SOUGHT SURCEASE FROM THE VEXATIONS OF THIS LIFE BE-NEATH THE WATERS OF WEST LAKE PARK LAKE,

YOL. XLI. NO 44.

LOS ANGELES: MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 4, 1893.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED!

-AN INVOICE OF-

POOLE OVERCOATS.

These coats are the very latest, combining the qualities of fine dress garments with the comforts and style of Ulsters.

We also call your attention to our line of CARR'S ENGLISH MELTON and MONTAGNAC OVERCOATS, ULSTERS and other styles.

Our line of STETSON'S HATS is more complete this season than ever

You will find the finest assortment of CHILDREN'S CLOTHING in town, at the lowest possible figures.

Remember our 25 beautiful gifts. They can be seen in our win-

MULLEN, BLUETT & GO.

Crystal Palace.

138-140-142 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

FOR CHRISTMAS We Now Show a Magnificent Display of Novelties in Every Line.

Fine Ornaments in Art Goods,

Rich Cut Glassware, Choicest Decorated China,

Elegant Piano and Banquet Lamps,

Rogers Bros.' Silver-Plated Ware and Cutlery.

LOOK FOR THE BARGAINS On Our 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2 Counters.

MEYBERG BROS.

Two Gold First-Prize Medals AWARDED

World's Fair Convention of the Photographic Assoc'n.

WORLD'S FAIR MEDAL OF HONOR.

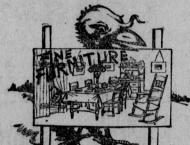
Four Silver First-Prize Medals, San Francisco, February, 1893.

All Premiums and Diplomas Awarded at Late Los Angeles Fai

STUDIO 220 SOUTH SPRING ST OPP. LOS ANGELES THEATER AND HOLLENBECK.

BARKER BROS.

Stimson Block, Corner of Third and Spring Streets. -LOOK OVER OUR-



Furniture, Carpets a Draperies

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

For your loved ones. This is the season for good dinners and general thanksgiving. Be thankful that you can have so good a selection of sensible, enduring and necessary articles to give—articles that make a castle of joy out of every home they enter, and at prices within the reach of all.

The STANDARD Sewing Machine took first prize at the World's Fair. Fastest! Quietest! Easiest on earth! Try it and you will surely buy it. WILLIAMSON BROS.' MUSIC STORE,



FIFTY-THIRD

The Regular Session to Be Opened Today.

Preliminaries Settled at the Extra Session.

Both Houses Will Promptly Get Down to Business.

A Number of Important Subjects to Be Legislated on Besides the Tariff. The Hawaiian Question Will Come Up Early.

By the Associated Press. Washington, Dec. 3. - The extra session disposed of all the preliminaries generally necessary at the opening of a long session, consequently there will be none of the usual reasons why congress may not begin business promptly upon convening tomorrow. Between 50 and 60 bills and resolutions are on the senate calendar, so it can begin legislating killing involves the honor of Cheslar's immediately after the receipt of the president's message. There are a few son was first to shoot. He is under bills of general importance, such as the federal elections biff; the bill reported by Voorhees to increase the circulation of notes of national banks; Morgan's of notes of national banks; Morgan's concurrent asolution for the appointment of a joint committee to consider financial questions; Stewart's resolutions, first, for a committee to inquire if any senators are stockholders in national banks; second, relating to the co-ordinate department of the government; Peffer's resolution concerning interstate commerce; and Palmer's, regarding pensions to non-residents. It is considered probable that none of these will receive as much attention as the Hawaiian question, which is not now before the senate in any shape, but which is almost sure to be brought before it in some way before the close of the it in some way before the close of the

There will probably be very little business attempted tomorrow beyond the receipt of the president's message.

the receipt of the president's message. Probably the senate will adjourn Thursday until Monday of next week.

In the house, as soon as the docks are cleared, the tariff will have the right of way. The extraordinary session showed the purpose not only of eliminating the silver question, but advancing the tariff problem four months on the road of solution. The Wilson bill will be introduced in the house the latter part of the week, probably Thursday.

week, probably Thursday.

The estimates of the revenue to be derived from the tariff bill are completed and will be submitted tomorrow. They show that the deficit in revenues will be increased to \$60,000,000 which must be raised from increased internal revenue

taxes or an income tax.

Although at one time last week it was on incomes over \$5000 will be recom

It may be that the Hawaiian affair A resolution calling for the papers in the case is almost sure to be introduced, and might come up in still another way if the news from Hawaii expected via Auckland, December 7th, should be of a sensational nature.

Although the extra session succeeded in getting the Chinese question out of the way for six months at least, by extending the period of registration that length of time, it promises to bob up again. It is broadly hinted that the Chinese do not intend to register now eny more than before the extension of the law.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE.

What the Commissioners Recommend in Their Annual Report.

Washington, Dec. 3.-The report of the interstate commerce commission pays special attention to court decisions wherein the word "line" is given in a different meaning from that held by the commission, which maintains that of one or more railroad, and a line may be extended over other roads by simply

connecting the tracks.

A recommendation is made for an amendment so as to bring water carriers

under the law.

The commission recommends additional legislation on the following sub-jects: With respect to proceedings to enforce the lawful orders of the commission; give the legislative construc-tion of the word "line" in the statute; provide for establishing through routes and joint through rates; give the commission power to prescribe minimum as well as maximum rates to competitive points; provide for the adoption of a uniform freight classification; make cor-porations subject to the act liable to indictment for violations of the law; provide a penalty for failure on the part of carriers to file their annual reports

Results of Football.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Des. 3.—As a result of the indiscretion in attending the freshman football game yesterday and this morning in the cold air, Captain Frank Hinkey of the Yale team has been taken severely ill. He was rapidly re-covering from the effects of the injuries received in the Princeton game, but has suffered a relapse, and is now under the care of a physician. No serious results

within the specified time.

Corsicana, Tex., Dec. 2.—A grain elevator, 25,000 bushels of wheat, two livery stables, 35 borses, three freight cars, an electric plant and six other building were destroyed here by fire today. The loss is estimated at \$100,000; insurance

DENVER, Dec. 3.—Summer Johnson, who has been city editor of the Republican several years and who has for the IMPORTING GROCER, 136-138 N. Spring died today of typhoid fever. He was formerly connected with the Omaha Rea and the Chevenne Sun.

AFFAIRS IN COSTA RICA.

The Kearange's Presence the Subject of Much Comment.

New York, Dec. 3.— The Wold's special from San Jose says: The arrival of the cruiser San Francisco in Costa Rican waters has caused no little comment and superinduces the belief that the United States is interested in the present political agitation here. Since the visit of the Kearsarge in 1875 and the Atlanta in October, there have been no United States war vessels in the Atlantic ports of Costa Rica. Hence the conclusion that Mr. Cleveland is more in-

timately acquainted with affairs than appears on the surface. The political situation is critical. The dictatorship of Señor Rodriguez is likely to produce a revolution which, added to the already panicky condition of finances, imperils the welfare not only of the natives but of foreign residents.

CARLSON GOT THE DROP. A Fatal Shooting Affray on Barbary

San Francisco, Dec. 3 .- Frank Cheslaar, keeper of a groggery on Pacific

street, in the district of the city notoriously known as the Barbary Coast, was shot and killed this morning by Charles Carlson. The quarrel that ended in the A Battle in Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 3.—Persons arrived from Chihuahua this morning confirm the reports of the revolutionists of a battle between federal troops and insurgents. Where the battle was fought is not known.

MR. ECKELS' FIGURES.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMP-TROLLER OF CURRENCY.

Operations of National Banks During the Last Fiscal Year-The Issuing of Clearing House Certificates Defended.

Washington, Dec. 3 .- The annual report of the comptroller of the currency shows that 3796 national banks were in operation at the close of the fiscal year. Their capital stock, \$695,558,120, was held by 300,000 stockholders. The total resources of the banks were \$3,109,563,-284; total circulation, \$209,311,993, a net increase during the year of \$36,888,962.

During the year 119 banks were organized with a capital stock of \$11,230,000; 44 in the eastern states, capital, \$5,136,000; 41 west of the Mississippi river, capital \$2,840,000; 24 in the central and southern states, capital \$3,755,000

Banks suspended, 158; capital, \$30,-Although at one time last week it was practically decided to impose a tax on the incomes of corporations and legacies, it is now almost certain that a tax

The shrinkage in liabilities during the year was \$400,531,613, caused by a decrease in capital stock. \$8,022,677; individual deposite, \$314,298,653; banks and bankers deposite, \$181,338,125; decrease in resources, \$465,427,144 Cash of all kinds increased \$30,968,606, including \$8,410,315 in gold. The United States bonds held for all purposes increased \$40,000.000.

The comptroller followed the policy of giving all suspended banks an opportunity to resume business with the

most satisfactory results.

He defends the policy of issuing clearing house certificates by banks last summer, as preventing an acute panic and tending to restore public confidence. He recommends amendments to the law as follows:

Every bank may issue circulating notes equal to the par value of the bonds deposited. Reduce to ¼ per cent per annum the tax on circulation.

The comptroller, with the approval of the secretary of the treasury, shall be empowered to remove bank officers and directors for violation of the law.

No executive officer or bank employee shall be permitted to borrow a bank's funds, except on the approval of the board of directors. Bank examiners shall be required to

take the oath of office and file such a bond as the comptroller may require. The comptroller shall be authorized to appoint, with the approval of the secretary of the treasury, two general examiners to assist and supervise the

various examiners.

He is of the opinion that, apart from the above, no radical change in the provisions of the present law should be

In view of the fact there is a very great abundance of unemployed currency in the country, it would seem. that whatever needs appeared some months since for the enlargement to any marked extent of the circulating medium, has now ceased to exist, and therefore congress is afforded an opportunity of giving the whole subject care ful research and investigation; meantime it is respectfully suggested that congress, either through a monetary commission created for such purpose, or through appropriate committees, obtain detailed information of the various systems of bank issues now in opera tion, and also such information as may be ascertained from skilled students of finance and practical financiers, as may he able to formulate a system complete and harmonious.

All desiring a correct fit and first-class work in merchant tailoring call on H. A. Getz, 112 W. Third st.

Removal sale-Musical goods. Prices no object. Fitzgerald's, corner Spring

Fine work and etylish shapes. Take felt and straw hats to Thurston's straw works, 264 S. Main st., opposite Third.

A line of fine cut glass bottles and manicure sets just received at Little-boy's pharmacy. Call and see them, 311 South Spring street.

BLOOD AND DYNAMITE.

Anarchy Defies the Law in London Town.

Exciting Scenes in Trafalgar Square Yesterday. Reds Congregate in Great Numbers

in Spite of the Police. Repeated Charges Made by the Officers and the Mobs Finally Dispersed.

An Attempted Raid on Scotland Yard.

By the Associated Press. London, Dec. 3 .- Anarchy today bade defiance to the law, while the authorities made an imposing display of police. It was known for some time that the anarchists intended to hold a meeting in Trafalgar square. Sir Henry As quith, home secretary, ordered Sir Edward Bradford, chief commissioner of police, to prevent the meeting. The anarchists announced their intention to hold the meeting in spite of the author-

ities. The anarchists had on several previous Sundays held meetings on Trafalgar square, and had been tolerated by the authorities on the ground that they were not dangerous, and that the mere fact of suppressing them would call undue attention to a class of people whose vaporings were only dangerous when brought to public notice by an attempt to prevent them, but the attention of the house of commons was called to the fact that the anarchists' last meeting in Trafalgar square openly advocated the policy of blood and dynamite and held up for glorification the dynamite outrages at Barcelons, Marseilles and other places. The result was that the home secretary did not dare to allow any further rope to the "rede" of London, and the police this afternoon mustered a strong force about

Trafalgar square, while reserves were stationed in Regent street, Waterloo place, Charing cross road, Northumberland avenue and on the embankment. The anarchists began to muster at 3 o'clock. The display of force caused many thousands to flock to the neighborhood. One male and one female an-archist mixed among the people as-sembled about the square and began hawking anarchist literature which hawking anarchist literature which found ready sale among the people. Copies of the Commonwealth, the organ of the anarchists of London, found a ready sale, its frontispiece being an illustration of labor as Samson pulling down the pillars of the church and state. It also contained an article headed "Bombs" in which the writer welcomed the Barcelona bomb outrage as a "great and good act," Anarchist as a "great and good act." Anarchist and socialist manifestos were also distributed broadcast among the crowds. socialists was so augmented that they gained courage enough to push towards the center of the square. Finally a large and excited crowd of anarchists and socialists collected inside the square. The police were cempelled to tell the reds to move on. This caused the anarchists to wave their hats and hoot the police, while some spectators cheered and others hissed.

At exactly 10 minutes past 3 a number of anarchists made a rush for the steps at the foot of the Gordon statue, and one immediately began to make wild address to those who had rushed up to the steps with him, but the an-archist orator had hardly uttered his first sentence before a number of policemen charged up to the spot and dis-lodged the reds from the steps.

The attempt of the anarchists to hold this meeting was followed by similar attempts, which resulted in a number of lively brushes with the police. During the dispersing of these anarchist groups a number of reds were pretty roughly handled by policemen, who threw them from the steps. Eventually the anarchists on the square became so demonstrative that a further detachment of 50 policemen was sent to the

square. Suddenly an anarchist rushed through the lines of police, scaled a monument, and began to address the crowd around him, but had only uttered a few words when a policeman seized and threw him bodily into the crowd. As the anarchist still tried to speak, he was seized by two policemen and hustled off to the station, followed by a shouting crowd. Shortly before 3:30 a further detach-

ment of mounted police was summoned to Trafalgar square, and after drawing up in line, charged upon the mob, scat-tering them in all directions, after which the horsemen took up a position on the south side, facing the square, and police on foot began to disperse the mob, who made but slight resistance.

About 4:30 a large body of anarchists made a rush down Parliament street, with the intention of reaching Scotland yard; the headquarters of the police-were said to have been left with only a small guard of policemen, but the super intendent of a division of policemen promptly dispatched a strong force mounted and foot police to Scotland yard, the horsemen reaching the point before the anarchists, and with the assistance of the police on foot the mob was scattered, after much scuffling.

In other parts of Trafalgar square the police had their hands full keeping the crowds in movement. Additional reinforcements of mounted police were sent for and made several charges down Northumberland avenue, past the Vic-toria hotel and Grand hotel. Mounted police also charged through Pall Mail driving the anarchists before them. The police made a number of arrests, the prisoners being followed to the stations by angry and excited crowds of anarchists, who loudly cursed the home secretary, Henry Asquith.

Death of Col. J. D. Potts. MILMON, Pa., Dec. 3.—Col. J. D. Potts one of the most prominent railroad men in the United States, died here this afternoon at the age of 65, after an illness of two weeks.

THE RELATIONS STRAINED.

A Report That the Wurtemburg's Representatives May Resign.

London, Dec. 2.—A Berlin dispatch to the News save that it is reported from Stuttgart that the relations between Wurtemburg and the empire have been strained since last summer, when the Wurtemburg government yielded to the urgings of its diet, abandoned its maneuvers, owing to the scarcity of fodder. This was taken amiss in military quarters at Berlin, and it was believed that the Wurtemburg government had in this matter submitted to the dictation of the democrats in diet; also stated that Emperor William, during his last visit to Stuttgart, showed displeasure at this action of the Wurtemburg government, and his comments on the Wurtemburg army corps were not flattering. He blamed the leadership, in consequence of which the resignations of Commander General Woelcker and the Wurtemburg minister of war are expected, and perhaps the premier may retire. It is an open secret that Wurtemburg opposes the wine tax.

BRAZILIAN ADVICES.

President Peixoto in Good Health-Escape of the Aquidaban. Paris, Dec. 2 .- An agent of the Brazilian government in this city received the following dispatch from Rio de Janeiro Saturday afternoon: "President Peixoto is in good health. The capture of Coritiba is false. The whole state of Parana is tranquil. The Aquidiban succeeded in escaping, owing to the fact that a spy indicated to the rebel admiral the location of the government torpedoes. Mello feared the arrival of President Peixoto's squadron."

THE LEHIGH STRIKERS.

CHIEF ARTHUR TAKES A HAND IN THE DIFFICULTY.

The Strikers' Ranks Augmented-If Compromise Is Not Reached Soon The Jersey Central Will Be Tied Up.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.-M. P. Arthur, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, arrived this evening from Cleveland. He and Chairman Clark had a long interview, in which the latter outlined the work in hand

Arthur refused at this time to further discuss the strike situation. Young has left Bethlehem and will meet him here

The Lehigh Valley has issued a notice in which is offered a reward for the arrest and conviction of the men who cut the freight train at White Haven. The issuance of such a notice had the effect of making Chairman Clark very angry. He said the company should be certain that the train had been so cut before its officials made such grave

charges. Chief Arthur will leave tomorrow morning for Wilkesbarre, from which point the strike will hereafter be conducted. Clark confirms the report that a conference between the Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley grievance com-mittees will be held in Bethlehem tomorrow, when another effort will be made to have President Wilbur receive the strikers' committee, failing in which a strike may be ordered on the

Jersey Central. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Dec. 3.—The Le-high valley strikers had a mammoth meeting at Music hall this afternoon. L. S. Ooffin, ex-railroad commissioner of Iowa, was elected temporary chairman and W. L. Wilkinson, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, permanent chairman. Coffin made an earnest plea for the observance of the Sabbath among railroad men. He said no railroad should insist on its employees working 365 days in the year, and the people of this country will demand that railway employees be given rest on the

Sabbath day.
ALLENTOWN, Dec. 3.—Recorder Stephens and his clerk were busy all day recording the commissions and certificates of 25 newly appointed special police for the Lehigh Valley. Recorder Bruce of Northampton swore in 22 more new poicemen last night. The destination of

the policemen is unknown, but is be-lieved to be Wilkesbarre. More appointments are expected.
POTTSVILLE, Dec. 3.—The strikers were in session all day in the vicinity of Delano, and as the result of Saturday's numerous accidents on the Lehigh valey have received many new accessions to their ranks from among the new men.

Rome, Dec. 3.—The following ministry has been formed: Zanardelli, premier and minister of the interior; Baratiera, foreign affairs; Fortis, public works; San Marzano, war; Racchi, marine; Coccurtu, husbandry; Riseis, posts and telegraphs; Vacchelli, treasury; Callo, education. Bosselli was offered the cided. A minister of justice has not yet decided. A minister of justice has not yet been selected. General San Marzano had an interview with King Humpert and consented to accept the port folio of war. It is expected the cabinet will be completed tomorrow and parisment convoked December 7th.

Stop that cough by using Dr. St. John's cough syrup. We refund your money if it fails to cure. For sale by Off & Vaughn, corner Fourth and

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

He Doesn't Want the Italian Ambassadorship.

His Resignation in the Hands of the President.

Cleveland Insists on His Retaining the Appointment.

The Appointee Yields to Public Sentiment and Decides to Stand From Under-That \$50.000

By the Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 3 .- J. J. Van Alen will not go to Italy as United States ambassador. He respectfully declines to accept the appointment, and in spite of the president's request that he reconsider this determination, he firmly declines. The correspondence was made public. Under date of Newport, November 20th, Van Alen writes Secretary Gresham acknowledging the great honor conferred, but after serious and careful reflection decides not to accept. In his letter Van Alen refers to the public charge that he received the appointment in return for a \$50,000 contribution to the Democratic campaign fund. He does not deny having contributed, not \$50,000, but a considerable sum of money, but always insisted that it cre-ated no obligation whatever to him. He feels confident that President Cleveland, who was kind enough to say to the Rhode Island Democrats that his personal acquaintance enabled him to consider the appointment solely on personal merits, will bear him out in this statement.

Under date of November 22d the president writes as follows: Hon. J. J. Alen:

My Dear Sir—The secretary of state has submitted to me your letter of the 20th instant, in which you tender your resignation as ambassador to Italy. I hasten to express my earnest wish that you will reconsider this conclusion. The sentiments contained in your letter do credit to your conscience and Americanism, but you must allow me to dissent from their application in this case. the latter outlined the work in hand and plans for the future conduct of the Lehigh valley strike. Arthur said:

"The work of my representative, Mr. Young, has been satisfactory to me in this fight and I will in no wise interfere with his plans. He is simply able to conduct the affairs of the engineers in this question."

"Will you seek an audience with Presdent Wilbur?"

"No; the men who had a right to such an audience have been refused. I will certainly not attempt to see him. I will be in the east for a short time and if he desires to see me he will have to send word to that effect."

"The work of my representative, Mr. I did not select you for nomination to the Italian mission without satisfying myself of your entire fitness for the place. I am now better convinced of your fitness than ever. You know, and I know, that all the malignant criticism that has been indulged in regarding this appointment has no justification, and that decent people who have doubted its propriety have been misled or have missed the actual considerations upon which it rests. We should not yield to the noise and clamor which have arisen from their application in this case.

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> Awaiting your early reply, I am, yours sincerely, Grover CLEVELAND. November 26th Van Alen writes from Newport, thanking the president for the very kind and fiattering sentiment expressed, but stating that, for the reason already given in his former letter, and after long and serious consideration, feels he cannot accept the appointment. Van Alen concludes his letter as follows: My only regret in this decision, wh I must beg you to consider final, is that it is contrary to the personal preference which you so kindly express. But I cannot think it would be advisable for me to invite further misrepresentations by taking advantage of your generosity.
>
> Again thanking you for your most graclous words, and with the earnest hope
> for a continuance of the successes which have already marked your second administration, I beg to remain, etc."

THE HAWAIIAN SITUATION.

Some Views Expressed on the Situation by Prominent Men NEW YORK, Dec. 3 .- The "Hawaiian situation," is the subject of an important symposium in the December number of the North American Review. Eugene Tyler Chamberlain contributer an article entitled "Invasion of Hawaii" in which he maintains the broad principles laid down in Daniel Webster's in-structions to the United States repreday was coming when the God-fearing | sentative at Honolulu in 1851, were the rule of conduct of the government in its relation with the government of Hawaii up to January 16, 1893. Honorable William M. Springer in an article entitled "Our Present Duty," contends the only honorable course open to the United States is to restore the queen to the throne, inasmuch as she was dis-placed only by a superior force of Amer-

New York, Dec. 3.—The Hawaiian symposium of ex-Minister Stevens makes a powerful plea for annexation. The right solution to the question now before the American people, he says, will deeply affect the moral standing of the United States before the world. The Hawaiian islands have been made what

they are by Americane. A Good Woman Gone

Sonoma, Cal., Dec. 3.—Mrs. Robert C. Johnson died of pneumonia at her home at Buena Vista Park this morning. The deceased was widely known for her great charity and liberality. Mrs. Johnson was worth several million dollars, which she has left to relatives and charitable institutions.

On the Ocean.

On the Ocean.

There is no place where Allooch's Porcus Plasters do not prove their value. George Augustus Saa, the well known English writer, writing of his trip across the Pacific, engisher of the snip's doctor—a very experienced marking medico ind-ec, who tended no most kindly during a horoble-spell of bronchitis and a pasmedic asthms, provoked by the sea 162, which had swooped down on us just after we left san Francisco. But the doctor's presentations and the increasing warmth of the tennerature as we neared the tropics, and in particular, a couple of Alloock's Ponous Plasters clapped on—one on the chest and another between the shoulder bledes—soon set me tight.

Brandrett's Pills alwayaact uniformly. ween the shoulder blades—soon set me right, BRANDRETE'S PILLS always act uniformly.