

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

By Blosser

THE LATEST THING IN NUT-CRACKERS



SQUIRREL FOOD

By Ahern

IT WAS RIGHT-OF-WAY, NOT BENNY, THE JOYFUL HYENA WANTED



STANDING OF THE CLUBS

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	19	3	.864
Chicago	14	7	.666
Pittsburgh	11	10	.524
Cincinnati	13	12	.520
Philadelphia	9	10	.474
Boston	8	14	.363
Brooklyn	7	14	.333
St. Louis	7	15	.322

TODAY'S GAMES			
Boston at St. Louis			
Philadelphia at Chicago			
New York at Cincinnati			
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh			

AMERICAN LEAGUE			
	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	14	10	.582
New York	13	10	.565
Cleveland	13	10	.565
Chicago	11	9	.550
St. Louis	10	12	.454
Washington	8	12	.400
Detroit	7	11	.389
Philadelphia	8	13	.380

TODAY'S GAMES			
Chicago at Washington			
St. Louis at New York			
Detroit at Boston			
Cleveland at Philadelphia			

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION			
	W.	L.	Pct.
Milwaukee	9	2	.818
Louisville	8	2	.800
Kansas City	7	4	.635
Indianapolis	6	5	.545
Columbus	5	5	.500
St. Paul	4	7	.365
Minneapolis	2	9	.182
Toledo	2	9	.182

TODAY'S GAMES			
Columbus at Kansas City			
Toledo at Milwaukee			
Indianapolis at Minneapolis			
Louisville at St. Paul			

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS			
National League			
New York	3	0	H. E.
Pittsburgh	2	8	1
Barnes and McCarthy; Miller and Schmitt			

American League			
Brooklyn	1	6	0
Cincinnati	2	9	1
Griner and Miller; Smith and Winsor			

American Association			
Chicago	5	7	0
St. Louis	4	8	1
Hogg and Burns; Doak and Snyder			

American League			
Cleveland	4	3	1
Washington	2	9	2
Morton and O'Neill; Ayers, Shaw and Alusmith			

American Association			
Chicago	3	6	0
Philadelphia	0	3	3
Faber and Schalk; Perry and Perkins			

American Association			
Detroit-New York postponed, rain.			
St. Louis-Boston, postponed, rain.			

American Association			
No games scheduled in Association.			

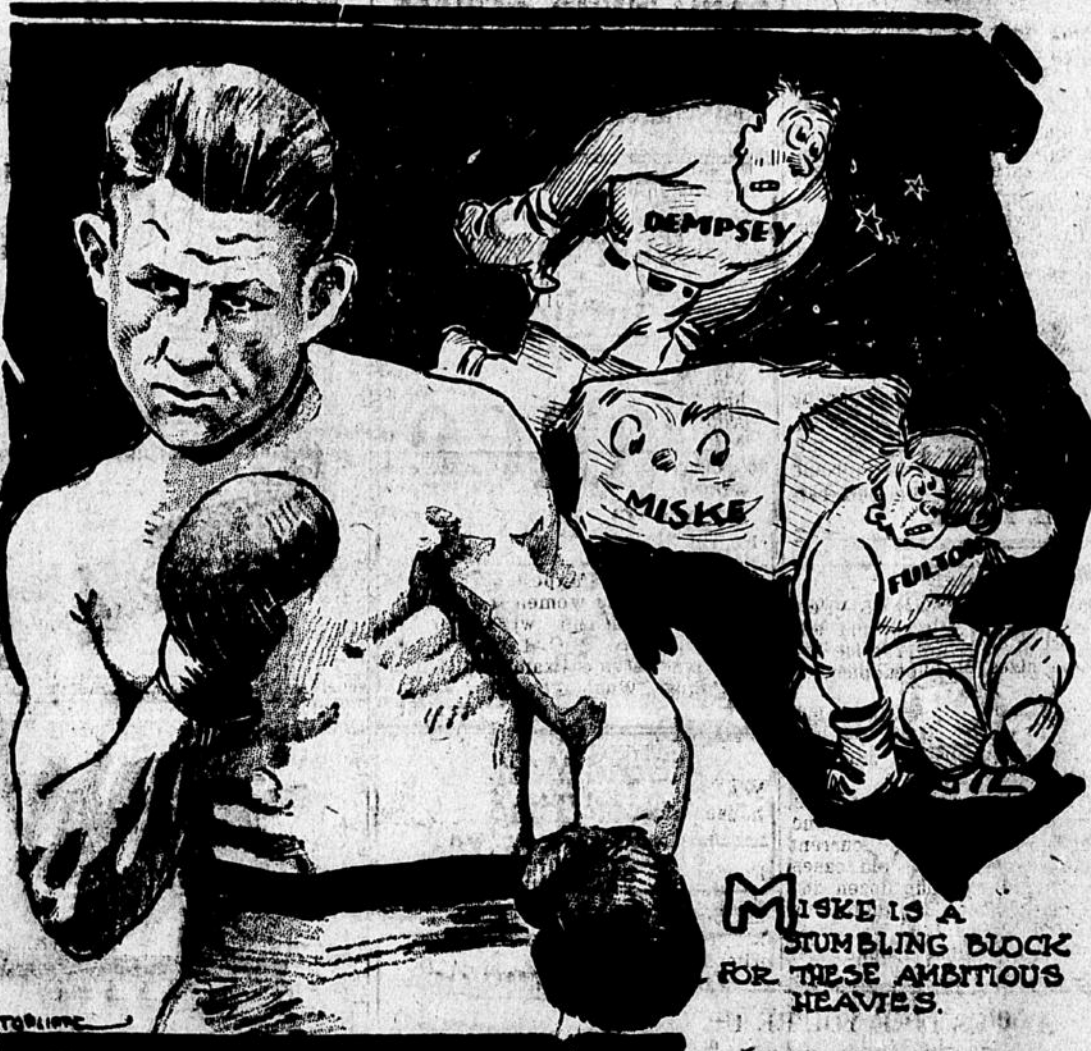
American Association			
LAUNDRY HELP WANTED at once.			
Apply to Bismarck hospital.			

American Association			
FOR RENT—Six rooms and bath in duplex all modern. 907 Sixth street. See Western Sales Co. Owners.			

American Association			
Dustless floor oils, linseed and machine oils, at cost and below to close them out. See Faunce, 4th street.			

American Association			
CATALAN BLADDER 24 HOURS			
SAFETY MILDY			

Billy Miske, the Human Stumbling Block, Makes Things Tough for Others Heavies



By PAUL PURMAN.

He isn't what you would call a great boxer. He isn't particularly clever. His punching ability isn't up to the standards of several other modern heavyweights. He isn't a giant in stature—but Billy Miske has been the greatest stumbling block of a decade to ambitious heavyweights who have hoped to stand out as the most logical contender to Jess Willard's title.

A few days ago Jack Dempsey, the most promising of the modern crop of behemoth bruisers stubbed his toe

against the Miske jinx. He wasn't beaten, a great many critics gave him a shade, but his victorious career, which had put to shame the exploits of others in his class was brought to an abrupt halt for the time being. A few months ago Fred Fulton, trying to make a record for himself in order to induce Willard to get into the same ring with him, ran into the Miske web.

Result—kindly critics were good enough to call it a draw and let Fulton down easy.

Really Miske isn't as good as either Dempsey or Fulton. Under most conditions either should be able to defeat him with comparative ease. But in these two fights Miske, without winning either, came away with what honors there were to distribute. Miske is about 24. He is 6 feet tall and weighs about 175. It is easy to see that he cannot hope to be a match for the fighting 195-pounder Dempsey, or for the gigantic Fulton. But he's made a lot of trouble for both of them.

NATION'S INDUSTRIAL MAN-POWER HAS NOT SUFFERED SERIOUSLY

Chicago, May 15.—The nation's industrial manpower has not suffered serious depletion as a result of the United States' first year in the world war, so far as indicated in recent survey of the general labor situation conducted by the United States employment service and the Illinois free employment bureau. Except in certain skilled trades these bureaus find there is no marked shortage of labor, the chief problem at present being distribution.

The labor turnover so far this year has been greater than in previous years. This is attributed to some extent to unusual opportunities for individual betterment offered by plants working on war contracts.

On an average 100,000 persons are obtaining employment through the Chicago district office of the federal bureau as compared with a total of 485,000 during the last fiscal year. Increase is accounted for by the recent reorganization of the bureau for service as the national machinery for the mobilization and distribution of the country's labor. As such it has handled the applications of hundreds of thousands of workers registering with the public service reserve, including more than 280,000 mechanics for shipbuilding.

A system of daily surveys shows the bureaus where the greatest shortages or surpluses exist and with the information it is able to make economic distribution. Manufacturers are being urged to use the government agency as far as possible in order to re-

duce the labor turnover and uneconomic competition between industries essential to the war.

At the state employment bureau 6,000 persons sought work in March and there too the demand is in about equal balance with the supply, except in a few trades. Positions were found for nearly all the applicants.

The demand for women workers is said to be about normal. Only in a few isolated cases have they replaced men called to the colors. A few plants engaged on war contracts have employed large numbers of women with-out difficulty. Many women teachers are said to be leaving the school rooms for more remunerative employment and the draft has drawn so heavily upon the already scant supply of men teachers that several states report the situation alarming for next year. A survey of thirty-seven states just completed by the Professional Service Division of the federal bureau shows that during the present school year West Virginia was forced to close between 150 and 200 schools because of the scarcity of teachers. In Montana and Wyoming about two dozen schools were closed for the same reason, while New Hampshire, North Carolina, Delaware, Mississippi, Alabama, New Mexico, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Indiana reported a marked shortage. The bureau has 300 teachers' applications and 600 vacancies listed, but a large percentage of those seeking positions, it is pointed out, are not qualified for work in the departments

where the greatest deficiency exists. To cope with what is expected to be an unprecedented railroad labor shortage in the year, a new department of the United States Employment service has been organized to handle railroad labor for the western regional district. By order of Director-General McAdoo the railroads have abolished their labor bureaus and the government agency will recruit their men as well as direct the distribution. In event of an acute shortage of workers in maintenance of way departments, it is planned to suspend work not absolutely necessary and send men from these locations to points where they are more urgently needed. A great number of laborers are said to have left the roads because of the higher wages they can obtain in mines or factories.

So far the farmers of the central west and northwest have had little difficulty in finding enough help. Most of their demand experienced hands but are being urged by employment officials to accept more men from the public service reserve, which consists for the most part of students. In a few western states the harvest labor question is being taken up by community mobilizing agencies, workers to help nearby farmers. Mobile forces of harvesters are also being organized to begin with the Kansas winter wheat harvest, and move northward through the Dakotas and other northwestern states where the wheat is ready for cutting after the Kansas harvest is over. These men, with the hands available from the public service reserve, are expected to furnish ample farm labor.

An innovation in the federal employment is a department organized to aid crippled soldiers returning from the war. The committee for the handicapped, a private organization, has just been merged with the service. It will list positions disabled men can fill and help them reestablish themselves in civil life.

James E. Seby to Lyman A. Baker, Contract. W12 2-139-80. \$10,240.

John R. Keef et al to F. L. Von Susemlich. W. D. 1 1/2 of E 1-2 20-139 77. \$1,000.

Walter Garde to Benjamin F. Paslay. Contract. NW 1-4 21-140-75. \$3,600.

Patterson Land Co. to Axel E. Johnson. Contract. N 1/2 of Sec. 1-141-78. \$7,500.

Ella Todd et al. to Bismarck Realty Co. Q. C. D. Sundry City lots. \$200.

Chas. L. Yeaton to Florence N. Cato. W. D. Lots 1, 2 and E 1-2 NE 1-4 and SE 1-4 13-137-7. \$8,000.

Bridget Wadden to School Dist. No. 46. W. D. 2 acres in NE corner 29-137-78. \$1,000.

G. T. Wetzel et al to A. Envik. W. D. E 1-2 SE 1-4 24-139-77. \$1,500.

C. W. Malmquist to Albert E. Jones. W. D. SE 1-4 21-139-76. \$1.

C. C. Hibbs et al to John G. Dixon. W. D. lots 1 to 10 Blk 6 Gov. Pierce Add. \$3,300.

William H. Webb et al to John Schaefer. W. D. Lots 9, 10 Blk 28 Sturgis Add. \$200.00.

Regan Merc Co. to Andrew Holam. W. D. Lot 20 Blk 10 Regan. \$350.

Samuel J. King to S. H. Dray. W. D. SE 1-4 of SE 1-4 and lots 1-2, 3, Sec. 8-137-75. \$2,500.

If you can't go "over there" to fight, back the fighters by paying your income tax today.

"Income tax hurried in" reads "Downfall of Berlin."

REMEMBER THE DAYS

SUNDAY ONE MEAL WHEATLES
MONDAY ALL MEALS WHEATLES
TUESDAY ONE MEAL WHEATLES
WEDNESDAY ALL MEALS WHEATLES

THURSDAY ONE MEAL WHEATLES
FRIDAY ONE MEAL WHEATLES
SATURDAY ONE MEAL WHEATLES

Warning to Grocers

FEDERAL FOOD ADMINISTRATION CUSTOMER'S CARD No. 1

Name of Purchaser	Address				
Firm Name of Dealer	Address				
Clerk Making Sale					
Name of Food	Date Last Purchase	Am't Last Purchase	Date Last Purchase	Am't This Purchase	No. in Family
Wheat Flour					
Substitutes					
Sugar					

I certify that the above information is true and that I have not bought nor hold in my possession wheat flour, sugar or other foods contrary to the rules of the Federal Administrator.

Signed: _____ Consumer
Cards to be mailed to Federal Food Administrator at end of each month, Agricultural College, N. D.

The Federal Food Administration requires that each and every Grocer or Dealer of Flour and substitutes as well as Sugar, must have on hand and see that each customer signs the food card facsimile of which appears in this advertisement.

In order to cooperate with the Food Administration The Tribune is supplying the Grocers with these cards at the rate of TWO DOLLARS (\$2) PER THOUSAND in lots of one thousand or more.

It is especially requested that all Grocers or Dealers in the foods mentioned place their orders for these cards at once. Every customer must sign one of these cards and there should be no excuse for the Grocer being without them. Under penalty of the federal food laws every Grocer must have the personal signature of the customer when foods mentioned on the card are purchased.

MAIL IN YOUR ORDER TODAY. GIVE NUMBER OF CARDS NEEDED. ONE OR TWO THOUSAND OR MORE—BUT ORDER ENOUGH FOR FUTURE USE.

The Bismarck Tribune

BISMARCK, N. D.