

IRRELIGION IN FLATS IS A PAINFUL REALITY

From Collier's Weekly.

"Irreligion in Flats" is but one of the by a band of brigands who are wrenching off its legs. Family ties cannot hold many warnings that have recently shown both press and clergy to be fully aroused against the apartment-house in our large cities as a menace to society. "Flatsays one divine, "are an incubus." and he hastily adds that he eans any kind of flat-dweller. They are nomads and plant no trees. They keen their home feelings in a storage warehouse. Such sentimental associations as they have are ripped up on May 1 along with the carpets. They can no more take root than a pot of geraniums on the fire-escape, and from the sixfloor of the "Pocahontas" they roam to the sixth of the "Vallombrosa" without a pang. Where is home? It is

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J. P. BILLUPS, Jr., Gen. Pass. Agent. Atlanta. Ga.

R. E. LUTZ. Traffic Mgr., Montgomery. Ala.



bumping along in five vanloads convoyed

'The apartment peril," says another Nothing gives them any comclergyman. to face." Nothing gives them any con-fort. The home may be doomed, but why should they not have noticed it until the last two months? Tom Moore noticed it in 1810. Charles Dickens found us a nation of boarders, so he said, with no more home-life than would go in a hat-box. And fifty years ago a distinguished foreign visitor who turned up on Mayday in an American city found every house gutted and all its domestic vitals in the streets. The home-life has always been doomed, and doomed worse the further back you go. In 1850, coffin nails were the only kind that would hold down the family; yet here we are, many of us feeling just as virtuous as if we kept a cow. No moss ever gathers on the old dumb-waiter or ivy on the crumbling fanitor, and no man when he leaves it ever feels flat-sick for the sight of it ever feels flat-sick for the sight of it again; but it is not because he is stingy that he has no home. If the clergy would endow him instead of reclergy would endow him instead of restriction he would sin no more. Meanbuking him, he would sin no more. Mean-while, if he must stay on in the flat, why not tell him that he can be good

EQUITY OF WAGES PREACHER'S THEME

Continued from Fifth Page)

ne else. He is the first partaker of the

If you ruin your vineyard you destroy If you ruin your vineyard you destroy its fruit of which you are the first partaker. But it is answered that this is true, but suppose the employer will not do right in giving a just wage, how can the laborer defend himself against injustice? This is entirely another question and certainly is not to be answered by doing yourself damage tenfold to interest the property of the prop and equity belongs not to the injured but to society as organized to the body-politic. "Beloved, avenge not yourselves, but rather give place to warth for vengenance is mine, I will repay, saith the

And again, "the powers that be are ordained for this very thing to be an avenger of wrath unto him that doeth vil." Pardon me, therefore, if I ven-ure to suggest that the remedy for inequity in wages lies in its regulation by law and in the courts. Nor is it pertinent to reply that at present we have no code for the regulation of courts in this matter nor provision for the in-voking of such a tribunal. That is true, but remember that the time was when we had no code for the redress of any wrong or trespass.

Code of Equity.

Human society has always evolved a code of equity for the preservation of human rights when it has persistently and potiently sought that end. The remedy lies in the perfecting of the law to cover the case, and the time has come for labor to help society to bring the law and statutes up to the demands the law and statutes up to the demands. the law and statutes up to the demands of equitable dealing in this matter.

It is but fair to say that organized labor has already done much good work in this pressing public duty and deserves the sympathy and help of society in completing the operation of law to redress wrongs against the equity of

The redress of wrong is a public duty that devolves on us all alike. It is the sacred duty and function of the civil power which public sentiment will ulti-mately make effective through the legis-lative bodies and the courts, and the quicker the better for society.

Crude Method.

Already the resort to arbitration is but a crude method of appeal to a court where the conscience of the arbitrators as applied to the case is the law. I say this is a crude and feeble method of judicial procedure. We need to go further until we develop a code and for-mulate law and discover the priciples of equity necessary to the adjudication of this kind of rights in the authorized

courts of the country.

Now the apostle confesses here that he is speaking after the manner of men. he is speaking after the manner of men, but the Scriptures of Moses says also the same when it tells us in the law "Thou shalt not muzzle the ox that freadeth out the corn." Work merits food, is a principle of the law of wages as old as Moses. It is the reward that is held out to the ploughman and the harvester which gives the sstimulant of hope to his efforts.

Without equity in wages the industrial

Without equity in wages the industrial society would be a hopeless, cheerless, heartless thing it is in China or India oday and human life not worth the

3. The apostle then applies these prin ciples of the equity of wages to religious service as represented by himself. Barnaas and other apostles and religious ser-ants. "If others possess this right over

you do not we yet more."

It applies a por tiore—"yet more."
Your duty to meet your debts for spiritual service is transcendent among the

Church Dues.

To pay your church dues is the highest obligation of an honest man. To pro-vide for efficient spiritual service with



LITTLE CHIP AND MARY MARBLE The popular favorites who are at the head of the Bijou Musical Comedy Company at the Bijou all this week.

carnal things is a debt taking precedence over every other debt. I would that you could hear that. You would see that you did not subject the equities for spiritual service to those of the equities for spiritual service to those of the end of the earner realm. Your first duty as a man is to serve and be served in your spiritual nature in your relations to God, before you provide a palace for yourself or a stable for your steeds. Your first duty is to pay your spiritual debts for efficient spiritual service. Last week I stubled upon two things that seem to me both false and foolish.

their church on the ground that it might injure their credit in business, and hence they considered it their duty to withhold ending their credit to the church to further it for spiritual service in order to be the better equipped for carnal debts, giving carnal precedence over spir-itual. "If others possess this right over

Again I was told that if a bank saw a nan's name on the note of his church it became suspicious of his credit. So even the banks consider a man who would do his duty in a financial way to his church as impairing his business

his pecuniary obligation for spiritual service would be but the more likely to be true in his business debts. You had better be skeptical of the man who does not be true to his church dues. If these rights which are "yet more" binding on him are with impunity thrust aside those of lesser sacredness will be the more likely neglected.

An Appeal.

I make therefore this appeal for the putting of the business incident to spiritual service as transcendent among our debts and taking precedence secular obligations of life. be true our first duty is to put the business matters of our church on such a President. church, but one specially aggravated in those of this city.

I hope to live to see such a condition that church debts shall take first rank among gilt-edge claims. It is even now time that churches are the only corporations who always pay all they owe. I never heard of a church that did not ultimately pay its honest debts, but, alas! they are some times greatly delayed in that good work and the remedy for this

T. R. COUDERT DEAD.

Well Known New Yor: Lawyer Dies in Washington.

Washington, December 20.-Frederick R. Coudert, the well-known lawyer of New York city, died here today from

Mr. Coudert, with his wife and an unmarried daughter, was spending the winter in Washington. The other surviving relatives are Mrs. Frederick Benedict of New York, a widowed daughter, and Mrs. Colonel J. Bellinger, a married daughter. Frederick R. Coudert Jr., a son, is expected from the south tonight.

Funeral services will be held in St. Patrick's cathedral in New York city, Tuesday morning next.

Captain Walker Sells.

Tuscaloosa, December 20,-(Special.)-

Captain H. P. Walker, one of Tuscaloosa's most prominent and oldest merchants, sold his business out yesterday to Messrs. W. H. Hargrove and B. M. Phifer. Captain Walker served the full time during the civil war in the capacity of captain. After the war he returned to his native town and since that time has been actively engaged in the grocery

Three Departments Idle.

Joliet. Ill., December 20.-The three main departments of the Illinois Steel company here are now idle, the converter and billet mills having been ordered to close tomorrow. The rolling mills closed several days ago. About 1500 men are affected.

Chang Yi Degraded.

Tien Tsin, December 20 .- Chang Yi, director of the Northern railway, has been degraded and stripped of all ranks.



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each meal. It will cure Nervousness, Troubles.

vigorous pens. Days of Lincoln. To come down to the days of Lincoln.

sublime patriotism that pervade nearly

speech. Chase and Seward and Stanton, the mighty triumvirate of his cabinet,

wrote well and forcibly, but no one of

clared in reply to an attacks when Mr.

Greeley was running against him for the

sages without assistance from any one.

gress in his presence, the cogency and solidity of which on the subject it treated were remarkable. Grant had no reputa

tion as a writer until his memoirs were published after the close of his great ca-

reer. There is really no reason why a President should not turn over the task

of message writing to his secretary. The essential thing about these papers is that

they should give accurate information respecting the state of the Union and em-

body in plain language whatever recom-mendations he may have to make. The

messages are not contributions to litera-ture, but merely reports on governmental

Vessels Are in Danger,

Ohio River Rises Nearly Three Feet

While Frozen Over.

Ohio river frozen over and great gorges

men are employed trying to liberate her

The Miami river and the Licking have

been emptying ice into the Ohio freely

today. The harbor steamer Ada V.

valued at \$3000 and owned by B. J. Riggs

of Newport, Ky., was sunk here in ten

ice from the Licking, and if the rise con-

events of the year.

has been accused of plagiarism in the called, show a very strong resemblance all his official utterances, prove that they President has written and some conceived

speeches, or newspaper interviews, printed some months ago of District Attorney Folk of St Louis. The only notice the them could have produced Lincoln's two President has taken of the charge is to inaugural addresses. General Grant deauthorize a statement that he wrote the message without assistance from any one, and that, of course, he is responsible for

The President, it will be recalled, was so interested in the efforts of Mr. Folk to procure the extraditions of some of the St. Louis boodlers who had fied to Mexi-co, that he requested him to visit Washington for a conference on the subject, which finally resulted in an amendment of the extradition treaty with our sister republic. It is very probable that when that conference took place, Mr. Folk left with the President some memoranda hear-ing on the question and that the substance of them was given a place in the message.

over the absurd. The President's literary reputa-A war on the concern in which he works is sulcidal. A strike is only to stop the raisan d'etre of his pay. It hurts him more than others, but it hurts everybody. They say it is war. Yes, but war on himself. If any will not work neither shall he eat is a principle of equity because every man must get his food out of his own productive capacity.

secular obligations of life. You never can pay a quid pro quo for them. You always get more than value received for the money you pay for spiritual service. The service possesses yet more right over you than any business trade or wage.

The community that supports well its churches is, other things being equal, most likely to be equitable in its business engagements. Now, brethren, if it be true our first duty is to put the businers and one of the money you pay for spiritual service.

The service possesses yet more right over you than any business trade or wage.

The community that supports well its churches is, other things being equal, most likely to be equitable in its business engagements. Now, brethren, if it be true our first duty is to put the business elected to the office of Vice tion is too well established and rests on

First "Message."

It was not until the advent of Jefferson | feet today threatenes danger for all to the Presidency that the annual com-munication of the executive to the con-gress was called a "message." Up to men are employed trying to liberate her gress was called a "message." Up to that date, it was called the "speech," and read to the senate and house of represent- by blasting. atives, assembled together for that pur-pose. That was the rule under the two pose. That was the rule under the two administrations of Washington and the single one of the elder Adams. The idea was, of course, taken from the English custom of the speech of the queen or king from the throne. On these occa-sions Washington wore a sword, and so did John Adams. Following the English tinues her upper decks will be carried ultimately pay its honest debts, but, alas! they are some times greatly delayed in that good work and the remedy for this defect lies in better business methods in their pecuniary affairs.

did John Adams. Following the English to the senate and house in these early days of the young republic, sent to the President an address in reply to the "speech." This address invariably gave rise to an accrimonlous debate which gave rise to an accrimonly gave r occupied the first two weeks of the session. Parties divided with respect, to its phraseology, so that every sentence and paragraph had to be settled by a majority vote. The chellion of these The abolition of these monarchial formalities, as Jefferson deemed them, was the very first of the reforms in the administration of the government.

A short time before the meeting of con-

an affection of the heart, with which he had suffered for several years. He was 71 years of age.

Mr. Coudert, with his wife and an unmaking a speech, which, by the way, the author of the Declaration of Independence hardly ever made in his long career, he would communicate with the two bodies in writing, and that it would not be necessary to make any reply to it. This was the first whilf of the since famous "Jeffersonian simplicity." Those who were then called "monarchists," were horrified at the innovation, and believed that it menaced the very existence of the republic, and would eventually lead to the introduction of French red-republicanism into the administration of the government. But the Jefferson precedent has ben followed ever since in the official intercourse between the executive and the legislature.

Washington's Speeches.

As to the authorship of the annual executive communications to congress, the evidence exists that the speeches of Washington were, for the most part, made up of contributions by members of his cabinet. This is provided by entries in the diaries; the letters and other pa-pers which these gentlemen have left us. Jefferson notes again and again that he was asked to write certain paragraphs for the "speech." bearing on the conduct of foreign affairs. Hamilton, on the other hand, made contributions to it respecting the management of the finances. All this was eminently proper. General Washing-ton could not be supposed to know every-thing connected with the manifold concerns of his administration, to be an au-thority on finance and international law. It was because that he was not, that he had experts like Hamilton and Jefferson to aid him in the solution of problems of this character. This is administration. government, in the highest and best sense It is the fundamental principle underlying ur institutions.

Adams, Jefferson and Madison sought little or no assistance from their cabinet advisers in the preparation of their offi-cial papers. They were all thoroughly competent to deal with every topic that arose. John Quincy Adams undoubtedly Sick Headache, aided Monroe to some extent in the writing of his messages, and when Jackson came in, Livingston, the secretary of state, and Kendall, the postmaster gener-Dyspepsia and al. found active employment for their

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