

The Jamestown Alert

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1903.

Social Paper of Stutsman County

TERMS:
The Daily Alert is delivered in the city by carriers, at 50 cents a month.
Daily, one year..... \$5.00
Daily, six months..... 3.00
Daily, three months..... 1.50
Weekly, one year..... 1.75
Weekly, six months..... .75

W. K. KELLOGG.

Appropriation bills for \$750,000 have been introduced in the legislature for the various institutions of the state and the estimated revenues, after deducting the fixed appropriations, are only about \$400,000, so it will be seen that unless the state is run in debt, there will have to be a cutting down of nearly half of what is asked to make the two ends meet. The Bismarck Tribune says:

The present state administration does not want to come out in the hole at the end of the two years. Neither do the republican leaders desire a deficit at the close of the present administration. The improved condition of the state treasury was a winning card in the last campaign, and the republicans want to be able to go before the people again with the same record.

Notwithstanding the fact that the educational institutions of the state are now on a permanent basis of appropriation and no account has to be taken of them in making biennial appropriations, there is still a demand for money far in excess of the probable revenues of the state.

For maintenance and new buildings the Jamestown asylum asks the most of the state and with the greatest reason. The new buildings needed can possibly be provided for by the issue of state bonds, running a long time. The lands of the institution given by the government, are only 20,000 acres in amount while some of the less necessary schools and institutions, have twice that number of acres. It has been suggested that the lands granted to a school of forestry, at some point in the state, be transferred to the hospital grant which would enable the institution to raise money for its increasing needs by bonding the lands. The school of forestry is not regarded as an institution that will ever prove very effective or useful as an institution to be supported in this state.

The attempt in the North Dakota legislature to repudiate or discredit the action of the state's delegates in congress in favoring the admission of Arizona and New Mexico in to the union, was not a success. There is as much reason for the admission of such great integral parts of this country to the union as there is in having the little states of Rhode Island and Delaware in full sisterhood.

What the whole country needs is more room for its crowded city population to get out into the country. There is an overwhelming sentiment in favor of the admission of the territories into the union, in the territories themselves, and there is as much reason for their admission now as when North and South Dakota were knocking at the door for admission.

This country wants men to develop its resources and help create the wealth and power that makes nations great and raises the standard of citizenship. A man who owns no property, who rents a house and lives on wages in the crowded cities, is not as good a citizen when it comes to the test, as the man who owns a farm or who is doing something to make the wilderness blossom like the rose. Every law and every mutual aid which the people of the country can give to the settlement and occupation of every other part of the country, helps the whole nation. It provides a region where homes can be had for the homeless and where a man can broaden out and become a free and independent citizen. The people of North Dakota are not opposed to the admission of the great territories into the union. With the proper inducements these regions offer a work shop and a means of gaining a livelihood for many poor men otherwise doomed to wage earning occupations all their days.

Nature gave the great west certain resources in natural advantages which are waiting to be utilized for the comfort and happiness of the people of the whole country; and to develop this new part of the country and make it a place for the home seeker and home builder, is as much a part of the duty of the government now, as it was to take into the union sparsely settled territories in the early days of the republic.

The house of representatives has refused to pass a re-submission bill and the disturbance of the prohibition law for another two years is not a likely matter. There are many reasons why the law is regarded in many localities in this state with more favor than the open saloon. The trouble with open saloons is always apparent and hard to prevent. The drinking of poor whiskey the open saloons encourage.

There is no doubt about the many

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly tetter, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous eruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous.

The thing to do is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Which thoroughly cleanse the blood, expelling all humors and building up the whole system. They cure

Hood's Sarsaparilla permanently cured J. G. Hines, Franka, Ill., of eczema, from which he had suffered for some time; and Miss Alvina Walter, Box 212, Algona, Wis., of pimples on her face and back and chafed skin on her body, by which she had been greatly troubled. There are more testimonials in favor of Hood's than can be published.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

violations of the present prohibition law, which a fair attempt to correct would greatly lessen. The sale of vile whiskey by many so-called druggists is said to be largely on the increase and if the legislature will take some steps to prevent the almost unlimited sale of whiskey in many localities of the state the people will approve generally.

There are many nations which habitually drink light wines and beers and are temperate nations. It is the whiskey drinkers who get intemperate and lose their health and moral sense, and become unfit for the duties and pleasures of life, a burden to their friends and a failure for themselves. If the legislature can curtail the sale of whiskey, or other fiery alcoholic concoctions that set men crazy temporarily, even if the consumption of beer is not decreased, the members will have the approval of the great majority of the people of the state. "We do not believe that any man has the right to pass laws to prevent another man from drinking what he wants to," says an exchange in discussing this subject, but as long as the laws are passed and as long as the sentiment of the majority seems to be in favor of the law with its less evils, than license, the enforcement of the law to the best extent possible is due to the people of the state who are not prohibitionists. The education of the young men as to the actual dangerous character of whiskey, its sure results in their physical destruction will also be in the line of temperance and good morals.

It is said that there is a re-submission lobby appearing in Bismarck and some of the members are looking for the high sign.

A few days ago the press of the country, possibly for stock jobbing purposes, was busy circulating and commenting upon a purported interview with President J. J. Hill, who was claimed to have made some very pessimistic remarks about the high mark of the country's prosperity being reached. Mr. Hill afterwards denied the correctness of the interview. The following remarks from him are of late date from Toronto, Canada, where he has been on railway business. Mr. Hill is a Canadian by birth, and his opinions have great weight in financial matters, both in this country and in Canada. He said:

Frankly, I do not agree with many who think that the apex of prosperity has been reached. In fact, I do not even believe that we have yet reached what is to be considered a high level. To my mind, the era of good times has just begun. Not since the discovery of America, in my estimation, have conditions offered more genuine opportunities for the acquisition of wealth by the masses than today.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

United States to John J. Dirksen, final receipt for s e q 4-14-69. \$8.
United States to Gerhard Sperling, n e 12-14-69, final receipt. \$8.
Charles Livingston to Richard Sharp, s hf 29-142-65. \$1.
Marion Conklin and wife to Edie W. Lambertson, lot 2 and n hf lot 3, blk. 57, Klaus addition. \$300.
Wells & Dickey Co. to Weller Van Hook, w hf 27-137-63. \$1,300.
Frankson & Kavanaugh to Jane Somsen, s hf and n w q 20-141-65. \$5,000.
Force M. E. Church to M. T. R. Cattle Co., all lots 7 and 8, blk. 3 Kensal. \$1.
United States to Andrew Syvertson, patent s e q 14-144-62.
United States to John Lamore, receipt for e hf n w q 12-144-67. \$200.
L. C. Emery, executor, to A. H. Weston et al, n hf and n e q 31-142-65. \$1,200.
August Wojhoski and wife to Dominick Wojciechowski, s e q 31-142-63. \$1.
August Woickowski and wife to Frank A. Cebule, n w q 32-142-63. \$1.
A. L. Knauf to C. C. Broderson, s w q and n w q and n w q of n e q and lots 1, 2, and 3, 12-143-65. \$8,600.
C. C. Broderson and wife to Peter Broderson, same description as above. \$43,000.
Frederick F. Kelling and wife, to F. T. Dreckman s w q 18-138-85. \$1,400.
J. A. Horner et al, to Geo. W. Haste, all 15-1426-2. \$64,000.

N. D. Land & Investment Co. to Philip Ottestom, e hf 25-139-67. \$1,450.
Louise K. Sanford to Wm. F. Peet, all 11-138-63, lot 8, blk. 46, Klaus addition and lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, blk. 68, Klaus 2nd add. \$3,300.
John E. Martin and wife to P. Zink, s e q 2-144-66. \$982.13.
Rebecca G. Winslow et al, to George F. Lutz, all lots 10, 11 and 12, blk. 27, original Jamestown. \$275.
Josephine S. Gray and husband to O. W. Dubbs, s e 21-140-65. \$1,900.
United States to Stephen O. Allen, s hf n e q and lots 1 and 2, 6-138-63. \$7.75.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY

STUTSMAN COUNTY ENTITLED TO ONE OR MORE ROUTES.

Congressman Marshall writes the Alert as follows:

"Heretofore I have succeeded in securing the establishment of a considerable number of rural free delivery routes in North Dakota. Wherever they have been put in the people are enthusiastic over the service, and I am, therefore, greatly interested in securing as many additional routes for the state as is possible.

"These routes may be established out of any point having daily railway mail service where about one hundred patrons for a route not to exceed 25 miles in length can be had. Where a sufficient number of patrons for a daily route cannot be secured, petitions may be made for two routes with a view of having them served, by one carrier, with an every other day service for each. About sixty to sixty-five patrons for each of such routes are all that are required. People who live one or two miles from a route may become patrons of the same, if they desire, by placing boxes along the line of the route.

"This being the dull season of the year, it seems a very good time to agitate this matter, and get parties interested who will give their time to the matter of securing the necessary petitions.

"Enclosed please find printed instructions, and if you deem it of sufficient importance, I will appreciate it if you will agitate this matter in your paper. Upon request, I shall be glad to furnish full information and the blank petitions which the department requires shall be used.

"I desire to get as many petitions as possible in my hands during the winter months that I may make arrangements at once for special agents to inspect, early in the spring, the proposed routes."

Several routes in Stutsman county could be established under the above ruling, if the farmers desired it, and take the matter up.

A GOOD MEASURE.

Bismarck Tribune: Senator Williams presented a couple of important bills yesterday, intended to give better effect to the present provisions of the law providing that the estates of persons committed to the asylum at Jamestown shall be made to bear the cost of their maintenance and treatment where sufficient to do so. There is no reason why the persons financially able to do so should not bear the expense of their treatment by the state, when committed to the asylum. There is a law at present providing that this shall be done, but it is largely ineffective.

ECZEMA

WHAT IS IT?
The ITCH-KING
OF THE BLOOD
We Cure the Disease in the Young and Old or make no charge.

DO YOU WANT TO BE CURED?

The prevalence of Eczema, among the young and old is due to the introduction of poisonous matter in the blood. These pimples, sores and eruptions upon the face, neck and body are all due to the same cause. It is a waste of time and money to attempt to cure such a condition by doctoring the skin. The seat of trouble is in the blood. A specific course of MEDERINE will open the natural channels of the system and promote a drainage of the impurities of the blood, which will filter, cleanse and purify it so that no form of eruption upon the skin can appear. MEDERINE is the only guaranteed cure for Eczema and all blood impurities. It stands alone today upon its own merits, and challenges the world for a specific blood purifier like it.

Every bottle of MEDERINE is sold on the positive and absolute guarantee that if taken as directed in the regular course of treatment it will cure you or every dollar expended for it will be promptly refunded. Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing course mailed free.

ECZEMA IS A LIVING FIRE to the blood, and the blood flows the skin, neck and body. It is impurities; remove the impurity and the trouble passes away. MEDERINE is a specific blood prescription that cleanses, filters and purifies the blood of every possible impurity. Thousands of well-known citizens in every section of the country have been cured by the MEDERINE treatment after all other remedies had failed.

PRICE \$1 PER BOTTLE. 6 BOTTLES \$5 (sent express prepaid) if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

For Sale and Guaranteed by

Wonnemberg & Avis, Jamestown, N. D.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature
of
Charles H. Fletcher

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP. RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.

Congressman Geo. H. White's Case. A Noted Sculptress Cured.

The world of medicine recognizes Grip as epidemic catarrh. - Medical Talk.

Mrs. Celeste Covell writes from 219 N. avenue, Aurora, Ill.:

"Only those who have suffered with la grippe and been cured can appreciate how grateful I feel that such a splendid medicine as Peruna has been placed at the door of every suffering person."—Mrs. C. Covell.

Noted Sculptress Cured of Grip.
Mrs. M. C. Cooper, of the Royal Academy of Arts, of London, England, now residing in Washington, D. C., is one of the greatest living sculptors and painters of the world. She says:

"I take pleasure in recommending Peruna for catarrh and la grippe. I have suffered for months, and after the use of one bottle of Peruna I am entirely well."—Mrs. M. C. Cooper.

D. L. Wallace, a charter member of the International Barber's Union, writes from 15 Western avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.:

"Following a severe attack of la grippe I seemed to be affected badly all over. "One of my customers who was greatly helped by Peruna advised me to try it, and I procured a bottle the same day. Now my head is clear, my nerves are steady, I enjoy food and rest well. Peruna has been worth a dollar a dose to me."—D. L. Wallace.

Lieutenant Clarice Hunt, of the Salt Lake City Barracks of the Salvation Army, writes from Ogden, Utah:

"Two months ago I was suffering with so severe a cold that I could hardly speak. "Our captain advised me to try Peruna and procured a bottle for me, and truly it worked wonders. Within two weeks I was entirely well."—Clarice Hunt.

Congressman White's Letter.

Tarboro, N. C.
Gentlemen:—I am more than satisfied with Peruna and find it to be an excellent remedy for the grip and catarrh. I have used it in my family and they all join me in recommending it as an excellent remedy."—George H. White, Member of Congress.

Mrs. T. W. Collins, Treasurer Independent Order of Good Templars, of Everett, Wash., writes:

"After having a severe attack of la grippe I continued in a feeble condition even after the doctors called me cured. My blood seemed poisoned. Peruna cured me."—Mrs. T. W. Collins.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

LA GRIPPE is epidemic catarrh. It spares no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to la grippe. None are exempt—all are liable.

Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip got you? Grip is well named. The original French term, la grippe, has been shortened by the busy American to read "grip." Without intending to do so a new word has been coined that exactly describes the case. As if some hideous giant with awful Grip had

VALLEY CITY NORMAL.

Prayer day for colleges was observed at the normal this year. Rev. Taylor of Jamestown gave the principal address.

Literary work is at its height among the various classes and societies. The senior class is deep in the midst of educational themes, preparatory to writing these. Prof. Weeks and Miss Amidon are in charge of the public class of the term. The first division appeared Saturday afternoon with some very creditable work. Among them was an oration by Miss Edith Conn of Spiritwood. Besides public rhetorical the several literary societies are doing active work. The Athnaeum leads with a membership of about seventy-five and the young ladies have an exclusive society. The young men are organizing a debating society.

Willard Smith of the 5th grade model school was appointed page in the legislature.

A very enjoyable reception was given Friday afternoon by the teachers of the model school for the parents of the children. There was also an exhibition of the work of the children. The mandolin club of the normal furnished music for the occasion.

The Glee club is preparing to give the operetta "The Miracle of Roses" by Lucio Borsese, in the near future.

The members of the faculty are giving a series of lectures in chapel which add to the interest of the school.

The Ladies State Normal Basket Ball team returned from Fargo Tuesday morning where they won a victory over the Ladies' team of the Fargo High School, with a score of 22 to 11. They were met at the train by the school and conducted in triumph to the normal. This is the girls' first game away from home and much credit is due them and their excellent coach, Dr. Palmer.

Monday evening Prof. Preston W. Search gave his lecture "The greatest pictures in the world." This was the first of a series of lectures on literature and art arranged for the normal students. Those to follow are by Judge Charles F. Amidon, President Frank A. Weld and Prof. Gattfried Hunt.

Better than Gold.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by Wonnemberg & Avis.

FARMERS' TELEPHONES.

Other counties are getting the telephone systems extended into the more thickly settled districts and many farmers are beginning to find out the advantages of being on a local line connecting with the county seat. In Eddy county there has been one line put in connecting the town of Sheyenne with New Rockford and a branch running in another direction reaches some 20 more farmers. Another line running southeast from New Rockford is being organized and more than enough subscribers have been secured. An Indiana company furnishes the instruments which are specially made for this service. A central office at some farm house switches on the subscribers of any branch line, from the main line. The cost is practically nothing after the poles are up and lines strung. Each house has a call of its own. No operator is required and farmers after they have had a little experience in the use of the phones would not do without one as the saving in time and travel, with other conveniences are very great. A line running into the more thickly settled part of Barnes county south of Valley City is to be put in. The cost of the poles is about 60c each and of the instruments about \$13 each. The farmers along the New Rockford line paid about \$40 each and those who at first thought it too expensive and hesitated about going into the scheme would not now do without the phones. In New Rockford a number of business houses have also been connected with the farmers' line. From 20 to 30 subscribers are enough to organize and build a line.

There are portions of Stutsman county where a line of this kind could be put in to advantage. Stutsman county does not want to be behind her enterprising neighboring counties in the matter of farm improvements.

LADIES ESPECIALLY

Are fond of traveling on the Famous trains of the North-Western Line. The daintily furnished retiring rooms and cosy compartments afford all the privacy of your own home, and make traveling a pleasure and delight. The North-Western Limited every night between the Twin Cities and Chicago is the peer of all fine trains.

WHY DO YOU ASK

for an advertised article at the store? Because you think it is to your advantage to have that specific thing. Why does the dealer offer you something else, his "just as good?" Because he thinks it to his interest to sell you something else. Which should have his way? Which one puts up the money?

ADVERTISED LIST.

Following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the postoffice at Jamestown, N. D., for the week ending Feb. 7, 1903:
Albert Cochet, Rev. Emil Haase, Irwin D. Kauffman, Edd. Miller, C. W. Preston.
These letters will be held 21 days after which they will be sent to the dead letter office. In calling for these letters always say advertised and give date of this list.
Chas. L. Mitchell, P. M.