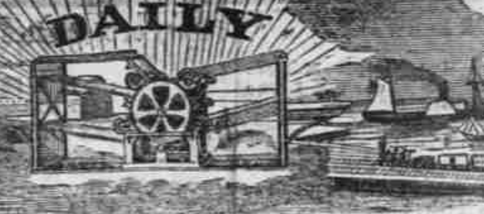
State Library
COLUMBUS, O

Cleveland  Daily Leader.

SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1866. Morning Edition. VOL. XX--NO. 135.

CLEVELAND LEADER.
PUBLISHED BY THE
CLEVELAND LEADER COMPANY.
DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY.
OFFICE: 149 SUPERIOR STREET
TERMS:
Daily: Morning or Evening, by mail, per yr...$10 00
" " " " 6 mo... 5 00
" " " " 3 mo... 2 50
" " " " 1 mo... 1 00
Tri-Weekly ...per yr.. 5 00
Agents and News-Dealers, per 100... 2 00
Daily, delivered by Carrier, (Morning or Evening) 25 cents per week.
Tri-Weekly, 12½ cents per week. Address CLEVELAND LEADER COMPANY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NEW DRESS GOODS.

J. M. HOWER & CO.,
124 Ontario-St.,
ARE DAILY RECEIVING NEW SUMMER
DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS SILKS.
OUR SILK DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE.
—ALSO—
SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.
OUR STOCK OF
LINEN COLLARS,
LINEN SLEEVES,
LINEN SETS,
Is not excelled in this market. Also full line of HOSIERY and SILK GLOVES. Also full line ALEXANDER KID GLOVES, at
June9 124 Ontario St.

Crumb, Baslington & Kendall
HOSIERY.
VERY FINE LINE
Ladies White Cotton Hose,
Ladies Brown do do
Ladies Lace Hose,
Misses Bleached and Brown, all sizes.
Misses Fancy Hose,
Boys Half Hose, very cheap.
Ladies Ribbed and Plain White Cotton Hose at Bargains. [June9] C., B. & K.

For Spring and Summer Suits
In all new styles go to
J. H. DEWITT & CO.,
7 and 11 Public Square.

LACE MANTLES,
Lace Points and Circulars in Real Thread, Lama, Pointe and French Laces at reduced prices

DRESS SILKS,
J. H. DeWITT & CO., are closing out Dress Silks and Dress Goods at very low figures

LADIES' MANTLES,
J. H. DeWITT & CO., are prepared to show in stock and make to order all prevailing styles of Ladies' Garments in Silk, Cloth and Summer Goods. June9

BONNETS AT REDUCED PRICES.
We have largely reduced our prices for
TRIMMED BONNETS.
FOR BARGAINS IN
Millinery Goods
GO TO
June9 MORGAN, ROOT & CO.

JUST PUBLISHED—BY D. APPLETON & CO., NEW YORK.,
A THIRD EDITION OF
MOUNT VERNON,
AND OTHER POEMS,
BY HARVEY RICE. 12mo, pp. 225 price $1,25.
"The volume contains more genuine poetry than a score of much greater pretentions, which we have felt it our duty to examine.—National Quarterly Review.
"It gives utterance to noble and pure sentiments and betrays the poet's eye for the mysteries as well as the beauties of nature."—New York Evangelist.
"We commend it for the many fine poems it contains."—Home Journal.
Copies sent, post-paid, by mail, on receipt of price. For sale by
June9:322 INGHAM & BRAGG, Cleveland, O.

SECURITY
LIFE INSURANCE
AND
ANNUITY COMPANY,
BRANCH OFFICE:
FOREST CITY BLOCK,
NO. 178 SUPERIOR STREET,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.
H. NEWBERRY, Manager.
H. TONE, Gen'l Agent.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION of the SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE AND ANNUITY COMPANY, on the first day of May, 1866, made to the Auditor of Ohio, pursuant to the statute of that State.

NAME AND LOCATION.
The name of the Company is the "Security Life Insurance and Annuity Company, and is located at 31 Pine street, New York.

I. CAPITAL.
The amount of its Capital Stock paid up is...$110,000 00

II. ASSETS.
Cash of the Company on hand and in the hands of Agents and other persons...$60,094 82
The Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, U. S. 5-20 Bonds, value...114,000 00
Debts otherwise secured, premium notes secured by Policies...238,755 17
Debts for Premiums...92,432 76
All other securities...13,269 73
Total Assets of the Company...$515,548 48

III. LIABILITIES.
Losses adjusted and not due...$19,700
Losses unadjusted...6,000
All other claims against the Company...3,791 29
Total Liabilities...$29,491 29

IV. MISCELLANEOUS.
The greatest amount insured in any one risk...$10,000
The amount of its capital or earnings deposited in any other State, as security for losses therein...None
The Charter, or Act of Incorporation of said Company, copy filed.

STATE OF NEW YORK, } ss.
COUNTY OF NEW YORK, }
Robert L. Case, President and Isaac H. Allen, Secretary of the Security Life Insurance and Annuity Company, being severally affirmed depose and say, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company, and that they are the above described Officers thereof. ROBERT L. CASE, Prest.
ISAAC H. ALLEN, Sec'y.
Subscribed and affirmed before me this 29th day of May, 1866.
[SEAL] HANSON C. GIBSON,
[Five Cent Stamp] Notary Public.

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE, }
COLUMBUS, O., June 6, 1866. }
It is hereby certified, that the foregoing is a correct copy of the state of condition of the Security Life Insurance and Annuity Company of New York, made to and filed in this office, for the year 1866.
Witness my Hand and Seal officially.
[SEAL] JAS. H. GODMAN,
Auditor of State.

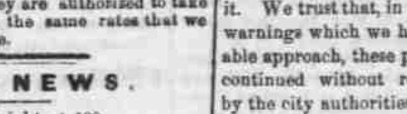
CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.
(To expire on the 31st day of January, 1867.)
OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE, }
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, }
COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 6, 1866. }
Whereas, the Security Life Insurance and Annuity Company located at New York, in the State of New York, has filed in this office a sworn statement of its condition, as required by the act "To regulate Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Ohio," passed April 8, 1856, and amended February 9, 1864, and the act "To regulate Foreign Insurance Companies," passed April 5, 1866; and, Whereas said Company has furnished the undersigned satisfactory evidence that it is possessed of an actual Capital of at least One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars, invested as required by said acts; and Whereas, said Company has filed in this office a written instrument under its corporate seal, signed by the President and Secretary thereof, authorizing any agent or agents of said Company in this State to acknowledge service of process, for and in behalf of said Company according to the terms of said act of April 8, 1856.
Now, therefore, in pursuance of the acts aforesaid, I, James H. Godman, Auditor of State for Ohio, do hereby certify that said Security Life Insurance and Annuity Company of New York, is authorized to transact the business of Life Insurance in this State, until the thirty-first day of January, in the year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-seven.
In witness whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and caused the seal of my office to be affixed, the day and year above written.
[Seal]
[Stamp.] JAMES H. GODMAN,
Auditor of State.
NEWBERRY & TONE, Agents,
June9 178 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

50 VARIETIES OF LADIES Purses and Portmonies at greatly reduced prices at COWLES'.

VERY FINE POCKET CUTLERY—At greatly reduced prices at COWLES'.
may10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MR. D. STILLWELL'S
BOILER TUBE BRUSHES.
Patented March 20, 1865.

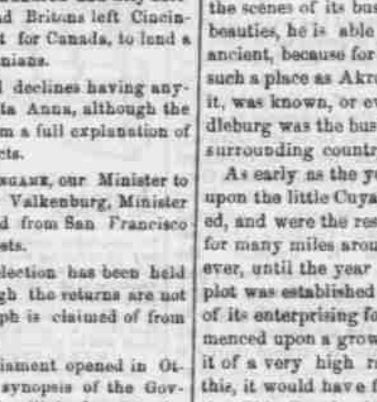


13 different sizes from 1 1-4 to 6 inch.
Manufactured from Spring Tempered Flat Steel Wire.

FOR Use and Durability the above Brush will be found far superior to all other articles for cleaning Boiler Tubes of Scales, Soot, Ashes, &c. In all Tubular Boilers a great saving of fuel may be made by the daily use of the above Brush, as it will remove the scale that forms (which is a non-conductor of heat) as well as soot and ashes.
Being made of SPRING TEMPERED FLAT STEEL WIRE, gives greater elasticity, adding more than double to the wearing surface. The wires are firmly soldered to the shaft, which will allow the tubes to be cleaned while hot. They are made in augur form, so that when tubes become clogged with ashes; by turning the brush, it acts as a borer, easily removing all obstructions.
B. FIGER, Agent,
June9:322 142 Champlain-st Cleveland, O.

Notice to all Whom it May Concern.
Notice is hereby given that it is deemed necessary by the City Council of the City of Cleveland to provide for the construction of a branch sewer in a part of Prospect and Granger streets, and for that purpose an Ordinance is now pending before said City Council. All persons having objections to the construction of said branch sewer, are hereby requested to file their objections with the City Clerk of said city within ten days after the expiration of two weeks from the first publication of this notice.
By order of the City Council.
C. E. BILL, City Clerk.
June 9, 1866. June9:324

JEWETT & GOODMAN,
MANUFACTURERS OF



ORGANS AND MELODEONS!
For Churches, Schools, Parlors, &c.
Prices from $90 to $750—Twenty-one Different Styles.
OUR ORGANS CONTAIN ALL valuable improvements, including the "AUTOMATIC SWELL," which was patented by Mr. Jewett, and which has made the "Cabinet Organ" so celebrated. There are many organs offered for sale that are similar in appearance, but radically different and inferior in their construction. Persons wanting a genuine article will send to us for a descriptive circular and further information.
Address JEWETT & GOODMAN,
June7 195 Ontario-st., Cleveland, Ohio.

Holden, Clarke & Wilson,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers & Stationers,
No. 108 Monument Square
(NEAR POSTOFFICE,)
CLEVELAND, OHIO.
DEPOSITORY OF THE
AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY,
SUNDAY SCHOOL,
And Tract Societies.
June8

R
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R. P. M. W.
R
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LOOK OUT
For the new Patent
MOP WRINGER,
Companion to the
Clothes Wringer!
See Descriptive Advertisement in next Saturday's Leader.
Town and County Rights for Sale. June8:321

D. A. SHEPARD & CO.
Are closing out their entire stock of
FURNITURE,
at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, consisting of
Parlor and Chamber Sets,
Tetes-a-Tete, Sofas, Lounges,
Tables, Chairs, &c.
In short every desirable variety of fashionable made ware. We invite all those desirous of purchasing, to call and examine these goods, as it will be the last opportunity of getting our custom made work.
THE STOCK MUST BE SOLD WITHIN THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS.
Our store No. 131 Water Street will be for Rent on or about the first of June next.
apl4:R&I&tp D. A. SHEPARD & CO.

DAILY LEADER.

SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1866.

For Evening Edition News see inside.
For Morning Edition News see outside.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., Newspaper Advertising Agency, 37 Park Row, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are agents for the LEADER in those cities, and are agents for all the newspapers in the United States and Canadas. They are authorized to take advertisements at the same rates that we charge at this office.

THE NEWS.

GOLD closed last night at 139.

THAD. STEVENS continues ill.

A SCHOOL-HOUSE in Augusta, Georgia, was demolished by a tornado on Tuesday, and seven children killed and nine wounded.

THE Richmond *Examiner* has a bad spell. It calls the proposed result of Fenianism "a Celtick Republick."

THE Fenians made an attempt at Rochester, N. Y., yesterday, to seize two Canadian steamers, but were frustrated.

A COMPANY of one hundred and fifty able-bodied Canadians and Britons left Cincinnati night before last for Canada, to lend a hand against the Fenians.

SENOR ROMERO still declines having anything to do with Santa Anna, although the latter has written him a full explanation of his motives and objects.

HON. ANSON BURLINGAME, our Minister to China, and Gen. Von Valkenburg, Minister to Japan, have sailed from San Francisco to their respective posts.

THE Oregon State election has been held recently, and although the returns are not all in, a Union triumph is claimed from 700 to 1,000 majority.

THE Canadian Parliament opened in Ottawa yesterday. A synopsis of the Governor General's speech will be found in the dispatches.

GEN. SWEENY and Col. Mahan were arraigned before a civil tribunal in St. Albans yesterday, and will be kept in custody until they give bail, the former in $20,000, and the latter in $500 bonds.

AN accident happened night before last on the Pottsville, Pa., Road at Valley Forge, caused by a switch being left open, by which two persons were killed. One young girl had both her legs broken.

THE ex-rebel soldiers in the lower counties of Maryland are said to be drilling, and threaten a raid on a Government farm in that locality. Measures have been taken to put a stop to their proceedings.

JUDGE LAWRENCE, of the Supreme Court of Illinois, has decided that the gift enterprises of Chicago are lotteries, and the District Attorney has taken steps to drive the various enterprises of that kind from the city.

STRAGGLERS from the Fenian army, just over the line in Canada, on returning to St. Albans, are furnished transportation to their homes by the U. S. authorities, and are very grateful for it. They say as soon as that fact is known at the front, the Fenian army will be among the things that were.

GEN. BARRY, commanding the district of Buffalo, has issued an order, by direction of Gen. Meade, prohibiting the transportation over railroads or by water of any person or materials of war designed or supposed to be designed to violate the neutrality laws. The transmission of telegraphic messages in cypher relating to Fenianism is also prohibited.

ROBERTS had an interview with the U. S. District Attorney yesterday, and offered to give bail in his own recognizance for $20,000, but emphatically refused to give his parole to desist from any further attempt to "attain the object he has been endeavoring to accomplish." He was remanded to the custody of the officer in charge of him, and probably passed last night inside of a jail.

GEN. SPEAR, (now that General Sweeny is placed *hors du combat*,) the commanding officer of the Fenians, is a tall, gentlemanly Irishman of fifty, "one of the rale ould sort," with frizzled hair and moustache, and a military air. He graduated at West Point thirty years ago, commanded a Pennsylvania regiment during the rebellion, and says he resigned a brigadier's commission in the regular army to join his fortunes with Fenianism.

F. P. BLAIR, who fought against rebels during the war, is now fighting for and fraternizing with his late enemies. At Kansas City, Mo., on Saturday, he was entertained by a committee of ex-rebels and their sympathizers. Among them was one Capt. Pulliam, who drilled and commanded the first company of rebel recruits in the place. When Pulliam was introduced to Blair, he said: "General, you and I differed quite materially three years ago, but I am now happy to welcome you back on my platform."

THE second trial of Coovert for the murder of the Roosa family is now in progress at Lebanon, O. Some new and important testimony has been produced. The State has proven by two witnesses, that there was on the frame of the window through which the murderer escaped, the mark of a bloody right hand, without a thumb on his right hand. The testimony of Mary Shaffer, of Middleton, that she heard Coovert give a full account of the murder at daylight the morning after it was committed, hours before information of it could have reached that place by the papers or any other means, was corroborated. An attempt was made at middletown, before the trial commenced, to murder Mary Shaffer. Five shots were fired at her as she was passing along the street at night, one of them grazing her head.

The King of the Pestilence.

The arrival of the steamer Peruvian in the harbor of New York, carrying on board that terrible freight, cholera, is the third warning which we have had during the present season, of the approach of the Asiatic pestilence. It is not often that death takes such pains to herald his coming. And, sudden and swift and terrible as is the plague whose omens fill the air, we have this at least for which to be grateful to it—that it has sent its messengers before it to prepare a way for its coming. We owe it the more thanks because this is of all diseases the one against which care and cleanliness can most easily provide. Forewarned; forearmed. By giving us fair notice of its approach it has enabled us to take arms against it. And we believe that the country *has* made provision against it to a greater extent than ever before. When the cholera comes it will find us ready, and the scourge will be a light one—much lighter than in former years. In order that our readers may understand what the cholera has done in Cleveland during the periods of its visitation here, we print to-day in our local columns a very interesting article in reference to the history of the plague in this city on its three visits here. It will be seen that the cholera has never raged here so virulently as in many cities of the country, owing in part to the excellent location of the city, on a hill sloping in one direction to the lake and in the other to the river, and in part to the general good habits and cleanliness of our population. The same causes will, we trust, procure for us a like immunity should the pestilence visit us during the present season. And we believe that it will not be as fatal in its present visit as in former ones. The people and the physicians have alike become more accustomed to it, and the municipal authorities have made very thorough preparation against it. We trust that, in view of the repeated warnings which we have had of its probable approach, these preparations may be continued without relaxation, not only by the city authorities, but by private citizens.

LETTER FROM MIDDLEBURG.

An "Ancient Village"—Its New Start—Manufactures—Mineral Coal—Prospective Advantages.

[Special Correspondence of CLEVELAND LEADER.]

MIDDLEBURG, June 5, 1865.

An interesting place is this ancient village of Middleburg, as from a short sojourn of one of your subscribers, among the scenes of its business and of its rural beauties, he is able to testify. I call it ancient, because for twenty years—before such a place as Akron, within two miles of it, was known, or even thought of—Middleburg was the business center of all the surrounding country.

As early as the year 1807, its mill seats upon the little Cuyahoga became improved, and were the resort of the inhabitants for many miles around. It was not, however, until the year 1817 that its village plot was established by Wm. Hart—one of its enterprising founders—when it commenced upon a growth, destined to make it of a very high rank, which, long ere this, it would have fully attained but for the Ohio Canal, which suddenly built up Akron—its near and successful rival. But, although retarded and kept in the background for a long time by this event, Middleburg is coming up again, to realize the expectations of its enterprising founders.

It is becoming as distinguished for its potteries, for which it possesses remarkable facilities, as the far-famed city of Sheffield is for its cutlery. Its manufactories, rapidly increasing, now more than twenty in number, line the banks of the little Cuyahoga, the deficiency of which in water power for so great a business, is made up by the appliance of steam. In these are produced every variety of earthen ware known to the art, and it is marvelous to see what can be done with clay in the hands of the potter. Among the other manufactories is that of Hill and Adams, for the sewer pipes, which supply our Western cities, and of Wetmore, Robinson & Co., for the finer wares. Without going into statistics it is safe to say, that in the production of earthen ware, in quantity and value, Middlebury exceeds every other place in the country.

I must not omit to speak of the recent development of an extensive bank of mineral coal in the immediate vicinity of this village, by Cross, Payne & Co., of your city—which must have an important bearing upon the prosperity of Middlebury, and no small interest to Cleveland. In the explorations of D. W. Cross, Esq., of your city, whose specialty seems of late to be mineral coal, an extensive bed of the same, of superior quality, was discovered to be underneath one of the farms of Miss A. L. Sumner, and of Mr. Moore, ninety feet below the surface, and in strata of more than four feet in thickness. This valuable mine is now being opened and made available by Cross, Payne & Co., who have become the proprietors, by an outlay of expenses which proves the saying in this instance to be true, that "it takes a mine to work a mine."

The existence of this bed of coal, within forty miles of Cleveland by the canal, and with a capacity to yield more than five hundred thousand tons to its market of the best of coal, is of importance to Cleveland, and to Middlebury of immense advantage, as the material for the creation of steam will be furnished almost at their door, without the usual cost of transportation. The benefits to result from the enterprise of Cross, Payne & Co., I believe, are well appreciated by the people of Middlebury.

Time will not permit me to speak of the churches, schools, and other institutions of Middlebury, which are giving it a rising importance. S. S.

The New York *Herald* had the following startling caption to a long editorial: "Shall we have the cholera or some other dreadful disease in New York?" To which the Louisville *Journal* replied: "You pays your money and you has your choice."

The editors of the Petroleum *Reporter*, Titusville, have changed the name of the paper, the Titusville Weekly *Herald* being the title adopted.

"Brains are Trumps."—*The pen writes on while the sword rusts*, and so it will be always. Let every person about to take a start in life aim first of all to fit himself for any position fortune may assign him to. For particulars how to get a thorough *business education*, address without fail the well-known *actual* Business College of Oberlin, Ohio. June1

Anniversary.—The anniversary of the Western Seamen's Friend Society, will be held in the 2d Presbyterian Church (Dr. Hawk's) on Sabbath, to-morrow afternoon, at half past three o'clock.
And at the 1st Baptist Church, (Rev. Mr. Strong's) in the evening, at half past seven o'clock.
At these meetings the Annual Reports will be presented, and addresses delivered by several Chaplains and Missionaries from abroad, and by some of our City Pastors.
The "Annual Sermon" will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Loomis, of New York, Secretary of the "American Seamen's Friend Society," in the 1st Presbyterian Church, (Dr. Goodrich's) at half past seven o'clock in the evening.

The American Cooking Stove—Is manufactured with certain improvements secured by letters patent, under date of May 5, 1863, and December 5, 1865. One of these improvements cover the arrangement of fitting a portable ash pan in the hearth of a Cooking Stove, to receive the ashes as it passes down from the grate. All persons are cautioned against manufacturing, vending or using other Stoves made in IMITATION of the AMERICAN, as suits have been commenced for infringement of these patents, and all persons manufacturing, selling or using said IMITATIONS, will be liable for damages for infringement on these letters patent.
SHEAR, PACKARD & CO.,
17 and 19 Green-st., Albany, N. Y.
The AMERICAN is for sale by
J. M. BAILEY & CO.,
June9:372-s.o.d Cleveland, Ohio.

Spiritual Lectures—George Miller whose eloquence and argumentative powers are unsurpassed, will lecture at Temperance Hall, 184 Superior street, to-morrow (Sunday) at 10½ a. m., and 7 p. m. Children's Lyceum at 1 p. m. June9

Spotted Like Dominoes.—The teeth soon become speckled if every defilement is not removed from them every twenty four hours. To do this effectually there is nothing like SOZODONT. It literally renders the enamel impervious and indestructible. June9

Potatoes.—Peachblows and other varieties in car loads or barrels, at 50 Merwin st..
June1:320 J. G. SIMMONS & CO.

Use Pure Water to Prevent Cholera.—It has been fully ascertained, says the report of a French Commission, both at Paris and elsewhere, "That rain water is a prophylactic, [or preventive,] of Cholera, and that the disease has never proved an epidemic in any city where pure water is exclusively used."
The celebrated Kedzie Water Filter removes from rain or hydrant water all organic matters, gasses, color, taste or smell. For sale by
ap26:324-eod W. P. FOGG.

Paper Collars of every pattern, made of the finest linen stock, consisting of Gray's, Hathaway's, Troy, National and the Persigny style.
MACKENZIE & PARSONS,
Manufacturers of the Parisian Yoke Shirt,
mar17:R13 14 Public Square, Cobb's new Block.

Sloan's Family Ointment.—A Sovereign Remedy. This Ointment is truly a Family Remedy. It contains no poisonous or mineral substance whatever; therefore it may be used in all cases with perfect safety. It has no equal for Obstinate Ulcers, Old Sores, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Cutaneous Eruptions, Bruises, Sore Nipples, Sore Breast, Piles, Salt Rheum, Chapped Hands, &c. Every kind of sore containing the least particle of inflammation is permanently cured by this great remedy. Put up in glass bottles, and sold at 25 cents per bottle.
These remedies no longer stand among those of doubtful utility. They have passed from the tide of experiment, and now stand higher in reputation, and are more extensively used than all other articles of the kind.
CAUTION.—To protect ourselves and the public from being imposed upon by worthless imitations, the genuine will bear the *fac simile* signature of the Proprietors on the wrapper, and Walker & Taylor, Proprietors, Chicago, Ill., blown in the bottle. For sale by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.
WALKER & TAYLOR,
Sole Proprietors, Chicago, Illinois.
STRONG & ARMSTRONG,
apl11:R14 Wholesale Agents.

The Parisian Yoke Shirt, manufactured exclusively by Messrs. Mackenzie & Parsons, No. 14 Public Square, in Cobb's new Block. This pattern of Shirt is the only style now worn in the city of Paris. Its great peculiarity is its perfect adaptability to all forms of the human body,—the fit being perfect. mar17:R13

Gentlemen's Shirt Laundry.—In a few days we shall have our Laundry in operation for the express purpose of washing Gentlemen's Linen—and thus enabling them to have their shirts and collars ironed equal to new.
MACKENZIE & PARSONS,
Manufacturers of the Parisian Yoke Shirt, 14 Public Square. mar17:R13

Wm. E. Saunders, M. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office No. 191 Erie street, between Euclid avenue and Prospect street. Residence 149 Prospect street. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M., and from 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.
ap27:328

The Fourth Annual Convention of the Cuyahoga County Sunday School Union will be held Thursday next at the First Baptist Church, Cleveland, at half-past 10 o'clock A. M. All persons interested in the cause are invited to attend. may29:318

Moth and Freckles.—Ladies afflicted with Discolorations on the Face, called moth patches or freckles, should use PERRY'S Celebrated MOTH and FRECKLE LOTION. It is infallible. Prepared by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, N. Y. Sold by all druggists in Cleveland, and elsewhere. Price $2. may17-340

Egyptian Calla.—It cometh unto you with a perfume which holdeth children from play and old men from the chimney corner. TALLMAN & COLLINS, sole proprietors.
Sold by all Druggists.
STRONG & ARMSTRONG,
BENTON, MYERS & CANFIELD,
June4:344 Wholesale Agents.

Special Caution.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has become so popular that various parties have put out articles calling them Mrs. Winslow's. Please take notice that the Mrs. Winslow of the Soothing Syrup is not connected with any other article. jun 2:344

Steel Stamps and Stencil Brands, of every description and style, manufactured at 135 Ontario, Hurlbut's Block, Rear Buildings.
may8:R15 A. N. PIPER.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store—Now open at 14 Public Square, Cobb's new Block, where can be found every variety of Furnishing Goods, consisting of Shirts, Collars, Drawers, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Dressing Gowns, Canes, Suspenders, and Gentlemen's Toilet Goods, all made of the best materials. Trade furnished at wholesale
mar17:R13 MACKENZIE & PARSONS

For Sale.—100 barrels prime Beans.
20 barrels prime unpared Peaches.
COTTRELL & DICKEY,
June8:322 68 Merwin street.

Choice Peachblow Potatoes.—The undersigned is now offering the finest lot of Island Peachblow Potatoes in this market, at his new store, No. 176 Ontario street.
June2 G. H. LODGE.

Dr. C. B. Lighthill recently returned from Europe and is now at Russell's Forest City House, where he can be consulted on diseases of the Eye, Ear and on Catarrhal difficulties. He will remain but a short time. june4:320-daw

Equitable Life Assurance Society, of the United States, 92 Broadway, New York. Cash Accumulation, $2,000,000 00; Annual Cash Income, $1,000,000 00—purely mutual. Annual Cash Dividends. This Society have determined to declare their dividends ANNUALLY IN CASH. The next dividend will be declared February 1st, 1867. It is believed that no company in this country will be able to present greater advantages in its dividends to persons assuring than this Society, as its total expenditure to income was less than that of any of the older American Companies, and its new business for the past year ($13,823,000) exceeds the new business of any New York Company in any previous year. This Society has met with but one loss in this city—Mr. Phillip I. Price, who was insured three years since for $5,000. His heirs received the amount of his policy ($5,000), and a dividend to the amount of $373 10-00 in cash, within ten days after proofs were delivered to the agents.
Proposals for insurance or for agencies apply to
THAYERS & MUNSON, General Agents,
Nos. 1 and 2 Park Building,
may4 Cleveland, Ohio.

Page's Pump and Garden Sprinkler is one of the most useful and convenient articles recently invented. It is cheap, and adaptable to the wants of every person who owns or occupies a homestead in town or country. Samples may be seen at No. 2 Atwater Block, Cleveland, Ohio.
June8.321

If your Clergyman, or any of his family has Nervous Headache, Nervous Toothache, or Neuralgia, present him with a bottle of Wolcott's Instant Pain Annihilator. It will remove any of these pains in five minutes. Or, if afflicted with Catarrh, present him with twelve large bottles of the Annihilator, costing only $10, and if he use it, according to directions, his cure is warranted, or the money refunded. See terms of guarantee wrapped with each bottle.
Sold by all druggists. June5

Fancy Cabinet and Wooden Toilet Articles, of the most tasty style, manufactured at 135 Ontario street, Hurlbut's Block, Rear Buildings.
A. N. PIPER,
may8:R15 Mechanical Jobber.

Cholera! Cholera!!—It is coming! All should be prepared to ward it off, not only by the adoption of proper sanitary means, but by having at hand some effectual remedy for ready use when the dreaded disease appears. It is the opinion of eminent physicians that most cases of Cholera can be readily cured if a proper remedy is used early. Such a remedy we now offer to the public in the article of Dr. J. R. Miller's Universal Magnetic Balm, with the fullest confidence in its remedial qualities as a Preventive and Cure for Cholera. It has been thoroughly tested, and we speak advisedly when we commend it to the public as the best known remedy for Cholera and Bowel Complaints.
D. RANSOM, & Co., Proprietors.
STRONG & ARMSTRONG, and BENTON, MYERS & CANFIELD, Agents, Cleveland.
may10:R14-DT&W

Prof. H. Anderson's Dermador is a Liquid for External Application. A valuable Chemical Combination, discovered by a celebrated Chemist. Warranted to cure Inflammation in all cases of Wounds, Bruises, Sprains, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Swelling of the Glands, Inflammation of the Eyes, Broken Breasts, Frozen Feet, Chilblains, Piles, Pimples on the face, Bee Stings, and all Sores the human flesh is heir to. On Horses and Cattle it cannot be excelled for the cure of Galls, Calks, Sprains, Wounds, and all hurts on animals. It never fails to cure if used as directed. D. RANSOM & CO., Proprietors.
STRONG & ARMSTRONG, and BENTON MYERS & CANFIELD, Agents, Cleveland.
may10:R14-DT&W

A Harrisburg paper tells of a man who has failed in business four times, been upset in a stage coach, and thrown down an embankment of sixty feet; fell headforemost through a hatchway in a store in Reading; has been married three times, and is the father of twenty-one children. "He still lives,"is in business at Harrisburg, and keeps Roback's Bitters and Blood Pills constantly in his family. June4

LATEST NEWS

BY THE WESTERN UNION LINE.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

EX-REBEL SOLDIERS DRILLING IN MARYLAND.

THREATEN TO ATTACK A GOVERNMENT FARM.

Railroad Accident at Valley Forge, Pa.

Two Men Killed and a Girl Horribly Mangled.

TRANSPORTATION OF FENIANS OVER RAILROADS OR WATER PROHIBITED.

Telegraph Messages in cypher also Prohibited.

Attempt to Seize Canadian Steamers at Rochester, N. Y., Frustrated.

SWEENY REQUIRED TO GIVE $20,000 BAIL.

Our Ministers to China and Japan Sailed from San Francisco.

UNION STATE OFFICERS ELECTED IN OREGON.

Opening of the Canadian Parliament.

Synopsis of the Governor's Speech.

Associated Press Report.

General News.

The Militia to be Called Out.

CONCORD, N. H., June 8.—It is officially announced here from the War Department that our State Militia is likely to be summoned into service for the protection and vindication of neutrality in connection with the operations of the Fenians.

More Transportation Wanted for the Skedaddlers.

PORTLAND, ME., June 8.—It is stated that the Vermont Central Railroad have applied to the Grand Trunk Railway for transportation for the Fenians, owing to the universal skedaddle this morning using up all their cars

Arraigned.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., June 8.—Gen. Sweeny and Col. Mehan were arraigned before a civil tribunal this forenoon. The proceedings are private, no reporters being admitted.

Railroad Accident.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.—The train from Pottsville, due here at 7 o'clock yesterday evening, ran off the track at Valley Forge, caused by a switch being left open. The whole train went down an embankment twelve feet high. The fireman of the train was instantly killed. Thomas Deernan, the mail conductor, was frightfully mangled and died shortly after. A young girl had both her legs broken. No one else was injured except by bruises. This is the first fatal accident on the Reading Railroad for twelve years.

Robbery.

KANSAS CITY, Mo. June 8.—The U. S. Express messenger's safe on the eastern bound train of the Pacific Railroad, was robbed about three o'clock this morning, between Lee's Summit and pleasant Hill, of about $15,000.

An Attempt to Seize two Canadian Steamers.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 8.—A supposed attempt to seize the Canadian steamers Corinthian and Rochester at Charlotte last evening was frustrated. General Barry, on being telegraphed to for orders, replied that he had no available troops to send here, and that the authorities would have to depend on what aid could be obtained from the police and the militia. General Barry's force has been sent to Ogdensburg.

From St. Albans.

ST. ALBANS, June 8.—General Sweeny and Colonel Mehan were arraigned to-day before United States Commissione Hoyt, and waving examination were held to bail. Sweeny in the sum of $20,000 and Mehan in the sum of $5,000. They will remain in custody until the bail is given.

No late news of interest has been received from the front up to noon to-day.

There were no arrivals of Fenians this morning, but numerous departures of the brotherhood for their homes.

Colonel Hugh Donnelly's company of 65 men left for Springfield, and 75 or 100 men who have straggled in from the front and loitered around the town, left on the train for Boston. They were provided with transportation by the United States government, and were very grateful for it. They say that as soon as it becomes known at the front that the government is furnishing them with transportation homeward the entire Fenian army will be among the things that were.

A movement has been made on the part of the British government that will probably hasten the dispersion of the Fenian army. Last evening there were thirty car loads of British troops landed at Farnum, on the Waterloo road, at a point nearly opposite the invaders.

Departure of Foreign Ministers.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 5.—Hon. Anson Burlingame, Minister to China, and General Vandalkenburg, Minister to Japan, sailed yesterday, on the bark Swallow, for Shanghai and Kanazua.

Oregon Election Returns.

A Portland dispatch states that the returns of the Oregon elections have not been received from many of the precincts, but the Union men claim a majority of 700 to 1,000.

Earthquake.

Two severe shocks of earthquake were felt this morning, extending from Sonora to Monterey. The shock seemed heaviest at the latter place. No damage is reported.

Parliament Opened.

OTTAWA, C. W., June 8.—The Parliament opened to-day. The following is a synopsis of the Governor's speech;

Allusion is made to the Fenian movement as follows:

The threats and preparations for an attack on Canada are constantly openly made by a body organized in the United States known as Fenians, compelled me since the last Parliament by advice from my ministers, to call out for service a large portion of the volunteer militia force of the Provinces. The spirit displayed by the people in responding to the Proclamation, have received the merited approval of her Majesty's government. The events which have occurred within the last few days afford continued proof of the necessity for precautionary measures being adopted. The Province has been invaded by a lawless band of marauders, but I congratulate the country that they were promptly confronted, and within twenty-four hours compelled to make a precipitate retreat. I deplore the loss of life and suffering entailed upon the gallant body of Canada volunteers in the engagement which took place, repelling so promptly the invaders who attacked the country, and I feel assured you will not omit to alleviate so far as may be in your power the miseries so wantonly inflicted on many families, but while I grieve the individual loss I congratulate the country. The danger has shown that Canada possesses in the volunteers a body of men ready to peril life in defense of the Queen and the country. The entire people has been thoroughly aroused by the recent occurrences, and it must now be apparent to all that the whole resources of the country, men and means, will any moment be cheerfully given to repel any invasion on their homes. In the measures of defence which I have been called upon to take, I have received the unremitting support of Lieut. General Commanding, and Admiral Hope. It is also a source of unfeigned pleasure to acknowledge the gallant devotion displayed by the officers and men in her Majesty's military and naval forces engaged.

I am happy to be enabled to state that the President of the United States has issued a Proclamation declaring that serious infractions of laws of that country have been and are being committed by evil disposed persons within the territory and jurisdiction of the United States against the British possessions, and requiring all officers of his government to exert every effort for their repression and I trust the course thus adopted will ere long prevent this country from being subjected to further attacks from the citizens of the nation on terms of amity with Great Britain. The maintenance on the active duty which the government is compelled to call out, has involved the expenditure to a large amount not provided for. The vote last session accounts for this expenditure. It will be laid before the House, and I feel confident you will immediately pass the bill, indemnifying the government for unavoidable expense from the provision act.

Recent occurrences show the necessity of extending to lower Canada the act to protect the inhabitants of that section of the Province, against lawless aggressions from the subjects of foreign countries at peace with Her Majesty. It has also been necessary for the preservation of law and order to adopt the course similar to that which was taken at the present session Imperial Parliament for the temporary suspension of the habeas corpus. I invite your immediate attention to these necessary measures.

I congratulate you on the satisfactory results of the commerce of the country during the past year. The revenue is so largely in excess of the estimates as to enable us, without inconvenience, to provide for the heavy and unexpected changes entailed on the country.

The position which the great question of union of the Provinces of British North America has assumed is now such as to induce expectation that the measure will be shortly carried into effect. I therefore hope and believe that it will be practicable during the present session to adopt such proceedings as may be necessary for the completing of the details as regards Canada. I venture to express a confident expectation that the new parliament held within these walls will not alone be confined to the assembled representatives of Canada, but will embrace all the Provinces of British North America.

I congratulate you upon your general prosperity, and pray that your councils, guided by Divine Providence, may secure the moral and material advancement of the great body of the people.

ST. LOUIS, June 8.—Several prominent fenians were arrested to-day, including Jas. McGrath, State Centre of the O'Mahoney wing, P. J. Harmon, Treasurer, Dr. O'Reilly, Coroner of St. Louis, McQuail, A. Doyle, M. S. O'Conner, Gen. Curley, formerly an Adjutant General, Dr John Finn and Sam Erskin, all of whom were admitted to bail. Dan O'Madigan, State Centre, Judge Daily Messrs. Coneana and Iconnor, who refused to give bail yesterday entered into bonds to-day. The examination of Mr. Hogan was continued before the United States District Court.

From New York.

Various Items.

NEW YORK, June 8.—Reports from the lower quarantine, to-day, show that ample preparations are now made for the cholera down there.

All recruiting for the Fenians, in this city, was suspended to-day.

President Roberts appeared at the Fenian headquarters to-day, but done no business. An officer is in attendance near him.

No further arrests of Fenians have been made

Specials from Washington to the evening papers say that the National Intelligencer has an editorial saying that the President is opposed to all Constitutional amendments and conditions precedent to the admission of loyal Representatives from the Southern States.

The investigation of the Provost Marshal's acts is very damaging to General Fry.

It is understood Jeff. Davis will be released on bail.

A special to the Tribune, from Ottawa, C. W., says: There are 35,000 men, including regulars, under arms and the Government is still arming. The action of the United States authorities gives great satisfaction.

The ship owners and builders, in a meeting to-day, resolved to stand firm against the strike of the caulkers and shipwrights and advertise for workmen.

There is no truth in the report that President Roberts has been released on his own recognizance. He is still in the custody of the United States deputy marshal.

Vice President Gibbons and Colonel Karrigan would be arrested at once if any one could be found to make an affidavit against them.

United States Marshal Murray having good reason to believe a plan had been concocted to fire the building in which he has his office remained there all last night.

Final Blow to Fenianism.

BUFFALO, June 8.—A copy of the following order has this afternoon been furnished the Telegraph Company in this city:

HEADQ'RS DISTRICT OF ONTARIO, }
BUFFALO, June 8, 1866. }
General Orders No. 2.]

In compliance with instructions from Major-General Meade, in virtue of the power vested in him by the President of the United States, the transportation over rail roads, by water, or other modes of public conveyance, of any persons or material of war designed or supposed to be designed to violate the neutrality laws, is forbidden. The transmission over the telegraph wires of messages in cypher or otherwise, from Fenians on matters relating to Fenian movements, is also forbidden.

All persons are warned that any evasion or disregard of these prohibitions will be treated as aiding and abetting the violators of the law.

Commanding officers of the United States troops within the limits of this military district will cause this order to be made public, and it is made their duty to see it promptly and vigorously enforced.

WM. F. BARRY,
Bt. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., Commanding.

Quick Trip.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The steamer Santiago De Cuba, of the Nicaragua line, arrived yesterday, having made the unprecedented passage from Queenstown to this port in six days and nineteen hours.

Washington News.

Unconstitutional.

NEW YORK, June 8.—Washington specials to the morning papers says that the District Supreme Court decided to-day that the act of Congress retroceding Alexandria county to Virginia from the District was unconstitutional.

Reports from the Freedmen Commissioners in Maryland say that the ex-rebel soldiers are drilling in the lower counties of that State, and threatens a raid on the government farm in that locality. Measures have been adopted to stop the movement. Reports from other sections of the South represent a very bad state of affairs especially since the attacks have been made upon the Freedmen's Bureau at the North.

XXXIXth Congress.

WASHINGTON, June 8.

HOUSE.

Mr. HALE moved that the Military Committee inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the erection of a monument to Lieutenant-General Scott at West Point. Agreed to.

Mr. DAVIS moved that the Library Committee inquire into the expediency of purchasing an equestrian portrait of General Scott, now in the Capitol. Agreed to.

Mr. HUBBARD moved that the Banking Committee inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the redemption of worn and defaced National Bank notes, so as to obviate the necessity of sending them to each particular bank issuing them. Agreed to.

The resolution to adjourn Congress on the 28th of June was taken up, the question being upon reconsidering the vote adopting it. The vote was reconsidered by 52 to 42, and the resolution referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. WALKER introduced a bill regulating divorces in the District of Columbia, which was referred.

The Senate bill for the relief of Mrs. Anne Gaston was passed.

The Senate bill granting the right of way to the Humboldt Canal Company for public lands in Nevada was passed.

The Senate amendments to the bill to amend the postal laws was agreed to and the bill passed by both houses.

Mr. BLAINE reported a joint resolution providing that enlisted men detailed for duty as clerks are not to be deprived of the right to bounty. Passed.

On motion of Mr. CULLOM the Committee on Pensions was directed to inquire into the expediency of amending the pension act so as to allow the issuance of pensions to date from the discharge of the soldier or sailor where application has been made within two years of the discharge.

The bill to establish an educational department in Washington was taken up.

The report from the Reconstruction Committee was presented and ordered printed.

The Conference Committee on the Fortification bill recommended an appropriation of $50,000 for Fort Popham, on the Kennebec river, Me. The amendment was concurred in.

Among the private bills introduced was one for the relief of Mrs. Syphat, descendant of the slave of Washington, whose land had been confiscated with the Custis estate.

Mr. THAYER reported back to the Senate the bill to grant lands in California to Jose Dominiquez.

On motion of Mr. MORRILL it was ordered that the proceedings to-morrow be confined to a debate as if in Committee of the Whole on the President's annual message.

A reconsideration of the vote rejecting the bill to establish a department of education was moved. Adjourned.

SENATE.

The Senate, on assembling, postponed all other business and took up the Reconstruction resolutions at ten minutes past twelve o'clock, the object being to come to a vote upon it to-day. The pending question was the following substitute for the second section, offered by Mr. WILLIAMS:

"Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed; but whenever the right to vote at any election held under the Constitution and laws of the United States, or of any State, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such States being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State."

Mr. JOHNSON opposed the amendment on the ground of the reduced number of electors. The purpose was to give franchise to black men.

The Senator from Massachusetts, Sumner and others with him, contended that Congress had a right to regulate the franchise which he denied. It belonged to the States. It would reduce the number of representatives one and perhaps two in South Carolina. The North-eastern States would lose nothing by it, but it would disfranchise the best men of the South.

Mr. McDOUGALL also spoke against the bill. He believed there was as much regret in the South to-day as in the North for the error of the war. There was no such thing as reconstruction. There might be rehabilitation. He was in favor of immediate Union without any conditions.

Mr. HENDERSON stated at length the reasons which should influence him to cast his vote for the joint resolution.

Mr. YATES said his view was that suffrage accrued to the negro by the abolition of slavery. Universal suffrage was the only remedy for the South. The resolution was not quite strong enough, but he approved it.

Mr. FESSENDEN read the written report sent here with Mr. Johnson, on behalf of the minority of the Committee and gave notice that he would avail himself at as early a day as possible of the opportunity to present the minority report.

The question was then taken on the amendment of Mr. WILLIAMS.

Mr. WILLIAMS modified his amendment by striking out the words, "held under the Constitution and laws of the United States, or of any State," and inserting in lieu thereof "and for the election of President."

Mr. HOWARD moved to amend the original bill of Mr. Williams, of N. Y., by inserting after the words "or any State," and before the words "is denied" the words "for members of the most numerous branch of the Legislature." Disagreed to.

Mr. HOWARD moved to strike out of the 2d section the words "or in any way abridged." Disagreed to.

Mr. CLARK presented the following as a substitute for the fourth and fifth sections:

The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including the debt incurred for the payment of bounties or pensions for services in suppressing the insurrection or the rebellion shall not be questioned, but neither the United States or any State shall assume or pay any debt incurred in aid of the insurrection against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave, but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void. Agreed to.

Mr. FESSENDEN moved to insert in the first section after the word "born" the word "naturalized." Agreed to.

Mr. DOOLITTLE then submitted an amendment the effect of which was that the several sections of the constitutional amendment might be voted upon by State Legislatures as separate propositions. Disagreed to.

Mr. DAVIS moved to amend by including in debts guaranteed by the 4th section bounties to loyal owners of slaves, as provided by act of Congress. Disagreed to.

Mr. McDOUGALL moved to postpone the consideration of the subject until Tuesday next. Disagreed to.

Mr. JOHNSON moved to strike out in 1st section the words make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privilege or immunities of the United States, which was disagreed to.

The joint resolution was then put upon its passage:

Yeas—Anthony, Chandler, Clark, Conness, Cragin, Creswell, Edmunds, Fessenden, Foster, Grimes, Harris, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Kirkwood, Lane, (Indiana,) Lane, (Kansas,) Morgan, Morrill, Nye, Pollard, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sherman, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Trumbull, Wade, Willey, Williams, Wilson and Yates—33.

Nays—Cowan, Davis, Doolittle, Guthrie, Hendricks, Johnson, McDougall, Norton, Riddell, Saulsbury and Van Winkle—11.

Absent—Brown, Dixon, Nesmith and Wright—4.

The chair (Mr. POMEROY) decided that the joint resolution having received more than a two-thirds vote had passed the Senate.

On motion of Mr. HARRIS it was voted that when the Senate adjourn it be to meet on Monday.

As amended in the Senate and sent back to the House for concurrence and amendment, the joint resolution is as follows:

"Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, passed by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, 23d ——— both Houses concurring; that the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of the said Legislatures, shall be valid as part of the Constitution, namely:

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make and enforce any laws which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of the citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, except Indians not taxed; but whenever the right to vote at any election for electors of President and Vice President, or for United States Representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male citizens, being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridge, except for participation in the rebellion and other crimes, the basis of representation therein shall be deducted in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens, twenty-one years of age, in such State.

Section 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who having taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the U. S., who shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each House remove such disability.

Section 4. The validity of the public debt of the U. S. authorized by law, including the debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned, but neither the United States or any State shall assume or pay any debt incurred in aid of the insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claims for the loss or emancipation of any slave, but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Mr. ANTHONY introduced a bill to amend the act for the better organization of the pay department of the navy, which was referred.

A memorial asking for Congressional aid in repairing the levees along the Mississippi River was referred to a select committee of five.

Mr. FESSENDEN reported a bill to supply the deficiency in the contingent fund of the House.

The Senate at 5:30 adjourned to meet on Monday.

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Special Dispatches.

RECEIVED UP TO 3 O'CLOCK, A. M.

Special Dispatches to the Western Press.

ROBERTS' INTERVIEW WITH U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY ALLEN.

NEW YORK, June 8.—President Roberts had an interview with the Acting U. S. District Attorney, Chaus Allen, this afternoon, and offered to give bail in his own recognizance to the amount of $20,000. On being questioned by the District Attorney he refused, however, to desist from any further attempt to attain the object he has endeavored to accomplish. The District Attorney informed him that he would not object to his release on his own recognizance if he would give his parole not to attempt any further violation of the neutrality act. Mr. Roberts replied that he would not promise anything of the kind, but on the other hand he would continue to do all in his power to consummate his object as soon as the opportunity offered. Shortly after the conversation Ex-Recorder Smith, on the part of President Roberts, asked that he be admitted to bail in his own recognizance for $20,000, at the same time presenting the bond duly signed, when the following conversation ensued:

District Attorney—I object to the bond or any bail, for if released he will repeat the violation of the law.

Commissioner—That assertion will not prevent his admission to bail.

District Attorney—I think it ought to prevent his being admitted to bail.

Ex-Recorder Smith—I suppose you do not object to the sufficiency of the surety.

District Attorney—No, not to its sufficiency, but I cannot consent to any bond when he has threatened to reiterate the acts with which he is charged.

District Attorney—I must still resist the application. I have telegraphed to Washington, and unless ordered to the contrary I shall maintain my position.

The Commissioner decided not to take his personal bond, after the consultation. Mr. Roberts still persisted in refusing to allow any one to become his security, and it is more than probable he will lodge in Eldridge street jail to-night.

CHOLERA.

NEW YORK, June 8—Midnight.—A Mrs. Ried, who washed the clothes of Mr. E. A. Fraser, whose death has already been reported, was also seized with cholera on Wednesday afternoon and expired at midnight. Last night a German servant girl in the same house was attacked with premonitory symptoms of the scourge, but being promptly treated was considered out of danger this evening.

CONVENTION.

BANGOR, Maine, June 8.—A soldiers and sailors county convention was held here to-day, at which a County Union Auxiliary to the State Union was formed. A resolution recommending Hon. J. H. Rice to the Union Congressional Convention for this District was adopted—35 to 14.

Col. Kerrigan is still actively engaged at Tammany Hall in raising his brigade. He has 3,000 men and only waits for money for transportation.

REPORT OF THE RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The report of the Reconstruction Committee is lengthy and contains a review of the grounds upon which the original report was based. It answers many of the objections brought forward and gives reasons why the Southern States should not complain at being temporarily unrepresented. It proceeds to specify some of the safe-guards necessary to perfect restoration, viz: Whenever there shall be an equitable basis of representation fixed, or a stigma on the treason and protection of loyal people against rebel claims, then they may be readmitted to their abandoned rights and privileges.

FENIANISM.

There was a continued excitement in the Fenian circles all day. Robert's refused to give bail although $20,000 was offered again and again by his friends and was at last consigned to the Ludlow Street jail. The crowds of excited Irish about the jail denounced President Johnson and Secretary Seward, but no attempt was made to rescue Roberts.

The hotel proprietors refused to receive Roberts into their houses while under arrest for fear of hostile demonstration.

The President of the Fenian Brotherhood has issued the following appeal:

BROTHERS: Remember that we have undertaken a great and holy work, and we must not falter now. Public sentiment is with us. Humanity, justice and Irish freedom calls on. Stand by our brothers in the front. Now is the hour of their sore need. Press forward with your means. It is the great want. Let all your proceedings show how you respect the laws and let political jugglers take the responsibility of prostrating the pride of a great nation at the feet of despotism. If some of your leaders are removed there are others to take their places and the movement can cease only through our own want of determination.

MALONE, N. Y., June 8.—The situation remains about the same here—at the seat of war—as it was at the last report.

In addition to the arrest of Gen. Murphy and Gen. Heffernan announced yesterday, Colonel Reilly, Captain Flass, Captain Easton and all the principal officers of the army of the Irish Republic, in this locality, were already arrested and are now here under guard.

The Herald's special from Collingwood and Kingston, C. W., reports alarms at both places. There is great excitement among the inhabitants. No enemy are visible.

A special to the Tribune from Essex Junction, says:

Firing has been distinctly heard on this side of the line, apparently in the direction of Pigeon Hill.

Thomas Carpenter's Hotel at Pigeon Hill, just across the line, was torn down by Fenians to-day, in revenge, it is supposed, for the jeering and defiant speeches of Mr. Carpenter.

The Fenians are leaving in squads for home, transportation being furnished by Maj. Gibson, in accordance with orders from Washington.

General Sweeny's bail was fixed to-day at $20,000.

JEFF. DAVIS' COUNSEL.

FORT MONROE, June 8th.—The counsel for Jeff. Davis arrived yesterday from Richmond, and, by permission of the Government, was in close consultation with him last night and to-day.

Oswego Market—June 8.

FLOUR—Active and unchanged. Sales at $10,25 for No 1 spring; $12,00 for red winter; $15,00 for XX.
WHEAT—Dull. Sales of No. 2 Milwaukee club at $2,00; No. 1 at $2,16.
CORN—Closed quiet and easier. Sales at 73c for No 1 Illinois.
OATS—Quiet.
CANAL FREIGHTS—Quiet, nominal rates; To New York: Flour 36@38c, wheat 10c, corn 8½c.
LAKE IMPORTS—19,500 bu corn, 3,100 bu peas.
CANAL EXPORTS—17000 bush wheat; 4,800 bu corn

Chicago Market—June 8.

FLOUR—Quiet.
WHEAT—Firm. Sales at $1,05½ for No. 1.
CORN—Dull and declined 1@1½c. Sales of No. 1 at 48½@50c and 46@46½c for No. 2.
OATS—Steady
PROVISIONS—Firm.
HIGHWINES—Firm.
FREIGHTS—Firm.
RECEIPTS—Flour 800 bbls; wheat 35,000 bu; corn 27,000 bu., oats 78,000 bu.
SHIPMENTS—Flour 500 bbls.; wheat 27,000 bu.; corn 166,000 bu.; oats 47,000.

Milwaukee Market—June 8.

FLOUR—Dull and declined 25c.
WHEAT—Firm. Sales at $1,77 for No. 1.
CORN—Dull.
OATS—Advanced 1c.
RECEIPTS—Flour 1,000 bbls; wheat bu. 35,000. oats 16,000 bu.
SHIPMENTS—Flour 2000 bbls; wheat 80,000 bus.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ... I may defeat the House Niagara Falls Ship ... duced prices [may10] COWLES & CO. ... may10 ... CHURCHILL & BROTHER, 126 Ontario street, ... CHURCHILL & BROTHER ... may24 ... feb9:R9 ... CHURCHILL & BROTHER, Dr 126 Ontario st. ... Just received at may29 ... COWLES'.