THE WRECKER'S DAUGHTER.

Her hair is brown as the brown sea-sands, Her eyes as blue as the blue sea-water; And there's not a wind that blows where she stands But brings a grace to the Wrecker's Daughter.

Wild as the wave that bursts at her feet-Wild as the winds that toss her tresses, Is the glance that peers through the rain and sleet, And into the fierce storm's black recesses.

But not for the wreck does she search the night-Her heart is away o'er the stormy water, Where a lover guides his tumbling boat, To win a prize for the Wrecker's Daughter.

Booth's Burial Place. The following passage from General L. C. Baker's history of the Secret Service Department sets at rest the dispute as to the final

disposition of Booth's body: In order to establish the identity of the body of the assassin beyond all question, the Secretary of War directed me to summon a number of witnesses residing in the city of Washington who had previously known the murderer. Some two years previous to the assassination of the President, Booth had had a tumor or carbuncle cut from his neck by a surgeon. On inquiry, I ascertained that Dr. May, a well-known and very skillful surgeon of twenty-five years' practice in Washington,

had performed the operation. Accordingly, I called on Dr. May, who, before seeing the body, minutely described the exact locality of the tumor, the nature and date of the operation, &c. After beingsworn he pointed to the scar in the neck, which was then plainly visible. Five other witnesses were examined, all of whom had known the assassin intimately for years. The various newspaper accounts, referring to the mutilation of Booth's body, are equally absurd. General Barnes, Surgeon General United States army, was on board the gunboat where post mortem examination was held, with his assistants. General Barnes cut from Booth's neck about two inches of the spinal column through which the ball had passed. This piece of borne, which is now on exhibition in the Government Medical Museum in Washington, is the only relic of the assassin's body above ground, and this is the only mutilation of the remains that ever occurred. Immediately after the conclusion of the examination the Secretary of War gave orders as to the disposition of the body, which had become very offensive, owing to the condition in which it had remained after death. The leg, broken in jumping from the box to the stage, was much discolored and swollen, the blood from the wound having saturated his under clothing. With the assistance of Lieutenant L. B. Baker I took the body from the gunboat direct to the old penitentiary, adjoining the old arsenal grounds. This building had not been used as a prison for some years previously. The Ordnance Department had filled the ground floor cells with fixed ammunition. One of the largest of these cells was selected as the burial-place of Booth. The ammunition was removed, a large flat stone lifted from its place and a rude grave dug; the body was dropped in, the stone replaced, and there rests to this hour all that remains of John Wilkes Booth.

FAITH AND TRUST. -One of the children's papers illustrates faith and trust as follows: There was once a poor man who wanted to build a house upon some little land which he owned, who went to a rich neighbor who lent him \$500 to put up the building. 'He was to pay back \$50 each year until the whole was paid. It so happened that pretty soon after he had paid \$450, the man died, leaving a widow and little Willy his son. So the widow had, as she thought, a house of her own, with but \$50 more to pay on it. This she was striving and expecting to do, although the dollars came in very slow.

Before the next payment became due, the man who lent the money to her husband, died, also. When his son came to look over his father's accounts, he found this charge of \$500, and finding no credit for any money paid, called and asked for it. In vain she told him that all but \$50 was paid of the sum. She could show no receipts, nor bring any one who could prove anything had been paid. This being the state of the case, he said he must sell the house.

This was sad news to the widow. The little boy, seeing his mother's distress, asked her, 'Ma, have you told Jesus about it?' On answering him that she had not, he said, 'I will tell him,' and going into a corner of the room, he knelt down and prayed with his mother thus, 'Oh, dear Jesus, don't let that man take away our house, or please give us one that we can live in,' &c., &c.

Not long after this a lightning-bug flew into the room. The child tried to catch it, but the insect got behind a bureau. This the child asked his mother to move, so that he could get the lightning-bug; on doing which, something fell down on the floor, which, the child picked up, which, to the joy and surprise of the mother was her husband's receipt-book, with receipts for \$450 paid for the house. The young landlord, on hearing the whole of the circumstances, was so touched that he gave the widow a receipt in full-a gift she would not have received but for little Willy's faith in telling

WHOLESOME MEAL BREAD.-It is well known to chemists and physiologists that the very finely-bolted and white flour, which is so much sought after, is far less nutritious than what is termed middlings or unbolted flour. The most nutritious ingredients of the grain-the wheat phosphates and glutin-are removed to obtain the desired whiteness. Dr. Henry McCormac, an eminent physician of Belfast, Ireland, in some interesting remarks on the subject, says:

"What I want to see everywhere is the preparation of wholesome meal bread-bread including the bran, with the bran-gluten and the bran-phosphates, so all-essential to good bread and the nurture of our flesh and bones. But I do not think that the working classes, to whom is it so important, will ever take to it fully until set the example by the more instructed classes."

An Æronautical Society recently met in London, with the Duke of Argyle at its head. Experiments are constantly making, and cling to the belief that travelling through the air will become as common as on the sea. Some of the best men in England sup port the experiments and entertain the belief. The Duke of Sutherland has offered a reward of one hundred pounds to any one who, by mechanical means, will fly to the top of Stafford House.

Some wags took a drunken fellow, placed him in a grave yard, and waited to see the effect. After a short time the fumes of liquor left him, and his position being rather confined, he sat upright and after looking around, exclaimed, "Well, I'm the first that's riz or else I'm confoundedly be-

"Why Hans, you have the most feminine cast of countenance I have ever seen." "Oh, yaw," was the reply. "I know de reason for dat; mine modder was a woman."

A moral debating society out west is en-gaged in a discussion on the followin question: "If a husband deserts his wife, which is the most abandoned the man or the

A philadelphian says that the invitations of Jay Cook, the government banker, to a party lately given by him, were as follows:
"Guests received at 5:20; dancing commences at 7:30 supper at 10:40."

Republican Platform.

Resolutions adopted by the Republicans of North-Carolina, at a Convention held in

Having assembled in the City of Raleigh on the 27th of March, 1867, in conformity with a timely and patriotic call, reflecting the sentiments of the loyal men of the State, and believing the time is at hand when an open and fearless expression of sentiment, opinion, and purpose is urgently demanded; therefore

1. Resolved, That in view of our present political condition, our relations to the National Government and the people of all sections of the country, we do this day with proud satisfaction unfurl the brilliant and glorious banner of THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, and earnestly appeal to every true and patriotic man in the State

to rally to its support. The splendid and patriotic record made by this great political organization, in standing by the general government with an inflexible resolution, in carrying forward profound measures of statesmanship to a successful issue, and the powerful aid given by it in finally overthrowing and prostrating the most gigantic rebellion of ancient or modern times, should command the respect and challenge the admiration of every can-

2. Resolved. That the American Congress is emnently entitled to the profound thanks of the whole country for its persevering, persistent and heroic devotion to the great principles of human rights as enunciated in the Declaration of Independence; that in the name of the patriotic people of this State we feel warranted in cordially assenting to and accepting the reconstruction plan recently and finally adopted by that body, and to the end that peace and order may be permanently secured and every industrial pursuit resumed and encouraged, we pledge ourselves to use every fair and legitimate means to influence public sentiment to the nearest possible approach

3. Resolved, That we rejoice that the dogma long propagated, of the right of peaceable secession under the Constitution, has been forever overthrown by the majestic uprising of the American people, in crushing out the late rebellion by force of arms; and that the doctrine that the supremacy of the general government has been established, and that the paramount allegiance of the citizen has been acknowledged as due

4. Resolved, That we sincerely exult in the fact that as a nation we are now absolutely a Nation OF FREEMEN, and that the sun in all his course over our wide spread country no longer shines upon the brow of a slave. Without reservation we heartily endorse the great measures of Civil Rights and Impartial Enfranchisement without any property qualification, conferred without disinction of color, and that we are ready to unite in the early practical attainment of these inestimable privileges. Although the mortal remains of ABRAHAM LINCOLN now rest silently beneath the soil of his adopted State, yet his voice still rings like a clarion through the land, earnestly summoning every American citizen to the support of the great Party of Liberty and Emancipa-

5. Resolved, That as the most potent and efficient means by which the South can speedily regain her lost prosperity, we earnestly advocate the spreading of knowledge and education among all men, and that to the attainment of this great end, we demand and shall persistently and firmly 6. Resolved. That we join in an earnest wish for the maintainance untarnished and undimmed of

the public credit and plighted faith of the nation. 7. Resolved, That in the maintainance of the position taken and the principles this day avowed, we earnestly invite the influence and co-opcration of men of all political persuasions, who regard and cordially support the recent action of Congress as a solution of our present political difficulties; that we deprecate partizan violence and desire peace and good will toward all men; and if in an open and fearless effort, which we propose to make on every suitable occasion, to persuade and convince the people, that our highest duty and truest interest is to be subserved by maintaining the principles of the Republican Party, an earnest interest should be awakened, it will be from no other cause than a rigid adherance to what we regard as a sacred right and

E. O'Hara, of Wayne, and adopted:

Resolved That this Convention tender their sincere thanks to Jas. H. Harris for the zealous and efficient manner in which he has labored at the North for the cause of all loyal men in North Carolina and for her speedy return to the Union. Mr. W. F. Henderson, of Davidson, offered the following, which was adopted:

also adopted:

Mr. Dockery offered the following, which was

formation among the people of their respective

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. the Hon. A. H. Jones, the President of the body, has appointed the following Executive State Committee for the Republican party of North-

(WHITES.) WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, Raleigh, Wake county. C. L. HARRIS, Raleigh, Wake county. JAMES F. TAYLOR, Raleigh, Wake county.

WILLIAM A. SMITH, Boon Hill, Johnston county. JOHN POOL, Coleraine, Bertie county. LEWIS THOMPSON, Hotel, Bertie county. DAVID M. CARTER, Washington, Beaufort co. DAVID HEATON, Newbern, Craven county. C. R. Thomas, Newbern, Craven county. E. L. PEMBERTON, Fayetteville, Cumberland co. DANIEL R. GOODLOE, Warrenton, Warren co. ALFRED DOCKERY, Rockingham, Richmond co. THOMAS SETTLE, Wentworth, Rockingham co. ROBERT P. DICK, Greensboro', Guilford county. DR. W. SLOAN, Dailas, Gaston county. Jos. H. NEFF, Wilmington, New Hanover co. J. Q. A. BRYAN, Trap Hill, Wilkes county. L. L. STEWART, Asheville, Buncombe county.

W. G. B. GARRETT, Richland Valley, Haywood county. SAMUEL FORENER, Mount Airy, Surry county. E. WILLIAMS, Burnsville, Yancey county. G. W. LOGAN, Rutherfordton, Rutharford co.

R. W. King, Kinston, Lenoir county. (COLORED.) Jas. H. Harris, Raleigh, Wake county. ALEXIS LONG, Raleigh.

JOHN MANUEL, Raleigh. G. P. ROURKE, Wilmington, New Hanover co. W. CAWTHORN, Warrenton, Warren county. JOHN HYMAN, Warrenton, Warren county. Raleigh, 27th March, 1867: H. Unthanks, Greensboro', Guilford county.

JAMES JONES, Raleigh.

G. W. BRODIE, Raleigh.

J. E. O'HARA, Goldsboro', Wayne county.

Miscellaneous.

PHILADELPHIA UNIVERSITY

MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

THE PHILADELPHIA UNIVERSITY OF

Medicine and Surgery was organized in 1848. Chartered by the Legislature, February 26, 1853.

Name changed by a legislative enactment to the Eclectic Medical College of Philadelphia in 1860. In 1863 it purchased the Pennsylvania Medical

College, established in 1842, and the Philadelphia Medical College, which had previously been merged into the Pennsylvania Medical College. In 1864 it purchased the Penn Medical Universi-

ty. The Trustees of the separate schools united,

petitioned, and obtained a special act of the Leg-

islature, consolidating these institutions and

changing their names to that of the Philadelphia

University of Medicine and Surgery, March 15, 1865. All these various acts are published in the

statutes of Pennsylvania. The cost of the build-

ing and museum was over one hundred thousand

dollars. It will be observed that the University,

as now organized, is the legal representative of

the four medical colleges that it has absorbed.— It is a liberal school of medicine, confined to no

dognea, nor attached to any medical clique; but

embraces in its teachings everything of value to

Sessions .- It has two full sessions each year,

commencing on the 1st of October, and continu-

ing until the 1st of January as its first session,

and from the 1st of January to the 1st of April as

its second; the two constituting one full course

of lectures. It has also a summer session, com-

mencing the first of April and continuing until

August, for the preparatory branches, such as

Latin, Greek, Mathematics, Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Anatomy, Physiology, etc.

Tickets.—Tickets to the full course of lectures
\$120, or \$60 for each session. For the summer

or preparotary course \$25. Graduating fee \$30.

To aid young men of moderate means, the Univer-

sity has issued five hundred scholarships, which

are sold to first-course students, for \$75, and to

second-course students, and clergymen for \$50

each constituting the holder of a life member

with the perpetual privileges of the lectures, and

all the teachings of the school. The only additional fees are a yearly dissecting and matricula-

The Advantages of Scholarship.—The student holding a scholarship can enter the College at

any time during the year, attend as long as he

chooses, and re enter the institution as frequent-

It requires no previous reading or study to en-

Students, by holding scholarships, can prose-

The candidate for graduation can present him-

In case a student should hold a scholarship

and not be able to attend lectures, it can be

transferred to another, thus preventing any loss.

ing to purchase scholarships for them a year or more before attendance at the University, can

secure them by advancing one-half the price, paying the balance when the student enters.— Physicians and benevolent men can bestow great

benefit upon poor young men, by presenting

them a scholarship, and thus enabling them to

The Faculty embraces seventeen eminent physicians and surgeons. The University has asso-

form of medical and surgical disease is operated

College Building.—The College building, located in Ninth Street, south of Walnut, is the

finest in the city. Its front is collegiate gothic, and is adorned with embattlements and embra-

sures, presenting a novel, bold, and beautiful ap-

nented by two towers, rising to the elevation of

pearange. The facade is of brown stone, orna

eighty feet, and crowned with an embattled par-

apet. The building contains between fifty and

sixty rooms, all supplied with water, gas, and

every other convenience that modern improve-ment can contribute to facilitate medical instruc-

tion. Only five hundred scholarships will be is

sued, and as two hundred and fifty are now sold.

those who wish to secure one should do so at

draft or check sent on any National bank in the United States, when the scholarship will be re-

turned by mail, signed by the President of the

Board of Trustees, Jos. S. Fisher, Esq., and the Deau of the Faculty, W. Paine, M. D. All or-ders or scholarships or other business of the

University, should be addressed to Professor W.

NEW BOOKS.

PAINE'S PRACTICE OF MEDICINE.

A new work just issued by W. Paine, M. D.,

Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medi-

cine and Pathology in the Philadelphia Univer-

sity of Medicine and Surgery; author of Paine's

Practice of Surgery; a work on Obstetrics and

Materia Medica; author of New School Reme-

dies; an Epitome of Eberlie's Practice of Medi-

cine; a Review of Homeopathy; a work on the

History of Medicine; Editor of University Medi-

cal and Surgical Journal, &c. &c. It is a royal

octavo of 960 pages, and contains a full descrip-

tion of all diseases known in in medicine and sur-

gery, including those of women and children, to-

gether with their pathology and treatment by all

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ALFRED STOKES, Wilkerboro', Wilkes county.

J. W. Hood, Fayetteville, Cumberland county. I. B. Abbott, Newbern, Craven county. H. EPPES, Halifax, Halifax county. T. A. SYKES, Elizabeth City, Pasquotank co. TONY GREEN, Hendersonville, Henderson co. R. SMITH, Charlotte, Meckletburg county.

to unanimity on this subject.

insist upon the absolute right of free discussion and free speech on all subjects of public interest.

a solemn public duty. The following resolution was offered by Mr. J.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention are due and are hereby tendered to the Spartan band of Republicans in the late Legislature of this State, for their bold and fearless defence of

Congress and the Union. Mr. Settle offered the following, which were nanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we esteem ourselves fortunate, in that so experienced and accomplished a statesman and soldier as Major General Daniel E. Sickles has been appointed to the command of this military district. We tender to him our hearty cooperation as loyal citizens in the performance of the important duties that have been devolved upon

Mr. Carter introduced the following, which was

Resolved, That the President of this Convention appoint an Executive Committee of forty members to promote the organization and interests of the national Republican Party of North-Carolina, and that the resident members of said committee in each Congressional District be authorized to appoint such committees in every county of the

Resolved, That the members of the Convention hereby pledge themselves to use every legitimate means in their power to disseminate correct in-

In pursuance of the resolution adopted by the recent Reconstruction Convention in this City, Carolina:

Dr. Eugene Grissom, Franklinton, Granville

customers, as well as all others, will be promptly done and forwarded. Raleigh, July 31, 1866. MOLASSES! MOLASSES!! 280 HOGSHEADS. AND 40 TEIRCES AND MOLASSES, mostly in bright and new packages. Just landing, for sale by May 18, 1867.

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BUCKEYE MOWER AND REAPER. WE HAVE IN STORE ONE OF THESE celebrated Machines, which we will sell on accommodating terms. We have, also, made arrangements to furnish on short notice, Grain Cradles, Threshing Ma-chines, Horse Powers, Horse Rakes, Fan Mills, Cotton Gins, &c., &c., at manufacturer's prices. B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

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There cometh glad tidings of joy at all, To young and to old, to great and to small; The beauty which once was so precious and rare Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of CHASTELLAR'S WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For Improving and Beautifying the Complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth Patches. Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same leaving the skin white and clear as an alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation is perfectly harmless. It is the only alticle of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as Indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guar-untee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order by BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists,

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DIES: The secret of beautifying the skin being known only to Messrs. Jared & Rene, they honestly state that it differs from all other preparations. It gives to the most harsh and freekled skin both he color and texture of polished ivory, removing all discolorations whether appearing as freckles. tan, morphew, moth, or black-worm speeks, and is especially successful in smoothing out the

marks left by Small-pox.

The agents of "L'Email de Paris" most conidently submit to the public the earnest endorsements of such distinguished ladies as Signora Ristori, M'lle Felicita Vestva-li, Miss Maggie Mitchell, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, Lucille Western, Mad. Ponisi, Mrs. Emma Waller, Lucy Rushton, Noemie de

Marguerrittes, Miss Agnes Perry, and many others, whose high standing in the profession gives the stamp of truthfulness to heir intelligent and genuine approval. The Beautiful Lucille Western says:— I find that the "Email" produces all the bril-liancy of rouge and lilly-white, with the great and peculiar advantages of perfect harmle

It really adds to the softness and beauty of the The Magnificent Vestvali says:-I have suffered so much from the various white otions, &c., which my theatrical profession obliges me to use, that I consider it a perfect benefaction to find a preparation which gives the ne-cessary whiteness to the skin, and leaves the skin

Miss Maggie Mitchell says :---I have tried the skin beautifier, "L'Email de natural bloom and freshness to the complexion. 'Jared Email de Paris' is used as a delicate beautifier of the skin for Theatre, Saloon or Ball Room, by the most refined and scrupulous ladies: roducing all the beautitying effects of rouge and lly-white, without their vulgar glare or injury to

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She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives Information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best malified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see n the firmament-the maletic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, sl:c deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation ee, with likeness and all desired information, \$1 Parties living at a distance can consult the Mad ame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquires answered and ikeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secres, wil be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnshed those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

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WHISKERS

MUSTACHES! PORCED to grow upon the smoothest face in SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the April 6, 1867. 6-tw&w1y.

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Auburn, Golden, Flaxen & Silken Curls, PRODUCED by the use of Prof. DE BREUX'
FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn warranted to current the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wayy ringlets, or heavy massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, \$1. Descriptive circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States. Sole Agents for the United States. 6-tw&wly.

The Reconstruction Act.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE MORE EFFI-CIENT GOVERNMENT OF THE REBEL STATES. WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, Mississippi and Arkansas, and whereas, it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and republican State governments can be legally es-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-ntatives of the United States of America in Con-gress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts, and made subject to the military authority of the United States. as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district: North Carolina and South-Carolina the second district: Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district : Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district, and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall

be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army not below the rank of brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, dis order, and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals; and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and try offenders, or when in his judgment it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose; and all interference under color of State authority with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be in flicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be execu ted until it is approved by the officer in command of the district; and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they may conflict with its provisions; Provided, That no sentence of death under the provisions of this act shall be carried into effect without the approval of the

And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of the aforesaid rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State twenty-one years old and apward, of whatever race, color, or previous condition, who have been resident insaid State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion or for felony at common aw; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for election of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification who are qualified as electors for delegates, and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when said State, by a vote of its Legislature elected under said constitution shall bave adopted the amendment to the Constitution of the United States proposed by the Thirty-Ninth Congress, and a nown as article 14, and when said article shall have become a part of the Constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom on their taking the oath prescribed by law, and then and thereafter the preceeding sections of tl is act shall be inoperative in said State : Provi-That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States shall be ligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel states, nor shall any such person vote for mem-

bers of said convention. SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be, by law, admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil governments which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only. and in all respects subject to the paramount au thority of the United States at any time to abolish modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none other, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under any such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

Constitutional Amendment. The following is the Constitutional Amend ment, commonly called the Howard Amendment:

ARTICLE XIV. Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in he United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United tates; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdic-tion the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of ersons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, nied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vive-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States. shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereor. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability. Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebelion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void. Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

The following is the oath ("iron-clad") of of fice referred to in the Reconstruction and Supplemental Acts:

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected

or appointed to any office of honor or profit un-

der the government of the United States, either

in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the Unit-ed States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any the salary or other emoluments thereof, take a subscribe the following oath or affirmation: A. B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I ha never voluntarily borne arms against the Uni States since I have been a citizen thereof; tha have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, cou sel or encouragement to persons engaged armed hostility thereto; that I have never song nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the fur and if entire satisfaction is not given in every in-strnee, the money will be cheerfully refunded. -Price by mail, scaled and postpaid, \$1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Aldress BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No.

Sole exempts for the stitution within the United States, hostile or imical thereto; and I do further swear (or affir that to the best of my knowledge and ability will support and defend the constitution of United States against all enemies, foreign and a mestic; that I will bear true faith and allegian to the same; that I take this obligation free without any mental reservation or purpose evasion, and that I will well and faithfully charge the duties of the office on which I a about to enter. So help me God," which oa so taken and signed, shall be preserved amo the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or t department to which said officer may apperta And any person who may falsely take said o shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction. addition to the penalties now prescribed for the offence, shall be deprived of his office, and redered forever incapable after, of holding any fice or place under the United States. Approved July 2, 1862.

Supplementary to the Stevens-Sherman-Shellabarger Bill.

An act supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to

facilitate restoration. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-ientatives of the United States of America in Con-press assembled, That before the first day of eptember, 1867, the commanding general in each listrict defined by an act enitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a regstration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty one years of age and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act afore-

aid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the

ollowing oath or affirmation: "I, -, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ----, that I have resided in said State or - months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of -, or the parish of —, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of he United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, nor held any executive or judicial office in any State, and aferwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comort to the enemies thereof; that I have never aken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State to support the Constitution of the United States and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me

Which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer. Sec. 2. That after the completion of the regisration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general may appoint and direct, of which at least thirty days' public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loval to the Union; said convention in each State, except lirginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State egislature of such State in the year 1860, to be pportioned among the several districts, coun-es, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid, as nearly as may be. The Convention in Virginia shall onsist of the same number of members as repsented the territory now constituting inia in the most numerous branch of the Legisature of said State in the year 1860, to be apporioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at said election the registered voers of each State shall vote for or against a conention to form a constitution under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, the words "for a con-vention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election and to make return of the wotes given thereat as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and de clare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then such convention shall be held under this act: Provided, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered votes shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district. in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes east at said election; and upon receiving soid returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as dele-gates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to as-semble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said Conven tion, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the person registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the offieers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5. That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as here in specified, cast at said election, at least one half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the duly certified, to the President of the United States who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supple mentary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation,

and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided. Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said effice, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office;" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and sub scribe any oath in this act prescribed, such per son so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt erjury.
Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the sever-

al commanding generals, or by virtue of any or ders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of sny moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropri Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents rerein authorized or necessary to carry into effect

the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same. Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section SCHUYLER COLFAX,

Speaker of the House of Representatives, LA FAYETTE 8. FOSTER. President of the Senate pro tempore.

CALENDAR FOR 1867.

1867	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday	Saturday.	1867	Sunday	Monday	Twesday	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday	
JAN.			1	2	3	4	5		14	8 15	9 16	10 17	11 18	5 12 19 26	
FEB.	3 10	28 4 11	 5 12	30 6 13	31	1 8	9 16	Aug.	28	29 5 12	6 13	31 7	1 8 15	9 16	1
MAR.	34 10	25 4 11	26 5 12	6	28 7	1 8 15	23 9 16 23	SEPT.	25 1 8 15	26 2 9 16	27 8 10 17	28 11 18	29 5 12 19	6 13 20	1 2
APR.	31 7 14	25	26 2 9 16	27 3 10 17	28 11 18	29 5 12 19	30 6 13 20	Oct.	29 6 13	30 7	18	9	3 17	27 4 11 18	1111
MAY	28 5 12	29 6 18	7	1 8 15	9 16	3 10 17	27 11 18	Nov.	27	28	29	80	31		
June.	26	27	28	29	6	31	1151	- C	24	25	26 3 10	27	28	29 29 6 13	
	16 23	17 24	18 25	119	20 27	91 26	22 29	1	22	23	24	25	26	20	j

Prospectuses.

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BY W. W. HOLDEN & SON.

Published Tri-Weekly & Weekly in RALEIGH, N. C.

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Fortieth Congress. [Union members marked "U;" Opposition "O. NEW HAMPSHIRE. CONNECTICUT. Aaron H. Cragin, U. James W. Patterson, U. NEW YORK.
Edwin D Morgan, U.
Roscoe Conkling, U. A. G. Cattell, U. F W Frelinghuy

Willard Saulsbury, O. Richard Yates, U. Lyman Trumbull, U. W M Stewart, U.
J W Nye, U.
NEBRASKA.
John M Thayer, U.
Thos W Tipton, U. INDIANA James W Grimes, U. James Harlan, U. Benj. F. Wade, U. John Sherman, U. George H Williams, U. Henry W Corbett, U. KANSAS PENNSYLVANIA. Carles R Bunkalew, O. Simon Cameron, U. KENTUCKY James Guthrie, O.

Garret Davis, O. RHODE ISLAND Lot M Morrill, U William Sprague, U. Henry B. Anthony, U. MASSACHUSETTS. Charles Sumner, U. Henry Wilson, U. David T Fowler, U. J S Patterson, O. VERMONT. George F. Edmunds, U. Justin S Morrill, U. Vacancy. John B. Henderson James B Doolittle, O. limothy O. Howe, U.

Peter G Van Winkle, U. Zachariah Chandler, U. Jacob M Howard, U. MINNESOTA. Alexander Ramsay, U. Republicans 42, Democrats 11.

MICHIGAN.

day in September.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. to be 4. Francis Thomas, v. 5. Frederick Stone, 0. CALIFORNIA.

CONNECTICUT. Four members to be elec-ted on the first Monday in 4. 6. R T Van Horn, U. 7. Benj F Loan, U. 8. J F Benjamin, U. NEW YORK. Demas Barnes, O. Wm E Robinson, O. 9. G W Anderson, U. John Fex. O. MICHIGAN. John Morrissey, O. Thomas E Stewart, O. John W. Chanler, O. . Fer C. Beamsn, U. Austin Blair, U. Thomas W Perry, U

James Brooks, O. Fernando Wood, O. Wm H Robertson, U RE Trowbridge, U.
John F Driggs, U. MINNESOTA.

1. Wm Windom, U.

2. Ignatus Donneil Chas H Van Wyck, U John H Ketcham, U. Thos Cornell, U. J V L Prayn, O.

DELAWARE. 1. N B Judd, U. 2. J F Farmsworth, U. 3. E B Washburne, U. Aaron C. Harding, Eborn C Ingersoft, Burton C Cook, U HPH Bromwell, U Shelby M. Cullum, U. Lewis W Ross, Q.

10. A G Burr, O. 11. Saml S Marshall, O. 12. Jehu Baker, F. At large, J A Logan, U. Michael C Kerr, O. M C Hunter, U. Wm S Holman, O. Geo W Julian, U. John Coburn, U. H D Washburne, U.

Godlove S Orth, U. Schuyler Colfax, U. Wm Williams, U. 1. James F Wilson, U.
2. Hiram Price, U.
3. Wm B Allison, U.
4. W M Loughridge, U.
5. G M Dodge, U.
6. Asabel W Hubbard, U.

Sidney Clarke, U. Nine members to be ted on the 4th of May. 1. John Lynch, U. 2. Sidney Parham, U. 3. James G Blaine, U. 5. Fred'k A. Pike, U. MASSACHUSETTS.
Thomas D Eliot, U.

MARYLAND.

1. Hiram McCallough, O. 2. S. Archer, O. 3. C E Phelps, O. Republicans 128, Democrats 33.

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Members of the Legislature, visitors and citizens are invited to call at WATSON'S PHOTO. GRAPH GALLERY and hear of something to their interest.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, Nov. 22, 1866.

William Moore, U. Orange Ferris, U. C T Hulburd, U. James M. Marvin, U. 2. Chas Haight, O. 3. Chas Sitgreaves, O. 4. John Hill, U. 5. G A Halsey, U. . Delos R Ashley, U. Vacancy. J C Churchill, U. NEBRASKA. Dennis McCarthy, U. NEW HAMPSHIRE Three members to be elec-ed on 12th March Hamilton Ward, U. Lewis Selye, U. Burt Van Horn, U. oHio.

Benj Eggleston, U.

R. B. Hayes, U.

Robert C Schenck, U.

Wm Lawrence, U.

CS Hamilton, U 9. Ralph P Buckland. U.
10. James M. Ashky, U.
11. John T. Wilson, U.
12. P Van Trump, O.
13. GW Morgan, O. P Van Trump, O.
G W Morgan, O.
Martin Welker, U.
Tobias A Plants, U.
John A. Bingham, U.
Ephraim R Eckley, U.

Rufus P Spalding, U James A Garfield, U OREGON. Rufus Mallory, U. PENNSYLVANIA. Samuel J Randall, O. Charles O'Neill, U. Leonard Myers, U. W D Kelley, U. Caleb N Taylor, U. B Markley Boyer, John M Broomail. J Lawrence Getz. Thaddeus Stevens, U. Henry L Cake, U. D M Van Anken, O.

Charles Dennison, O. Ulysses F Mercar, U. Geo F Miller, U. A J. Goldsbrenner, O. Wm H Koontz, U. Daniel S Morrell, U. Darwin A Finney, U. 23. Thomas Williams, 1

Eight members ted on the 1st of August. 1. F E Woodbridge, U. 2. Luke Poland, U. 3. W C Smith, U.

3. Ginery Twitchell, U.
4. Samuel Hooper, U.
5. Benj F Butler, U.
6. Nathaniel P Banks, U.
7. Geo S Boutwell, U.
8. John B. Baldwin, U.
9. W B Washburne, U.
10. Hervy L Dawes, U.

6. C C Washburn, U.
Wisconsin.
11. Helbert E Paine, U.
22. Benj F Hopkins, U.
33. Amasa Cobb. U.
44. Chas A Eldridge, 0.
55. Philetas Sawyer, U.
66. C C Washburn, U.
WEST VIRGINIA. 1. C D Hubbard, U.
2. Lenj M Kitchen, U.
3. Daniel Palsey, U.

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