

## FINANCE AND TRADE.

Gold opened in New York yesterday at 141½, was 141½ at 11:30, 141 at 12:30, and closed at 141½ at 4 p. m. Brokers were buying small lots at 139@140, and holding at 141@142.

Government securities are as follows:

5-20 Registered	100½
24 series Coupons	100½
24 series Coupons	100½
10-40 New issue	100½
10-40 New issue	100½
20-40 New issue	100½
20-40 New issue	100½

There is but little doing in uncurrent money. Bank of Tennessee is quiet at 47½ buying, the recent demand having entirely ceased. Planters' bank is firm at 82½ buying, and 83½ selling. Union bank is firm at 77½ buying, and 80½ selling.

Southern bank notes are very dull, and only a few of the best banks find ready sale. Nashville corporation checks are rather dull at 80 discount. There are a great many offered for sale.

Tennessee bonds sold in New York on the 28th ult. as follows: \$35,000 ex-coupons at 69½, and \$10,000 new at 69½.

The Messrs. Satterthwaite, of London, have the following paragraph in their circular of the 9th ult. in regard to United States 5-20s:

"We have to note increased activity in the London market for United States securities during the past week. The recent importation of United States 5-20s appear to have been well taken on both home and continental demand, and the closing price for the next settlement, 25 7/8, shows an advance of nearly two per cent. on the week. The 1865 issue of these bonds has recently been introduced on this market. They are identical with the 1862 issue, excepting that they have three years to run. The first quotations gave a profit of 82 per cent. by exchanging the coupon for the more recent bond, so that the holders for permanent investment made many exchanges. The stock imported, however, having been absorbed, quotations have more nearly approximated the par now not more than 1½ per cent. difference exists."

The cotton crop continues to be as fruitful a theme of speculation as it was three months ago. As the season advances, however, the Northern estimates have been lowered fully half a million bales, and the range now is from 2,000,000 to 2,500,000 bales. This is still considerably over the Southern estimate, which placed the crop at 1,250,000 to 1,500,000 bales. There are very intelligent gentlemen connected with the cotton trade in the South and with its production, who think the yield will be below the lowest estimate. The Columbus (Ga.) Sun of the 29th ult. has this paragraph in regard to the crop:

"Northern correspondents are still asserting that over half the crop of 1867 will be produced, and speak glowingly of the late fine weather being so propitious for picking. We believe there can be much land planted in this section, as many freedmen in proportion worked, and farmers have had propitious seasons, if not more so, as any section in the South, and yet where a man has made a fair crop, his case is a rare exception. From September 1st to November 25th, there has been received in Columbus 16,417 bales, in 1867 from September 1st to November 25th, 16,417 bales. Cotton this year has been hurried to market faster than ever was known. Facts like these show less than the half that quantity in 1865. They are also pointing freely from various quarters, and there is a quiet average quantity about from the East. In speculation there has been a great falling off in England, so that the trade is to some extent, free from excitement. All kinds of cotton in the market have been reduced in price, and this, in connection with the depressed state of the trade in the manufacturing districts, would seem to point to a lower range of prices than anticipated by many, on both sides of the Atlantic."

The New York Shipping List of the 24th inst., commenting upon the cotton crop, its prospects, and the prospective international trade in the staple, remarks:

"In England, spinners, speculators and capitalists continue to watch the course of the staple in this country with intense interest. Thus, notwithstanding that the new crop in Egypt amounts to some 600,000 bales, that the growth in India and Brazil is expected to be equal to last season, and that Lancashire has ample supplies of cotton on hand, the future value of cotton in the United Kingdom seems to depend upon the actual production in the United States. The popular estimate in England of the American crop is 2,000,000 bales, and they count upon drawing 1,500,000 bales to be made up in the part of the old crop on hand at the close of the cotton year. With these figures as a basis, English spinners entertain no apprehension that future supplies will fall short of their wants, even though both the home and foreign trade should increase. The quantity of cotton held in England is about 100,000 bales, less than the half that quantity in 1865. They are also pointing freely from various quarters, and there is a quiet average quantity about from the East. In speculation there has been a great falling off in England, so that the trade is to some extent, free from excitement. All kinds of cotton in the market have been reduced in price, and this, in connection with the depressed state of the trade in the manufacturing districts, would seem to point to a lower range of prices than anticipated by many, on both sides of the Atlantic."

The New York Times of the 28th ult. says the week's exports of domestic produce and miscellaneous goods from that port have been to the currency value of \$3,466,611. Included in the exports have been the unusually liberal amount of 8,104 bales of cotton, valued at \$1,456,623.

The stocks in coffee in first hands in New York, to which is added the stocks of Rio held in Baltimore and New Orleans, compares with previous reports as follows:

	Nov. 13.	Nov. 20.	Nov. 27.
Rio and Santos	20,828	20,828	20,828
Java, Government	4,381	4,381	4,381
Ceylon	1,204	1,204	1,204
Marsabito	5,280	5,280	5,280
Laguayras	9,828	9,828	9,828
Other kinds	30,000	30,000	30,000
Total bags	51,758	51,758	51,758
At Baltimore	5,000	5,000	5,000
Rio at Baltimore	1,000	1,000	1,000
Grand total bags	57,758	57,758	57,758

The exports from New York of some of the leading articles of domestic produce from the 1st of January to the 27th of November, have been as follows:

	1866	1865
Cotton bales	248,870	180,825
Wool bales	14,247	12,247
Corn Meal, bbls.	17,547	10,247
Wheat, bushels	37,413	1,964,471
Corn, bushels	10,762,156	3,542,300
Rye, bushels	20,252	108,400
Oats, bushels	1,016,617	1,016,617
Beef, tons and barrels	53,569	53,569
Pork, bbls.	2,621	10,247
Bacon, etc., 100 lbs.	20,252	20,252
Lard, 100 lbs.	20,252	20,252

The deliveries at New York of some of the leading articles of domestic produce during the same period have been as follows:

	1866	1865
Cotton bales	268,453	180,825
Wool bales	24,835	12,247
Corn Meal, bbls.	24,835	10,247
Wheat, bushels	4,138,850	1,964,471
Corn, bushels	7,113,875	3,542,300
Rye, bushels	90,945	108,400
Oats, bushels	4,261,975	1,016,617
Beef, tons and barrels	71,113	53,569
Pork, bbls.	110,285	10,247
Bacon, etc., pigs	106,315	20,252
Lard, pigs	38,265	20,252

The New York Tribune of the 29th ult.

shows that a very material decline has occurred in the prices of provisions, though not in breadstuffs. That paper says:

"A comparison of the provision market for the three months just passed with its condition during the same period of last year, will show a difference decidedly in favor of the downward tendency this year. Beef cattle have declined fully 2½ per cent. per pound, net during the corresponding season last year, the decline reached only ½ of a cent. The market is already overstocked, and the average price of 50 head per week in excess of the receipts one year ago, the stock cannot be reduced. Prices are 1 cent per pound lower than last year, and the tendency is still downward. Holders are anxious to realize at once, in order to avoid expensive keeping."

"Sheep have declined about 1 cent per pound, live weight, in three months, and are now 2 cents below the price of last year. The receipts are about 1,000 head per week in excess of the arrivals last fall, and under the influence of heavy stocks, prices must go still lower."

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LIVERPOOL, Nov. 30.—Noon.—Brokers' circular reports the sale of cotton for the week 7,000 bales. Sales for day 19,000. The market quiet and steady, at 14 for middling uplands. Breadstuffs unchanged. That paper says:

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## RIVER NEWS.

There was fully fourteen feet on the Shoals yesterday, and the river still rising. Business on the landing was quiet all day.

The following is our port list:

ARRIVED.  
Steamer Anna White, St. Louis.  
Fanny Brandeis, Cairo.

DEPARTED.  
Steamer Anna White, St. Louis.  
Fanny Brandeis, Cairo, Memphis.

The Anna White brought up a very light cargo, composed of wheat, oats and corn.

The Fanny Brandeis went out last night full of people. She took down a light trip of freight, composed in part of five hundred boxes of soap. The Tyrone is expected to-day, and is advertised to leave on Tuesday.

The Teapot left Louisville Saturday evening for this port and will doubtless be on hand Monday morning.

The St. Louis Republic of Friday says: "As navigation is about closing in the upper streams our merchants generally show a disposition to make a general clearing of their order books, and have noticed yesterday a more brisk show of business around the landings of the Keokuk packets and Missouri river steamers than has been noticed at any previous time this fall. The intensity of the season has apparently influenced the Illinois river shipping merchants, as we learn of large quantities of produce awaiting shipment on the banks of that stream to this day at above on Tuesday, the 5th inst., at 12 o'clock m."

Through tickets issued to St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

For freight of produce apply on board, or to CORBETT & BOYD, Agents, No. 21 Front Street, Upper Wharf, Nashville, Tenn.

For Cairo, Memphis and St. Louis. (Connecting at Cairo with Regular Packets for St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.)

THE SLENDON PASSENGER. 1 Packet TYRONE, TOM HARRIS, Master, leaves Nashville TUESDAY, at 12 o'clock m. Master, WASH. WEAVER, Clerk, will leave Nashville at above on TUESDAY, the 5th inst., at 12 o'clock m.

Through tickets issued to St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

For freight of produce apply on board, or to CORBETT & BOYD, Agents, No. 21 Front Street, Upper Wharf, Nashville, Tenn.

1866. 1867.

NASHVILLE, CAIRO, AND NEW ORLEANS.