## INGALLS NOT OUT OF POLITICS The Vigilant at Last Triumphs Over the

John Jeems Once More on the Stump.

Fredonia, Kan.

The Democratic Party Blamed for Al the Ills That Beset the Nation. A Word of Praise for Cleveland.

By the Associated Press.

FREDONIA, Kan., July 21 .- It was a battery of big guns that fired the opening salute of the third district of the Republican campaign here. Ex-Senator Ingalls, Hon. Bernard Kelly and Col. Dick Blue spoke before vast audiences n the afternoon and evening. The brilliant Ingalls was received with the enthusiastic ovation always accorded him. He said, in the course of a two hours' address:

"I am here today to make a Republican speech. I responded to Senator Kirkpatrick's invitation because he is the same kind of a Republican that I am, without variableness or chance of turning. Your chairman, introducing me, eaid I had retired from public life. This is a mistake. I was retired. My

retirement was purely involuntary.
"While I probably have as much cause as anyone to find fault with the Populists, I have always said that the campaign waged against me, unjust as it was, was the most scientific on record in politics. It resulted in throwing me nigher into the atmosphere than anything that has been recorded since the cow jumped over the moon."

Getting into his speech, Mr. Ingalls said that there was one thing worse than a Popolist. It is a Democrat. The Populists have fallen from grace, but the Democrats furnish an illustration of original sin and total depravity. "Whom the Lord loveth He chasteneth." Therefore we have this epoch of Democratic and Populist administration. I want to declare my belief that for the condition in which the state finds itself today, the Democracy is strictly and wholly responsible. Democrats of Kansas have always been ready to make illicit allowances to thwart the success of the Republican party, and whatever be their professions today, I want to say to you that in the legislative and congressional contests you have exactly the same opponents as heretofore. The great question before the American people is not the tariff or silver, but whether we are to have any government in this country at all. We want to know whether this is a government of one man or a government of men. This is a question for the Republican party, because every other party has shown itself incompetent to settle

Mr. Ingalls spoke at length of the recent strike, denouncing his own detention in Chicago as a prisoner of war. He spoke most bitterly against the attempt of the workingmen to prevent there from accepting labor at wages they, had rained no longertation such ironical and the government no better than if dispensed by a czar.

'No ruler in the old world,' he said, licently have injected.

"could have inflicted such conditions upon the people without precipitating a revolution in 24 hours.'

"For the condition of affairs in Chicago no man is more responsible than Governor Altgeld, for when he pardoned the anarchists he said it was safe to burn, pillage and shed blood. Grover Cleveland, in telling Altgeld that the United States would protect its citizens, blundered on the first serviceable act of his two terms. The question of the hour is the survival of constitutional govern-Uniess the Republican party is able to accomplish the task, I tell you it is gone."

The senator announced that he is opposed to woman suffrage because his mother, wife, sisters and daughters do not want to vote. He thought that when the women wanted to vote they would make it known. He said the prohibitory law must be enforced or repealed. He spoke against indiscriminate immigration, and ended with a dis cussion of the money question, in the course of which he said he was a bimetallist, pure and simple, as he had been for 20 years or more.

THE CARDINAL'S REPORT.

It is Favorable to Satolli's American Policy.

ROME, July 21 .- There is good authorty for the statement that the committee of cardinals recently appointed to consider certain matters in connection with the church in America have just concluded thesr inquiry, which involved the discussion of a large number of documents. The same authority says that the results of the inquiry is in every respect favorable to Mgr. Satolli, and is of character which ought to strengthen his position and overcome all opposi-

MISS MELLON'S ASSAILANTS. They Have Not Been Released by the

Washington, July 21 .- A cablegram has been received at the state department from Mr. Terrill, United States minister to Turkey, denying the pablished statement that the assailants of Miss Mellon, the American missionary, have been released by the Turkish authorities. He says the men are still in

prison and their trial has been delayed

solely by the difficulty of securing

the attendance of the necessary wit

Boise, Idaho, July 21.—The cyclone at Elk City appears to have been chiefly remarkable for its violence. There was no loss of life. The region is sparsely settled. Cyclones are unknown in settled. Cyclones are unknown in Southern Idado, and it is seldom that anything of the kind is experienced in the more northern section where this occurred. Ranchers suffer. Pine timber was literally swept from large tracts of land. Five inches of rain fell during the storm, destroying thousands of sheep and cattle. Two sheepherders

Yo Tambien Wins the Whaeler Stake CHICAGO, July 21. - Washington Park's meeting closed today with a card of seven races and an attendance of about 8,000.
Well balanced fields in the minor events made up a good programme of consola-tion events. The Wheeler handicap, the second greatest event of its kind in the west, went to Yo Tambien. The weather was cool and the track in good

Kingstown, Dublin Bay, July 21 .-The Vigilant won today under conditions heretofore considered unfavorable to her. She finished the 50-mile cruise in 3 minutes, 39 seconds ahead of the He Makes a Pyrotechnic Speech at Britannia, not reckoning time allowance. which will reduce it about 1 minute and 10 seconds.

The prize competed for was \$300 offered by the Royal St. George Yacht club, and the course was the same as that sailed yesterday. A light breeze was blowing at the start. It did not increase to any appreciable extent during the continuance of the race, but died away at times so that the boats could make no headway. The Vigilant crossed the starting line 34 seconds. onds shead. At the conclusion of the onds ahead. At the conclusion of the first round of the course, which is nearly quadrangular, she was 4 minutes 22 seconds in the lead, but in the second round the Britannia had reduced the advantage to 1 minute, 57 seconds. This was as close as the yachts were at any time during the last round, which was finished by the winning boat at 6:45:04, the Britannia coming up at 6:48:42.

HIS FIRST ATTEMPT.

A Bachelor's Highly Interesting Experience

"I am passing through a novel and exceedingly interesting, even if not highly agreeable, experience just now," said a young newspaper man at one of the down town offices this morning. "I am going through the tribulations of the housekeeping side of marital life, although I have never yet led a bride to the chancel rail. Yesterday all my folks went away to the seashore, leaving only myself, the youngest of the family, and my sister, who is next older than me, to assume the cares of the household. Neither of us has had any experience in this line, and the results bid fair to be amusing, if nothing more, especially in the matter of preparing for breakfast, as both of us are late sleepers. This morning the first break occurred, and thus it happened. The servant is due at about 6 o'clock in the morning, and as I am a sound sleeper I instructed her to ring the bell vigorously and not to go away if she was not very promptly admitted, and I also told my sister, if she heard the bell, to awaken me and I would let the girl in. Last night I was up till 2 o'clock writing, and consequently four hours later was in the soundest of my slumbers when the iceman came and left a cube of his wares on the steps. Just afterward the servant came and applied for admission. At first her vigorous rings on the loud gong, which is only one flight of stairs away from my room, produced no impression on my morning slumbers, but she followed my instructions and con tinued conscientiously to make that bell startle the whole neighborhood except myself and sister, whose alarm clock also did not have the slightest effect of driving away unconsciousness.

"At last I was partially aroused so that the ringing of the bell caused me to dream of fire engines, and in a few sec-passed through my reviving brain, and I saw myself running and shouting, and the engine steaming, and the firemen pursuing their heroic work of rescue. Then—I suppose her arm was tiredthe faithful servant pulled slow, steady strokes, and instantly my dream changed, and I found myself on a railway station going to join the family at the seaside. Suddenly these visions were dispelled, and the stern reality of the occasion was forced upon my unwilling mind as I reluctantly jumped ists held a big mass meeting for the purup and removed the bars that hindered the servant's entrance. She was quite cheerful over the affair and said she had not been kept waiting for more than 15 minutes. Truly, the way of the head of the house is pleasant."-Washington

THE TOUCAN.

A Queer South American Bird With an Extraordinarily Large Bill.

A queer kind is the toucan. It seems to have been made expressly to take charge of its huge banana shaped beak, which, in some species, is fully 7 inches in length and more than 2 inches in width—entirely out of proportion to its comparatively small body. This heak The republic having been launched. comparatively small body. This beak is the most brilliant possession of the toucan, being orange and black, scarlet and yellow or green and red, according to the species of the bird.

Its home is in the wild South Ameri-Its home is in the wild South American woods, where, mingled with the of the ex-queen, has changed its policy. screaming of parrots, macaws and other and is advising all Royalists to take the tropical birds, is heard its monotonous oath of allegiance to the republic, and "Tucano, tucano!" from which its name is probably derived. It is a fruit eater, and climbing among the Namuel Parker, H. A. Widman and branches it gathers its food with its long beak, whose strength no stem can

The toucan nests in trees, and it is uncertain whether it excavates its bur-row or builds in a natural cavity. view with the president, with the idea of forcing him to give them an answer as row or builds in a natural cavity Nothing more comical can be imagined than the head of this creature, with its sparkling eyes and enormous, gayly colored beak, appearing from a hollow in the trunk of some forest monarch. It is said that the young birds are subject to the attacks of monkeys and birds of prey, and that when the parent bird is alarmed all she has to do is to poke her head out of the aperture leading to the nest. The assailant, seeing so huge a bill, fancies an animal of corresponding size behind it and leaves, without bow

ing or saying farewell. Toucans are sociable birds and go in large flocks. They make common cause against their enemies, such as owls and falcons, which they surround and mob, as the rooks do in England. Having thus no need for protection, they are noisy and clamorous, like parrots and

monkeys. The plumage is generally black, but the throat is white, tinged with yellow and commonly edged beneath with red. The tail is nearly square or moderately rounded, with the upper feathers red and the lower scarlet. Alternations of the brighter colors are displayed in the the brighter colors are displayed in the kins, and hereby instruct our representatives in the legislature to use all honthe tail.

The bird is kept easily in confine ment, and no doubt from early times many were brought alive to Europe. Some of its brilliant tints are very fleet-Some of its brilliant tints are very fleeting, and they often leave little or no trace after death, so that little idea of champion, and C. H. Neel. Chase won fts beauty can be obtained from a stuffed by the following score: 6 4; 8 4; 2-6; specimen.—Philadelphia Times. specimen. -- Philadelphia Times.

LONG LIVE THE NEW REPUBLIC

The Change of Government in Hawaii.

A Change in Name But Not in Men and Policy.

The Event Celebrated in True America Style-No Disturbance Marred the Occasion-Royalists

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21 .- Advices received this morning per the steamship City of Rio Janeiro, which left Honolulu July 19th, state no disturbances occurred there following the proclamation abolishing the provisional government and establishing the republic of Hawaii. The new republic was ceremoniously announced July 4th. The provisional government officials remain in power.

Honolulu, July 13 .- The provisional government is no more, and the republic of Hawaii holds the reins of power. It is but a change of came, as the same people are in power and the avowed purpose of the government is the sameto obtain annexation with the United

States. cheer. Surrounded by his cabinet, offi-cers of the military and the members of the late constitutional convention, he read the proclamation of the new repub-

lic, as follows:
"I, Sanford B. Dole, president of the provisional government of the Hawaiian islands, by virtue of the charge given me by the executive and advisory councils of the provisional government, and by an act dated July 3, 1894, pro-claim the republic of Hawaii as the sovereign authority over and through-out the Hawaiian islands from this time forth, and I declare the constitusion framed and adopted by the constitution al convention of 1894 to be the constitution and supreme law of the republic of Hawaii; and by virtue of this constitution I now assume the office and authority of president thereof. Long live the republic!

J. W. Katus, one of the leading native annexationists, next read the proclamation in Hawaiian. Both were greeted with cheers, and the ceramony

There was no military display whatever. The men of the Philadelphia were not landed, the government thinking it best not to give its enemies the chance to say, as they did before, that the change was made while United States troops were present to intimidate the Royalists.

Not the slightest demonstration was

attempted by the supporters of the ex-queen. A few evenings before the 4th the Royalists held a mass meeting, at which about 2000 were present, and passed resolutions protesting against the formation of the republic, claimthe formation of the republic, claimthe beautiful the pention
sent by Liliuokalani, asking to
be restored to the throne. Copies of
this resolution were sent to the representatives of the foreign governments, with requests that they would not re-cognize the republic. It had no effect in that way, however, as all these repre-

sentatives have recognized it, with the exception of Minister Wodehouse, the English minister resident, who simply stated that he would inform his government of the change.
On the eve of the 4th the annexation-

pose of ratifying the new constitution.
It was a most enthusiastic meeting, American style, the double holiday making it peculiarly a day of jollification to Americans. Captain of Marinea Cochrane, of the Philadelphia, delivered the oration. He showed himself an annexationist, opening his speech by saying that he hoped soon to be able to call hose present "fellow citizens." Throughout his oration he lauded the provisional

government and its supporters. Admiral Walker and his staff were present, and the admiral evidently endorsed the speech of Captain Cochrane. He was also at the executive building at the time of the promulgation, though

Minister Thurston will probably return to Washington soon. He was no ent on the Fourth, having gone to the volcano.

One of the Royalist papers, the Holoacknowledge that the cause of the ex-

John A. Cummins, leaves for Washington on the Rio Janeiro this afternoon. It is their intention to go to Washington at once and try to obtain an interto what he intends to do in the Hawaiian matter. Their expenses have been paid by prominent Revalists, and they carry a secretary with them.

Parker and Cummins are half-Hawaiians, but Widman is a German. The Royalists have great hopes of the commissioners' success.

SAN BERNARDINO REPUBLICANS. A Ticket Nominated and Perkins En-

San Bernardino, July 21 .- The Republican county convention met here today and nominated Hon. J. C. Lynch for the assembly; Judge John L. Campbell, superior judge; Frank L. Holcomb, sheriff; Frank Daley, district attor-ney; Capt. J. W. F. Dies, county clerk, recorder and auditor; Truman Reeves, treasurer and tax collector; A. G. Kendall, assessor: John Taylor. lic administrator; Dr. A. G. Keating, coroner; M. L. Cook, surveyor, and George W. Beattie, superintendent of schools. Nearly all the nominations

were made by acclamation. The convention passed the following resolution: We are unbesitatingly in favor of the re-election of Senator Perorable means to secure such election.

Tennis Championship. CHICAGO, July 21.—In the tennis tournament today there was but one HE WAS A HUSTLER.

The Opportunity Was a Golden One, an He Hastened to Grasp It.

When Major General Schofield went to Keokuk, Ia., and married one of the belles of that town, Miss Kilbourne, an amusing incident occurred which Arthur Clarke, business manager of John Drew, the comedian, enjoys telling about. It appears that Mr. Clarke's father is editor and proprietor of Keo-kuk's leading paper, The Gate City, and in his counting room he has a particularly energetic Hebrew, by name Joe Klein. Joseph is a hustler in every sense of the word, and the day is bleak indeed when he gets left. He heard of the approaching wedding of Miss Kilbourne with the distinguished officer. and early on the morning of the date set for the happy event he called at the Kilbourne homestead, rang the doorbell and inquired for Mrs. Kilbourne, mother of the bride. He was informed by the servant who answered his ring that Mrs. Kilbourne was very much engaged at the time, but he insisted that he must see her on very important business. In a moment she came half way down the front stairs. She knew Mr. Klein very well, as people always know each other in small towns, and when she saw him at the door she said: "I can't see you now, Joe. I'm dress-

ing for the wedding. Call another "But I can't," said Mr. Klein. "I want you to present me to Major General Schofield. I must meet him."

"That is impossible, Joe," said Mrs. Kilbourne. "The general is dressing for the church." But the soldier had overheard the controversy from an upper landing, and rather than create trouble he came down and was duly presented.

"General Schofield," began Klein impressively, "do you realize that you are about to take from us one of the fairest flowers we have in Keokuk? Do you know that when she goes hence with you she will long for news of her old neighbors? In order that she may be really made happy by these tidings I ask you now to place your honored name upon the subscription list of The Gate City, which is the best paper in Iowa. Our rates are \$8 for the daily per annum and \$1.50 for the weekly. Think of your young bride." And there were tears in Klein's voice as he pleaded for recognition.

'Mr. Klein," said the general after regarding the business manager with undisguised admiration for several minutes: "I do not hesitate to proclaim that you are a wonder. You deserve success. Come in, and we will have a bottle of your daily, but you may put me down for your \$1.50 weekly," and The Weekly Gate City now finds its way from Keokuk to General Schofield's hold with great regularity.—Chicago

The Bear and the Umbrella.

How much danger is there to the pound in a wild black bear when you meet him in his haunts accidentally and Indian river peninsula (Brevard county, Fla.), was returning from the beach alone and armed only with an umbrella. When just a quarter of a mile from this some animal coming toward her through

the saw palmettos. Thinking it must be a raccoon, she Coon over the head the instant he emerged. All at once, with a mighty wits, and she decided that to run would be to invite pursuit and possibly attack. She stood her ground and said nothing. and the bear rose on his hind legs to get a better look at her, making two or three feints in her direction with his

Feeling that she must do something, Mrs. Latham pointed her umbrella at the bear and quickly opened and closed it two or three times. "Woof!" said the bear. Turning about, he plunged into the palmettos and went crashing away, while the lady ran homeward as fast as she could go. So much for the "savage and aggressive" disposition of the black bear. - W. T. Hornaday in St.

Solid Emery Wheels.

In the production of solid emery wheels the best cement that can be employed is one that binds the emery together with that degree of strength which will resist the centrifugal strain due to the high speed at which emery wheels cut best-about 5,000 feet speed per minute. It must not soften by frichonal heat nor glaze nor burst nor besome brittle and break with cold, nor must it hold the cutting grains until they are too dull to cut nor release them so readily as to waste away the wheel too fast. It must be capable of being thoroughly mixed evenly with the grain emery, so that the wheel may not have either hard or soft spots and be out of balance, and must also be capable of being tempered to suit different kinds of metal or work. Great care and skill are required in the matter of selecting only pure and strong chemicals for these cements. - Cassier's Magazine.

So broad is the scope of modern char ity that in many cases, particularly in Europe, it has taken forms fanciful if not absurd. London has three or four refuges for lost dogs. These establishments are kept up by bequests and donations.

"Xmas" is often written instead of Christmas, and the authority for so doing is that X is simply the initial letter of the Greek word for Christ.

"Remedies for toothache, my friend," said a philosopher, "will be found to afford instant relief in every case but yours. " Gounod received his first instruction

in music from his mother, who was a

distinguished pianist. He won the grand

prize at the Paris conservatory when he

The average weight of 20,000 men and women weighed in Boston was Men, 1411/2 pounds; women, 1241/2

AFFAIRS IN THE FATHERLAND

Interest in American Tariff Legislation.

Emperor William's Yearning Desire for Peace.

Bismarck in Better Health-He Gets Over His Ancient Gradge Against Berlin-Bitterness of the Beer Boycott.

Copyright, 1894, by the Associated Press. BERLIN, July 21 .- Considerable interest is taken here in the tariff legislation of the United States. It has been learned that negotiations are proceeding between Berlin and Washington to prevent the possibilities of a commercial war. The decision of congress in regard to the sugar schedule is awaited with great anxiety, many of the newspaper articles on the subject condemning the action taken by the senate. The people in this country are already discussing the possible reprisals which Germany could make in the event of her suffering through American tariff legislation. For instance in Hamburg the Correspondence, a newspaper well-known as getting its news from high official sources, proposes, in case a duty is imposed on raw sugar, that Ger-many shall raise the duty on American

But in this case the proposition con tained in the article alluded to origi-nated in the mind of the editor. The government desires that nothing should occur to prejudice the good relations between the two countries, and it is not likely anything but very grave necessity could mar this good feeling.

WILLIAM'S DESIRE FOR PEACE. As an evidence of Emperor William's desire for peace and his wish to spare the feelings of the people of France, the great fall parade of the garrison, which since September, 1871, has been fixed for the anniversary of the surrender of Napoleon III at Sedan (September 2, Napoleon III at Sedan (September 2, 1870), has this year been ordered to take place on August 18th. The emperor's attitude of conciliation is resented by a large section of the people, who claim the right to rejoice on the day they consider as marking the birth of German empire, without caring whether it pleases France or not.

BISMARCK IN BETTER HEALTH. Prince Bismarck is in better health than is generally believed. His trip from Schoenhausen to Versein lasted 11 Come in, and we will have a bottle of wine together. I will not subscribe for the night, he traveled in a carriage. But the exertion does not seem to have had any ill effects upon him. The ex-chancellor made seven speeches while en route, the most remarkable of them being the one which closed with his request for three cheers for Berlin.

The Berlin press expressed amazement at this action upon the part of Prince Bismarck, and commented upon the fac that this was the first time since 1878 that he had said a friendly word for the capital. The ex-chancellor has always wife of mine host at Oak Lodge, on the lin, which returned men to the reichstag who opposed his policy.

THE BEER BOYCOTT.

The beer boycott continues, although the Socialists are losing ground. The very porch, she heard the rustling of struggle is now assuming the character of a decisive battle between the bourgeois and Socialists. The latter are coercing their adherents in every possiquickly picked up a chunk of palmetto ble manner. The Socialist election wood and held it ready to whack Mr. its support every one shown to be in the habit of drinking boycotted beer. On rustling, out stepped a big black bear within six feet of her! The surprise was mutual and profound. Naturally Mrs. the Socialists. Mere than a million marks has been contributed to fight the marks has been contributed to fight the marks has been contributed to fight the beyeatt by assisting the saloon keepers. Men like Krupp have contributed largely to these funds. The daily amounts received average 50.000 marks. have contributed while the Socialist boycotters command about 500 marks daily.

THE CHOLERA SCARE. The woman from St. Petersburg who was taken to the Moabite hospital suffering from cholera is recovering. The disease from which she is suffering was of a mild type and there is no fear that it will spread in this city. More alarm is felt at the possible inroad of the disease from the eastern frontier, The raftsmen descending the Vistula from Russian Poland are a constant source of danger. But the greatest precaution is exercised all along the frontier. In spite of this fact, however, five deaths from cholera and one fresh case have been reported from that part of the country today. Unless this condition of affairs ceases within the next month. imperial maneuvres about Konigsburg in September will be postponed.

THE IMPERIAL BUDGET. The imperial budget for the year ending March 1st, shows a surplus of 12.500,000 marks, instead of 1,250,000 as estimated. This is in spite of the fact that the army and navy expenses were underestimated to the extent of 10,000. 000 marks. The surplus is due to a large increase of revenue from the people and the imperial taxes. FALLING OFF OF EMIGRATION.

An official statement shows that emigration from Hamburg. Berlin, Stettin, Rotterdam, Antwerp and Amsterdam is falling off continuously and rapidly. The whole number of Germans forwarded to the United States by six lines was 3330 for the month of June, against 8753 for June, 1893, and the outlook for July is even werse.

AN AFRICAN EXPLORER. Major Wissman, the distinguished German explorer, has arrived here in the best of health. In an interview he said he hoped to return to Africa at the earliest possible date. He considers the victory of the Italians at Kassala to be of the greatest importance to all nations.

A Large Steamer Sunk. BREST, July 21 .- A large steamer is reported sunk off this port. No particulars are received as to its name or nationality.

Tea. Tea is at its best when brewed at table. But we realize the fact, since our attention has been called to it, that the first cup poured off the dregs is always weaker than hose that follow. In England, it is said. the pouring of the tea is so well understood that an experienced hostess waits till all the cups of the company are returned to her before she fills any a second time. to her before she lills any a second time. To have the several cups of equal strength she pours a little into each cup and ther goes back, inverting the order as she fills them. In this way all share alike.—PittsMODERN SURGERY.

The Large Part That Absolute Cleanlines Plays In Its Operations. There are three locations, so to speak,

the absolute cleanliness of which must be above suspicion before the operator is justified in proceeding to his work. These are the surgeon's hands, his instruments and the integument covering the part of the patient's body at which the operation is about to be performed. How is the requisite cleanliness in each case secured? So far as the hands are concerned, by profuse scrubbing with a nailbrush in soap and hot water, followed by a thorough drenching in some antiseptic solution, as that of 1 in 2,000 of perchloride of mercury. So far as the instruments are concerned, by sterilizing them-that is, by boiling them in water, or by passing them through the flame of a spirit lamp, or placing them in a steam sterilizer, and then, when the operator is ready to begin, by putting them into a receptacle containing an antiseptic solution-as, for example, that of carbolic acid. Lastly, so far as the patient's integument is concerned, by washing the part first thoroughly with soap and water, having previously shaved it, if necessary, and afterward with a perchloride of mercury solution, or, if the part be greasy, by removing all the greasy material by scrubbing it with ether.

Without going into further details these are the cardinal precepts of the science of operating in the present day. Of course each wound which in this manner is made under asentic conditions, as it is called, is kept aseptic by the use of antiseptic dressings until healing has taken place. The results of this method of treatment of wounds are nothing less than wonderful in comparison with those which the earlier surgeons were able to obtain. What happens after, say, the amputation of a limb nowadays? The rule is, nothingnothing, that is to say, beyond the uneventful convalescence of the patient.

The dressings are not touched unless the temperature and the pulse of the patient indicate, by some disturbance, that it would be expedient to examine the wound. The temperature and the pulse are the surgeon's guide. He takes his cue from them. Nothing can be amiss in the wound if these remain normal, and thus it follows that a large wound, such as that following an amputation, heals soundly from first to last without any suppuration. What a contrast with that which obtained in former days! Suppuration was then thought to be an indispensable part of the healthy process of healing. In the present time, on the contrary, a surgeon is held to have failed in his practice of the principles of surgical cleanliness if, in wounds originally aseptic, suppuration occurs .-Nineteenth Century.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

The Interesting Results of the Study of a Frog's Tiny Muscle.

The young man who has had the priceless experience of self abandonment to some happily chosen point was well illustrated in a man I knew, writes G. Stanley Hall in The Forum. With the dignity and sense of finality of the American senior year quick within him his first teacher in Germany told him to study experimentally one of the 17 muscles of a frog's leg. The mild dissipation of a somewhat too prolonged general culture, aided by some taste for breezy philosophic speculation, almost diverted him from so mean an object. But as he progressed he found that he must know in a more minute and practical way than before-in a way that made previous knowledge seem unreal -certain definite points in electricity, chemistry, mechanics, physiology, etc. and bring them to bear in fruitful relation to each other. As the winter proceeded the history of previous views was studied and broader biological relations seen, and as the summer waned and a second year was begun in the study of this tiny muscle it was seen that its laws are the same in frogs and men: that just such contractile tissue had done all that man had accomplished in the world, and that muscles are the only organs of the will. As the work went on many of the mysteries of the universe seemed to enter in his theme. In the study of this minute object he gradually passed from the attitude of Peter Bell, of whom the poet

A yellow primrose was to him, And it was nothing more-

up to the standpoint of the seer who 'plucked a flower from the crannied wall" and realized that could he but understand what it was, "root and all, and all in all, he would know what God and man is." Even if my friend had contributed nothing in discovery to the temple of science, he had felt the profound and religious conviction that the world is lawful to the core and had experienced what a truly liberal and higher education-in the modern as distinct from the mediæval sense-really is.

His Will.

The rich old man with a young wife was having a hard time trying to make her coincide with his idea of what her duties were with reference to himself. "Madam," he exclaimed after a heat-

ed argument, "I tell you I shall mold you to my will." 'That's easy enough, " she retorted. "Only make it in my favor, and I'll attend to the balance."-Detroit Free

"That disagreeable Mrs. Highfli acted as though she didn't want to speak when she met me on the street, but I'll get even with her.

Florence—What will you do? "Kiss her the very next time I meet her. ''-Chicago Inter Ocean. A Substitute.

He-I've bought you a pet monkey to amuse you, darling. She-Oh, how kind of you! Now I shan't miss you when you are away .-Lyons (France) Republican.

What It Was. "What is that gash on Pinder's

"Oh, that is a mark of respect." "A mark of respect?" "Yes, he's got more respect now for the man that put it there than he had before. "-Atlanta Constitution.

NOVELTIES IN HAIRDRESSING.

e New Colfures—Perfection Atta In False Fronts—Coils and Curls.

Women blessed with naturally curls hair can go through a drizzling rain, dense fog or even a sea bath and co out looking quite charming, while her sisters with straight hair present a for lorn appearance. There is, however, a remedy for this misfortune, and this remedy has attained a great degree of perfection within the last few years. Though one's hair cannot be made to retain the desired kinks, natural curls retain the hought and substituted. This can be bought and substituted. false hair no longer assumes the form of the old time wig. New false pieces take its place.

These false pieces are exceedingly light, being made of a small piece of tulle. The hair is sewed into the talle, which is invisible when on the head.

The false pieces come in small fluffe bangs that cannot be told from one's own hair. Then there is a coiffure that is made for seashore wear, or when one is traveling and waving the hair has to be dispensed with. One's own hair may be pushed smoothly back, as the "front piece" covers nearly the whole head. The back piece is simply a bunch of curls on a long hairpin, which is used to form a knot. This may be arranged very quickly, as braids and twists are done away with.

What is known as the recherche toupee is a becoming way of dressing the hair on the top. It consists of a lightly made frame, with slightly waved hair drawn back toward the middle of the head. The hair is perfectly natural, and although the style is suggestive of the "pompadour" it has yet no element of harshness about it. For those whose faces permit them to discard the fringe this will prove a great attraction, though it allows of a light fringe on the forehead. One of the prettiest of the new coiffures is obtained in the waved handeau. In this we find that the shorter hairs are waved on the top, so



STYLISH HAIRDRESSING.

that when the longer pieces of hair are pulled away to the side in arranging the coiffure the wavy effect is not lost by this stretching, since it is confined to the shorter hair with which the bandeau is

There appears to be evidence that coils will continue in favor, but there are occasions when these are not sufficiently elaborate. A bunch of curls fastened to one of the new flexible hair frames forms a charming style, and arranged with a few strands of the wearer's own hair as additional puffs and twists it becomes ornamental. A new "chignon," known as the empire coil, consists of a small ring made of the flexible hair braiding and one strand of hair slightly curled at the end. This strand is arranged deftly over the ring into more or less large twists or coils. and the curl just peeps over the ring or to the neck in a bewitching fashion sug-

gestive of the days of the first empire.

Know Thyself.
Teacher—You have named all domestic animals save one. It has bristly hair, if filthy, likes dirt and is fond of mud. Well

Tom (shamefacedly)-That's me.-Hallo. He Was a Veteran. Miss Painter—Colonel, I suppose the smell

of powder makes you uneasy? Colonel—Not at all. Pray don't move on

my account. I don't mind it a bit .- Detroit

A FOOTHOLD for Consumption is what you are offering, if your blood is impure. Consumption is simply Lung Scrofula. scrofulous condition, with a slight cough or cold, is all that it needs to develop it.

But just as it depends upon the blood for its origin, so it depends upon the blood for its cure. The surest remedy for Scrofula in every form, the most effective blood-cleanser.

flesh-ouilder, and strength - restorer that's known to medical science, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For Consumption in all its earlier stages, and for Weak Lungs, Asthma, Severe Coughs, and all Bronchial, Throat and Lung affections, that is the only remedy so unfailing that it can be guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

for a perfect and permanent cure of Catarrh, take Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Its proprietors offer \$500 reward for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head.

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