TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1992.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

To the Republican electors of the county of Burleigh, state of North Dakota: DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION. DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION.

A delegate convention of the Republicans of Burleigh county is hereby called to meet at the Atheneum, in the city of Bismarck, on Saturday, July 19, 1902, at the hour of two o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of selecting fifteen delegates to represent the Republicans of Burleigh county at the Republican State Convention to be held at the Opera House in the city of Fargo on Wednesday, July 23, 1802, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, said, convention at Fargo to be held for the purpose of nominating two members of congress and state officers. LEGISLATIVE AND COUNTY OFFICERS. Also, for the purpose of nominating Republian candidates for the following offices, viz:
Two representatives for the 27th legislative

County Treasurer.

Register of Deeds. Clerk of District Court. States Attorney.

Coroner. Judge of the County Court.

Judge of the County Court.
Surveyor.
Superintendent of Schools.
Four Justices of the Peace.
Four Constables.
The basis of representation is the average number of votes cast for the two Republican candidates receiving respectively the highest and lowest vote in Burleigh county on the state ticket at the last general election, giving one delegate for each twelve Republican votes, or major fraction of twelve votes, cast for the above officers at said election.
Cancuses will be held in the various precincts as hereinafter enumerated on Wednesday, July 6, 1902, between the hours of two and three o'clock in the afternoon, in the city of Bismarck, and between the hours of five and seven o'clock in the afternoon in the precincts outside of the city of Bismarck.
The various precincts shall be defined and entitled to representation as follows:
Precinct No. 1—All of the city of Bismarck, 27 delegates, vote at Lincoln school house.
Precinct No. 3—Apple Creek, 1 delegate, vote at sehool house.
Precinct No. 4—Boyd township, 1 delegate,

Precinct No. 3—Apple Creek, 1 delegate, vote at selool house.

Precinct No. 4—Boyd township, 1 delegate, vote at school house.

Precinct No. 5—Logan township, 1 delegate, vote at school house.

Precinct No. 6—Townships 137 and 138, ranges 75 and 76, 1 delegate, vote at White school house.

Precinct No. 7-Morton township, 1 delegate,

Precinct No. 3—Moreon township, I delegate, vote at school house.

Precinct No. 8—Telfer township, 1 delegate, vote at Skinner school house.

Precinct No. 9—Manning township, 2 delegates, vote at Eldridge school house.

Precinct No. 10—Hay Creek, 1 delegate, vote at school house.

Precinct No. 11—Gibbs, 1 delegate, vote at school house.

inct No. 12-Menoken, 1 delegate, vote at Menoken school house.
Precinct No. 13—McKenzie, 1 delegate, vote at school house.
Precinct No. 14—Townships 139 and 140, ranges School house.
Precinct No. 14—Townships 139 and 140, ranges
75 and 76, 1 delegate, vote at Sterling school

to and to, 1 delegate, vote at Sterling school house.

Precinct No. 15—Sibley and Francis townships, 1 delegate, vote at Francis school house on section 26.

Precinct No. 16—Naughton township, 2 delegates, vote at school house.

Precinct No. 17—Burnt Creek, 1 delegate, vote at school house.

Precinct No. 18—River view, 1 delegate, vote at school house.

Precinct No. 19—Townships 143 and 144, ranges 78 and 79, 2 delegates, vate at Grass Lake school house.

Precinct No. 20—Township 143, range 78, 1
Handled by nonunion help.

Precinct No. 21—Township 143, range 78, 1
delegate, vote at Ghylin school house.

Precinct No. 22—Ecklund township, 2 delegates, vote at school house No. 2:
Precinct No. 23—Painted Woods, 2 delegates, vote at school house.

Precinct No. 24—Glenview township and Precinct No. 24—Glenview township and Precinct No. 24—Glenview township and Precinct No. 25—Section 24, township 141, range 81, east of river, 1 delegate, township 141, range 81, east o

Precinct No. 24—Gienview township and township 141, range 81, east of river, 1 delegate, vote at school house on section 24, township 141, range 80.

Precinct No. 25—Township 141, ranges 78 and 78, 2 delegates, vote at Crofte school house on section 16.

The county central committee will pass upon the right of those entitled to participate in the preliminary organization, and will meet for that purpose at the office of the chairman of the committee in Bismarck, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on Saturday, July 19, 1902, to hear all contests.

contests.

The credentials of all delegates and all notices of contests must be filed with the chairman of this committee on or before said 19th day of July, at 10 o'clock in the forencon, and notices of contest must be accompanied by a written statement of the grounds for contest.

By order of the Burleigh County Republican Central Committee. Central Committee.
Dated at Bismarck, North Dakota, June 7,

M. H. JEWELL, JOHN F PHILBRICK, Chairman.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC. Bismarck Lodge, A. F. & A. M., No. 5. Meets first and third Mondays in each month at Masonic hall. Henry L. Beade, W. M. W. F. Cochrane, Secretary.

Tancred Commandery, Knights Templar, No. 1. Meets third Thursday in each month at Masonic hall, Dakota Block, M. M. Cook, E. C. W.-F. Cochrane, Recorder.

Bismarck Chapter, No. 11, O. E. S. Meets first and third Fridays in each month at Masonic hall, Dakota Block, Margaret Hare, W. M. Hattle Skelton, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

St. Elmo Lodge, No. 4. Meets every Wednesday evening at Workmen hall Baker Block. John Bostrom, C. C. John L. Peterson, K. of R. and S. BROTHERHOOD OF AMERICAN YEO-

A fraternal insurance organization. Meets st and third Thursdays of each month in A. R. hall. Frank J. Mason, F.; C. A. ess, correspondent, Machine shop.

ANCIENT ORDER UNITED WORKMEN. Bismarck Lodge, No. 120. Meets the first and third Tuesday evenings of each month at their hall in the Baker Block at 8 o'clock. J. H. Newton, M. W.; C. E.

I. O. O. F. Capital City Lodge No. 2—Meets every Friday at McGowan hall at 8 o'clock p. m., J. J. Lamb, N. G.; Frank J. Burt, Secretary.

G. A. R. James B. McPherson Post No. 2, Department of North Dakota, Grand Army of the Republic. Meets every second and fourth Fhursday in each mouth at G. A. R. hall, Bismarck, N. D.; Nicolos Dockendorf, Commander; W. A. Bentley, Adjutant.

THE FLORENCE CRITTENTON CIR-cle of Bismarck—Auxiliary to the National Florence Crittenton Mission—President, Josis H. Beers; Vice President, Bhoda A. Wood Corresponding Secretary, Linda W. Slaughter Recording Secretary, Albina Couch; Treasurer, Mary E. Whitecraft; Anditor, Lucy A. Waid; Chaplain, Isadora A. Carr. This Circle is or-ganized for the Christian redemption of erring girls and women, who may receive friendly assistance by applying to any member of the Circle.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at their hall at 2:30 p. m. Florence Ward, president; Mrs. Dorothy J. Field.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE

Chicago Freight Handlers Ask for More Pay and the Recognition of Their Union.

Every Freight House of the Twenty-Four Roads Affected is Practically Tied Up.

Fears That the Strike Will be the Most Serious Chicago Has Had for Many Years.

Chicago, July 8.-A strike of 9,000 freight handlers in Chicago was called has not, cables the London correspond-during the day and every freighthouse ent of the Tribune, given an incentive of the twenty-four railroads concerned to business, which is at a very low ebb. is practically tied up. Business men fear that the strike will be the most serious which has affected their interests in years.

The strike was called by a committee appointed at a meeting of 1,000 the occasion of Lord Kitchener's home-freight handlers held Sunday night. coming next Friday or Saturday, 500 The committee was instructed to call a strike within forty-eight hours unless the railroads should meet the demands of the men at once for an increase in wages, extra pay for overtime and holidays and recognition of the union.

Action on these instructions was taken sooner than had been expected. The committee went first to the men in the Michigan Central, Illinois Central and Wisconsin Central houses on the lake front. The men walked out with cheers and marched across the viaduct on Randolph street with their union cards tucked in their hats.

By messengers and by telephone, according to the strike leaders, all other members of the Freight Handlers and of various standing committees consid-Warehousemen's union were called Warehousemen's union were called ering subjects to be brought before out. At noon President Curran of the the convention. The first subject preunion reported that his men were all out and that it was all but impossible for any freight to enter or leave Chicago. Many of the railroads had small forces of men previously hired on hand when the strike was called and by adding to it men from other departments managed to handle perishable commodities.

Trouble Liable to Spread.

In the hiring of nonunion men it is said the railroads run a serious risk of bringing about a strike of the teamsters, who recently won their fight from the packers. The teamsters, it is said, will refuse absolutely to have Precinct No. 20—Townships 141, 142, 143 and is said, will refuse absolutely to have anything to do with freight in any way

preparation to preserve order. from outlaying stations to form a reserve force to be stationed at the down-town stations. From the stations the men went in squads to the different yards. There was no marked demonstrations as they entered, although they had to remain quiet under a running fire of sarcasm and rough wit.

J. T. Harahan, vice president of the Illinois Central, said that about half of his company's 450 men had struck, but that he,"had men close at hand to take their places."

Mr. Harahan said he thought the strike could have been avoided if the men had been willing to consult with the roads through their own committees, instead of through their union.

TROOPS MAY BE ASKED FOR. Situation Around Williamstown, Pa.

Said to Be Critical. Harrisburg, Pa., July 8.—Sheriff Reiff has sworn out warrants for the arrest of ten strikers at Williamstown, this county, for inciting to riot and interfering with his deputies in protecting nonunion men going to and from work in the mines at Lykens and Will-

The sheriff says the situation in the region is critical and that if there is another outbreak like that of last Wednesday, when he and his deputies were assaulted while protecting nonunion miners, he will call upon Governor Stone for protection by the

militia. Twenty rioters were arrested Thursday at Williamstown and held in bail for court, but this does not seem to have improved the situation and the sheriff concluded to bring suit here and compel the rioters to come to Harrisburg for a hearing. The sheriff came here during the morning to make information against the rioters and returned to the Lykens region at noon to assist his deputies in arresting the strikers for whom warrants have been issued.

LOOKING INTO THE MATTER.

Secretary Shaw and Charges Against New York Appraisers.

Washington, July 8.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw has quietly set on foot an inquiry to ascertain whether it will be worth while to investigate the allegations made by H. C. Corsa, formerly of the appraiser's depart-ment, district of New York, concerning the alleged payment of money to miles west of town it completely decustoms inspectors at New York by the molished one of the largest new barns American Sugar Refining company. in the country and killed E. R. Cook, American Sugar Refining company. in the country and killed E. R. Cook, Corsa, it is said at the treasury depart the owner. His wife and son also were ment, did not charge that the government had been defrauded by under-val-uation induced by such alleged pay-ments but only that payments had three horses in the barn were killed.

been made for the purpose of securing "fair treatment.".

Prominent Lawyer Suicides.

Pueblo, Colo., July 8.-John Joseph west, committed suicide by taking morphine in a lodginghouse on South Union avenue. No motive can be found for the act. He left a letter saying simply that if anything should happen to him to notify Floyd Daly, his son, at Dallas, Ore.

BUSINESS AT A LOW EBB.

Effect of Coronation Postponement Still Very Apparent.

New York, July 8.-Both the queen and the Prince of Wales will take ac-live parts in the reception to be given Lord Kitchener, but even the prospect of the coming of the conquering hero The postponement of the coronation apparently had a distinctly bad effect on trade and no revival is anticipated

for some time. It has been decided to bring into London, to keep the streets clear on cavalry and 10,000 infantry, exclusive of the garrison in London and the troops from Windsor and at Hounslow, the whole making a total of more than 15,000 men. The colonial troops who came home from South Africa in the Bavarian are to be retained until after Lord Kitchener's arrival and will, it is understood, have a place in the general's reception, in which Indian and other colonial troops may participate.

USED FOR TRAINING PURPOSES.

Turner Societies Want Their Property Exempt From Taxation. Davenport, Ia., July 8.—The national

convention of the North American Turnerbund resumed its sessions late in the morning owing to the convening sented after the convention was called to order was a renewal of the movement for the exemption of the property of turner societies from taxation. A resolution covering the plan of pro-cedure was presented by Leopold Neumann of Chicago and supported by strong speeches by Neumann and other delegates. The contention of the speakers was that the turner proper ties, valued at \$4.500,000 and devoted to physical and mental training, should not be taxed any more than schools; charities and Christian association properties.

PART OF THEM TAKEN BACK. Strike of Providence Street Car Men Declared Off.

Providence, R. I., July 8.—Having voted, after a strike of two months' duration, to return to work, the motorders to his subordinates to make every | Traction company here lost no time in making application for their old places. hundred and fifty men were called in At the offices of the company the men found less than one hundred and fifty vacancies for about 400 or 500 appli cants. The railroad company had announced their intention of re-employing only as many of its old men as were needed without displacing those who had been taken on during the strike. The number required were taken back and others were placed on the waiting list.

In Pawtucket the strikers have re fused to abide by the decision of the Street Railway Employes' union and they will not return at present.

HIGHEST IN RECENT YEARS. July Corn in the Chicago Board Sells at 851/2 Cents.

Chicago, July 8.—The grip of the Gates crowd on the local supply of con-tract corn was again made evident during the day when July corn broke the record of recent years by going to 851/2 cents. The next sale was at 83%. market opened with corn for this month's delivery wanted all the way from 77 to 79½ cents. All forenoon bids hesitated below 80. Later re ports of further precipitation in the West frightened shorts and the price shot up by leaps and bounds. Little corn was sold, however, even at this advance. The close was 84, 7 cents higher than the previous close.

AT NEW YORK NAVYYARD.

Orders Issued for Construction of New Battleship.

Washington, July 8.—Secretary Moody, after consultation with his bu chiefs, gave orders that one of the battleships authorized at the last session of congress be constructed at the New York navyyard.

The secretary was under strong pressure in this matter. Besides New York both Norfolk and Boston were strong competitors for the work. It is the intention to start the work ing out of the detailed plans immedi ately and in the course of about eight months the keel plates will be laid at

the New York yard for the new battleshin. . FATAL WIND STORM.

Minnesota Farmer Crushed by a Fall ing Barn.

Wells, Minn., July 8.—A wind and rain storm passed over this section at 9 p. m., causing great damage. Four in the barn at the time, but were pinioned down so they were unable to give him assistance. Thirteen cattle and

Daly, a prominent lawyer of the North- Proposed Coronation Ceremonies Will be Held Sometime During the Month of August.

> Pageant Through the Streets and Ceremonies in Westminster Abbey Not so Ostentatious.

Rapid and Satisfactory Recovery of King Edward Accountable for the Early Date.

London, July 8.-King Edward will be crowned between Aug. 11 and Aug.

The king's recovery has been so rapid and satisfactory that the above decision was arrived at during the day. No official announcement of the fact has yet been made.

The pageant through the streets and the ceremony at Westminster abbey will be much curtailed from the original plan. Their majesties will drive from Buckingham palace, through the Mall to Whitehall and thence to the obbey, the same route as taken at the ppening of parliament.

London, July 8 .- In the house of commons Alfred J. Balfour, the govfrnment leader, announced that an autumn session of parliament would be necessary, beginning about the middle of October, and that the house would adjourn early in August.

Replying to a question on the subject of the coronation stands the first commissioner of works, A. Akers-Douglas, said it was not proposed to re move them as it was hoped the stands would still be required for the purpose for which they were constructed.

HEAD SEVERELY CUT.

Joseph Chamberlain Injured in a Cab Accident.

London, July 8.-The colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, was some what severely cut on the head as the result of a cab accident in Whitehall. The secretary's hansom was passing through the Canadian arch when the horse slipped and Mr. Chamberlain was precipitated forward with great Suly oats. violence. His head struck and shattered the glass front of the cab. When extricated it was seen that Mr. Chamberlain's head was badly lacerated and bleeding profusely. A policeman helped the secretary into a cab and accompanied him to Charing Cross hospital, where his injuries were

Through Mr. Chamberlain's wounds bled a great deal they were not seri-

Chamberlain is suffering from a scalp wound, which is of a severe but not dangerous character, rendering advisable his detention for the night. When picked up Mr. Chamberlain, in reply to a question, said he did not feel faint but could not afford to lose such a lot of blood. The gash on his fore-head required a number of stitches. Austen Chamberlain, eldest son of the secretary, is with his father, as are

also his two secretaries. OWNED NICARAGUA LAND. Suicide Follows Selection of Panama

Route for Canal. Chicago, July 8.—B. W. Pyle, owner of one-third of the city of Graytown, Nicaragua, has committed suicide by shooting himself in the head in the Garfield Park sanitarium. After investing his fortune in the Central American city, living for fifteen years in hopes that the United States would build a canal through Nicaragua, see-

ended all by one well directed shot. Mr. Pyle came to Chicago about a year ago from his Nicaraguan home to be treated for cataracts.

ing another route adopted and finally

becoming totally blind in his seventy-

third year, he became depressed and

COMING TO AMERICA. Botha, Dewet and Delarey Will Seek

Aid for Ruined Boers. New York, July 8.—The Daily Mail's

Pietermaritzburg correspondent wires, according to a World special from Lon-Louis Botha, in the course of con-

versation, said that after their visit to Europe, he, Dewet and Delarey intended going to America, but their precise tour would have to be determined by circumstances. Their object was to collect funds for the relief of Boers

Botha is arranging for an official his tory of the war from the Boer side written by himself, Dewet and other leaders.

FOREST RESERVATION.

Four Hundred Thousand Acres in Northern Minnesota Set Aside.

Duluth, July 8 .- Land Commissioner Herman has directed the local land officials to withdraw from settlement, entry or any other form of disposition certain townships and parts of townships in Cook and Lake counties, embracing in all 400,000 acres.

This action is taken pending a determination of the advisibility of establishing what is to be known as "The Lake Superior Forest Reserve."

The law providing for forest reserves was passed in 1891. It gave the president power to select any public lands for that purpose. The argument in its favor was that it would preserve the free.

forests, game, springs, etc. Commissioner Herman's letter states that bona fide settlers will be given their rights, but it is a question with land attorneys whether any who have squatted on lands would care to remain under the proposed arrangement.

The land is not especially rich in timber, but it is well adapted to cattle ranching and farming. What are be-iieved to be rich mines hidden under the surface will also be rendered inaccessible.

DOUBLE MURDER CHARGED.

Man and Woman Accused of Killing Wife and Husband Respectively.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 8 .- Mrs. Agnes Fleming and Howard Jenkins are in jail at Kingston charged with the double murder by poisoning of John Fleming and Mrs. Cynthia Jenkins, who died mysteriously three weeks ago.

A week later Mrs. Fleming and Jenkins were married. Saturday they were arrested. The affair has created great excitement in the community,

with considerable talk of lynching. Mrs. Jenkins was a bride of but a few months, while Mrs. Fleming had been wedded to Fleming but a short time. The families were near neigh-

The bodies will be exhumed and a post mortem held.

LITTLE HOPE OF RECOVERY. Dr. Charles K. Adams Seriously III at

Redlands, Cal. Redlands, Cal., July 8 .- Dr. Charles Kendall Adams, formerly president of the University of Wisconsin at Madison, is so seriously ill in his home in this city that there is little hope of his recovery. He is suffering from kidney trouble.

THE MARKETS.

Opening, Range and Close of Grain Prices at Minneapolis, Chicago and Duluth.

Furnished by Coe Commission Co., First National Bank building, who have direct wires to Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago. July 8, 1902.

CHICAGO. Open High Low 7834-14 7856 7256 7556 7556 7446 7578 7147 7358 62-14 6224 61 47% 4856 4734 8554 90 84 84-3334 34 3314 4664 47 46 Sept wheat July wheat
Dec wheat
Sept corn
Dec corn.
July corn
Sept oats
July oats. *34-3334 MINNEAPOLIS.

Sept wheat..... 71% Dec wheat..... 71% July wheat 78½ 72½ 72 78½ MINNEAPOLIS CASH. Flax, \$1.66; No. 1 hard, 80½; No. 1 northern 78½; No. 2 northern, 74½.

DULUTH CASH.

Flax, \$1.66. Cash N. W. Flax, 1.75; Wheat, No. 1 Hard, 78; 1 Nor. 75½; No. 2 Nor. 74.

OVER SIX MILLIONS.

THE GOVERNMENT A HEAVY PARTNER IN THE WORLD'S FAIR-GOLD DOLLARS TO THE NUMBER OF 250,000 TO BE STRUCK.

World's Fair Grounds, St. Louis, July 8 .- The official text of that portion of the Sundry Civil Appropriations bill relating to the World's Fair, approved by President Roosevelt, June 28, has been received at Exposition headquarters. The first bill passed by congress, authorizing the exposition in celebration of the ceentennial of the Louisiana Purchase, carried an appropriation of \$10,000. The next was the appropriation of \$5,000,000 for the general fund and \$250,000 for a government building. The bill just passed, which postpones the World's Fair to 1904, provides for the dedication of grounds and buildings with fitting ceremony not later than April 30, 1903. The bill also makes the following appropriations: \$800,000 for the government exhibits, \$200,000 additional for the government building, \$40,000 for an Indian exhibit and \$8 .-

000 for life saving service exhibitions. The bill directs that \$250,000 in one dollar gold pieces be struck at the mint and delivered to the officers of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company as a part of the \$5,000,000. The appropriations by the United States government in support of the exposithis great sum there will be provisions for extensive exhibits from the Philippine islands, the Hawaiian islands, Alaska and Porto Rico, the expense to be borne by the territorial treasuries.

SAVES A WOMAN'S LIFE.

To have given up would have meant death for Mrs. Lois Cragg, of Dorchester, Mass. For years she had endured untold misery from a severe lung trouble and obstinate cough, "Often." she writes, "I could scarcely breathe and sometimes could not speak. All doctors and remedies failed till I used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was completely cured." Sufferers from Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung Trouble need this grand Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles

President of Venezuela Personally Commands the Government Troops in the Field.

Believed at Washington That Course Taken Indicates a Serious State of Affairs.

Feared That He Must Eventually Succumb to the Onslaught of Revolutionary Forces.

Washington, July 8 .- The state department has received a cablegram from United States Minister Bowen, at Caracas, stating that the Venezuelan government has communicated to him the fact that President Castro has decided to personally lead his troops against the revolutionary forces in the field and that Vice President Gomez has assumed charge of the executive branch of the government. The news conveyed in Minister's Bowen's dispatch is regarded in different lights



PRESIDENT CASTRO OF VENEZUELA.

mong South American diplomats in Washington. The prevailing view is that nothing but a most critical situation would cause President Castro to drop the reins of government at Caracas and take personal charge of the Venezuelan army at Valencia and in those quarters it is firmly believed that ie is to lead a forlorn hope and must surely succumb to the threatened heavy onslaught of revolutionary forces. In other quarters, however, confidence is expressed that Castro will repel the impending attack just as he has done many others that have confronted him in the past years of his administration and further enhance

his record as a fighter. Valencia is a town second in importance only to Caracas and lies about 100 miles from the capital, almost directly west. It is the base of military operations, has a large population and in many respects is the most important town in the republic. It is regarded here as the "open sesame" to the capital itself and it is believed its capture would herald the early capitulation of the seat of government and the occupation of the at Caracas by the revolutionary lead-

SAYS INDIANS ARE CHEATED. Chief Flatmouth Does Not Like the

Morris Bill. Walker, Minn., July 8 .- Chief Flatmouth of the Pillager Chippewa Indians of Minnesota bitterly assailed the Morris bill in a speech before several hundred people at Leech Lake Indian agency. Chief Flatmouth, or Negab-ni-bi-nais, as he is known in the Chippewa tongue, said that the Indians were all opposed to the bill, but

that they had protested in vain. The white men are bound to crowd out the poor Indians," he said, through an interpreter, "and then what will we do? I have been to see the Great Father in Washington five times to collect annuities and back pay, and each time I came away without a cent. The people that passed the Morris bill are tion amount to \$6,308,000. Besides not honest. The Indian should have

more money for his lands and pines." She-we-ge-shig and Kay-me-watansh, two chiefs from Bear island, who participated in the uprising four years ago, also spoke in the same strain. The Indians of the reservation are very much opposed to the Morris bill.

AMES NOT GUILTY.

CHIEF OF POLICE OF MINNEAPO-LIS FOUND NOT GUILTY BY THE JURY THIS AFTERNOON.

Minneapolis, July 8 .- (Special.)-Late this afternoon the jury in the bribery case against Fred W. Ames, chief of police of Minneapolis, return-

ed a verdict of not guilty. Ames was charged with having accepted a bribe of \$25 from Link Crossremedy, for it never disappoints. Cure man, a confidence man, for immunity is guaranteed by P. C. Remington. from prosecution, and as a share of the proceeds of illegal transactions and swindles.