

HOG OR HUMAN

The Question for Luetgert Jurors

THE OPPOSING OSTEOLOGISTS
STAKE REPUTATION ON THEIR DIAGNOSES

The Now Famous Femur Belonged to a Pig and Potash Never Touched It

Associated Press Special Wire.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—"Hog or human," that is the issue in the Luetgert case, and according to the view of the case adopted by the jury is the fate of the defendant likely to be. If hog, he will in all probability go free; if human, there is no telling what will happen to him, or rather what may not happen to him. The defense proved today that the bone which Dr. Dorsey, the osteologist of the Columbian museum, declared was the femur of a human being, or a woman, and of a woman of delicate physical structure, as was Mrs. Luetgert, is nothing but the bone of a hog. It came from a hog of delicate organization, so said the witness for the defense, but it was nothing but a hog after all. The femur was rather small for the usual run of hogs, but this was a small-boned hog, and there was no doubt of the origin of the bone. The witness who declared all this for the defense was Dr. W. H. Allport, professor of descriptive and comparative anatomy in the Northwestern university. He declared in the most positive manner that the femur was that of a hog and that there was no chance of his being mistaken in the matter. Dr. Dorsey, who proved for the state that the femur was that of a woman, was in the court room when Dr. Allport was on the stand and his face flushed when the expert for the defense declared that the bone came from a hog.

The declaration of Dr. Allport clearly defines as issue between himself and Prof. Dorsey. They are the respective leading experts of the defense and prosecution.

Both pride themselves on their reputations, and a battle royal will be the result. Dr. Allport drew pictures of what he said represented a human femur and a hog's femur, and explained to the jury the difference between them. The difference was principally in the socket of the hip joint, according to the witness. He declared that the knob, or joint end, of the femur in evidence was much smaller than that of the average woman and that undoubtedly the bone was the femur of a small-boned hog. Tomorrow Dr. Allport will be cross-examined after he has testified further concerning metacarpal, sesamoid and temporal bones. Previous to Dr. Allport's testimony, Prof. J. A. Welsner gave evidence in support of Dr. Dorsey's testimony in connection with the experiments with human bodies made in the vault in the Luetgert factory early in the present month.

Dr. D. L. Riese said that the bones produced by the prosecution had never been subjected to the caustic soda test. He said that the surface and general appearance of the bones indicated that they had never come in contact with a potash solution.

State's Attorney Deenen smilingly declared that Prof. Dorsey would answer the question of the identity of the bones beyond a question when he next appeared on the witness stand.

Luetgert and his lawyers were well satisfied with the showing made, and ex-Judge Vincent said he could not see the necessity of Luetgert going on the witness stand.

"There's nothing for him to deny," remarked ex-Judge Vincent.

CATHOLIC SERVICE

May Be Conducted in Any Language Desired

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Sept. 29.—In the course of a sermon at the installation of Bishop Trobo, the new Bishop of St. Cloud, Archbishop Ireland today, after calling attention to the many nationalities in the diocese of St. Cloud, said: "It has sometimes been said that there is among Catholics in America a diversity of opinion as to the use within the Catholic Church of foreign languages. There is no diversity of opinion. American Catholics will before this altar of truth believe and assert that men are free to speak what language they wish, to retain what memories they wish, provided always that America and the language of America and American institutions obtain their best loyalty. Catholics in America may kneel before their God and pray in the language that best expresses their opinions.

"The holy Roman Catholic Church within recent times has promulgated in this regard that law of liberty by sending a message from the Eternal City that Catholics in America may speak and practice their religious duties in the language they choose. The decrees of Rome proclaim that immigrants and their children are at liberty, if they wish, to join parishes wherever the English language is spoken. By implication, the decrees allow them the liberty to speak and practice their religious duties in other languages if they prefer those languages."

SPANISH GRANTS

Cover Most of the Territory in New Mexico

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 29.—A special to the Republican from Santa Fe, N. M., says: In the United States court of private land claims today the Las Huertas grant, of date 1765, in Bernalillo and Santa Fe counties, was confirmed except as to the eastern boundary, on which point counsel was asked to file briefs.

M. S. Otero, T. B. Catron, J. H. Gurle and others are the claimants. It is not probable that the eastern boundary can be so run as to interfere with the placer mines in the San Pedro region of south Santa Fe county. The court also sustained the government's objection to the survey of the Parajito grant west of Albuquerque, and cut out of it some 600 acres fronting on the Fierco river.

This tribunal has yet to determine ninety-eight suits involving eighty-six grants, all of which are in New Mexico save six, which are in Colorado and seven in Arizona. In sixty-three of these suits the acreage involved is 20,855,707, and in thirty-five suits no estimate can as yet be made of the area involved.

CORST'S GREAT LUCK

Shot Through the Body Without Serious Harm

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—As remarkable a case as has ever been brought to the attention of medical science is that of Emil F. Corst, a 17-year-old boy, living with his mother at 124 Morris avenue. Corst was accidentally shot last Friday, the bullet from a .38-caliber revolver going directly through the body, with no more serious result than if it had been an ordinary flesh wound.

The shooting occurred at Bradley, Monterey county, and was accidental. The ball entered two inches above the umbilical cord, passed between the greater curvature of the stomach and the transverse colon, and came out one and three-quarters inches to the left of the spinal column, between the first and second lumbar vertebrae. None of the intestines were injured. There was no hemorrhage at all and no fever, and no operation was needed. The wounded youth will soon be as well as ever.

THE DENVER MINT

Enormous Increase in Amount of Bullion Received

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 29.—Denver Branch Mint gold bullion receipts have just been computed by Assayer W. J. Puckett's force for the last nine months, and the books for September were closed. The figures represent what is estimated as a little over one-half the State's production of the yellow metal, because only two out of seven smelters send their bars to this institution.

The receipts during September aggregated \$1,149,365.59; the same month in 1896, \$443,356.74; gain, \$706,008.85. During the nine months from January 1st to September 28th, the receipts aggregated \$5,388,888.56; for the same period of 1896 the aggregate was \$3,128,436.16.

Assayer Puckett predicts that the mint will receive \$11,000,000 during the year.

Poisoned the Food

OAKLAND, Cal., Sept. 29.—Several attempts have been made to poison the food of the Clune family, residing on Sixth street, in this city. About two weeks ago Mrs. Clune and her two children found that they could scarcely eat anything without a burning sensation, and frequently they were afflicted with spasms. A woman who lived in the house left about that time and has not since been heard from. State Chemist Wenzel is analyzing samples of the poisoned food, which includes almost everything edible kept by the family. Mrs. Clune is prominent in W. C. T. U. circles.

A Mexican Railroad

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 29.—The projected road from Chihuahua, Mexico, to the west coast, which is to be built under a concession granted to Henry C. Creel and Alfred A. Spendlove, will soon be commenced.

This line will open and give transportation to many mining districts, very extensive agricultural and grazing lands, and immense forests of splendid timber. A branch from some point near where it will strike the Fuerte river could reach the famous Batopilas mines.

Spoiled His Teeth

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 29.—Morris Gohan owes his life to the strong teeth with which nature has endowed him. Early this morning, during a quarrel with Charles Toye, a fellow-employee, the latter fired at Gohan with a 45-caliber revolver at a distance of three feet, the bullet striking him full in the mouth, knocking him down. When he got up he spat out the bullet and three teeth, except for the loss of which he is unhurt. The escape is considered marvelous.

Oakland's Water Front

OAKLAND, Sept. 29.—It has practically been decided that no appeal will be taken from the decision of the supreme court in the matter of the water front cases. Saturday is the last day on which an appeal can be filed, and it will go by default. It is proposed that the city open a broad avenue along the water front and that several streets be at once cut through. The decision not to take an appeal is due to a desire to avoid additional protracted litigation.

Yellow Reporting

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 29.—In a newspaper interview yesterday, Assistant Engineer Knight of Lieutenant Peary's ship Hope told a very sensational story of the alleged finding at Lieutenant Greely's camp at Cape Sabine of conclusive proofs of cannibalism. The story was later positively denied by Lieutenant Peary.

The Harvest Ready

MONTSEY, Cal., Sept. 29.—The scarcity of labor threatens serious loss to beet and potato crops by reason of their neglected cultivation. In the Moro Cojo sections the potato crop will likely be a total loss. All the laborers prefer picking fruit in the San Joaquin valley.

Lord Mayor of London

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Horatio Davies, Conservative member of parliament for Chatham, was chosen lord mayor of London today with the usual ceremonies, succeeding Sir Geo. Faudel-Phillips.

A Healer Arrested

BUTTE, Mont., Sept. 29.—D. N. Dickerson, who posed here as "Veno-healer," with Dr. Jacob Smith and Gus Tyler as assistants, was arrested tonight on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

Lumber Burned

IGERNA, Cal., Sept. 29.—Fire today destroyed four million feet of lumber belonging to Coggins Bros. & Co. The fire also destroyed about 500 feet of the Southern Pacific tracks.

A Fatal Fire

ALMA, Neb., Sept. 29.—The farm house of A. L. Gordon was burned last night and three children were killed. Gordon was dangerously burned while trying to rescue them.

Neal Dow Dying

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 29.—General Dow was still alive at midnight. The end is liable to come at any moment, yet he may survive for hours.

JAPAN'S RICE

The Biggest Crop During the Century

ALL BUSINESS IS PARALYZED

BY ATTEMPTS TO ABANDON THE USE OF SILVER

Tokio and Vicinity Visited by a Typhoon Which Inflicts Great Damage Upon Shipping

Associated Press Special Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The steamer Doric arrived this evening from Hongkong and Yokohama, Sept. 14th, bringing the following advices:

Reports from all parts of Japan indicate that the rice crop will exceed in quantity any yield during the past seventy years. The rice crop will be from 15 to 40 percent above the average.

The Jiji Shimpo says that the days of the present Japanese cabinet are numbered, and ascribes as the principal reason the alleged fact that it is divided against itself. To make next year's income equal to the contemplated expenditures it is proposed to raise 12,000,000 yen by increasing the rate of the salt tax and interdicting all brewing of sake for domestic use, but to refrain from any other addition to the present weight of taxation. When the new tariff is put in force it will yield an additional revenue of 6,000,000 yen.

Little revival is perceptible in Yokohama business circles, the apathy being ascribed to fears of the probable effect of the change in the currency that comes into force at the beginning of October. Only hand to hand transactions are reported in the fabric markets and prices are nominal. The tea trade has been fair, though the market is being gradually denuded of suitable leaf.

The Japan Red Cross society has ordered two steamers from England for use as hospital ships in time of war and to be chartered to the Nippon Yusen in time of peace.

The Nichi Nichi states that a large number of Koreans have arrived at Fukuoka and Kumamoto to wreak vengeance upon the Japanese who were implicated in the Seoul disturbance last year when the king and queen were killed. One Japanese in Fukuoka barely escaped from the avengers with his life.

The Japanese railway bureau has ordered twenty locomotives from the United States.

Mount Kirishima in Kiushiu began rumbling and showing signs of an eruption on Sept. 4th.

The Kyushu imperial university is to be established by the educational department of Japan in the town of Kumamoto, Kyushu.

On the night of Sept. 25 some 2000 poor people of Shimo Ina and Iida districts in the prefecture of Nagano, attacked the residences of Mr. Kuroda, manager of the Iida branch office of the Matsumoto Commercial bank, and that of Mr. Kono, a rice merchant. The buildings were partially wrecked and the rice cleaning mill of Mr. Kono was destroyed. The gendarmes had to have recourse to their revolvers and the police charged the rioters with drawn swords before the mob would disperse. Several people were killed and many wounded in the encounter. On the following night the Iida police station was attacked by the mob, but it was repulsed by the police force. Several people were out down and arrested.

On the 5th inst. Otto Yaughman, an apprentice on board the U. S. S. Olympia, fell through an open grating while doing some work on the vessel, receiving injuries from which he died shortly after.

Yokohama, Tokio and neighboring districts were visited on the morning of Sept. 9th by a severe typhoon, the first since 1853. Much damage was done on land and sea, and a number of lives were lost. Shipping suffered greatly. The ship Cromartyshire and the bark Solikirkshire fouling each other, doing considerable damage. The ship Glenrich was stranded, as she was also the Londale. The German cruiser Irene was stranded broadside on, but it is expected to float safely and the steamer Patroclus narrowly escaped the fate of the Irene, bringing up within a few yards of the German cruiser. Five yachts capsized and sank and thirty-five loaded lighters went down. Several people are reported missing. During the storm the main of the Yokohama water works burst, cutting more than 100,000 consumers off from the water supply. How long the water famine will last is not stated.

LIFE NOT SECURE

Guatemala a Good Place to Stay Away From

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Edward J. Hunt and Julius L. Berte of this city, who recently returned from Guatemala, warn Americans against going there on account of the inadequacy of the protection afforded life and property. Mr. Hunt says:

"Conduct which is overlooked in the case of the native-born Guatemalans is considered reason for arrest in the case of Americans and our government offers its citizens no protection. The American Consul is engaged in business and is afraid to act for fear of offending the government. The police, who have not been paid for months, are openly accused of robbing strangers."

President Barrios, says Mr. Berte, has the controlling interest in every new enterprise, and it is asserted that no one can secure a concession or do business without giving him a share. A man from El Paso who claims to have discovered a gold mine, says he found the whole property recorded in the name of Barrios, and to avoid being cast into prison for protesting he left the country.

PROTECTION COMING
NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—A special dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Apprehensive of possible danger to American interests in Champelec, Guatemala, as a result of the revolution existing in that country, the navy department telegraphed instructions this afternoon to the commanding officer of the Alert, directing him to proceed to that port after touching at Ocos, in northwestern Guatemala.

The Alert is now at Acapulco, and is expected to leave for Ocos, 400 miles distant. She will arrive at that point by Saturday at the latest and after remaining there a short time will go to Champerico, 100 miles away, when she will cruise between these two points, looking out for American interests.

THE CONFERENCE

COMMITTEES APPOINTED YESTERDAY MORNING

Routine Business in the Afternoon. Woman's Missionary Society Anniversary at Night

There were three sessions of the Methodist conference yesterday, all at Simpson tabernacle, and each largely attended. The morning session was opened at half past eight by Bishop Newman, who administered the sacrament. The rest of the session was given over to routine business. At the afternoon session reports were read, and an address outlining mission work was delivered by W. T. Smith.

In the evening the anniversary of the Woman's Home Missionary society was celebrated with organ voluntary and songs and an address, "The Deaconess," by Miss Winifred Spaulding. The consecration of the deaconesses, which was announced for last night, will take place Sunday afternoon.

At the roll call 100 members and seven probationers responded. The conference rose and stood during the roll call of twenty-six members who have passed beyond.

H. J. Christ was re-elected Secretary by acclamation. E. J. Inwood was appointed as his assistant. J. M. Rich was re-elected Statistical Secretary. N. J. Burton, H. W. Waltz, W. H. Miller, J. M. Hulse and G. L. Cole were named as his assistants. W. L. Miller and C. J. Miller were appointed doorknockers. The regular hour of meeting was fixed at 8:30 a. m.

The Bar of Conference was fixed at the

Southbound Passengers

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The following passengers left on the steamer Santa Rosa:

For Redondo—Rev. Copeland, Mrs. Kennedy, Rev. Hoag and wife, Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Arnold, Mrs. Phelps, E. Page and wife, B. Sloan and wife, C. Benson, M. Heilig and wife, K. Ham, D. Chapman, Mrs. Fisher, Miss Malax, M. Burke, Mrs. Kinley, G. Gore and wife, Mrs. Jacobs, Mrs. Bernham, Mrs. Norris, Miss McKenzie, O. Zalchou, F. Fox and wife, C. Armer.

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A Strange Suit

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 29.—A number of residents and property owners applied for a receiver for the town of Lookout Mountain in the Chancery Court today, charging insolvency and mismanagement on the part of the officials. No election for town officers has been held for eight years.

Army Orders

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Army orders: Second Lieutenant E. F. Koehler has been transferred from the Eleventh infantry to Company K, Ninth infantry, and Second Lieutenant R. E. Longan from the Ninth infantry to Company G, Eleventh infantry.

A Family Quarrel

BOULDER, Colo., Sept. 29.—W. H. Irwin, owner of the Blecker silver mine, shot and dangerously wounded his wife last night and then committed suicide, shooting himself through the heart. The couple had been living apart.

PERUVIAN FINANCES
LIMA, Peru, Sept. 29.—The Chamber of Deputies is debating the question of the adoption of the gold standard, as a result of the demands of the commercial interests and it is believed it will be adopted.

Dr. Bragg Dead
PHOENIX, Ariz., Sept. 29.—Dr. P. S. Bragg, a prominent capitalist of Mesa City, died at that place this morning after a short illness. He was 64 years of age.

Undelivered Telegrams

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Francisco Axillanes and Mrs. H. Bellman.

AT THE THEATERS

LOS ANGELES.—The sale of seats for the engagement of W. H. Crane opens this morning. Mr. Crane and his talented company open the season on Wednesday next in the new and successful comedy, "A Virginia Courtship," which will be repeated Thursday night and at the Saturday matinee. "A Fool of Fortune" will be given Friday and Saturday nights.

circle included within the gallery pillars. Last year's rules of order were readopted. The following standing committees were appointed for 1897: Benevolence—A. H. Gunnell, A. B. Morrison, A. A. Holden and J. H. Henry. Education—E. A. Healy, L. M. Hartley, F. M. Larkin, B. C. Cory, D. H. Gillan, William Pittenger, W. A. Knighton, E. S. Chase, T. E. Robinson, C. A. Westenberg and A. C. Williams. Conference—J. C. Gowan, S. Sprowles, John Pittenger, J. C. Elliott, T. S. Wren and N. J. Burton. Missions—The Presiding Elders. Admission to Conference—L. L. Spencer, G. W. White, C. A. Westenberg, W. Pittenger and J. B. Holliday. Publishing Interests—J. M. Richmond, S. A. Thompson, D. H. Gillam, C. H. Lawrence, J. A. McMillan and Isaac Jewell. State of the Church—A. W. Bunker, C. C. McLean, E. Hoskyn, J. Nicholson and S. A. Thompson. Publishing Minutes—H. G. Christ and E. J. Inwood. Temperance—F. D. Ashleigh, C. W. F. Nelson, J. H. Avery, F. D. Mather and W. R. Goodwin. Sabbath Observance—A. M. Gibbons, I. G. Sigler, J. H. Henry, T. W. Lincoln, W. A. Swain and W. L. Miller. Bible Cause—R. C. Westenberg, Alfred Ramey, Alfred Inwood and C. J. Miller. Pastoral Address—Thomas Stalker, W. R. Goodwin, William Stevenson and F. M. Larkin. Memoirs—W. A. Wright, A. C. Williams, J. B. Holloway and E. O. McInler. Woman's Home Missionary society—B. C. Cory, N. J. Burton, H. W. Waltz, A. A. Graves and W. P. Wenk. Woman's Foreign Missionary society—G. L. Cole, E. L. Morrill, C. M. Ross, J. J. Hulse and S. G. Blanchard. Auditing P. E. Accounts—W. G. Cowan, A. N. Field and S. M. Chase. Epworth League—Robert Barton, W. H. Dupuy, Clark Crawford, C. H. Lawrence and A. A. Graves. The following visitors were introduced to the conference: Dr. C. M. Briggs and Dr. J. H. Hammond, the California Conference; F. H. Beck and I. G. Sprague, Maine Conference; E. W. Pasko, General Conference; J. P. Gilliland, South American missions; R. W. Bland, Rock River Conference; Mr. Baub and O. Wilke, German Conference; J. H. Stuntz, North Minnesota Conference; W. C. Dandy, Rock River Conference; Dr. Patten, South Kansas Conference; Mr. Waterson, General Conference; J. D. Regua, General Conference; F. H. Tubbs, North Minnesota Conference.

Dana's Serious Condition

The condition of Charles A. Dana showed no improvement yesterday. He surely does not gain, yet is making a stubborn resistance, characteristic of the man.

He is very weak, and his lack of appetite handicaps the physicians. The painful night attacks which have occurred several times lately have greatly alarmed his family. It is feared that in one of these he may die.

He has rallied somewhat from the attack of Monday night, and would have taken a short drive yesterday afternoon had the weather been more propitious.—New York Journal, September 22.

LIQUIDATION
.. SALE ..

Specials for Today's Trade

In presenting a few examples of Today's Liquidation Sale Specials we would suggest that intending purchasers should call early, as these are

Bargains that will go off with a Rush

3c	50 dozen White Embroidered Border Handkerchiefs, regular price \$1.00 a dozen;	3c
	On special sale at, each.....	
15c	30 pieces Veiling, with colored dots and plain, regular price from 25c to 50c;	15c
	On special sale at, yard.....	
4½c	25 pieces Outing Flannel, a good grade in medium and light colorings;	4½c
	On special sale at, yard.....	
60c	10 dozen Ladies' Outing Flannel Gowns, regular price \$1.00;	60c
	On special sale at, each.....	
\$1.25	15 doz. Ladies' Flannelette Wrappers, fleece lined and heavy, regular price \$2.00; on special sale at, each.....	\$1.25

Ribbons

One lot of All-Silk Colored Satin and Grosgrain Ribbons, Nos. 2, 7 and 9. On special sale at 1c, 2½c and 5c a yard.

J. O. Drient & Co.
203-207 NORTH SPRING ST.
NEAR TEMPLE

Alaska: Land of the Nugget...

WHY?

By J. N. Vail, Editor of The Annular World

A Critical Examination of Geological and Other Testimony Showing How and Why Gold Was Deposited in Polar Lands

Many cheap books have been published in the last few months on the Northern Gold Fields, but none of these present a single effort to account for the fact that such vast deposits of gold were formed in Alaska and other Northern lands. Here is a book that tells HOW and WHY this metal, and others, must be found in Polar lands, both NORTH and SOUTH. It is a book of 68 pages, written by a practical Geologist, a Californian—a book of new and startling propositions, which, if true, make it worth far more than all others of this class combined. People who go into the Arctic country to search for precious metals should first inform themselves as to nature's methods of depositing them.

COUPON

Cut out this Coupon and send to the Office of The Herald, with 50 cents, for a copy of Prof. Vail's Book.

Any Subscriber

May obtain this book at the same price by applying at the Business Office of THE HERALD,

222 W. Third St., Los Angeles