

POPE, TOGET WELL, MUST LEAVE ROME

Prisoner of the Vatican Advised by Doctors to Break the Precedent Set in 1870. HIS ATTITUDE IN DOUBT Pius Personally Does Not Approve Retirement in Vatican.

Rome, August 20.—The Pope is out of danger and convalescent, but will he ever be really well again? Will he ever become as strong again as he was before he threw away his return ticket to Venice and shut himself up in the Vatican?

That is the question of absorbing interest here. Professor Marchisavi and Dr. Petacci, the two celebrated physicians, who for months have unceasingly and assiduously attended the pontiff and studied profoundly his condition, answer that notwithstanding his seventy-seven years, his run-down state, and his overworked, strenuous life, he could recover entirely on certain essential conditions, chief among which would be a change of air.

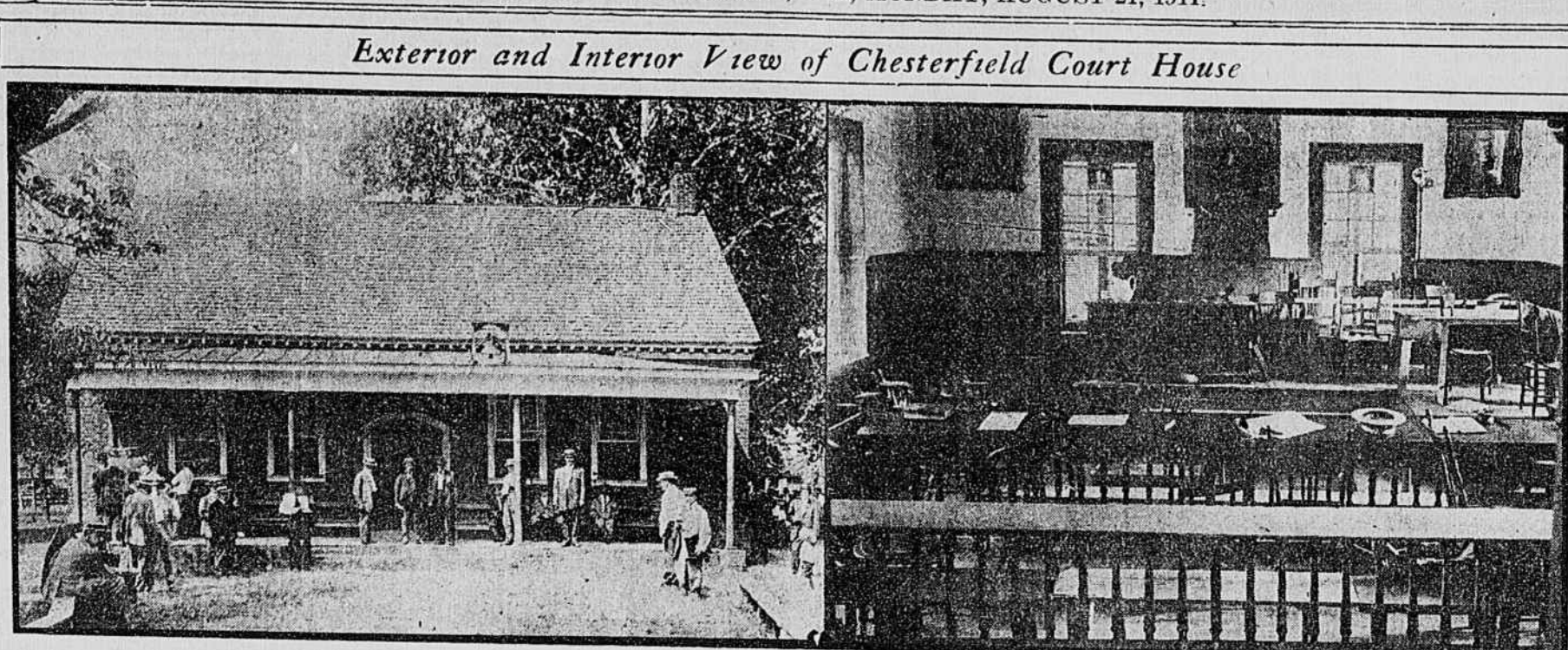
This would mean moving out of the Vatican, thus renouncing one of those forms of protest which the Holy See adopted at the fall of the temporal power in order to maintain its claims for the civil possession of Rome. There is a strong party which declares that so precious a life as that of Pius X. must not be risked as a sacrifice to what is really a simple form, as the essence of the protest is not represented by voluntary and, to a certain extent, useless imprisonment in the Vatican, but has been solemnly contained in every word, in every statement, in all official documents which for the last forty-one years have emanated from the three men who have sat in the Chair of St. Peter since September 20, 1870.

To Pius X. it must have cost more than his predecessor to act as he has done, but he had not the least hesitation, feeling that he could not disavow what had been the policy of his church, nor take upon his shoulders the responsibility of compromising the future for the Popes to come after him. And all this for a question of personal feeling entirely overweighed by the great and complex interests of the institution of which he is the head!

There is no doubt that Pius X., who remembers the painful condition of his dear Venetian provinces under Austria, always looked with sympathy on Italian unity, and there is no doubt that while he was Bishop of Mantua and Patriarch of Venice he was in most friendly relations with the Italian government and on terms of great cordiality with several members of the House of Savoy, especially Queen Margherita, Princess Clotilde, and the Duke and Duchess of Genoa. The last named paid him a secret visit at the Vatican five months after his election to the Papacy.

The Pope's last public appearance in Venice was on the occasion of the laying of the corner-stone of the new Campanile of San Marco, and on that day he sat next to the Count of Turin, representing the King of Italy, and the Minister of Public Instruction, representing the government, and was surrounded by many other Italian authorities. Once Pope, however, one of his first memorable acts was to denounce President Loubet for visiting "him who usurps the dominion of the Pope."

Under the circumstances, what is the use, it is asked, of the Pope remaining a prisoner in the Vatican when it may cost his life, and especially when he himself evidently at-



Photos by W. W. Foster.

teaches so little importance to this formal protest that he was about to rush to Calabria and Sicily when those regions were afflicted by the last great earthquake?

Besides, it is added, the Papal villa at Castel Gandolfo, in the Albanian Hills, enjoys the same right of extraterritoriality as the Vatican, so that in leaving the latter for the former there would practically be no difference. The doctors, however, do not consider that a move to Castel Gandolfo would be a sufficient change, although it would be better than nothing.

It is remembered that shortly after his election to the Pontificate Pius X. in receiving the Rev. Father Boniface Krug, of St. Vincent's Abbey, Penn., who was then abbot of Monte Cassino, expressed his desire to visit that famous monastery, founded by St. Benedict. There would be no better summer residence than this for him, but political reasons forbid it.

It is remembered that shortly after his election to the Pontificate Pius X. in receiving the Rev. Father Boniface Krug, of St. Vincent's Abbey, Penn., who was then abbot of Monte Cassino, expressed his desire to visit that famous monastery, founded by St. Benedict. There would be no better summer residence than this for him, but political reasons forbid it.

There is no doubt that Pius X., who remembers the painful condition of his dear Venetian provinces under Austria, always looked with sympathy on Italian unity, and there is no doubt that while he was Bishop of Mantua and Patriarch of Venice he was in most friendly relations with the Italian government and on terms of great cordiality with several members of the House of Savoy, especially Queen Margherita, Princess Clotilde, and the Duke and Duchess of Genoa.

COURT TO DECIDE WHETHER TRIAL WILL BE DELAYED

(Continued From First Page.) strong card is the testimony of Paul Beattie. Through him it expects to show, as at the coroner's inquest, that Henry asked his cousin to buy him a gun and furnished the money; later met him and went with him to Weinstein's pawnshop, Henry remaining outside in his motor car, while Paul went in, where he was known to the proprietor, and made the purchase. That the crucial effort of the defense will be to break down the testimony of Paul Beattie is shown by the fact that the defense has summoned one or more witnesses who could only testify along such line. The State claims to be able to substantiate Paul Beattie's story at every step, the pawnbroker and his son knew Paul and remembered selling the gun; Mrs. Paul Beattie remembers having called Paul up on the telephone, and having brought him home on the night the gun was purchased. Policeman Green will tell of having seen the two in the car together that night, near the pawnshop.

As a sort of second line of defense, in case all other efforts fail, the defense is alleged to be prepared to plead insanity. The record of the Beattie family has been searched and every skeleton taken from the closet. To offset any such line and prepare itself for any emergency that may arise, the trial of Dr. W. F. Dewey and Dr. J. S. DeJarnette, superintendents of two of the State asylums for the insane.

Theory of Prosecution. After puncturing the story of Henry Beattie about the bearded highwayman in many places, the State expects to build up its theory of deliberate and premeditated murder by the testimony of seven boys who passed in a motor car coming back from Bon Air on the night of the crime, and who state that they saw Mr. and Mrs. Beattie standing in the road—meeting in the car, as Beattie has described—and by the testimony of Roland Snyder, a dairyman, who, returning from work, saw Beattie alone in his car on the Midlothian Road several hours previous to the killing. The State presumes that it was at this time that the young husband hid the gun purchased by his cousin, with which the killing was done. The gun, found the next morning beside the railway tracks, will itself be placed in evidence.

Mute evidence of an accusing character will be the young Beattie's motor car, which, since the inquest has been in the garage of Coroner Lovins, which will be brought out to Chesterfield Courthouse for the inspection of the jury. Attention will be called to the great blot of blood under the driver's seat, the absence of any blood under the foot-board in the dust pan, and the impossibility of the blood spot in the road having been occasioned by dripping from the car, as deprecating the accused. In the grove surrounding the ancient courthouse will demonstrate their theory that young Beattie, having clubbed his wife insensible while standing in the road, breaking the skull over her right

POLITICAL EFFECT OF FEUD IS FEARED

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Washington, August 20.—Friends of the administration are giving unmistakable signs of worry over the possible political effect of the Wilson-Wiley-McCabe feud. Before the Moss investigating committee took it up it was apparent that the public was overwhelmingly in favor of the doughty doctor as against the wily solicitor, and with the evidence anything like even between them Dr. Wiley would be sustained by public opinion. Little testimony had been taken before the majority of the committee was convinced of three factors: first, that if Dr. Wiley was guilty of any infraction of law in connection with the appointment of Dr. Rusby as pharmacopoeist, there were plenty of precedents for his action, created by Secretary Wilson and Solicitor McCabe; second, that if Dr. Wiley had erred he had done so on the side of the people and not on the side of the food-dealers; and third, that if he had lost his position there would be a howl from the American people that could be heard around the world. Incidentally, the testimony showed that for some years Dr. Wiley had been completely shorn of power in connection with the administration of the pure food act. The committee was therefore ready to report exonerating Dr. Wiley a few days after it began its investigation, but it was on the track of too much interesting material.

"Doc" Wiley is a Hoosier and "back home" they think a heap of him. He set Indiana right on pure food before he left there thirty years ago to work for the government. Indiana glories in what is probably the best food law in the country. Certain manufacturers, seeking to force on the Hoosiers their health authorities, have condemned have tried to upset the law and have it declared unconstitutional. To assist them the Department of Agriculture loaned these manufacturers each witness as they desired, including the members of the famous Remsen Board, the department paying the expenses. The State of Indiana had to furnish its own witnesses, and was put to all the expense and trouble possible by the Department of Agriculture. These facts are percolating through the minds of the Indiana taxpayers and voters, and they are getting "all hot up," and the longer the rumpus continues the hotter they are getting.

At least that is about the substance of a letter addressed to the President by an Indiana Republican politician of considerable prominence, who believes the Wiley-Wilson-McCabe row is calculated to result disastrously to his party unless speedily and satisfactorily settled.

HORSE CRUSHES HUNTSMAN

Francis Key Murray in a Critical Condition at a Baltimore Hospital. Baltimore, August 20.—Francis Key Murray, master of hounds of the Patuxent Hunt Club and a member of leading Maryland families, was crushed under his horse while riding behind the hounds in Howard county, and now lies in a critical condition at the Union Protestant Infirmary in this city. Accompanied by his cousin, George Bowdoin, Mr. Murray left the club at sunrise. A cub fox gave them a lively chase. They were fast gaining upon their quarry when it ran through the fence. Both horses went at the fence, but Mr. Murray's mount, tired by the hard ride, struck the top rail. Mr. Bowdoin stopped in time to see the animal roll over on its rider. He was unable to revive the injured man, and after several minutes rode to the nearest telephone and called the mother, Mrs. Edward Murray, at Lawyers Hill. She and her daughter hurried in an automobile to the scene, picking up a physician on the way. Mr. Murray was brought to the hospital in the automobile.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Wood's Fall Seed Catalogue

just issued—tells what crops you can put in to make the quickest grazing, or hay, to help out the short feed crops. Also tells about both Vegetable and Farm Seeds that can be planted in the fall to advantage and profit.

Every Farmer, Market Grower and Gardener should have a copy of this catalog. It is the best and most complete fall seed catalog issued. Mailed free. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

Demonstration A peep into an up-to-date bathroom is only less refreshing than the bath itself. We have fitted several model bathrooms at our showrooms, showing the latest and most sanitary fittings. Come and see them.

McGraw-Yarbrough Co. Plumbers' Supplies 122 S. Eighth St., - Richmond, Va. Out-of-town orders shipped quickly.

Sauer's THE BEST FLAVORING EXTRACTS BY EVERY TEST

REORGANIZATION IS GREAT PROBLEM

Wall Street Experts Called In to Assist Officers of American Tobacco Company.

RESULT MAY BE A "MODEL"

Federal Attorneys Determined Path Must Be Marked Out for Other Trusts.

New York, August 20.—After nearly a month of conferences with government attorneys, officers of the American Tobacco Company say they find their problem of reorganization is more difficult than that of the Standard Oil Company, for instance, which simply is distributing the stocks of its thirty-three subsidiaries to stockholders. The tobacco concern will, it is said, have to wipe many of its subsidiaries out of existence. It is asserted no redistribution of stocks will be permitted by the Federal authorities. The government attorneys, it is said, are determined that the reorganization of the American Tobacco Company shall be a model for all of the so-called trusts.

In handling their problem, American Tobacco officers have called to their assistance financiers well known in Wall Street, men who are experts in banking, in corporation law and in financial reorganization. These experts, it is reported, are uniting in saying they have a very difficult task to perform. Williamson W. Fuller and De Lancey Nicoll, counsel for the tobacco company have been in consultation the last week with James C. McReynolds, Special Assistant Attorney-General, regarding a plan that may be satisfactory. Progress has been slow, it is declared, and nothing further will be accomplished. It was announced yesterday, until Mr. McReynolds returns to this city next Tuesday.

One Plan Rejected Already. When the Supreme Court's decision was handed down last May the American Tobacco officers were of the opinion that reorganization would not present many difficulties. In a month or

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer in Interior; light to moderate winds, mostly east. North Carolina—Local showers Monday and probably Tuesday; light to moderate winds, mostly northerly. CONDITIONS YESTERDAY. 8 P. M. temperature 61 Humidity 71 Minimum temperature 48 Wind direction N. E. Wind velocity 5 Weather Clear 12 noon temperature 77 3 P. M. temperature 75 Maximum temperature up to 8 P. M. 79 Minimum temperature up to 8 P. M. 63 Mean temperature 66 Normal temperature 77 Deficiency in temperature 11 Deficiency in temperature since March 114 Accum. excess in temperature since January 1 35 Deficiency in rainfall since March 1 3.24 Accum. deficiency in rainfall since January 1 9.51

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES. (At 8 P. M. Eastern Standard Time.) Place. Ther. H. T. L. T. Weather. Richmond 71 77 66 Clear. Chesapeake 70 78 70 Clear. Atlanta 76 80 72 Clear. Atlantic City 70 76 68 Clear. Boston 70 76 62 Clear. Buffalo 66 70 62 Clear. Calgary 48 61 50 Cloudy. Charleston 76 86 76 Cloudy. Chicago 72 72 62 Clear. Denver 76 86 76 Clear. Duluth 76 84 82 P. cloudy. Galveston 84 90 80 Clear. Hatteras 74 78 76 Cloudy. Havre 70 76 69 Clear. Jacksonville 78 86 76 Cloudy. Kansas City 86 90 76 Clear. Louisville 76 84 80 Clear. Montgomery 82 86 74 Clear. New Orleans 71 92 72 Cloudy. New York 70 76 60 Clear. Norfolk 72 76 70 Cloudy. Oklahoma 92 104 78 Clear. Pittsburgh 70 74 64 Clear. Raleigh 70 70 68 Cloudy. St. Louis 80 82 66 Clear. St. Paul 78 82 62 Clear. San Francisco 72 78 51 Clear. Savannah 78 94 76 Cloudy. Spokane 82 84 72 Clear. Tampa 80 86 80 P. cloudy. Washington 70 78 66 Clear. Winnipeg 76 84 66 Cloudy. Wintherville 68 76 68 Cloudy.

MINIATURE ALMANAC. August 21, 1911. HIGH TIDE. Sun rises 5:31 Morning 12:29 Sun sets 6:56 Evening 8:24

News of Petersburg.

Times-Dispatch Bureau, 109 North Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va., August 20. The political ball in favor of Senators Martin and Swanson was set in motion last night at a meeting of a number of influential friends of the community, and leading citizens of the community, having as its object the formation of a compact organization for campaign work. A committee of three members from each of the six city wards was appointed to arrange for a public meeting to be held in A. P. Hill Camp Hall next Thursday night, for the organization of a Martin and Swanson campaign club, and the committee will meet to-morrow night to formulate its plans. The full committee is as follows: First Ward—C. E. Bowie, J. J. Nelson, and W. T. Temple. Second Ward—John D. Watkins, Ed. ward Eizenbrum, and F. B. Wilcox. Third Ward—R. P. Barham, H. T. Donnan, and Frank Wagner. Fourth Ward—Robert G. Bass, W. H. Stewart, and W. G. Andrews. Fifth Ward—T. J. Meredith, P. H. Wells, and W. T. Mulcaha. Sixth Ward—J. W. Branch, W. O. Newsome, and R. E. L. Harkrave. On the committee are a number of members of the Common Council and Board of Aldermen, and business and professional men. Thursday night's meeting will undoubtedly be a large one. It is expected that Congressman William A. Jones will speak in Petersburg on August 29, to be followed by Congressman Glass on September 1.

A Slightly Used SCHUBERT PIANO At Only \$250 Was \$325.00. Fancy mahogany case. Upright. In best of condition. A quick buyer gets it. WALTER D. MOSES & COMPANY, 103 E. Broad St. Oldest Music House in Va. and N. C.

two they outlined a reorganization plan familiar to Wall Street. This plan provided for a separation of the corporation into its integral parts and a pro rata redistribution of stocks and bonds to security holders. The government attorneys rejected the proposal. It was decided that by the court's decision many of the corporation's subsidiary or accessory concerns were monopolies and would have to be dissolved. The American Snuff Company was cited as an example. In the first period of its career the tobacco concern manufactured very little snuff. There was organized in 1906 the American Snuff Company, which absorbed all the large firms manufacturing this product. The company is owned by the tobacco company. It is said the concern regarded its monopolies were not kept from doing business merely because there was consideration for innocent stock holders. It was said that if the tobacco company permits the appointment of a receiver for such concerns, foreclosure and sale could be ordered by the courts, seeing to it that the main company could not regain possession cheaply, to the detriment of stockholders.

Deposits Are Being Made. It is asserted the American Tobacco Company controls not only the production of box companies, manufacture and distribution, but also the manufacture or owns numerous companies manufacturing supplies necessary to its trade. It owns 6,521 of 7,000 shares of the Golden Bell Manufacturing Company, which makes cotton bags; the Menard Box Company, making wooden boxes; concerns making tin foil, facts producing licorice for use in plug tobacco, and similar concerns. By the Supreme Court decision the corporation has a period of six months from May 29 last in which to comply with the requirements of the Sherman act. The United States Circuit Court has power to grant a further extension of sixty days, attorneys declare. Nearly three months of this time allowance has passed.

To assist the lawyers who are wrestling with the reorganization problem, fifteen bankers holding the stock of the corporation are expected to look out for the interests of security holders. There is one committee for the protection of the holders of \$52,882,650 6 per cent. gold bonds; another for the holders of \$1,909,300 4 per cent. bonds and \$3,544,900 of the Company's preferred stock Company, and a third for the owners of 6 per cent. preferred stock to the amount of \$75,659,100. It was said yesterday that deposits of the securities are being made. Many of the securities are distributed in different parts of the world, and many of the owners are abroad.

FREE ECZEMA CURE

Old, Deep-Seated Cases, Take Notice. E. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is taken internally and has cured, through the blood, thousands of cases of Eczema, Salt Rheum or itching, crusty humors after every known treatment has failed. If you have pimples, itchy humors, bumps, rashes, boils, crusty oozing skin sores, take E. B. B. as directed on the bottle. E. B. B. cures by purifying and enriching the blood, sending a flood of vivifying, healing blood direct to the skin surface, giving strength and healing just where it is needed. Soon all itching, oozing, pimples, sores disappear, and the skin takes on the pure, rich glow of perfect health. We guarantee a perfect, lasting cure. E. B. B. is a liquid, made up of pure botanic ingredients, and sold by druggists at \$1.00 per large bottle with directions for home cure. We will send a free trial of this precious remedy by mail, postpaid, to any sufferer who writes for it. Just fill out the coupon below and mail it to: BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Name Address

The RED Car Mon. 780 Day Only Always Ready Mon. 783 Day Night

"ASK MR. BOWMAN" VIRGINIA TAXI SERVICE CO.

Electrical Shoe Shine 5c A T. GRAY CIGAR COMPANYSSTORE 836 E. Main Street.

W. Fred. Richardson, FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER, Main and Belvidere Streets. Phones, Madison 843, day; Monroe 842, night.

Try Our California Wines FREE OF CHARGE We will send you a sample case of finest Quality Pure California Wines, Free for the asking. Wine made from the native California grape is known to be unexcelled for its stimulating and health-giving qualities. We believe that if we can induce you to accept this trial offer you will become a permanent customer, first, because of the high quality of our goods; second, because of the low price we can make on account of our system of selling direct to the consumer. If you wish to accept this offer, give us your name and address and we will send you a sample case containing six pint bottles of our best wines, assorted varieties. In order that we may not be swamped with requests from irresponsible persons, we ask you to enclose one dime. Unfermented grape juice sent if preferred. WILLIAMS & DAVISON, 728 Timken Building, San Diego, Cal.