MEASURES OF WAR

PASSED BY THE PATRIOTS IN THE SENATE

YELLOW JACK IMMUNES A Short Session With No Important

MAY NOW MAKE APPLICATION AS RECRUITS

POSTOFFICE APPROPRIATION

Made in Accordance With Committee Recommendation-Inauguration Day Change-House Work

Associated Press Special Wire measures were passed by the senate today. One of them provided for carrying on the additional work in the adjutant general's office, the second authorized the enlistmen of a volunteer signal corps, two-thirds of the members of which must be expert electricians or telegraphers; the third was the so-called "immune bill" passed by the house, and the fourth was a measure sus-pending the existing law so that additional

hospital stewards can be appointed.

The postoffice appropriation bill, carrying appropriations which aggregate more htan \$99,000,000, was passed after a debate which has lasted for several days. A determined effort was made by Butler of North Carolina to cut off the sum appropriated for the fast mail service between New York and Washington, Atlanta and New Orleans and to provide for two committees to investigate postal affairs, but it was unsuccessful, all amendments except those offered by the committee on appropriations being voted down.

After an extended and interesting debate the resolution submitting to the legislatures of the various states an amendment changing the date of the beginning of the terms of the president, vice-president and members of congress from the 4th of March to the 4th of May was adopted.

Hale of Maine entered a motion to re-consider the vote by which the Senate yesterday passed the bill increasing the num ber of rear admirals from six to seven. is the opinion of the Committee on Naval Affairs that the President has ample authority to nominate Commodore Dewey as rear admiral without the bill passed yes-

terday. Mr. Carter favorably reported and secured the passage of a bill providing for the volunteer signal corps of the existing

Mr. Hawley secured the passage of the House bill providing for the enlistment of 10,000 immunes in the South.

The Postoffice Appropriation bill was then taken up and passed. Sewell of New Jersey reported from the committee on military affairs a bill providing for the increased volume of work in the office of the adjutant general of the adjutant general with rank of colonel and one with rank of major. The bill was passed. From the military affairs commit-Carter of Montana favorably reported

tion instructing the committee on foreign relations to forthwith investigate the cases of Harry K. Spring and Charles W. Nelson, citizens of the United States and residents of California, who are under arrest in the republic of Colombia, to in- found with the fuse partly burned. The quire whether they have been detained un-reasonably without trial and whether the allow anyone on the docks after dark diplomatic officers and agents of the without inspection, and sailors are not allowed to leave their boats when locking the court of the without inspection, and sailors are not allowed to leave their boats when locking the court of the without inspection, and sailors are not allowed to leave their boats when locking the court of or trial, and to report by resolution or

The resolution went over under the rules. A joint resolution proposing an amend-ment to the constitution of the United States substituting the last Thursday in April for the 4th of March as the inaugu-

was considered. The author of the resolution, Mr. Hoar, made a brief explanation of the necessity of making the change proposed. Mr. Hoar pointed out the fact that inauguration days under the present arrangement were too often characterized by disagreeable weather, the nature of the weather involving danger to the health and lives of those who participated in the exercises.

The more important reason for the adop-tion of the amendment was that the time between the date congress convened in December and the 4th of March, when congress expired by limitation every two years, was too short for the proper and decent consideration of the thirteen ap-propriation bills and other measures of importance which must necessarily be con-sidered during the short session of con-

nay vote-39 to 10-receiving the necessary thirds' vote.

Mr. Hawley secured the passage of a bill suspending certain provisions of law so that hospital stewards to a number ex-peeding one hundred may be appointed during the existing war. Mr. Hawley also moved that the senate non-concur in the house amendments to the bill providing assistance to the inhabitants of Cuba and arms and ammunition for the Cuban insur-gents. The motion was carried and Messrs.

On motion of Mr. Quay of Pennsylvania, the senate then, at 5 o'clock, went into executive session, and at 5:40 the senate ad-

In Executive Session

There was some discussion by the senate in executive session today because none of the nominations for staff officers of the army sent in by the president yesterday were from the south. Senator Money raised the question when the reference of the nominations was made, and he and Senators Bate. Hacon and Lindsay all comthe nominations was made, and he and Senators Bate, Bacon and Lindsay all commented upon the fact. Replies were made by Senators Hoar, Carter and Wilson. The last two stated that the far western section of the country also had failed to reselve any recognition at the hands of the president in the matter of staff appoint-

Senator Hoar said there were still many other nominations to be made, and while the thirteenth ste he made no claim to be in the least the Hotel. He is suppresident's mouthpiece, he believed he ing in his sleep,

would make an equitable geographical distribution of the officers.

All the nominations of staff officers were referred to the military committee.

Confirmations Postmaster-Oregon, A. B. Crossman

Charles A. Allen of Massachusetts to be assistant secretary of the navy.

IN THE HOUSE

Business WASHINGTON, May 10.-Today's ses on of the House began with the consideration of legislation affecting the District of Columbia. Mr. Hicks of Pennsylvania called up a bill appointing three commis sioners to propose necessary revision of the statutes relating to patents, trade and

other marks and trade and commercia names. The commissioners are to be named by the President and are to report to Congress such proposed revisions as may appear necessary to make the laws conform to recent international agree-ments. The bill was passed without de-

The House adjourned at 12:50 o'clock.

IN COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, May 10.-Four war The Consideration of Annexation Is

Postponed for a While WASHINGTON, May 10. - The house committee on foreign affairs met today to nsider the Hawaiian annexation resolution, but finally deferred the vote until next Thursday. The delay was due to the request of the minority. The committee stands 11 to 14 in favor of annexation.

There was but little done by the commit tee outside of the examination of Lieut.-Gen. Schofield, U. S. A. (retired) and Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N. (retired) ooth of whom warmly advocated annexa tion. Ex-Minister Lorin A. Thurston of Hawaii was also present.

Gen. Schofield was asked as the cost of fortifying the islands, and said he believed \$500,000 would be all that was necessary for adequate fortifications.

Admiral Walker concurred in the views expressed by Gen. Schofield. He said that government to go to the Philippines would not stop there as Hawaii was neutral, and that Hawaiian neutrality would be extremely injurious to the United States. Gen. Schofield said that if the expedition

of troops now being fitted out for the occu pation of the Philippines should have to go straight through, without stopping to recoal at Honolulu, which is about onethird the distance, the amount of extra coa taken from the United States that would have to be carried would displace, approximately, one-third of the cargo. The expla-nation of the strategic and economic inportance of Hawaii to this country occu-pled almost the entire time of the session

The Cabinet Meeting

WASHINGTON, May 10.-The Cabine meeting today was shorter than usual, and the business transacted was not of an

important character.
Published reports that the President is considering the appointment of a Military Governor of the Philippines when our forces shall have taken possession are denied by members of the Cabinet. The question of the government of the islands is regarded as a serious one, and no action

SPANISH SPIES

Attempting to Disable the Locks at "The Soo"

and secured the passage of a bill providing
for a volunteer signal corps. The measure
authorizes the president to organize a volunteer signal corps for the existing war.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., May 10.—
Five sticks of dynamite, with fuse and
caps, have been found about 500 feet from
the locks. It is thought the government White of California introduced a resolu- has information through its secret service

Later, another stick of dynamite was

Two suspected Spanish spies have been in town several days and are being watched by the police.

An Indian Scare

DENVER, May 10.-A special to the News April for the 4th of March as the inauguration day of president and vice-president and the beginning of terms of members of congress, senators and representatives, Papagoes and Yaquis, had banded together and were moving in the direction of No-gales. The Citizens' Home guard and Company G of the Arizona militia were imme diately notified. The streets were patrolled all night and guards were station-ed on the surrounding hill tops to give warning of the approach of the Indians No disturbance occurred during the night but a sharp outlook will be kept today and tonight. Another company of the home guards will patrol the streets to prevent a surprise similar to the Yaqui outbreak which occurred a few nights ago.

Roosevelt's Regiment

SAN ANTONIO, 'Tex., M av 10.-Fou hundred of the men who will compose Roosevelt's Regiment of Rough Rider gress.

The resolution was passed by a yea and nay yote—39 to 10—receiving the short session of conare now in San Antonio. They are mostly from Arizona and Oklahoma. The camp is located three miles from town. Officers nay yote—39 to 10—receiving the same of the second of the seco of the regiment expect to start Saturday for Tampa. The men here constitute the finest looking body of men ever assembled in San Antonio.

Government officers at Fort Sam Hous ton are buying horses for them, and so

far 100 have been secured. A Swiss Strike

LUGANO, Switzerland, May 10.-The workmen of Creva, near Luna, numbering several thousand, struck work today and Hawley, Carter and Cockrell were named a fight occurred with the customs officers.

The Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Melgen were driving through Luino when they found themselves between the rioters and the customs officers as the latter fired a volley. The duke and duchess were not hurt, but a dozen of the rioters fell. The

A Minnesota Fire

chased by this government from Brazil, and is now continuing her journey north.

The chief danger, outside of Porto Rico, which may be under the control of Admiral Sampson before the Oregon arrives, will be encountered by that ship near a treaty port of Spain at the Island of Trinidad. In this port there may or may not be Spanish war boats by the time the Oregon passes. If the Spanish fleet that recently sailed from the Cape Verde islands has traveled westwardly for the purpose of destroying the Oregon the American battleship is in grave danger. According to Rear Admiral Gherardi this is precisely what the Spanish navy department has ordered if it has good judgment. It is, says the admiral, what England, France or Germany would have done. There is no doubt that the Oregon, with her big guns, would do the Spaniards much damage, but it would be a matter of six to one, and it is difficult to imagine how the American ship could escape being captured or sent to the bottom. Spain has four heavy armored cruisers in her Cape Verde islands fleet and three torpedo boat destroyers. The Island of Trinidad belongs to the British, but Spain has a treaty port there and could safely harbor her vessels while waiting for the big ship. Another, though probably not so serious a langer, may be in store for the Oregon at Barbadoes island, near which four Spanish war ships are said to be waiting for the Yankee battleship. These ships could, however, be easily engaged by Admiral Sampson before the Oregon passes Trinidad. The officials of the navy department will not feel at ease until the Oregon is safe with Sampson's squadron. PINE CITY, Minn., May 10.—The business portion of Pine City has been burned. The flames for a time threatened the town with entire destruction, but were finally brought under control by the aid of the Hinckley Fire Department which had been telegraphed for. The loss is \$50,000.

Walked in His Sleep

CHICAGO, May 10.— Robert J. Russell, a commercial traveler from Omaha for the Cudahy Packing Company, was killed at 2 o'clock this morning by falling from the thirteenth story of the Great Northern Hotel. He is supposed to have been walking in his sleep.

ITALK OF INTERVENTION

The senate today confirmed these nom- IS MERE MOONSHINE IN THE OPINION OF DILKE

Is for the United States to Keep the Philippines and Govern Them Decently

ssociated Press Special Wire

NEW YORK, May 10 .- A dispatch to the World from London says: Sir Charles Dilke, when asked whether any question of international law or practice affected the United States' right to

"None whatever. The United States will hold the Philippines by right of conquest. No power or powers will have the slightest right to interfere."

"That idea of continental pressure I re-gard as moonshine. No power would at-tempt to interfere. Without English naval support, no power will venture upon any ac-tion in the matter."

"Do you consider that the United States should retain possession of the Philip-

"Certainly I do. The only alternative are some kind of autonomous republican government, which would need so much might as well hold the islands themselves them over to Japan; but that would excit the opposition of public sentiment in the United States, Japan being a pagan nation Another alternative is returning them to Spain. But that, too, would excite serious epposition in the United States and may be dismissed as out of the question."

Sir Henry Howarth, M. P., a leading au-

hority on foreign politics and internation al law, said:

"I have no hesitation in saving that th United States has a perfect right to keep the Philippines, and under the circum-stances it would be both wise and proper for the United States to keep them. There is not a consideration of international law States in its absolute discretion in the matter. There is no third party involved. The islands were discovered by Spain and he vereignty has never been in dispute. By the right of conquest, therefore, America's position is indisputable and all the mem bers of parliament who are authorities, whom I have spoken, agree that the United States should not give the Philippines up

An Italian Opinion

NEW YORK, May 10 .- A dispatch to the World from Rome says: Guindo Bacelli, the celebrated states-man and the coming premier, in an inter-

view says:
"America should keep the Philippines first, because, from the standpoint of in-ternational law, she has the right of conquest, and, secondly, from the standpoin

"The United States is the only power would become a bone of contention for the European powers, thereby pre-cipitating the Far Eastern conflict. If ceded to England it would be considere as destroying the equilibrium in the Far

THIS map shows the South American

coast along which the battleship Oregon must creep before it shall be safe under

the wing of the United States navy. The big battleship and the gunboat Marietta

ave just left Bahia, and have begun

their long journey northward. The dis-

tances along the coast are enormous. From New York to Rio Janeiro is 6204

miles. Rio is about 4700 miles from Havana and 3800 miles from Porto Rico.

The Oregon stopped at Bahia and picked up the war ship Nictheroy, recently purchased by this government from Brazil, and is now continuing her journey north.

coaling station in the Pacific. The present is America's heaven-sent opportunity." TRIED TRAPPING AGAIN Manila Prize Money

victory at Manila when they receive the thanks of Congress and the medals or-THE WISE AND PROPER THING

THE HUNTED TURNS HUNTER

THE HUNTED TURNS HUNTER

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> According to the reports from Manila the Spanish fleet destroyed by the Americans consisted of ten or eleven cruisers, gunboats and torpedo boats, with crews amounting in all to 1872 men. The amount to be divided among the American sailors will be \$187,200. The vessels of the United

States were, if anything, undermanned. The number will be under, rather than over, 1733.

The \$187,200 will be distributed to the fleet under the statute relating to prize

Admiral Dewey will get one-twentieth of the whole amount of the bounty award-France, for instance, bring pressure to bear on the United States to surrender them?"

"That idea of continuous for the whole amount of the bounty awarded to his command. That will give him passes for one the latter will be a feet captain, or what passes for one, the latter will have a share of something like \$1800. There will be left to be distributed to the vessels of the fleet, according to their pay rolls, about \$175,-

2000. This will go to seven ships and in about the following shares:
Olympia, \$45,000; Baltimore, \$40,000; Boston, \$25,000; Raleigh, \$22,000; Concord, \$20,-000; Petrel, \$12,000; McCulloch, \$9000.

To the commander of each single yessel there will go one-tenth of the amount as-

signed to that vessel.

After the amounts mentioned have been leducted the residue will be distributed to tion to their rates of pay on the day of the engagement. The amount to each sea-man, it is believed, will be in the neighbor-hood of \$50.

The Fate of Montijo

LONDON, May 10.-A special dispatch from Shanghai says it is reported there that Admiral Montijo, the commander of the Spanish fleet, who escaped from Cavite by running along the shore to Manila with his two sons, was killed by the populace of the latter place. It is added that the hospital of San Roque, filled with Spanish soldiers, was set on fire by shells from the Boston and that Sisters of Charity were killed while removing the wound

Massacres are reported to have occurred outside of Manila, the insurgents butchering even the Spanish women and children

A Treacherous Trick

HONG KONG, May 10, 10 a.m., Green wich.-A fresh example of Spanish treachery seems to have come to light. It is said here that the priests and sisters of charity of the Cavite hospital in a process bearing crosses, etc., petitioned Rear Adwounded, which, naturally, he did not do. thanked the Americans for their humanity narrow channel, which they explained was not mined. An investigation on the part of the Americans, however, revealed the contrary to be the case and the mines were blown up by the sailors of the American

Rear Admiral Dewey, it is said here, which can now have them, as they should not be re-ceded to Spain, which, being finds the insurgents growing dangerous. Without a fleet and without finances, the It is added that he cannot control them. nor can he enable the Spaniards to do so. There is one Japanese warship at Manila.

LONDON, May 10 .- The Standard's Viena dispatch says: The speech from the East. The powers, therefore, in their throne which the Emperor-King will read heart of hearts, hope that America will Wednesday afternoon from the Castle of keep them, as she is the only power capa- Buda Pesth, first to the Austrian delegation keep them, as she is the only power capable of guaranteeing their neutrality and is not suspected of designs of territorial aggrandizement. Besides a great nation with a destiny like America must have a fleet to protect her interests and shipping.

Buda Pesth, first to the Austrian delegation, will in the Hungarian delegation and then to the Hungarian delegation, will in the Hungarian delegation and then to the Hungarian delegation in the H A fleet requires coaling stations; apart from a proclamation of neutrality in the official the Philippines America can hope for no gazette.

GEORGETOWN

NEW YORK, May 10.—A dispatch to the Times from Washington says:
Rear Admiral Dewey and his men will not have been fully rewarded for their AND THE WINSLOW BITES AT

something like \$187,000 bounty money, actording to section 4635 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

Three Spanish Gunboats Fail to Secure the Game After It Had Been the Game After It Had Been Caught

ssociated Press Special Wire

NEW YORK, May 10 .- A dispatch to the World from Key West says:

The torpedo boat Winslow engaged three
Spanish gunboats off Cardenas Bay Sunday afternoon. She disabled one and came

Lieutenant Bernardo, Ensign Bagley and the men of the Winslow thought odds of three to one fair. It was a brilliant minor engagement. The Winslow and the gun-boat Machias were on the blockade off Carlenas yesterday. The harbor is thickly strewn with mines and torpedoes. In the entrance to the channel three small gun boats have been bottled up since the be ginning of the war. Occasionally they have stolen out toward sea, but never venturing beyond the inner harbor, running like rats

at the sight of the American ships.

Torpedo boats have tried to draw the enemy out by dodging inside as far as safety allowed. A few days ago a buoy was moored by Spaniards inside the entrance of the bay to mark the position for entrance for the gunboats. A signal station on the shore opposite was instructed to notify the gun-boats fiside when the torpedo boats were within the limit distance marked by the buoy.

The scheme was that the gunboats could run out, open fire at the one-mile range thus marked off for them and retreat without the chance of being cut off. The men of the Winslow eyed this buoy and guessed its

away to eastward for a jaunt and the Wins-low was left alone to maintain the blockade The Winslow steamed in nearly to the range buoy, when the gunboats slipped their cables and ran to their safety limit. The six pounders were trained at 2000 yards. In a few minutes shore signals to the Span-lards announced that the torpedo boat was three shells threw waterspouts around the Winslow. But the vessel was not struck. Instead of running away, she drove ahead ttacking the boats.

Lieutenant Bernardo no sooner saw the first white smoke puffing from the Spanish guns that he gave the word to go forward. One-pounders dropped shells in the middle of the flotilla.

On plunged the Winslow to within 1500 yards of the gunboats, while the row raised by the rapid-fire one-pounders was like a rattling tattoo. The Spanish were apparently staggered at this flerce onslaught single handed, and fired wildly.

The Winslow now swung around broad-side to, bringing her after-guns to bear, as the Spanish fleet scattered and lost forma-tion. The Winslow soon maneuvered so that she was peppering all three boats at once. The sea was very heavy and the torpedo boat rolled so wildly that it was im-possible to do good gun practice from her decks, but the rapidity of her fire and re-markable effectiveness under the circumtances demoralized all three of her oppoents, who, after the Winslow had fired about fifty shells, began gradually to work

back toward the shelter of the harbor. They were still hammering away with their six-pounders, but after the first fire passed over the Winslow and one exploded

went to her assistance. By this time the Spanish boats had retreated nearly into the position where they could not be followed because of mines. The Pinzon got the salute was acknowledged. Some of the section as section as the salute was acknowledged. Some of the section as sorts. During this episode the Machias had returned and when within the twomile range let fly two four-inch shells, which accelerated the Spanish fleet. The

of the Winslow, but mounting heavier

When the Three Friends came near as if the fleet was assembled in a marine

OCEAN

ATLANTIC

also a deep-laden Havana fishing schooner. The Bratzberg seemed high and light. Her decks were built high with cattle pens. She was trying to run the blockade and was summarily stopped by a shot across her bows. This is the steamer which was captured several days ago, from Mexican ports, bound for Havana, with a cargo of ive cattle. She was taken into Key Wes

captured in the morning, eight miles east of Morro by the Newport, which picked up

but released on condition that the cargo ould be taken to a neutral destination The Bratzberg sailed away with the Nor wegian flag flying, with promises of being good. She turned up again today with her cargo of cattle missing and headed for Havana. Her papers were not satisfactory

or was her conduct approved.

A prize crew from the Newport was put board and ordered to take the Bratz berg to Key West for further investigation. The schooner was taken in tow of the captured steamer.

A French Visitor

ON BOARD THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
DISPATCH BOAT KATE SPENCER, off
Havana, May 8, via Key West, May 10.—
(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.)
The French sloop of war Fuiton, a school ship, passed out of Havana harbor at about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon unmolested by the blockading fleet. The American warships lying outside closed in on her when she was espied in the offing, and the Mayflower, temporarily flying the Admiral

Fulton returned the salute. The May-flower signalled to the other ships, and they all hauled off and gave the Frenchman a wide berth. The Associated Press dispatch patient calminess, the dignified forebearboat ran alongside the Fulton within easy halling distance. Aboard the French boat McKinley during the trying time that inslow men yelled. The Pinzon stopped, evidently disabled, while one of her comrades among the refugees, but the majority were

under way slowly and imped homeward sailors swung their caps above their heads, with the help of a towline from her conand made no sign. The Fulton headed west southwest, probably bound for Vera Cruz, Mexico.

The officers of the blockading fleet are

flotilla managed to creep back into Cardenas harbor in safety.

This is the hottest contest of the war in ter Havana harbor, last Friday, as they Cuban waters up to date, although it was are convinced that she carried arms and munitions of war, but, as one of them re-The Spanish gunboats at Cardenas are marked, "Uncle Sam can afford to be generous, as no amount of contraband of war can help Spain now."

The courtesy asked by the French gov

When the Three Friends came near Havana at 11 o'clock Monday afternoon, a to land 150 passengers. A wigilant watch tangle of masts and murky smoke north of is being kept and when she leaves Havana Morro castle, for about ten miles, looked she will be requested to show affirmatively that her cargo is unbroken. Failing, she may yet become a subject for the prize courts.

SMITH OF THE FIRST

The Ranking Colonel of the Volunteer

Army SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.-California claims the honor of precedence in responding to the call of the nation for volunteers, and it is probable that Col. James Smith of the First Regiment of California smith of the First Regiment of California will be the ranking Colonel of the volunteer army of the United States. A recruiting office will be opened at army headquarters this morning for the enlistment of 800 men for the Third United States Artillery. Some of these will probably go to the Philippines, while others will remain here to man the defenses of this harbor.

Cinicia Secrecy

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Postmasters General Emory Smith today issued the following order:

All officers and employes of the Post-office Department are hereby forbidden to furnish information pertaining to or is any way bearing on the war to newspapers or persons not connected with the War Department on the war to newspapers.

Spanish Pirates

LONDON, May 10 .- The Chamber of Commerce of some of the most important Spanish ports, says a special dispatch from Madrid, have decided to provide and fit out several auxiliary cruisers of from 3000 to 4000 tons and having a speed of 18 to 20 knots to watch the Spanish coast. venture out to sea and run a blockade if

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—The Call says: C. Elwood Brown, a well-known capitalist and mining man, has been sued for breach of promise of marriage by Mrs. Alta Humphrey, a Chicago widow, Wrs. Alta Humphrey, a Chicago widow, England looks upon with the greatest pleasure,"

Cables Repaired

NEW YORK, May 10.—The Central and South American Telegraph Company announces that cable communication with Buenos Ayres and Uruguay, via Galveston, is not interrupted. All the via Galyeston lines are working as usual.

Sewell's Assignment WASHINGTON, May 10.—Major Ge Sewell has been assigned to comman concentration camp near Falls Charles and Uruguay, via Galveston, is taken as an indication that years are working as usual.

Coults Dry Gords Con

New Parasols Removal Reductions

We have some very remarkable and interesting news concerning Parasols this morning.

Plain Silk Sunshades, Carriage Parasols and the dainty creations in fancy silks and chiffons appeal with great beauty to your taste and with Removal Reduced Prices to your purse.

Certain large lots of Parasols purchased before we decided to move have just arrived. Instead of being marked at regular prices we shall offer them at greatly reduced figures. A variety heretofore unequaled in Los Angeles. All qualities and prices.

> The McCall Patterns sell at 10 and 15c. June Fashion Sheets and Patterns now in.

COULTER DRY GOODS CO.

Corner Spring and Second Streets

convention. It proved to be the Norwegian merchantman Bratzberg, surrounded by the gunboats Newport, Mangrove and other smaller boats. The Bratzberg had been

TO PRAY FOR THE VICTORY OF AMERICAN ARMS

The Archbishops Will on Sunday Next Address a Patriotic Letter to Clergy and Laity

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The Archbishops of the Catholic Church in the United States have agreed upon a letter, addressed to the clergy and laity of the country. The letter bears on the war with Spain and will be read in all the churches on Sunday. It is indorsed by Mgr. Martinelli, the apostolic delegate, and is as follows:

"To the Clergy and Laity of the Catholic Church of the United States. Greet-ing:

Mayflower, temporarily flying the Admiral resort to arms was determined upon by the penant, passed close enough to her to exam- Executive of the nation with the advice of ne her with marine glasses.

The Mayflower dipped her flag and the tation with his Cabinet officers, but not highest decrees and the supreme authority

"We are not now engaged in a war of section against section, or of State against State, but we are united as one against State, but we are united as one man against a foreign enemy and a common foe. If, as we are taught by our holy church, love of country is next to love of God, a duty imposed upon all by all laws, human and divine, then it is our duty to labor and to pray for the temporal and spiritual well being of the brave soldiers who are battling for our beloved country. Let us faithfully beg the God of battles to crown their arms on land and sea with victory and triumph and to stay unnecessary effusion of blood, and speedily to restore peace to our beloved land and peo-

the receipt of this circular and until the close of this war every priest shall, in his daily mass, pray for the restoration of peace by glorious victory for our flag. We also direct that prayers for the brave soldiers and sailors that fall in battle be said every day after mass. These prayers shall be allowed with the people and shall be "Our Father" and one "Hail Mary" and the "De Profundis."

"We pray that God may bless and pre-serve our country in this great crisis and speedily bring victory, honor and peace to all our people."

Official Secrecy

partment or to any publication, unless authorized to do so.

This order is made for the purpose of preventing postmasters from giving information on suspicious letters passing through their offices. Such information, it

is thought, may in some instances be in-correct and in others prejudicial to the in-terests of the government.

The British Visitor MONTEREY, Cal., May 10.—Captain Adair, of the British warship Imperieus, which has touched here for supplies, on