

## THE SKIN

## Is it Not Humiliating to Show a Face Marked With Skin Disease?

It seems to be one of the penalties of skin disease that it usually appears where everybody can see it. If not at first, it sooner or later reaches the hands and face.

Perhaps you have dosed your stomach in an effort to find a cure. If so, you have been a victim of error. Real skin disease is SKIN disease—a disease confined to the skin, and the general health may not be affected. If the general health is affected at all, it is because the victim was lured on by internal treatment. Don't worry your stomach any more. Don't smear your face with nasty salves.

The only way to cure the skin is THROUGH the skin, and in order that the healing agents may penetrate perfectly, the remedy should be a liquid, not a salve. This is now pretty well understood in medical science and the claims of the original and the true scientific remedy for eczematous diseases—D. D. D. Prescription—are now recognized.

You can get D. D. D. Prescription as well as D. D. D. soap, that mild cleanser from Fout & Porterfield's drug store in this town. Apply a few drops of the prescription and the itching will be gone. A single trial will prove it—that itch gone!

## ARBOR DAY PROCLAMATION.

State of North Dakota, Executive Mansion, Bismarck—Forest trees are of mighty importance in the economy of nature. They shelter man and beast from winter's icy blast and from summer's scorching sun. They supply man with fuel for his fireside and lumber for his home. They have a beneficial influence upon the rainfall, the air, and the soil; and in the spring-time their emerald-hued tops are vocal with the songs of sweet birds, while from underneath their foliage rings out the still sweeter music of childhood's happy laughter.

For all these, and for the purpose of encouraging the planting and cultivation of forest trees, and in accordance with a long established custom, I do hereby designate

FRIDAY, MAY THIRD,

AS ARBOR DAY

for this state, as a day set apart for the planting of trees, shrubs, flowers and vines, for the beautifying of homes, public schools, and public grounds. The only exercises held in the public schools on this day should be those relating to forestry and kindred subjects, thus awakening in children the inherent love for three and bird and flower and impressing them with their great importance and beauty. Let each and all unite in a simultaneous effort to beautify the home, the school, the field and farm, by planting trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers, that will yield an annual harvest of bud, blossoms, leaf and flower, for this and generations yet to come, as the years go by.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of North Dakota, at the Capitol at Bismarck, this 5th day of April, A. D. 1907.

By the Governor: JOHN BURKE, Governor.

(GREAT SEAL)  
ALFRED BLAISDELL, Secretary of State.

Good Words for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. People everywhere take pleasure in testifying to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Edward Phillips of Barclay, Md., writes: "I wish to tell you that I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My little girl, Catherine, who is 2 years old, has been taking this remedy whenever she has had a cold since she was 2 months old. About a month ago I contracted a dreadful cold myself, but I took Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was soon as well as ever." This remedy is for sale by all dealers.

## Tale of Two Uniforms.

Miss Clara Davine, who was recently appearing at the Alcazar d'Eté, nearly came into conflict with the laws of France by appearing on the stage in what looked like correct military uniform. Summoned by the police to pay a fine, Miss Davine smilingly pointed out that there was one button less on the tunic of her uniform than was prescribed by military law. The police were discomfited.

By the curious inconsistency which characterizes the laws of various nations, Fraulein Sofia Curtl was recently summoned by the German police for appearing on the stage in "incorrect" Prussian military uniform. The actress got off as a "first offender," but it was pointed out to her that, if she wished to escape trouble, her military uniforms in future must be correct down to the smallest detail.

## BLOCKADED.

EVERY HOUSEHOLD IN FARGO SHOULD KNOW HOW TO RESIST IT.

The back aches because the kidneys are blocked.

Help the kidneys with their work. The back will ache no more.

Lots of proof that Doan's Kidney Pills do this.

It's the best proof, for it comes from Fargo.

Robert M. Graves, expressman, of 64 Third street north, Fargo, N. D., says: "Experience has taught me that Doan's Kidney Pills, which I procured at J. M. S. Wilser's drug store can be relied upon to quickly and thoroughly cure backache. So many people are annoyed with this complaint, varying from slight twinges to acute chronic aching, that I feel it a duty to tell other sufferers about Doan's Kidney Pills, which can always be depended on. With backache sufferers Doan's Kidney Pills fill a long felt want, and I emphatically endorse them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

## Radium as Medicine to Cure Serious Ills

Expert of George Washington University Makes Important Discovery Regarding the Curative Properties of Marvelous Element.

Washington, May 1.—Is radium that mysterious element which through the incessant activity of the radium clock has enabled the scientist virtually to solve the problem of perpetual motion; whose value exceeds that of the most precious metals or gems many times over, and is likely to increase progressively with increasing demand—is this marvel of the new science destined to affect medical treatment of several of the most serious ills under which humanity labors? Ever since the discovery of radium by Henri Becquerel and Madame and Mr. Curie, a considerable number of physicians on both sides of the Atlantic have been experimenting with the element with a view to discovering what it will do and what it will not do by way of stimulating or retarding the development of the human tissues. A literature embracing forty or more volumes and many important magazine articles bearing on the subject has been created, and in French an entire magazine, *Le Radium*, has been devoted to this new power.

Now comes an announcement that the Jamestown exposition is to have a special department for the display of what radium has accomplished for medical science up to date. This, supplementary to the exhibit of the physical properties of radium under George F. Kunz's supervision, will be in charge of Dr. Truman Abbe, an instructor in physiology in the George Washington university. Dr. Truman Abbe was one of the first in this country to collect all available information regarding radium and to inquire into its medicinal effects. With his uncle, Dr. Robert Abbe of New York city, he has probably done more advanced work in radium therapeutics than any other physician in the United States, and his appointment as head of this department at the Jamestown exposition came in recognition of a typical example of the spirit of research which prevails in the scientific and professional circles of Washington. The opportunities afforded by the great collections like the national museum, the Smithsonian institution, the army medical museum, the museum of naval hygiene and by other government departments offer constant encouragement to professional men and to advanced students at the national capital to conduct independent investigations. Dr. Abbe, like so many members of the medical department of the George Washington university, has found the surgeon general's library of this city, which is admittedly the most complete of its kind in the world, to be of invaluable assistance in the studies he has been pursuing.

The radium exhibits for the Jamestown exposition are now being gathered. For average Americans, always intensely curious as to the latest results of scientific achievement, they are certain to be of peculiarly fascinating interest. The wonders of the element have been extensively proclaimed in the newspapers and magazines, but the chance actually to see its effects and uses is one that has not been offered to so many people in the aggregate. In the collection which will be brought together by the expert from George Washington university will be specimens from the aggregation of radium owned by Dr. Robert Abbe of New York city, who has obtained for his own use more specimens than are possessed by any other individual in the United States.

In Dr. Truman Abbe's personal collection, which will also be shown at Jamestown, is the first example of radium in a diluted form that was ever brought to this country. It arrived here soon after the identification of the substance in the late 90's, and part of it went to the Smithsonian institution. There will, further, be radium photographs, which the public will be able to compare with the more familiar X ray photographs, demonstrations of the therapeutic qualities of radium and examples of the literature of the subject.

A very short time has elapsed since first the discovery was made that of all radio-active bodies by far the most powerful is one which may be derived in the form of a salt from pitch-blend, and far-reaching consequences in the practice of medicine have not yet been attained. Only charlatans and fakirs pretend that a new panacea has been found. What Dr. Abbe's exhibit will show, however, is that a promising field of investigation has been opened. Radium applied to the human body certainly has possibilities. It is not merely a scientific curiosity. The wonderful and spectacular effects that emanate from the element whose potency is practically without a time limit are well known.

Among such are the radium clock, with its alternately charging and discharging gold leaves, which to all intents and purposes has solved the riddle of perpetual motion; the fluorescence, or glow that is imparted to many substances as they come nearer a bit of the magical stuff, even though it is wrapped in thick sheets of lead and buried from sight in a drawer or a cabinet; the penetration of one or more of the three forms of rays through almost all known substances, including, of course, the human body, and the imparting of radio-activity to nearly all substances that come into the field of activity, so that the radium photographs, or skiagraphs, as they are technically called, show generally less definite edges than those of the X ray photographs.

Yet what especially interests the physician anxious to utilize any new knowledge available for the elimination of the old troubles lies in the fact, now universally admitted, that the

mysterious radiations and emanations from this product of pitch-blend have the power of checking the growth of certain vegetable and animal cells and tissues, while stimulating others to greater activity. This property has been illustrated by almost countless experiments conducted with plants, animals and human beings. By physicians radium has been applied to the skin; it has been sunk below the surface of all sorts of organisms and its effects carefully observed. In one instance it was brought next to the electric torpedo, a fish that ordinarily will hand out several hundred shocks in rapid succession; but, under the influence of the radio-active emanations, it lost its power of electrical discharge. There have been numerous attempts to restore sight to the blind through radium—unsuccessfully for the most part, up to the present time.

Above all, the radium treatment of cancer has been carefully studied by a few physicians who have foreseen in it possibilities of immense benefit to the race. A cancer, in plain language, is nothing but a mass of perverted and rapidly growing cells. The reason for their perversion, whether they are due to toxins in the blood or to a germ not yet identified, still awaits discovery. What is known, however, is that any agency which will retard the development of diseased cells bids fair to accomplish that which has heretofore been possible only through surgery, and then, usually, with no assurance of ultimate success. Radium applied to a cancer inhibits the growth of the cells for about a centimeter below the surface. Even in the case of cancers that are well along, the use of radium, it has been discovered, gives relief; and it is believed that in the early stages something more radical may be effected.

One of the greatest difficulties up to this time has been the scantiness of the supply of the element. Cancers are often very extensive, sometimes involving half of a man's head and having secondary deposits anywhere in the man's body. While one portion is being treated with one of the small particles of radium which a few thousand dollars will purchase the rest of the great tract of perverted cells continues on its course of destruction. Thus far the source of supply is so limited that use of radium in large quantities to be effective in treatment of cancerous growths of any considerable size is obviously out of the question.

What, however, has been accomplished up to this time by medical men who have made use of radium will be exhibited at the Jamestown exposition, and, incidentally, the medical fraternity throughout the United States will be given a demonstration of the richness of material for research in this direction which the capital city affords. One of the greatest assets possessed by the department of medicine of the George Washington university is the easy access of its teachers and pupils to such collections as the surgeon general's library and to the very important marine hospital service dealing with national problems in hygiene and the laboratories of the various governmental departments which are all open to students of medicine—just as the literature of radium is all comprehended in the library in question.

## Notice to Customers.

We are pleased to announce that Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung troubles is not affected by the national pure food and drug law as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults. H. H. Casselman, Lion drug store.

## Alexander.

Alexander, N. D., April 29, 1907.—To The Forum: Miss Osa Miller visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kitzmiller last Sunday.

Mrs. Millhouse returned from the eastern part of the state.

Fred Wolf of Buford has charge of the Dakota Trading Co.'s interests here since the death of Manager Moor.

O. H. Marshall and Geo. Dunlavy are going to Williston where they will be employed this summer.

Messrs. Marshall and Olson visited at Scarpell's ranch last Thursday.

Miss Christine Bustrad is now living on her claim south of town.

Miss Marshall called on Miss Dunlavy Sunday afternoon.

Cor. A.

## Weak Kidneys

Weak Kidneys, surely point to weak kidney nerves. The kidneys, like the heart, and the stomach, find their weakness, not in the organ itself, but in the nerve that control and guide and strengthen them. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a medicine specifically prepared to reach these controlling nerves. To doctor the kidneys alone, is futile. It is a waste of time, and of money as well.

If your back aches or is weak, if the urine is scanty, or is dark and strong, if you have symptoms of Bright's or other distressing or dangerous kidney disease, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative a month. Tablets or Liquid—see what it can and will do for you. Druggists recommend and sell.

**Dr. Shoop's Restorative**  
McDONALD DRUG CO.



## JAP ROSE Toilet Soap

Transparent TOILET Soap

ITS FIVE STRONGEST POINTS ARE

It is transparent—so clear you can read through it.

It lathers freely in all kinds of water. For use in hard water its strongest point.

Women say there is nothing to equal it for washing the hair.

Made from the whitest, purest and best vegetable oils—oils that you can eat.

It's twice the size and less than one-half the cost of any brand of really good transparent soap.

*Jap. Shiro & Co.*  
**CHICAGO**

## EDLUN LANDED CONTRACT.

He Will Build New Residence at Soldiers' Home.

Ed. Edlun has been awarded the contract for the construction of the new residence at the Soldiers' home at Lisbon, and the cost of the building will be \$6,755. The plumbing and heating contract for the same building was let to James S. Cole of Lisbon for \$1,106.

Plans for this building were drawn by Hancock Bros. who are also preparing the specifications for a four room brick school building which is to be erected in the near future at Buchanan near Jamestown. The cost of this building will be about \$10,000 and the contract for its construction will be let at an early date.

## Oriska.

Oriska, N. D., April 30.—To The Forum: Mrs. I. Arestad returned from a trip to Pittsburg, Pa., last Wednesday.

The town pump has been removed from the center of Main street.

The show held here last Saturday night was better than most shows that visit Oriska. They were to paint an advertising curtain and hang it on but must have forgot to put the rollers on it or else they thought Oriska, used a different kind of rollers than other towns because they nailed it to the ceiling.

Mrs. McWhitty is in Casselton having her teeth treated this week.

Archie Craver will act as mail carrier on Route No. 2. He will commence May 1.

Miss Edna Van Steenburg has been visiting Mrs. J. J. Taylor for the past week.

Ingvald Arestad has purchased two lots and already he has his cellar dug for his new residence.

C. U. Bearse has purchased a lot in Oriska.

By the number of young men that are purchasing lots, it looks as though Oriska may have a few families in the near future.

It looks more like spring today than last Friday when the snow fell thick and fast.

Roy Garrett is absent from school on account of being ill with tonsillitis.

Ed. Kramer has returned from a trip to Wisconsin.

Cor. O.

## Grandin.

Grandin, N. D., April 30.—To The Forum: The farmers have started their spring work again after a week's freeze-up.

J. B. Akesson and A. McWilliams were Fargo visitors last week.

Eliza Marshall of New England, N. D., is at the old homestead, looking after the spring work for a short time.

Ola Dally returned April 25 from Dickinson, N. D., where he had been spending the winter.

P. A. Anderson took a trip to Wisconsin last week where he purchased a quarter section of land near Rediston, Wis., which country has a great future.

Clara Quamme left for Larimore, N. D., where she is employed as telephone operator.

Mr. and Mrs. Cameron and daughter, Eford, spent Sunday and Monday in Grand Forks.

The W. C. T. U. gave a silver medal contest in the Presbyterian church Friday night which was quite well attended and very much enjoyed by all. There were seven boys in the contest. They were all good and very close together, the judges awarded the prize to Warner Tabor.

Grandin people were very much pleased to learn that Lottie Lockhart of this place took the silver medal contest in Fargo Saturday night given by the W. C. T. U. of Fargo.

Our agent, E. S. Bryant, wife and son Ebon spent Sunday in Hillsboro.

R. J. Pratt of Harvey, N. D., is making a short visit with his mother, Mrs. James Pratt.

Duntley-Elliott—One of the prettiest weddings ever seen in Grandin occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Duntley, Wednesday evening, April 24, when their daughter Ida Imogene was married to James A. Elliott of New England, N. D. The

## wedding party descended the stairs to the strains of Lohengren's Wedding march.

Miss Florence Taber presiding at the piano. The groom and best man, Gordon McGauvran, preceded the party, waiting at the arch of cedar for the bride and the bridesmaid, who entered a few minutes later. The bride looked lovely in her dainty dress of white banzai silk, trimmed with point lace, and carried a shower bouquet of carnations. The bridesmaid, Miss Mable Elliott was charming in a gown of white net, and carried pink carnations. The marriage ceremony was read by Rev. L. D. Cook of Hunter, the ring service being used. Immediately after the ceremony a coursed luncheon was served. The happy couple left, under showers of rice and best wishes, on the evening train for their home in New England. They were accompanied as far as Fargo, by a number of their friends.

Many beautiful and costly gifts were received. The out of town guests were Miss Mary Nelson of Colorado Springs, Miss Bessie Emory of Grand Forks, Dr. McLean of Excelsior, Minn., Mrs. E. W. Hulbert and Miss Edna Hulbert of Fargo, Mrs. Deimert of Fargo, Mr. McMullen and Miss McMullen of Hunter, Miss Blanche Sim of Fargo, Miss McMurry of Harwood, Miss Thom of Grand Forks, George Pratt of Binford, Gordon McGauvran of Grand Forks.

## WILL SOON BE IN USE

North Broadway Paving Is Rapidly Nearing Completion—Commence Work on Eighth Street South.

Good progress is being made towards the completion of the paving on North Broadway. The force of men working under direction of Contractor Kennedy has finished the work as far as Tenth avenue and there are but two more blocks to be done. Creosote blocks on a concrete base is the material being used. Property owners along the street as well as many others who have enjoyed driving out the thoroughfare which in the past has been one of the most popular in the city are rejoicing that after being torn up for nearly a year it will soon be in condition for use again.

Work will be commenced on the paving of Eighth street south at an early date. The old paving will be removed and cedar blocks on a concrete base will be laid in its place. The street which has been unfit for driving purposes for several years will thus again be put in good condition.

Dr. Salvage, Knight building, specialist on heart, lungs, liver and kidneys.



THE National Pure Food Law and U.S. Pure Food inspectors were not necessary for whiskeys like Sunny Brook. The distillers of this old Kentucky whiskey obeyed the Pure Food Law many years before it was ever thought of or enacted. Every drop of

## Sunny Brook Whiskey

either Rye or Bourbon, is "Bottled in Bond" under the direct supervision of U.S. Internal Revenue Officers, who affix over the neck of every bottle of Sunny Brook the Government "Green Stamp," guaranteeing Age, Purity and Quantity.

Of the hundreds of samples analyzed by the North Dakota Pure Food Department Chemists acknowledged to be the most rigid in the United States, Sunny Brook was the only whiskey found Normal. Aged, mellowed, and flavored by storage for many years in heavily charred oaken barrels. Ask for it. Get it.

SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS.

**SHOTWELL & GRAVER, Florists** Phone 424 Fargo, N. D.  
Do not send any farther than Fargo for fresh cut flowers for weddings, etc. Funeral designs of every description made up on short notice. Palms, ferns, primroses, lilies, hyacinths, tulips and narcissus, gold fish, globes, fish food, canary birds. Special attention to out of town orders. Write for Catalogues.

**A. L. WALL LUMBER DEALER**  
Corner of Front and Eleventh Streets  
PHONE 386 FARGO, N. D.