

## SOME MIDWINTER IMPRESSIONS

## A Chicagoan's View of Sunset City Attractions.

## Some Observations Which Are Pertinent and of Interest.

## A Eulogy of the Great Exposition. The Features of the Fair—Not Initiative but Independent.

I have been requested by a citizen anxious to have the midwinter fair prove entirely successful to write down my impressions of this exposition and to state what I know of the feeling in reference to it now prevailing in some of the eastern states.

First impressions of the midwinter fair are not at all likely to fade out, but will surely become more distinct and deep as the months roll by and visits to the Sunset city are repeated. I have spent but two whole days there, and hence such impressions as I have are my first. They are of increasing surprise that so much has been done, and with such splendid results, by private enterprise and liberality in San Francisco and in the different counties of this great state; great, but as yet astonishingly deficient in population.

In proportion to what Chicago and Illinois people (numbers taken into account) did for the world's fair, that which has been done in California for the midwinter fair stands out in distinguished relief. To make this fact salient it is necessary to use again a commonplace, and remind the reader that the population of Chicago is as large as that of all California, and that Illinois numbers over 5,000,000 inhabitants. The \$10,000,000 which was voted and subscribed in that vast city was not a greater sum in comparison than the \$1,000,000 or so which was given by citizens of San Francisco. And when it is remembered that California gave promptly a sum nearly as large as that appropriated by Illinois for the world's fair, and when the fact remains that the federal government and every individual state, and the whole civilized world, contributed, any comparison that may be instituted of the two exhibitions is bound to be fair, must be had after sufficient allowance has been made to the midwinter fair for its local origin and maintenance. It is called interstate, and international, and it may truthfully be described as either or both, with reference to the exhibits; but the financial burden of the marvelous achievement is upon the shoulders of a few men of sagacity and public spirit, who are leaders among those who are attempting to make here a state that shall have no equal in the American union. This is what, inevitably, an eastern observer of the spirit animating true Californians. And the midwinter fair will do more than all else to illustrate this spirit, and spread the report of it throughout the country and in other lands, for the entire allowance has been made on account of the less ambitious purposes and the corresponding small cost of this fair, there still is enough left of magnificence and extent to justify a comparison with even the world's Columbian exposition. That this is so, the people of the United States are, or soon will be, informed, through the press and by returning early visitors. Great fairs are not hackneyed; there are more people interested in them today than ever before. Everybody has read descriptions of the world's fair, but few individuals in the total of population ever saw it.

Last summer times were hard and the vast majority performed remained at home. Times now are better and men and women are again traveling for observation or pleasure. The tide of travel is towards the Pacific coast. San Francisco is rapidly filling up with tourists and Los Angeles and Pasadena are already full. Every hotel in this city and all the principal boarding houses are crowded to their capacity with guests. It is not the case every year, and it was apprehended that this year it would not be so. Largely it is the result of California's splendid representation at the world's fair. Her wonderful exhibits there and the literature distributed from thence over the country have given of immense advantage. In the same way, if not to an equal extent, will the midwinter fair benefit the state as a whole, and every part of the state.

There is not space for many particulars, but let me say for the Sunset city there is a lack of architectural grandeur than was seen at Chicago, but even in architecture there is much of which the builders of the midwinter fair do well to be proud. Such structures as were needed have been handsomely provided, and few in comparison with those are, they together form a beautiful and imposing spectacle, the like or equal of which it is safe to declare will not again be seen in this our time. These buildings are not copies, but of independent design, by local architects, to whom they are a decided credit. And with the grand structures which distinguished the world's fair in distinct memory. Those on this coast that did not see the latter cannot afford to forego seeing the former, nor offered to their view at San Francisco.

The exhibits at the midwinter fair, while comparatively small in extent and limited in variety, yet so far as they extend, and that is far enough, they are of the same kinds and of equal artistic and educational value. They may be seen to great advantage, for it is not questionable that what may be seen well in a week's time, is of more practical use than that which may not be taken thoroughly into view in a whole six months. It does not cost a big sum nor use up too much time to acquire a knowledge of the midwinter fair. To be sure one may be beguiled into staying indefinitely upon the beautiful grounds in which the fair is built, but such beguilement is only for those of exceptional leisure. Tourists and people of business can compass this fair in a week's time and at cost per day that would have seemed in Chicago quite ridiculous.

My impression then is that the midwinter fair, even when retrospectively compared with the world's fair, is extremely beautiful—grand and imposing—and worth a dozen times over the expense of a visit to it from any part of the country. That people in great numbers will be drawn thither by its splendid attractions, is regarded as certain. The press of the country is advised of what is there displayed, and it is buying itself in efforts to enlist the interest of all the people. As to the Chicago press, in grateful return for that California did for the world's fair, that is unanimous in giving encouragement.

The Chicago Herald, besides its two correspondents resident in San Francisco, has a staff correspondent on the ground, who will remain till the fair is closed.

It is not possible there is room for doubt that less interest than is manifested abroad is taken at home in the midwinter fair. Southern California will be benefited more than any other section by the display, and it is the common duty of all the inhabitants to liberally maintain in the Southern California building an unsurpassable exhibit of the rich products of this half of the state. To fail to do this would be to damage the common interest almost more than the world's fair promoted it. Probably there is no fear of this, and yet there is a rumor about that the men in charge of Los Angeles' interests at the fair are finding it difficult to raise the money that is needed or will be required in the fair's progress. The high spirit of the citizens must be kept up to the adventure point, for sure it is that whatever sums of money and expenditure of effort are made in this direction, will, without long waiting, be paid back to the community fold. It is impossible for the midwinter fair to fail, even partially; it will succeed gloriously, though not a dollar returns directly to its originators; and should Los Angeles and Southern California prove unwisely parsimonious, or narrowly suspicious, the loss will fall to this section and not to any other.

FRANCIS A. EASTMAN.

## HE WORE DIAMONDS.

Ben Goldberger Will Be Fined for Stealing Jewels.

Detective Dillon of San Francisco arrived in the city yesterday to get Ben Goldberger, the well known man whom Detective Boquet arrested Tuesday on request of Chief Crowley of San Francisco.

Goldberger came to this city with \$3500 worth of diamonds belonging to his father.

He is said to be a very wealthy young man. It is alleged he stole the diamonds several months ago, going to Stockton where he pawned some of them. He then came to this city.

## CHINAMEN SENT BACK.

## THE CITIZENS OF FULLERTON TAKE VIGOROUS ACTION.

Seven Mongolians Sent to an Orchard Brought Back to the Station and Shipped on the Train to Los Angeles.

There was quite an exciting time at Fullerton yesterday.

Porter Ross sent down seven Chinamen from Los Angeles to pick and pack oranges at the Benchley ranch, a mile north of Fullerton.

It was soon noised around Fullerton and vicinity and created much feeling. The sentiment of the people was easily aroused and it took shape in a meeting.

As a result 25 or 30 citizens went in a body to the ranch and informed the Chinamen that they must leave. At first they did not seem inclined to follow the suggestions of the citizens, but they concluded to do so, and were brought back to the station at Fullerton with their baggage yesterday afternoon and were put on the evening train for Los Angeles when it came along.

No violence was shown to the Chinamen, but the men engaged in the affair were determined to carry out their plans and did so.

## THE EMMA JUCH CASE.

Chief Justice Beatty Disagrees With the Opinion of the Court.

That old case of Egnor vs. Emma Juch et al., which has been lingering in the courts for two or three years past, was heard from again yesterday when Supreme Court Clerk Session received a dissenting opinion from Chief Justice Beatty in the order of the supreme court of January 11th, denying a rehearing of the case.

The chief justice says that the affidavits upon which the attachment was dissolved present no real or substantial conflict as to the facts.

The attorney for the respondents made an affidavit stating in general terms that at the time the attachment of the property of the Juch Opera company in Los Angeles issued they were actually residing in the city.

But Chief Justice Beatty says this was merely his opinion; that the affidavits filed by the plaintiff were, on the other hand, full and specific as to the facts from which the question of residence is to be determined and were uncontradicted.

These affidavits, he holds, show clearly that the defendants had been for years residents of New York; that they were in California at the time of the attachment as members of the Juch Opera company, traveling from place to place, giving performances according to the program of the company, and intending to leave the state within a few days.

He holds that the order of the superior court cannot be upheld upon any theory, except that the mere presence of a defendant in the state at the time an action is commenced, under circumstances which enable the plaintiff to secure a personal service of the summons, will make him a resident within the meaning of the attachment law.

The chief justice, in conclusion, says that he does not assent to this proposition, and that he is sure the court would hesitate to affirm it.

## Superior Court Notes.

The Maldonado brothers had a stay of execution granted them by Judge Smith yesterday, until April 9th, at which time the supreme court will be in session in Los Angeles and their appeal heard.

Wm. Drew pleaded guilty before Judge Smith yesterday in the superior court, to a charge of burglary committed at Palmdale. There being some doubt as to the age of the young man, sentence was continued until Friday.

Wm. Erickson pleaded not guilty yesterday to the charge of burglary and his trial was set for March 15th.

John J. Foley, accused of assaulting John H. Calhoun, with intent to murder, pleaded not guilty to the charge yesterday, and his trial was set for March 17th.

Yesterday in Judge Van Dyke's court the suit of T. Leahy vs. the city of Los Angeles was tried, and judgment was rendered for the defendant.

Frank O. Engstrom, a native of Sweden, was admitted to citizenship yesterday by Judge Van Dyke.

To tune up the system and stimulate the appetite, Dr. J. C. Bitter, Dr. J. G. Siegel & Sons, sole manufacturers, at all drug stores.

## A NOTED TAMMANY BRAVE HERE

## Judge Dwyer of New York Visiting Los Angeles.

## He Talks About Tammany and Its Perfect Organization.

The Dr. Parkhurst Raids and Judge Dwyer's Views—The Senate Investigation—A Pleasant Chat on Things Generally.

There is no political organization in the United States which has such a fascination for the average man as Tammany.

Its managers and leaders are invested with that halo which necessarily surrounds such an immense and successful political machine.

The men who lead its disciplined army to victory have an interesting personality, and in the breathing spell before the next campaign some of them are seeking relaxation on the Pacific coast.

Among the Tammany braves no one is oftener mentioned than Judge Dwyer, who arrived in Los Angeles Tuesday night, and is at the Hotelbenck, during a visit which he expects to make in Southern California of a week or two.

Judge Dwyer is one of the police judges of New York city, and a very influential man in one of the banner Democratic districts. He has presided as a police magistrate with distinction for four years past, and his term will not expire for six years more, the appointment being for 10 years.

"I came out for relaxation," he said to a Herald reporter last evening, "and my son is with me, not being in very good health. I don't know why it is, but for some reason he feels much better, even the first day he is here."

"I have been very much pleased to meet several old New York friends in San Francisco, among them Judge Coffey and Auditor Broderick, and have been surprised at the number of New Yorkers in California."

"Mr. Croker, I believe, expects to stop in Los Angeles before going on to San Francisco. He comes by the southern route, and will be here in a few days." Judge Dwyer, who is quiet and unassuming in his manner, dignified but not austere, seemed to find a congenial subject when asked about the organization in which he is such an active laborer.

Referring to the investigation of the police department ordered by the senate, which is the result of the Dr. Parkhurst raids upon the fallen women of New York city, Judge Dwyer said that he did not think it would result in any disclosures that would affect Tammany.

His spoke of the strict police regulations which were in force when Dr. Parkhurst began his raids which resulted in forcing the places where they lived, well known to the police throughout the city, into lodging houses everywhere, and said that the result had been largely in effect to raise the police business, and that not as he had been able to see, had any effect but a bad effect upon the morale of New York.

He did not wish to be understood as reflecting upon the motives of Dr. Parkhurst, but he thought the policy which had been inaugurated had done infinitely more harm than good.

Speaking of Tammany's organization Judge Dwyer said it seemed to be a very perfect one. The city was divided into districts, each of which had a leader, and the districts into precincts, each of which had a leader who were responsible to the district leader. The district leaders form the executive committee, which has a leader also. Recently the executive committee has been increased to 60 members, the increase being thought necessary to divide the onerous labors of the district leaders.

In New York city at present, there is not a department official who has been appointed through the influence of Tammany. The organization does not pay so much attention to state politics as to its legitimate field of operations in New York city.

Judge Dwyer thought it was too soon to talk about the next national campaign. Tammany would be heard from when the time comes. Neither did he care to talk much about President Cleveland, although he said that he had never seen Richard Croker work harder or more conscientiously for the election of any man than for Grover Cleveland.

Police Court Cases.

## Only a Few Got Into the Tolls Yesterday.

Henry Wilson, an old soldier, was tried by Judge Seaman and a jury yesterday on a charge of petty larceny. Wilson resides in a cabin at the foot of Commercial street. Several weeks ago he shared his humble home with Tom Anderson, who is now serving a term for the same crime with which Wilson is charged. Two blocks and tackle, valued at \$10, were stolen from a railroad contractor, and afterward found in Wilson's cabin. When he and Anderson were arrested to dispose of them they were attempted. The jury in the case of Wilson stood 10 for acquittal and two for conviction. He will be tried again on the 21st.

At Tom and Mock Chucky were fined \$50 each for selling lottery tickets.

Half a dozen drunks and as many vagrants were under the usual sentence.

## ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

The Third Ward Conference Held Last Night.

The Third ward conference of the Associated Charities met last evening in the parlors of the First Presbyterian church, with Governor Gosper in the chair. Reports from various committees were submitted which showed that the work is making progress in the Third ward.

J. O. Maclean, chairman of the finance committee, reported that arrangements had been made to commence canvassing the ward for memberships immediately. The membership is only \$1 per annum.

It is hoped that those on whom the agents will call will respond promptly, as the amount required is so small and relieves them from great responsibilities in the matter of giving charity indiscriminately.

An interesting feature of the free public meeting of the single taxers at Unity church (corner of 12th and 13th) evening will be the vocal and instrumental music by Mrs. Clara Mott of this city and Mrs. H. K. Childs of Chicago. Both ladies are singers of exceptional ability and reputation.

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## THE DUMMY ROAD.

Mr. Burkhardt's Claims Against Wither Brothers.

Judge Shaw's attention was taken up yesterday with the case of Wm. H. Burkhardt vs. the Wither Bros. company for \$12,000 damages, and for \$6126 for labor and material furnished in keeping the Cahuanga Valley dummy road in repair.

Mr. Burkhardt claims that he held an agreement for a lease of the road from Wither Bros. and expended the money in bringing the road up to first-class condition.

Later he claims that the road was sold to other parties and he has nothing to show for the money he put into it. He wants Wither Bros. to pay him for what he did and the damage occasioned him by the transaction.

The defendants deny that he has any claim upon them for what he did, that they did not own the road and the work was not done at their request.

Mr. Burkhardt, who does not seem to be very alert or sharp, was on the witness stand nearly all day and explained all the transactions in which he spent money for the road. The trial was not concluded at the time of adjournment.

## BERNARD'S RAZOR.

Convicted of Simple Assault, He Gets Thirty Days.

Frank Bernard was tried in Judge Smith's court yesterday on a charge of assaulting Minnie Lefebvre, an Alameda street crib woman, with a deadly weapon. She testified that the man, who is a typical hoodlum in appearance, while in her place tried to cut her with a razor.

In his defense the defendant swore that the woman robbed him of \$7, and when he asked for it, snatched a razor out of his vest pocket and began to scream bloody murder. He said he took the razor from her and threw it on the bed and then ran away, as he did not want to be arrested.

The jury was out about 15 minutes and returned a verdict of simple assault. Bernard was sentenced by the court to 30 days in the county jail.

## IT WAS NOT CONSPIRACY.

HARGITT AND MONAGHAN NOT GUILTY OF ONE CHARGE.

They Will Be Tried Again Today for an Alleged Attempt to Defraud Lee Dye, a Chinaman.

After all the witnesses had been examined yesterday in the case of the government against Chris L. Hargitt and Henry Monaghan in the United States district court and the case given to the jury, hardly 10 minutes elapsed before a verdict was returned. The jury found them both not guilty of conspiring together and representing themselves to be revenue officers, as charged by Lee Dye, a Chinese doctor, and his wife, Mrs. Lee Dye.

Both the Hargitts and Monaghan will have to stand another trial today in the same court on a similar charge. The second complaint charges them with fraudulently representing themselves to be revenue officers, and under such representations attempting to defraud Lee Dye and his wife of \$200.

The trial will be held in the district court before Judge Ross at 10 o'clock this morning.

## WHITTIER STATE SCHOOL.

Meeting of the Officers and Teachers' Association.

The Officers and Teachers' association of the Whittier state school held its regular monthly meeting Tuesday evening. The programme opened with music by the officers' orchestra, which consists of Captain and Mrs. Allison, Captain Croker and Mr. Frank R. Liddell. This was followed by a recitation by Miss Mary Trueblood. Miss S. I. Morgan then sang a Scotch song, after which the orchestra rendered another selection.

The discussion of the evening was on the Advantages of Theoretical Instruction in the School Room, and of Manual and Trades Training in the Shop. This discussion was opened by Miss A. Farnsworth and Mr. B. F. Arnold.

Senator Tiley L. Ford of Downieville, who was present as a guest, then spoke for 10 minutes in regard to the general work of the Whittier state school, after which the orchestra rendered another selection.

A communication was read from the County Teachers' association, saying that they would hold their March session in Whittier. A committee, consisting of Prof. Trowbridge of the Whittier public schools, Prof. M. Davis of the Friends' college, and Miss de Wolfe of the Whittier state school, was appointed to act as a committee on arrangements and reception of the guests.

Mr. Sherman Wiggins, who had been to the midwinter fair to play in position the display from the Whittier state school, reported the satisfactory results of his work.

The committee on programme for April was announced as follows: Major J. D. Fredericks, Miss N. M. Woodard and Captain Ronald.

The meeting then adjourned, and spent an hour socially.

## Y. W. C. A. Excursion.

An excursion will be made by the Y. W. C. A. to Santa Monica on February 22d, Washington's birthday. The party will leave at 9:30 a.m. from the Arcade depot, and returning arrive at 4:25 p.m. The association opened its restaurant yesterday with a large number of patrons. The object is to give the working girls of the city a place to congregate at noon and bring their lunches and pass a pleasant hour. The boating club will meet at Westlake park Saturday afternoon.

For a good table with order, our Sonoma Zinfandel at 50c per gal. T. Vache & Co., cor. Commercial and Alameda, Tel. 309.

The fire commissioners held their regular meeting yesterday morning, Messrs. Rowan, Brodick, Kuhrt, Wirsching, McLain and Chief Moriarty being present.

Business was transacted as follows: Chief Moriarty reported: During my absence from the city the following violations of rules have occurred: The permanent men in engine company No. 2 and truck No. 1 were absent from the house while an alarm from the No. 4 came in on February 8th at 5:55 p. m.

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## A VERY SINGULAR CONTRACT

## And an Agreement to Pay Deficiency

## Under Sale in Foreclosure Proceedings.

Why R. N. Wilson Claims He Should Not Pay Money for F. H. Barclay—Agreements Written and Forfeited.

There was on trial before Judge Clark yesterday quite an interesting suit in which Jesse W. Woodroof was plaintiff and Robert N. O. Wilson was defendant. The facts of the case are quite novel on account of certain agreements made.

In April, 1893, Mr. Woodroof loaned to F. H. Barclay and Mary M. Barclay \$2200 and took their note for it, as well as a mortgage on lots 17, 18 and 19, block 1 of Monte Vista.

In March, 1891, the note and mortgage being overdue and unpaid Mr. Woodroof was about to bring suit for foreclosure, when Mr. Wilson requested him not to sue for four months.

The plaintiff alleges that Mr. Wilson agreed if the note was not paid by that time he would pay any or all deficiency which might remain at that time.

The plaintiff did not sue until November, when the note still being unpaid he sued and secured judgment for \$3340.76. The property was sold, but no part of the deficiency has been paid, and the defendant, Mr. Wilson, declining to pay, the present suit was brought to recover from him judgment for \$3340.76, the amount of the deficiency.

In answer to the allegations the defendant stated that in March, 1891, he had been negotiating a sale of lands on the Monte Vista tract belonging to F. H. Barclay and wife, not including the lands in plaintiff's mortgage, in connection with other lands in the Tehuanga rancho and water rights at a price that would have enabled them to pay all their indebtedness.

He alleges that the plaintiff came to him and told him that Mr. Barclay was indebted to him in the sum of \$2200; that he had obtained it by fraudulent representation, and was liable to criminal prosecution, and unless it was paid he would institute criminal proceedings against Barclay.

The defendant claims that Mr. Woodroof agreed, if he would guarantee the payment, that he would not prosecute and would refrain from circulating any reports that the money was obtained by fraud.

Mr. Wilson alleges that in spite of this agreement Mr. Woodroof did industriously circulate such reports in Los Angeles and began criminal proceedings against Mr. Barclay in Justice Stanton's court; also that he tried to have Mr. Barclay indicted by the grand jury.

He claims that by reason of these things Mr. Woodroof broke his agreement, and by the failure to consummate the sale, caused by the reports, the entire consideration of the agreement failed.

The facts were testified to yesterday by witnesses on both sides, and all the testimony being in late in the afternoon, the case was submitted without argument.

## SHE CANNOT INTERVENE.

The Supreme Court Rules Upon a Novel Application.

Quite a novel proposition was submitted to the supreme court in the case of Leonis vs. Biscailuz, an opinion in which was received at the Los Angeles office yesterday.

The parties filed a stipulation that the judgment and order appealed from be reversed and the cause be remanded to the superior court for a new trial, and moved for a judgment in accordance with the stipulation.

The motion was opposed by Mrs. Victoria J. de Yonville, who filed an affidavit that since the rendition of the judgment appealed from she had recovered a money judgment against Mr. Biscailuz and caused an execution to be levied on the land in controversy.

She averred that since the levy Leonis and Biscailuz arranged for a consent judgment by which Biscailuz would be divested of his interest or title to the land, and that he is insolvent, so she could not collect her judgment.

She therefore asked to be allowed to intervene in the appeal, file a brief, and have the court dispose of the cause on its merits, without reference to the stipulation.

Upon the application the supreme court says in part: "This application is certainly a novel one. Under section 387 of the code civil procedure one who has an interest in the matter in litigation may be permitted to intervene before the trial of an action; but there is no authority for such intervention after judgment and while the cause is pending in this court on appeal, nor has a stranger to the record any right to call upon this court to investigate and pass upon the merits of an appeal, when the parties to the record have consented to an affirmation or reversal of the judgment without such investigation and decision."

The motion for leave to intervene and file a brief is denied and the judgment and order appealed from is reversed in accordance with the stipulation.

## THE FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

The Chief Reports Violation of Rules During His Absence.

The fire commissioners held their regular meeting yesterday morning, Messrs. Rowan, Brodick, Kuhrt, Wirsching, McLain and Chief Moriarty being present.