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AMARILLO DAILY NEWS

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ANNOUNCEMENT OF SECOND DRAFT DATE IS EXPECTED SOON

NEARLY A MILLION MEN WILL BE SUMMONED TO FILL UNITS

NO ADDITIONAL DIVISIONS

Probable Change in Method of Allotting Quotas Causes Delay in Making Announcement.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—While a large number of men will be called during the present year to fill up the large army and complete its organization, it was learned tonight that war department plans did not call for the creation of any additional divisions in 1918. The announcement concerning the second draft, expected soon from Provost Marshal General Crowder, may outline the manner in which less than 1,000,000 men—probably not much in excess of 800,000—are to be summoned gradually during the year to complete the existing organizations.

Delay in the announcement as to the next draft is understood to be due to uncertainty as to which method of allotting quotas to the states is to be followed. The senate already has passed, and the house committee has favorably reported an amendment to base the quota on the number of men in class One instead of upon the total registration of the state. This change is regarded as certain to be made, but to avoid further delay schedules of allotments under both systems have been prepared at Provost Marshal General Crowder's office, ready to go out as soon as final action is taken.

As to the date of the second draft, members of congress from agricultural sections have been virtually assured that no withdrawal of men from civil life was contemplated which would embarrass harvesting. It has been indicated, however, that a relatively small number of men may be called prior to June 1, and that process may start in April, when equipment clothing and quarters will be available. The men are needed to fill up to full strength divisions slated for early departure to Europe and also field army and corps troops not attached to divisions. The replacement detachments also must go forward at an accelerating rate, since American troops are actually holding a sector of the French front and men are being killed or wounded every day.

The completion of the full program of the war department will not preclude any additional divisions probably will always be the establishment of 600,000 men. The extent to which it has been necessary to increase artillery quotas throughout the army and to add special units of all sorts has surprised every officer and accounts for the existing shortages to a large extent.

The number of replacements found necessary is worked out in a similar way based on experience at the front. A fixed percentage for each arm of the service is established. Among the non-combatant arms this is very small, but it is quite high among front line troops. While official figures are not available, it is estimated that monthly more than 200,000 men will be necessary for the 1918 program, making 800,000 necessary to call out during the year.

The last movement of the second draft now in the process of mobilization, totalling about 700,000 men, is being sent to fill regular and national guard divisions about to leave for overseas, although an additional source of supply for highly specialized technical units is being used exclusively. This is by special drafts of practically qualified men of the ranks necessary. Orders were issued today to local boards calling for 473 artisans of various sorts for non-combatant units.

Even with all of the first draft men mobilized, there are considerable deficiencies among the National Army and some of the National Guard division. The first purpose of the second draft will be to take up this shortage.

Martial Law Rescinded.

By Associated Press.

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 6. Martial law in Brazil has been rescinded by the government. It has been in effect since November.

SCORE WINNERS IN BOWLING TOURNAMENT

By Associated Press.

CINCINNATI, March 6. C. Styles of Detroit topped the high scorers in the individual event and is bowling 702 went into the lead in the individual standing at the American Bowling Congress today.

G. Leonard of Detroit, Styles' partner in the doubles, also bowled well in his singles, going into sixth place with 672. In their doubles matches, however, Leonard and Styles fell far below the average, finishing their games with 1,077.

WAR FINANCE BILL COMPROMISED AND LIKELY PASS TODAY

AGREEMENT REACHED IN SENATE ON SECURITY ISSUE CONTROL PROVISION.

LICENSING IS VOLUNTARY

Some Objection Made to McAdoo's Interference and Enormous Powers Conferred by the Measure.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Bowing to rising opposition in the senate, administration leaders today compromised the dispute over the security issue control provision of the war finance corporation and a tacit agreement was reached for passage of the measure tomorrow.

Voluntary instead of compulsory licensing of security issues of $100,000 or more was accepted after another day of spirited debate and of negotiations between Secretary McAdoo and leaders of both factions. The compulsory licensing plan was stricken from the bill by a viva voce vote, together with provisions for fine and imprisonment of persons violating orders of the capital issues committee, as established to censor security issues.

The compromise substitute, drafted by Senator Reed of Missouri, Democrat, and offered by Senator Swanson of Virginia, Democrat, after Secretary McAdoo had given his approval, retains the plan for examination of security issues by a capital issues committee, which is given official and legal status, but with power limited to recommending whether such issues are compatible with interests of the war. Chairman Simmons of the finance committee explained that in effect the new provision would retain the present voluntary committee plan, and with the influence of the treasury department, stock exchanges and banks supporting it would prevent flotation of securities which the committee disapproves.

For the clause penalizing violation of the capital issues committee's order or regulations, a substitute was adopted providing penalties of $1,000 fine and one year's imprisonment for violation of the law, extending the committee's rules.

With these compromises attained after much heated debate, only comparatively minor amendments remained to be disposed of and the bill's passage tomorrow was regarded as assured.

Republican leader Gallinger and senators Harding of Ohio and McCumber of North Dakota Republican, asserted that they turned in reference of Secretary McAdoo with function of congress in legislating. Senator Harding deploring grants of "autocracy powers," and declaring the country was "sick mad." declared he would not vote to give Mr. McAdoo any more authority.

Opposing the conference bill the committee licensing plan, Senator Underwood of Alabama Democrat, declared enormous powers were proposed under the bill and that it would create the biggest financial trust the country has ever seen.

"I regret it is necessary to carry this government on by stuff from its second floor," he added. "This war has been on nearly a year now, but we haven't got the one or the little bit in France of the ships that we ought to have. I don't believe in fighting a war politically. There is only one way to win this war and that is to get everybody going for it with their men and money and for that reason I am going to vote for this bill."

"The United States has never allowed the flag ever raised to be dragged in the dust by the enemies of this war," said Senator Harding. "This appeal is to agricultural interests, labor and capital."

The senate without a record vote accepted an amendment by Senator Pomerene of Ohio, authorizing the finance corporation to advance money to building and loan associations.

An amendment offered by senator Calder of New York providing for the extension of aid to fire insurance companies, also tentatively accepted, but Senator Smith of Georgia asserted the right to demand a vote later.

The house ways and means committee is operating seven today completed its draft of the bill and expects to report tomorrow. The committee retained the original provision for compulsory licensing of security issues by raising the exemption to $250,000. Another amendment fixed the membership of the capital issues committee at seven instead of five and still another providing that the operations of the corporation should be confined to the United States and to American corporations.

Peace With Finland.

By Associated Press.

Berlin, Netherlands, March 6.—Baron von der Busche-Haddenhausen, foreign undersecretary for foreign affairs announced yesterday in the Diet committee of the Reichstag that Germany very shortly would sign a treaty of peace with Finland.

HARD PRESSED BY THE PACK

(Adopted from an Old Russian Story.)

AND THEY MAY YET THROW HER OVERBOARD!

TRENCHES HELD BY UNCLE SAM'S BOYS

IRREGULAR FRONTAGE CAUSES THE LENGTH TO BE NEARLY DOUBLED.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—American troops are holding something over eight miles of trenches on the battle front in France, it was learned today, although in an airline their frontage is only about four and a half miles. This frontage is liable to extension at any time to the regular trench allotment for an army corps.

Practicality of the trench lines is responsible for their eight miles of length. They are laid out so that flanking fire may be obtained along every part of the front. Strong points containing machine guns jut out for this purpose. The trenches also follow closely any protective slope of the country and ramble up and down hill.

The American sector is understood to be a divisional frontage, which means that at least three divisions of American troops are there to give the necessary support at death for the front lines. This fact has aroused speculation here as to who will be selected by General Pershing to command the first corps of his army. Major General Hunter Liggett is known to have asked for that capacity, but as yet the commander's recommendation has not reached any recommendation.

It is possible that the French system will be followed in the American army so far as the appointment of corps commanders goes. It is the custom in France to select one of the division commanders to a corps and in time of the French of the corps. He retains his rank as division commander, however, and in the case of the fighting army Gen would be a major general.

If the French practice is adopted, therefore, the grade of lieutenant general will be assigned only to field army commanders.

EIGHT-HOUR DAY IS WHITE PINE INDUSTRY

By Associated Press.

PORTLAND, Ore., March 6.—An eight-hour day with no lower pay and one-half for overtime was decided upon today by Colonel R. P. Disque, United States signal corps in charge of the government's aeroplane spruce production campaign, to be applied beginning March 10, to the white pine industry in Oregon.

TO PROHIBIT MAKING OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS

By Associated Press.

OMAHA, March 6.—A telegram from Representative Chas. H. Randall of California, saying he planned to introduce in congress an amendment to the food act prohibiting the manufacture of any alcoholic liquors, was read before the national prohibition convention today.

TEXAS HOUSE VOTE PROHIBITION BILL

ILLEGAL TO MANUFACTURE, SELL OR SHIP INTO STATE FOR PRIVATE USE.

By Associated Press.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 6.—The state of Texas took a step nearer statewide prohibition today, when the lower house of the legislature passed finally the stanniory prohibition bill prohibiting the sale or manufacture of spirituous or malt liquors containing intoxicants. All shipments into the state of liquors except for scientific, mechanical or sacramental purposes.

The bill now goes to the senate where favorable action is predicted by prohibition leaders. If acted upon favorably by the senate it will become effective in ninety days after adjournment of the present special session. So far as known Governor Hobby has not indicated whether he will veto the bill if it passes in the senate but prohibition leaders express the belief that he will allow it to become a law.

The house today considered in committee of the whole several amendments of a minor nature to the governor's vote bill and it now goes to the senate completely amended.

Neither of the governor's vetoes overcame the bill making it a penal offense to sell liquor to soldiers and sailors, was passed finally in the senate. It already has passed the house.

PLANS MADE FOR JAPAN ENTRANCE

CHINESE CABINET HAS DEFINITELY DECIDED UPON THE FULLEST CO-OPERATION

By Associated Press.

LONDON, March 6.—The Daily Mail today prints a despatch from Tien Tsin under Monday's date which quotes a telegram from Port Arthur as stating that the arrangements regarding Japan's intervention in Siberia have been made by the Allies.

The Tien Tsin message contains further reports of disordered conditions in the border areas. Fighting is said to be proceeding at Chita between Boriat Cossacks and Bolshevik forces, while numerous disturbing reports from the border provinces regarding the activities of German intriguers are being received in Peking.

The Chinese cabinet, the message says, definitely decided upon the fullest co-operation with Japan. A special delegate to Japan to discuss the consultations to solidify

Want Satisfaction Included.

By Associated Press.

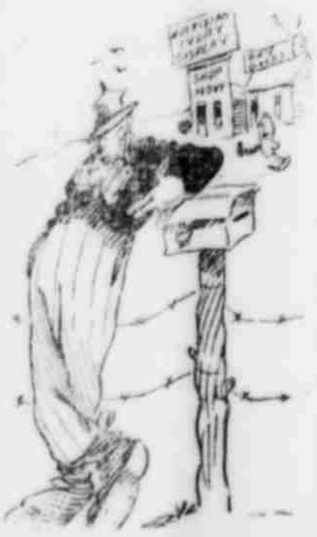
LINCOLN, March 6.—Nebraska prohibitionists will ask Governor Keith Neville to call a special session of the legislature to submit to the voters a constitutional prohibitory amendment, it was announced here today. The governor will not commit himself on the question, it was said, pending an announcement by J. E. Miller, Nebraska state prohibition chairman.

CAMP KEARNEY IS SOAKED BY RAIN

By Associated Press.

CAMP KEARNEY, San Diego, Cal., March 6.—A heavy rainfall was visited today by a small cloudburst which put a damper on "Liberty day" activities. The 76th infantry brigade, composed of Colorado and Arizona regiments, worked out a field battle problem early in the day, despite the

ABE MARTIN



A whole lot of people don't know the difference between optimism and high finance. If the item Davis apple is such a wonderful apple why don't we hear more about it in the corn belt?

PEACE FOR RUSSIA IS NOT CHEERING PROSPECT NOW

POSSIBLE THAT BOLSHEVIKI WILL NOT RATIFY BREST-LITOVSK COMPACT—EVACUATION OF PETROGRAD IN PROGRESS—RETREAT TO MOUNTAINS.

U. S. TROOPS IN EIGHT MILES TRENCHES

Teutons Have Already Received Demonstration of Their Business-like Methods—New Position Is in Lorraine—Germans Continue to Bring Reinforcements Behind Lines in Belgium and France.

Late reports from Russia indicate that the Bolsheviki government probably will not keep its engagement with the Germans to ratify next Tuesday the peace compact agreed upon at Brest-Litovsk. The evacuation of Petrograd by the Bolsheviki government and the populace already has begun, and Trotzky, the foreign minister, has announced that the leaders of the revolution are prepared to fall back even to the Ural mountains, which separate Great Russia from Siberia, and proclaim a holy war in order to circumvent the plans of the Germans to make the revolution unsuccessful.

It seems evident that the Germans have not yet ceased their operations against the Russians, for Krylenko, the Bolsheviki commander in chief, has sent a protest to the German commander asking whether all steps had been taken by him for a cessation of hostilities. A like message was despatched to the Austro-Hungarian commander. The reason for the latter communication, however, is not apparent, for the forces of the dual monarchy are known to be bent on clearing Little Russia of Bolsheviki in order to carry out the compact to aid the Ukrainians in establishing and administering their new formed republic.

Whether Japanese troops are to invade Siberia and put down the disorder there, and also make secure the great stores of all kinds that are in the harbor of Vladivostok apparently has not yet been determined. In Japan the political parties are not unanimously in favor of Japanese intervention, the leader of the majority party in the diet, for instance, having declared that he and his followers are opposed to the use of Japanese troops on the eastern part of the Russian empire unless conditions there grow worse and prove a menace to the status of the Far East.

Rumania evidently is on the point of effecting a separate peace with the Teutonic allies by accepting the hard demands which are to be exacted in return for a cessation of the hostilities that the little kingdom, which is now absolutely isolated from its allies. The preliminary peace treaty has been signed and the armistice extended so that discussion of a formal treaty may begin immediately among the chief demands of the enemy is the recognition of the Dobrudja, cultivation of the Hungarian Dniester border, economic advantages for the Central powers, and aid in the transport of troops of the quadruple alliance through Moldavia and Bessarabia to Odessa.

American troops also have taken over their position on the front in France and with their usual heroism our soldiers already have frustrated an attempt by the Germans to raid their trenches. The new position is in Lorraine in the Toulon sector, where more than eight miles of American lines are being held by Pershing's men. The position is one of the most important on the western front.

From Petrograd to the south for hundreds of miles are to be found various bands of Russian soldiers who are being held in check by the Bolsheviki forces. The British have established a line of defense against the onward rush of Bolshevism at Petrograd, Moscow and Kharkov, and there reside many of both sides are threatening.

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Although the Bolsheviki have declared that they have not given up the fight against the Germans, it is believed by the Allies that the Bolsheviki are now preparing to fight the Allies. The Bolsheviki are now preparing to fight the Allies. The Bolsheviki are now preparing to fight the Allies.

SEN. LA FOLLETTE NOW CONDEMNED

DEFENDER [illegible] MAKES CHARGE [illegible] TO FORCE ACTION.

By Associated Press.

MADISON, Wis., March 6.—The legislature of Wisconsin condemned senator Robert M. LaFollette today as disloyal to the national government when the assembly by a vote of 53 to 32, concurred in the senate amended resolution. The assembly had been deadlocked for a week over the proposition, and passage of the disloyalty resolution occurred at 11 o'clock this morning after an all-night session.

The principal speeches today were by Assemblyman Donnelly, Democrat, of Milwaukee, and Assemblyman Ekern.

The state of Wisconsin is on trial before the bar of public opinion," said Mr. Donnelly. "The people of this state and the people of the nation expect the legislature to condemn and repudiate those in high and representative places who have sought to obstruct our government in the successful prosecution of the war."

Senator Robert M. LaFollette by his actions and his conduct has brought the fair name of the state of Wisconsin into ill repute. The people of this nation will not be satisfied with any mere service lovalty. They expect to and demand of us that we be servile and pubservile those who hamper us in the right for democracy. This we must do—we can do no

The speeches were extended. The following is synopsis of those made by himself:

Editor charged [illegible] had been used in the city of Madison to further the anti-LaFollette propaganda. He stated that [illegible] in the anti-LaFollette propaganda who had been in financial straights had been advanced enough to take care of obligations of $20,- [illegible] by people who were interested in having the propaganda continued.

He [illegible] gave facts concerning doings in the city of Madison with reference to LaFollette, and concluded that the campaign against the senator had been manufactured by the profiteers and newspapers. He said that what was true of Madison was true of Wisconsin and was true of the United States.

Mr. Evans also denounced Roosevelt, and said that LaFollette had done only what things half as objectionable as had been uttered by the Colonel.

SINN FEINERS ACTIVE IN COUNTY MAYO.

By Associated Press.

LONDON, March 6.—Six hundred Sinn Fein volunteers have taken possession of the town of Kiltamagh, County Mayo, Ireland, according to a despatch from the Exchange Telegraph company. This action followed receipt of an order from the Sinn Fein leaders for a general mobilization.

Drilling is being carried out, and no one can enter or leave the town with ol Sinn Fein permits.

THE WEATHER

At 7 a. m.	22	At 7 p. m.	48
Maximum	52	Minimum	22
1917 Max.	58	1917 Min.	23

Forecast for Thursday: Fair and rising temperatures.

West Texas: Thursday generally fair, cooler in southwest portion; Friday generally fair, moderate temperature.