesday last, and moving forward in the calm majesty of conscious right, relying upon the intelligence and virtue of the people, will, next year, restore the General Government to the principles of the Fathers in the earlier and purer days of the Republic. Let all the people rejoice!

The Balloon Mania.

Notwithstanding the many fatal accidents, and the hitherto unprofitable results of ballooning, the mania is more intense than ever. Certain parties have conceived the idea of crossing the Atlantic in a balloon, and are making the necessary preparations therefor. We think it probable the feat may be accomplished, and quite as probable that the "daring navigators of the air" will perish in the attempt.

A few days since, the celebrated La Montain and Mr. Haddock, the editor of the Watertown "Herald," made an ascent from Watertown N. Y., and in four hours, landed in a dense pine forest in Canada, three hundred miles from the starting place.

They were four days in the woods with nothing to eat but live frogs. Their friends had given them up as lost; but to their great relief the wanderers have returned. The suffering of the balloonists as published by them, was severe in the extreme. But it will not likely deter either them or others from further expeditions. The account is too lengthy to be published in the Telegraph.

A Flourishing Institution.

The Ohio Penitentiary contains cells for seven hundred and six convicts. This was supposed, at the time of its construction to be more than would ever be occupied. During last Winter it became manifest that more room must be furnished to secure the increasing number of convicts. The Legislature accordingly made an appropriation for enlarging the Institution by the addition of ninety new cells. These are not yet complete. But in the meantime the number has increased to eight hundred and sixty. One hundred and fifty six are now lodged nightly in the Chapel under a strong guard. And the additional cells provided for by the last Legislature were completed it would still leave sixty-four unprovided for. And the Fall term of the Courts in the several counties will doubtless send up a large reinforcement.

One of two things must be done. Either a new Penitentiary must be provided for immediately or the Governor must deal out pardons by wholesale. To keep the convicts in the present buildings is simply an impossibility.

Our readers will remember the celebrated Dr. Graham of New Orleans, who committed a murder in a Hotel at New York, some two or three years ago, for which he was sentenced to the Penitentiary, and soon after pardoned out by the Governor, on the earnest solicitation of the Governor and other prominent citizens of Louisiana. We see by our exchanges that the Dr. has just been killed in a fracas in a drinking saloon in New Orleans.

Four balls from a revolver entered his right breast within a few inches of each other, killing him almost instantly. His executioner was Ernest Toleando. An inquest was held and the jury returned a verdict fully justifying Toleando in the slaughter of Graham. He took one

Origin of the Broderick and Terry Duel.

St. Louis, Oct. 6, 10 P. M.
The Overland Mail arrived last evening, with San Francisco dates to the 16th ult. The San Francisco "Bulletin," of the 15th, gives the following origin of the difficulty between Senator Broderick and Judge Terry, which has had such an unhappy termination:

David G. Terry was a candidate for re-nomination before the Leconte State Convention; he failed to receive the requisite vote, and W. W. Cope was chosen in his stead. After the nominations were complete, several persons were called on for speeches, and among others, Judge Terry, who made a brief speech, pledging himself to the support of the ticket, eulogizing the party, and using the following language, which excited considerable anger among those who belonged to the Anti-Leconte party:

"Who are our opponents? a party based on no principles, except the abuse of one section of the country and the aggrandizement of another, having no existence in fifteen States of the Confederacy. What other? a miserable remnant of a faction sailing under false colors, trying to obtain votes under false pretenses, (applause); and they have no distinction, and are entitled to none. They are the followers of one man; the personal chattels of a single individual, whom they are ashamed of. (Great applause.)

They belong, heart and soul, body and breeches, to Broderick [laughter and applause], and they are yet ashamed to acknowledge their master, and calling themselves, forsooth, Douglas Democrats, when it is known, as well to them as to us, that the gallant Senator from Illinois, whose voice has always been heard in advocacy of Democratic principles, has no feeling in common with them. Perhaps, Mr. President, and gentlemen, I am mistaken in denying their right to claim Douglas as their leader; perhaps they do sail under the flag of Douglas; but it is the banner of the Black Douglas, whose name is Frederick, and not Stephen [great cheers].

A day or two subsequent to the above speech, Mr. Broderick, while at breakfast at the International Hotel, happened to be seated near David W. Perley, a devoted friend of Judge Terry. Broderick, from reading a report of the speech, broke out in violent language, which was deemed grossly insulting towards Judge Terry, delivered with bitterness and directly addressed to Mr. Perley, who soon interfered in defense of his absent friend. An altercation between him and Broderick followed, which soon took such a personal turn that Perley withdrew from the table, and subsequently sent Mr. Broderick a challenge to mortal combat, which as is well known, was declined, and intimation given that such matters would be attended to after the canvass. On the election day, Terry, in company with Perley, left Sacramento for San Francisco, the Judge having first resigned his office. It was known on the boat going down that Terry intended to challenge Broderick. Arriving at San Francisco with his physician, Dr. Aylett, of Stockton, he sent Broderick a peremptory challenge. Broderick through his friends desired to know what particular offense he had given, to which answer was returned that he had no direct reference to the Perley matter, but to language used about that time by Broderick, expressing regret that the Vigilance Committee had not hung the Judge, to which Broderick replied, that while he spoke this in a moment of excitement, such were not his sentiments; he did not wish to have that body hang any man; and that he was willing to acknowledge this publicly; but as it was occasioned by what Judge Terry had said of Broderick at the Convention, Terry should also withdraw his remarks on that occasion; this he peremptorily refused to do, hence, there was no course but to fight. A meeting was arranged for the 12th, and reports of every variety were current on that day. A warrant was sworn out by Mark Brumme, in banker, charging the parties with intent to fight with deadly weapons. The warrant was placed in the hands of Chief of Police Burke, who secured its endorsement by the Justice of the first township in San Mateo county, thus acquiring the power to arrest the duellists in either county. All the vehicles in the city had been engaged the previous day, and the officers had some difficulty in procuring conveyances; finally, by following the gentlemen who carried the pistols with which the duel was to be fought, they came upon the parties at Davis' Ranch, in San Mateo county. They had chosen a beautiful valley, surrounded by high hills, and were about to take their positions, Broderick having the choice of ground.

The police at once arrested the principals, and took them in separate conveyances before Judge Coon. After two hours' discussion, the complainants were dismissed, and the defendants discharged, and immediately left town; and passed the night in sequestered localities, preparing for the inevitable event of the morrow.

Meantime, the city was greatly excited, and at an early hour on the morning of the 13th, hundreds were on the *qui vive*, anxious to witness the encounter. Since the days of the Vigilance Committee nothing equaling this in the effect upon all minds, has transpired in San Francisco. The ground where the hostile meeting would take place was not generally known, as several changes had already been made; but that instinct which draws the vulture to the feast, led each and all to the place, which was a small valley some ten miles from Merced Lake. The principals, with seconds and physician, were on the ground, at a quarter past six o'clock, both apparently in the best of spirits, neither all anxious or nervous as to the result. Half an hour was occupied in the preliminary arrangements; during this time the principals maintained their positions, and listened with much composure to the details. Judge Terry stood with his head thrown slightly back, looking toward his antagonist, maintaining the position of a practiced duelist, presenting only the edge of his person and keeping his left hand and shoulder well behind him. Mr. Broderick, on the contrary, though at first assuming a position somewhat similar, seemed to prefer a more careless and less constrained one, and gradually presented more of his body to the fire of his opponent. He stood erect, but with his head rather down. Once his foot got a friction over the line, when Mr. McKibben stepped forward and replaced it. He took one

good look at his antagonist, ran his eye rapidly over the intervening ground as if drawing a baseline, and did not again raise his eye until the word was given to fire, which was at a quarter past seven. Mr. Broderick raised his pistol, and had slowly brought it to angle of forty-five degrees, when, owing to the delicacy of the hair trigger, it was discharged, the ball entering the ground about four paces from him. Judge Terry fired a few seconds later, taking deliberate aim; at that instant Mr. Broderick clapped his left hand to his right breast, feeling slowly to the left, and before his seconds could reach him, fell to the ground, still holding his pistol. Judge Terry folded his arms, but did not move from his position. The seconds of Mr. Broderick immediately ran to his aid, and found that the bullet had entered just forward of the right nipple, and had lodged, as was supposed, under the left arm.

Judge Terry with his friends, upon leaving the field, drove rapidly into the city, and took a boat for Oakland, and thence by a private conveyance to Sacramento, via Martinez. At the latter place he experienced some difficulty in getting ferried across to Benicia. The flags in both places were then suspended at half mast, caused by the false report of Mr. Broderick's death. He was able to speak during the afternoon; but owing to the wounding of the lungs, the articulation was generally unintelligible. The internal bleeding caused intense pain and a suffocating sensation. No hopes were entertained of his recovery, and at 9 o'clock on the morning of the 16th he expired.

Correspondence.

City Items.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 13, '69.
EDITORS OF TELEGRAPH:—I have been patronizing the Queen City with my presence for the last two and a half weeks.

During that time I have seen much to admire, and much extravagance to condemn. The city is in full bloom with the gaieties of fashionable life. Cincinnati is made up of artists splendor, and of two hundred and seventy thousand inhabitants. From early dawn till twelve o'clock at night, this city reminds one of a well-filled beehive, when the bees are swarming. Cincinnati contains one hundred and fifty Churches, and five Jewish Synagogues, which are more than any other city in the Union boast of, with the same amount of population. I heard the Rev. G. T. Flanders (Universalist) preach last Sabbath A. M., to a large and fashionable congregation, a most eloquent sermon. I quote his conclusion from notes taken on the spot. At the conclusion of the Reverend gentleman's discourse, he alluded to the celebration of the Lord's Supper, in which they were about to engage. It was to illustrate the fact of our having an elder brother, who had gone before, and was awaiting us on high. "I once stood," said the speaker, "in St. Paul's Cathedral, and on every hand I beheld the monuments of British heroes—the lamented dead whom England delighted to honor. I looked around for the monument of the builder of that majestic dome, but could only observe the following inscription on the front of the building, to this effect: He who would look for my monument must find it in this Cathedral pile. The monuments to the Savior may be seen in His works—in all nature, in the spires that point heavenward, and are in our hearts." On the same day, at 3 o'clock P. M., I heard the Rev. Dr. Boynton preach to three thousand people, at Pike's Opera House. His subject was, The ministry of angels, and the recognition of friends in the future life. The Rev. gentleman presented his subject with great vehemence, and with apparent satisfaction to the multitude that was there. It was a grand sight to behold that large and fashionable congregation in that majestic building, which cost a quarter of a million of dollars. I visited Hugh's High School on Friday last, and witnessed with supreme delight, the reading of original compositions, by the junior and senior classes, and heard four classes in vocal music, which were star performances. The subject of the junior class was "Progress," and that of the senior one was "National Glory." The whole class wrote on one and the same subject. This school is composed of two hundred and fifty advanced pupils, from the primary institutions. A synopsis of public institutions may be of some interest. Nine daily, and twenty weekly papers are published here. This city contains seven public and society libraries, four orphan Asylums, three Theaters and one Museum, forty-seven Public Buildings, eighty Hotels and Taverns, which charge for bed and board, from three dollars per day to two and a half a week, and they are full to overflowing with strangers; seventeen Insurance Companies, eight Benevolent Institutions. Among the charitable and reformatory ones, none should hold a higher rank than the House of Refuge, for no one of them is better adapted to secure the future prosperity of its citizens. For vagrant boys and girls are here taken and trained, morally and intellectually, who before had been pests and criminals in the streets. Two Literary Colleges, one Law School, five Medical and Surgical, one Dental, five Commercial and Mercantile Colleges, and many other institutions of interest, which are too tedious to mention in a brief letter. Scarlet fever has assumed the character of an epidemic among children here. Twenty-one fatal cases were reported last week. Political knowing ones say that the next Ohio Legislature will be Republican, and there will be twenty thousand majority for Wm. Dennison in the State; for the returns up to now justify such conclusions.

Yours, truly,
R. BRESZL.

We publish in another place, a communication from our friend R. Bissell Esq., for which he will accept our thanks, and the assurance that we will be happy to hear from him again at his convenience.

A child of Mrs. Henlen, about two years old, residing on Fair-Allen, sitting on a door-step yesterday, was seized by a large hog, dragged into the street and severely injured before some boys, who noticed the act, could drive the infuriated brute away. One leg of the child was shockingly mangled, but no serious result is feared.—Columbus (Ohio) Statesman.

MARRIED.

On the 5th inst., by Rev. I. S. Twombly, Mr. GEO. L. PARKER and Miss MARY JANE TAYLOR, all of Meigs Co., Ohio.
On the 6th inst., by the same, Rev. H. G. WILLIAMS, of Hartford Co., Conn., and Miss ANNA FESLER, of Meigs Co., Ohio.

Pomeroys Retail Market.
Pomeroys, Tuesday, October 18, 1869.
Flour, 50.00; 50.50; 51.00; 51.50; 52.00; 52.50; 53.00; 53.50; 54.00; 54.50; 55.00; 55.50; 56.00; 56.50; 57.00; 57.50; 58.00; 58.50; 59.00; 59.50; 60.00; 60.50; 61.00; 61.50; 62.00; 62.50; 63.00; 63.50; 64.00; 64.50; 65.00; 65.50; 66.00; 66.50; 67.00; 67.50; 68.00; 68.50; 69.00; 69.50; 70.00; 70.50; 71.00; 71.50; 72.00; 72.50; 73.00; 73.50; 74.00; 74.50; 75.00; 75.50; 76.00; 76.50; 77.00; 77.50; 78.00; 78.50; 79.00; 79.50; 80.00; 80.50; 81.00; 81.50; 82.00; 82.50; 83.00; 83.50; 84.00; 84.50; 85.00; 85.50; 86.00; 86.50; 87.00; 87.50; 88.00; 88.50; 89.00; 89.50; 90.00; 90.50; 91.00; 91.50; 92.00; 92.50; 93.00; 93.50; 94.00; 94.50; 95.00; 95.50; 96.00; 96.50; 97.00; 97.50; 98.00; 98.50; 99.00; 99.50; 100.00; 100.50; 101.00; 101.50; 102.00; 102.50; 103.00; 103.50; 104.00; 104.50; 105.00; 105.50; 106.00; 106.50; 107.00; 107.50; 108.00; 108.50; 109.00; 109.50; 110.00; 110.50; 111.00; 111.50; 112.00; 112.50; 113.00; 113.50; 114.00; 114.50; 115.00; 115.50; 116.00; 116.50; 117.00; 117.50; 118.00; 118.50; 119.00; 119.50; 120.00; 120.50; 121.00; 121.50; 122.00; 122.50; 123.00; 123.50; 124.00; 124.50; 125.00; 125.50; 126.00; 126.50; 127.00; 127.50; 128.00; 128.50; 129.00; 129.50; 130.00; 130.50; 131.00; 131.50; 132.00; 132.50; 133.00; 133.50; 134.00; 134.50; 135.00; 135.50; 136.00; 136.50; 137.00; 137.50; 138.00; 138.50; 139.00; 139.50; 140.00; 140.50; 141.00; 141.50; 142.00; 142.50; 143.00; 143.50; 144.00; 144.50; 145.00; 145.50; 146.00; 146.50; 147.00; 147.50; 148.00; 148.50; 149.00; 149.50; 150.00; 150.50; 151.00; 151.50; 152.00; 152.50; 153.00; 153.50; 154.00; 154.50; 155.00; 155.50; 156.00; 156.50; 157.00; 157.50; 158.00; 158.50; 159.00; 159.50; 160.00; 160.50; 161.00; 161.50; 162.00; 162.50; 163.00; 163.50; 164.00; 164.50; 165.00; 165.50; 166.00; 166.50; 167.00; 167.50; 168.00; 168.50; 169.00; 169.50; 170.00; 170.50; 171.00; 171.50; 172.00; 172.50; 173.00; 173.50; 174.00; 174.50; 175.00; 175.50; 176.00; 176.50; 177.00; 177.50; 178.00; 178.50; 179.00; 179.50; 180.00; 180.50; 181.00; 181.50; 182.00; 182.50; 183.00; 183.50; 184.00; 184.50; 185.00; 185.50; 186.00; 186.50; 187.00; 187.50; 188.00; 188.50; 189.00; 189.50; 190.00; 190.50; 191.00; 191.50; 192.00; 192.50; 193.00; 193.50; 194.00; 194.50; 195.00; 195.50; 196.00; 196.50; 197.00; 197.50; 198.00; 198.50; 199.00; 199.50; 200.00; 200.50; 201.00; 201.50; 202.00; 202.50; 203.00; 203.50; 204.00; 204.50; 205.00; 205.50; 206.00; 206.50; 207.00; 207.50; 208.00; 208.50; 209.00; 209.50; 210.00; 210.50; 211.00; 211.50; 212.00; 212.50; 213.00; 213.50; 214.00; 214.50; 215.00; 215.50; 216.00; 216.50; 217.00; 217.50; 218.00; 218.50; 219.00; 219.50; 220.00; 220.50; 221.00; 221.50; 222.00; 222.50; 223.00; 223.50; 224.00; 224.50; 225.00; 225.50; 226.00; 226.50; 227.00; 227.50; 228.00; 228.50; 229.00; 229.50; 230.00; 230.50; 231.00; 231.50; 232.00; 232.50; 233.00; 233.50; 234.00; 234.50; 235.00; 235.50; 236.00; 236.50; 237.00; 237.50; 238.00; 238.50; 239.00; 239.50; 240.00; 240.50; 241.00; 241.50; 242.00; 242.50; 243.00; 243.50; 244.00; 244.50; 245.00; 245.50; 246.00; 246.50; 247.00; 247.50; 248.00; 248.50; 249.00; 249.50; 250.00; 250.50; 251.00; 251.50; 252.00; 252.50; 253.00; 253.50; 254.00; 254.50; 255.00; 255.50; 256.00; 256.50; 257.00; 257.50; 258.00; 258.50; 259.00; 259.50; 260.00; 260.50; 261.00; 261.50; 262.00; 262.50; 263.00; 263.50; 264.00; 264.50; 265.00; 265.50; 266.00; 266.50; 267.00; 267.50; 268.00; 268.50; 269.00; 269.50; 270.00; 270.50; 271.00; 271.50; 272.00; 272.50; 273.00; 273.50; 274.00; 274.50; 275.00; 275.50; 276.00; 276.50; 277.00; 277.50; 278.00; 278.50; 279.00; 279.50; 280.00; 280.50; 281.00; 281.50; 282.00; 282.50; 283.00; 283.50; 284.00; 284.50; 285.00; 285.50; 286.00; 286.50; 287.00; 287.50; 288.00; 288.50; 289.00; 289.50; 290.00; 290.50; 291.00; 291.50; 292.00; 292.50; 293.00; 293.50; 294.00; 294.50; 295.00; 295.50; 296.00; 296.50; 297.00; 297.50; 298.00; 298.50; 299.00; 299.50; 300.00; 300.50; 301.00; 301.50; 302.00; 302.50; 303.00; 303.50; 304.00; 304.50; 305.00; 305.50; 306.00; 306.50; 307.00; 307.50; 308.00; 308.50; 309.00; 309.50; 310.00; 310.50; 311.00; 311.50; 312.00; 312.50; 313.00; 313.50; 314.00; 314.50; 315.00; 315.50; 316.00; 316.50; 317.00; 317.50; 318.00; 318.50; 319.00; 319.50