

THANKSGIVING DAY IS SET

The Annual Proclamation Arrives on Time.

THE KATAHDIN IS A FAILURE

Her Speed Still Further Reduced by the Final Calculations.

PROMISED TO EXTRADITE A. K. WARD

The Edmunds-Tucker Anti-Polygamy Act Is in Force in the District of Columbia—A Move to Extend the Civil Service.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The customary Thanksgiving proclamation was issued by the president today as follows:

A proclamation by the president of the United States: The constant goodness and forbearance of Almighty God which has been vouchsafed to the American people during the year which is just passed call for their sincere acknowledgment and devout gratitude. To that end that we therefore may with thankful hearts extol the loving care of our Heavenly Father, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the 28th day of November, as a day of thanksgiving and praise, to be kept and observed by all our people. On that day let us forget our usual occupations, and in our accustomed places of worship join in rendering thanks to the giver of every good and perfect gift for the bounteous returns that have rewarded our labors in the fields and in the busy markets of trade, for the peace and order that have prevailed throughout the land and for our protection from pestilence and dire calamity and for other blessings that have been showered upon us from an open hand. And with our thanksgiving let us humbly beseech the Lord to so incline the hearts of our people unto Him that He will not leave us nor forsake us as a nation, but will continue to us His mercy and protecting care, guiding us in the path of national progress and happiness, endowing us with rectitude and virtue and keeping alive within us patriotic love for the free institutions which have made us a nation, and our national heritage, and let us also on the day of thanksgiving especially remember the poor and needy and by deeds of charity, let us show the sincerity of our great love.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this, the 4th day of November, in the year of our Lord 1895, and in the 120th year of the independence of the United States.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the president: RICHARD OLNEY, Secretary of State. The final result of the Katahdin trial shows that the calculation made some further reduction in the speed, bringing the figures down to 16.11 knots instead of 17, as imperatively required by the contract. The Katahdin did wonderfully, however, in horse power development, making 2900 horse power, and the Secretary Herbert will take no action on the failure of the Katahdin to attain the required speed until the official report of the trial has been considered. It is likely that the secretary will delay disposing of the matter until congress meets, in order to give the Bath Iron works, the contractors for the vessel, an opportunity to secure a modification of the explicit language of the contract, that if the vessel fails to attain the required speed, the price shall be reduced, instead of allowing her acceptance, as is customary, at a reduced price proportionate to the falling off in speed.

As a result of a conference between the secretary of the interior and the civil service commissioners arrangements for being perfected to send to the president for his approval an amendment to the civil service rules, especially to the classified service for the post office and the general land office of the interior department.

There are about seventeen of the former, whose salaries range from \$2000 to \$2500 per annum. The salaries of the latter class are about \$2200 a year. Experienced attorneys are required for these positions.

Such clerks in the Indian bureau as are not now under protection of civil service rules will be included in the amendment.

The Edmunds-Tucker anti-polygamy act, as amended by the act of 1887, is in force in the District of Columbia, and persons guilty of adultery as defined therein are subject to its penalties for that offense. So the district court of appeals decided today in an opinion read by Chief Justice Alvey upon a case grown out of a controversy between the district officials against violators of the law. Two of the offenders appealed from the judgment of conviction in the criminal court, alleging that the law was not in force in the district. In the opinion the court says that the first five sections of the eighth section of the act are applicable to the district. These include all the vital ones which make an unmarried man living with a married woman guilty of adultery as well as she, and makes a husband or wife competent witnesses against the other to prove the fact of marriage.

At the request of Secretary Olney the government of Honduras has promised to extradite A. K. Ward, the alleged Memphis gambler, who was convicted in that country recently. The United States has no extradition treaty with Honduras and the favor extended in Ward's case emphasized all the more the friendly feeling of that government toward this country, through the fact that this government could not reciprocate if Honduras required an extradition of one of its criminals from America. It will be necessary for the state of Tennessee to send an officer to Honduras for Ward, as the federal government has no fund for that purpose to be used in state cases.

The comptroller of the currency has declared the first dividend of 15 per cent in favor of the creditors of the First National bank of Ocala, Fla.

The contract for constructing the approaches to the Charleston, S. C., public building was today awarded to the Stewart Contracting company of Columbia, S. C., at \$7075.

The president today appointed Claude N. Bennett of Atlanta, Ga., a special agent to make allotments of lands in severity to the Indians.

Under authority of an act of congress providing for the joint Canadian and United States commission to inquire into and report on the feasibility of establishing deep water ways between the great

lakes and the Atlantic ocean, the president today appointed James B. Angell of Michigan, John E. Russell of Massachusetts and Lyman G. Coley of Illinois as American commissioners.

Whisky Trust Cases Dismissed. Chicago, Nov. 4.—Deputations were taken by counsel for Nelson Morris and J. Greenhut, signed by counsel of the reorganization committee, dismissing all the suits against members of the old whisky trust, including those against Samuel Woolner, Greenhut and Morris for an alleged conspiracy in the price for certain distillery properties, which was put down on the books as having been paid. The order of Judge Showalter made some time today was changed so as to include the dismissal of this suit. This is the formal ending of the whisky trust fight, which was practically ended some time ago, and several rest any fears that may have been entertained that the peace patched up would not last until officially sanctioned by legal forms.

Another Octopus. Pittsburg, Nov. 4.—The H. C. Frick Coke company has purchased the entire plants, property and franchises of the W. J. Rainey Coke company, the third largest producer in the Connellsville region. The money consideration was about \$2,500,000. This purchase, together with the gigantic transaction of Saturday, by which the Frick company, in consideration of about \$3,850,000, came into possession of the McClure Coke company's property, leaves but one company of any size in the Connellsville region over which the Frick company has no control, that of Brown & Cochran.

BAD WHISKY DID IT.

A 14-Year-Old Boy, While Drunk, Killed

New Orleans, Nov. 4.—A remarkable occurrence is reported from Gretna, in Jefferson parish, just across the river from the southern part of this city. A 14-year-old boy named Joseph Hinyup found a quart bottle of whisky. He drank a quantity of the stuff and became much intoxicated. He went home, got his father's gun and went on the street. He met his brother, who is 19 years old, and told him he intended to shoot a boy named John Walters, whose parents resided on the next block. Young Hinyup's brother paid no attention to this and went away. Shortly afterward the intoxicated boy loaded a gun and went about the town looking for Walters, who was last seen at a house. Hinyup told Walters he intended to shoot him. When Walters attempted to run away young Hinyup fired upon him, inflicting a wound which Walters died from in a few minutes. The young murderer was jailed.

A BRAVE LAWYER.

Single Handed He Shot and Captured a Notorious Robber.

Ashland, Ore., Nov. 4.—The Ager Klamath Falls stage, which has been held up eight times in as many months, was stopped near Kenos yesterday morning by a lone highwayman, who presented a dummy revolver at the driver and commanded him to throw out the mail pouches and move on. After the stage had proceeded a short distance Newton Gordon, a Klamath county attorney, alighted and returned to the scene of the robbery. He found the bandit rifling the mail bags and opened fire on him. The second shot struck the highwayman on the arm and he was halted and captured. He proved to be Adolph Frick, a notorious robber, who was captured from Klamath Falls jail Friday last, where he was awaiting sentence for horse stealing.

EUGENE FIELD DEAD.

The Poet and Humorist Died Suddenly of Heart Disease.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Eugene Field, poet and humorist, died about 5 o'clock this morning of heart disease at his residence in Buena Park. Although he has been ill for the past few days his sunstroke was totally unexpected. The press club was held in a meeting today to take appropriate action on his death. Mr. Field's death was first discovered by his son, who occupied the room with Mr. Field. The young man heard a groan and putting out his hand discovered his father. The brief disposition preceding his demise had aroused little alarm. Until yesterday he had intended to leave for Kansas City. A widow and five children survive him.

Negroes Called Together.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 4.—Today a formal call for a state ratification meeting of negroes was made. The meeting is to be held the day after tomorrow. It is to endorse the action taken at a convention held here last September on matters pertaining to the welfare of the negro in North Carolina. They declare that some persons, fear negro organizations. They also declare they are republicans and do not intend to be led by populists, but will be with the republican party on the financial question and say: "We want no Tillmanism in ours."

They assert that they are not bound by the late state silver convention, which resolved that no man should vote who had been convicted of a crime. They also assert that he is for the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

Trouble in the A. P. A.

Columbus, O., Nov. 4.—There is a serious split in the state organization of the American Protective Association. It has resulted in the deposition of the state treasurer, Charles Wilkins, of Springfield. D. T. Ramsey of this city, a member of the state executive committee, says President Wilkins was deposed by a unanimous vote of the committee for his attempt to use the order in politics. He says it was found that Wilkins attended the republican state convention and offered the support of the order to the several candidates.

A Schooner Capsized.

New York, Nov. 4.—The three-masted schooner Martin C. Ebel has been capsized at sea. The fate of the crew of nine is unknown. The steamer City of Washington arrived here today from Tampico and reports having passed the Ebel yesterday in latitude 37.7, longitude 75. She was lying broadside on the water, with masts and rigging intact. The deck load was spread over the sea near by. The schooner had but recently capsized. She was bound to Philadelphia from Jacksonville.

Lynched for Stealing Clothes.

Beebe, Ark., Nov. 4.—Albert England was taken from officers at 2 o'clock yesterday morning and riddled with bullets near Vilonia, a town twenty miles west of this place. He had robbed a store at that place the first of last week and was captured at Wynne and delivered to the local authorities at Vilonia. He had stolen some clothing from the store and this was the only charge against him.

A Stage Held Up.

Kingwood, W. Va., Nov. 4.—Three heavily armed men held up a stage near this place last evening in true bandit style. The postoffice officers pursued the highwaymen into Pennsylvania, where all three were lost. They were thought to be part of the old Coley gang of outlaws.

ASSAULTED AND MURDERED

Mrs. Gaskill's Pretty 11-Year-Old Daughter.

THREE SUSPECTS ARRESTED

The Circumstantial Evidence Against George Morgan Is Very Strong.

SENT TO PRISON FOR SAFE KEEPING

He Was Drunk at the Time, But His Past Record Is Vile Enough in Itself to Warrant His Being Hung.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 4.—Ida Gaskill, the 11-year-old and pretty daughter of a poor widow living at 1814 1/2 Howard street, was criminally assaulted and murdered last evening in an old vacant tenement house in the rear of 1807 Howard street. The corpse was discovered at 1:45 this morning by a detective. After the finding Martin Booker, a coal hauler; George Morgan, a collar maker, and Ed Sanford, a machinist, were arrested on suspicion of having committed the crime, but the burden of suspicion rests upon Morgan, who was found with blood upon his clothing.

At 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon Miss Gaskill went to call Martin Booker to his supper. Booker boarded with the Gaskills. Mrs. Gaskill became anxious when the little one did not return during the evening and reported the matter to the police. When discovered the body was lying in a small closet in the vacant house with disarranged clothing, swollen throat and features and unmistakable evidence of having been the victim of a murderer's lust. Booker was immediately arrested and taken to the city jail. He disowned all knowledge of having seen the girl after 4:30 in the afternoon. On the first floor of the Gaskill cottage George Morgan and Edward Sanford were found asleep in adjoining rooms. The most startling discovery made were the bloody garments of Morgan. His trousers were smeared with blood, his lower shirt front was spotted and there were traces of blood on his left hand. Morgan claimed that he had been lashed to jail, where the former was stripped and furnished with clothing, while his own apparel will be held as evidence against him. When the body of the little girl was taken to the morgue it was found that she had been choked by choking. Deep scars made by finger nails were on either side of the throat. Morgan was placed in the sweat box this morning. He said he had been drinking Sunday and asserted that he saw the girl yesterday afternoon, and then only for a moment, when she asked him to tell Booker to come to the Gaskill house. He claims to have worked for a butcher last Sunday and to have carried from a delivery wagon a quarter of beef into the shop. Morgan admitted that he was an ex-convict, having served eighteen months in the Nebraska penitentiary for burglary and grand larceny. He also admitted that he had been arrested and held in jail for a year for an attempted criminal assault upon a little girl named Noyes at Blair about four years ago. A complaint was sworn to, charging Morgan with murder. Upon being arraigned he pleaded not guilty. The preliminary examination was set for Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The police said they had no fear of a possible lynching, but were glad to have Morgan relieved from their charge and placed in the custody of the sheriff. Morgan was moved to the county jail this afternoon and later was taken to the state prison at Lincoln.

DETERMINED TO SPEAK.

Governor Matthews Will Deliver the Cuban Address in Philadelphia.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 4.—Governor and Mrs. Matthews leave today for Atlanta, called there by the sickness of their son. Governor Matthews announces that he has accepted the invitation to deliver his address favoring Cuban independence before the Cuban League association, Philadelphia, early next month, and therefore he will not speak on Cuban independence at Atlanta, Ga., December 17.

Fell Down an Elevator Shaft.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 4.—William D. Morange, an old and well known Albany politician, fell down the elevator shaft of the Argus building today and sustained injuries from which he died in half an hour. He opened the door leading to the freight elevator, which is in close proximity to a door leading to the stairway and is frequently taken for it, and stepped off before any one could stop him.

A Big Hosiery Mill.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 4.—The Golden Belt hosiery mills at Durham are being equipped and will be the largest in the south. Two hundred full automatic machines are being put in and 750 dozen pairs of fine cotton or silk hose will be the daily product. Julian S. Carr of Durham is president and principal owner and H. W. Bigelow, late of Pawtucket, R. I., is superintendent.

Quarriesmen Quit Work.

Middletown, Conn., Nov. 4.—This morning the employees at all the quarries in Portland were ordered on the schedule of seven hours a day at 14 cents an hour. They refused the terms and demanded the old rate of wages. The quarries were closed. Both sides are determined and a long lockout is feared. The quarriesmen are applying to the railroad for work.

A River Steamer Sunk.

Memphis, Nov. 4.—The steamer Joe Peters, in the Memphis and Vicksburg trade, sunk yesterday twenty miles below Memphis, near Robinsonville, Miss. 40 lives were lost. The vessel cost \$20,000, but was sold to Capt. A. L. Cummings for \$30,000. It was insured for \$60,000. The cargo was valued at \$3500.

Six Thousand Miners Resume Work.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 4.—The recent rains have broken the drought in this region. Six thousand miners, who have been idle for weeks, resumed work this morning. All collieries and stripping operations in the district are at work.

A Grocer Assaulted.

Winston, N. C., Nov. 4.—F. W. Eland, dealer in groceries, assaulted here today. His assets are placed at \$3500; liabilities quite heavy.

ADDRESS OF M. BOURGEOIS

Outlined the Policy of the New Ministry.

WAS CHEERED BY RADICALS

But the Center Remained Frigidly Silent Throughout the Address.

WILL PROVE THE RAILWAY SCANDALS

He Expressed a Belief That a Republican Majority Existed in the Chamber, Willing to Support the Government Other Foreign News.

Paris, Nov. 4.—At 3:15 o'clock this afternoon Premier Bourgeois began reading the declaration of the policy of the new ministry in the chamber of deputies. The radical deputies cheered the premier repeatedly, but the members of the center remained frigidly silent throughout the address. H. Bourgeois began by announcing that the cabinet would obey the wishes of the chamber in opening supplementary inquiry into the southern railway scandals no matter what might be the result, and would deposit on the table of the chamber a complete collection of documents in the case so as to enable parliament to pronounce political and moral judgment in the matter. The address was greeted with applause.

M. Bourgeois also said it was the intention of the government to introduce a bill prohibiting senators and members of the chamber of deputies from holding positions in the directorate of any companies having contracts with the state under the penalty of losing their seats. It was also proposed, he said, to modify the law concerning the accused persons, making their preliminary examinations public as far as possible.

Numerous crises and grave and tragic events, M. Bourgeois said, had retarded legislative reforms which various commissions have prepared long ago, and the nation now awaits the resolute effort necessary to obviate the existing deadlock. The essential question now was, first, to vote the budget upon the normal date.

With reference to the army he said the government would satisfy the desire of the army for a perfect organization and supervision of expenditures. He congratulated the troops in Madagascar upon their admirable march to Antanarivo and said that France had acquired alliances which re-established the universal equilibrium. The government, he said, would remain faithful to those alliances and pursue the pacific development of France's rights and interests. The government would support a bill for the imposition of a progressive probate tax and measures for reform in the laws regulating the sale and use of intoxicating drinks, providing that hygienic fluids shall not be taxed and to entirely correct the anti-democratic inequalities in the fiscal system by a general income tax. They would also defend bills relating to co-operative insurance, to organize a system of working men's pensions, and to prepare a definite settlement of the relations between church and state. The government, he said, did not intend to interfere with the economic regime, but would merely ask that measures be passed designed to defend the republic and to regulate internal speculations in gold mines.

M. Bourgeois expressed his belief that a republican majority existed in the chamber willing to support a government of republicans and republicanism. He demanded the confidence of the chamber for the government, not that it might live, but that it might act.

At the request of M. Bourgeois the chamber adjourned until Thursday. M. Bourgeois, minister of justice and worship, read the declaration of the ministry in the senate.

The Crisis Is Passed.

London, Nov. 4.—The officers in this city of the Ottoman bank have received assurances regarding the financial situation in the Turkish capital. The assurances say it is believed that the crisis is passed.

A Bank Reopens.

Montreal, Nov. 4.—The Banque Du Peuple, which suspended payment last July, reopened its doors this morning. The wicket of the paying teller was at once surrounded by a large crowd of depositors to draw the 25 per cent, which the directors had decided to pay. The Banque Du Peuple today made a demand of assignment on William Clendinning & Sons, stove founders and manufacturers, and the firm filed a caveat, an assignee of \$250,000 for his estate, \$50,000 cash and \$200,000 on time, but the directors declined to accept it.

Insurgents Defeated.

Santiago de Cuba, Nov. 4.—Colonel Tejedo's column last week surprised a camp at Salino and Yablitka farms. The rebels fled, leaving behind them three dead. The troops captured a quantity of effects belonging to the insurgents and destroyed the camp.

The Rebels Retreated.

Puerto Principe, Cuba, Nov. 4.—While taking a convoy to the Guayama and Socorro garrisons, a Spanish column, commanded by Gen. Serrano Altemira, was attacked by about 200 rebels at Loma del Salado, between Guayama and Socorro. The rebels fired two volleys at the troops, who at once responded. The rebels were treated, leaving five killed and eleven wounded. The government loss was three wounded, including an officer.

England Investigating the Law.

London, Nov. 4.—Ambassador Bayard still awaits a more definite reply to the memorandum of Secretary Olney, defining the United States' interpretation of the Monroe doctrine as applicable to the Venezuelan situation. In acknowledging receipt of the document Lord Salisbury informed Mr. Bayard that he desired to consult leading international lawyers on the points advanced. Those jurists, it is stated, have not yet made their report to Lord Salisbury.

Figaro Getting Uneasy.

Paris, Nov. 4.—The Figaro, in an article on the dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela, says: "The Venezuelan dispute is worth watching, owing to the close proximity of the British and American fleets. Prudence recommends that they should not be left too long together, for the intense hatred of the American towards the old country is appalling. The Petit Republicain says that the

money subscribed in France toward the purchase of the presents for the French troops in Madagascar did not reach them, but fell into the hands of speculators.

The Journal asserts that the food and other articles supplied by public generosity were not distributed to the troops, as intended, but were sold to them at exorbitant rates.

Spain Getting More Liberal.

Madrid, Nov. 4.—The Herald publishes a report of an interview with Gen. Martine Campos, in which he expressed himself as not disposed to agree to the independence of Cuba, but is of the opinion that the reforms adopted there should be applied in a much more liberal manner than hitherto.

An Anglo-American Combine.

London, Nov. 4.—In regard to the report that the United States and England intended to take joint action in Turkey looking to the protection of American and British missionaries, United States Ambassador Bayard said today that nothing had been done through the American embassy, but he was hopeful that something would be done upon the lines suggested, as the American schools in Turkey were the best educational institutions in that country. Anyhow, he said, joint action should be taken upon the grounds of humanity.

THE SMUGGLERS IN JAIL.

New Coal Deposits Discovered—A Light House in Danger.

St. Johns, N. F., Nov. 4.—The revenue cutter Fiona, with the nine Burrin smugglers sentenced to imprisonment, arrived here today and the smugglers were placed in jail. The smugglers have raised a number of knotty legal points that will probably have the effect of causing a reversal of their convictions by the supreme court and of their escaping punishment altogether.

Harbor Grace Island, on which is situated one of the principal lighthouses of the colony party, founded on Saturday. It is said that the lighthouse will collapse in the next northeast gale.

Statistics of surprising importance are presented in connection with the newly discovered coal deposits. They cover a total area of twelve by six miles and consist of three distinct troughs, one of which is ten miles long and a mile wide. The deposits are within forty miles of the water and are quite accessible to shipping passage through the St. Lawrence. It is said that the deposits will greatly improve the colony's future. It is estimated that the quantity of coal in this trough is nearly 12,000,000 tons, and the others are supposed to be equally rich. The find will do much to extricate the colony from its present embarrassments if it can be worked advantageously.

A Cotton Cargo Afire.

Liverpool, Nov. 4.—The British steamer Cuban, Captain Bertie, from New Orleans, October 17 for this port, arrived at her dock today with the cargo on fire. The fire was discovered Wednesday in the cotton stored under the awning on deck and since that time a stream has been constantly injected in her hold. The damaged part of her cargo will be discharged as quickly as possible.

Killed and Got Killed.

Simla, India, Nov. 4.—Advices have reached here to the effect that a messenger attached to the British agency at Cabul, the capital of Afghanistan, ran amuck and killed Mohammed Akram Khan, the agent of the British government, who was a colonel in the British Indian navy. He also wounded the agent's son and another person. Bystanders finally killed the messenger.

To Reorganize the Chinese Army.

Berlin, Nov. 4.—The Vossische Zeitung says that Col. Von Hannekin, the German officer who took a prominent part on the side of China in the Chinese-Japanese war, has arrived in this city on a special mission. He is, the paper says, empowered to arrange for the reorganization of the Chinese army on the Russian, French or German model.

The Turkish Side of It.

Constantinople, Nov. 4.—An official report that has been made to the porte states that twenty Armenians attacked the gendarmes at Siverek, in the province of Diarbekir, yesterday. In the fight that ensued several Armenians were killed. Afterwards the Armenians set fire to the bazaar.

Five More Christians Avenged.

London, Nov. 4.—A dispatch received in this city from Shanghai says that five of the leaders in the massacre of Christians at Kucheng were executed at Poo Chow today. It is calculated that 100 men who were implicated in the massacre escaped scot free.

The Portuguese Victorious.

Bombay, Nov. 4.—Advices received here from Goa, Portuguese India, show that the Portuguese expedition sent against the rebels has defeated them at Cudnem, killing twenty-five and wounding thirty. The Portuguese loss was trifling. It is likely that this defeat will put an end to the rebellion.

Spain Wants Torpedo Catchers.

Madrid, Nov. 4.—Government officials will start from Shanghai forthwith to arrange for the immediate building of two torpedo catchers of 400 tons each. They will have a speed of twenty-eight miles per hour.

Return of Invalid Soldiers.

Algiers, Nov. 4.—The transport steamer Cachar arrived here today, bringing a large number of invalid soldiers from Madagascar. Forty-five died on the voyage.

SOME OF THE SILVER RECOVERED.

The Police Captured Two Men and Thirteen of the Ingots.

London, Nov. 4.—The police of Mile End have seized a van laden with carpets and cushions, among which were thirteen complete ingots of silver and parts of two others, being a portion of thirty-one ingots valued at £4900, the property of the Midland Railway company, that were stolen from a van in Ossington street, St. Francis, on September 25 last. The occupants of the van seized today, Barrat and Gray were arrested. The latter is apparently of good social position. The driver of the van was allowed to escape. It is presumed that he was in league with the police in their efforts to recover the silver. Only seven of the ingots are now missing.

Alexander Sarti, an electric plater, who was in the employ of Elkington & Co., silvermiths, etc., and Henry Bailey were arrested some time ago in connection with the theft. The silver was in transit from the railway station when the man and boy in charge of the van were arrested. The transfer was being made left the vehicle and went into a restaurant to get breakfast. While they were inside the van was driven off. An hour later the van was found by the police, but the driver had disappeared. The silver was gone. Some of the ingots were traced to Sarti and Bailey and they were taken into custody.

THE EXPOSITION PAYING

It Lost Money for the First Time.

BUT WILL NOT DO SO AGAIN

Mr. Inman anticipates Wiped Out the Floating Debt.

THE WOMEN ARE STILL TALKING AWAY

Representatives of Many Foreign Governments Have Accepted the Invitation to Be Present on Diplomatic Day, November 16.

Atlanta, Nov. 4.—Samuel M. Inman, chairman of the exposition finance committee, goes down in his pocket for \$50,000 tomorrow, taking up the company's floating debt. When he announced his subscription to his associates today there was applause. The other directors have put up and the floating debt will be safely financed this week. The attendance is growing steadily and the receipts are more than paying expenses. For the first month the exposition did not get out even, but now it is getting square with the world, and by the end of the month the daily receipts will go away ahead of expenses.

Invitations have been sent to the representatives of all the foreign governments at Washington to visit the exposition November 16, diplomatic day. Acceptances have been received from the representatives of Mexico, Costa Rica, Venezuela, Brazil, the Argentine confederation and Chili. Secretary Olney is coming. There will be speeches by the visitors, special displays by the foreign exhibitors and dinners and receptions. A special rate has been made by the exposition for schools when pupils come in bodies of thirty or more and in charge of teachers.

Julia Ward Howe, president of the association for the advancement of woman, was one of the speakers at the congress of that body today. She spoke on "Racial Problems in Europe." Mrs. Mary R. Cady of Iowa read a paper on "The Ideal in the Advancement of Women." Dr. Nellie T. Mark of Baltimore discussed "Women in the Medical Profession." The paper was historical.

THE FIRE RECORD.

A Lumber Fire.

Alpena, Mich., Nov. 4.—Fire last night in the lumber piles along the docks destroyed 17,000,000 feet of lumber and the same number of laths, owned by W. L. and H. D. Churchhill, John Millen and Johnson & Collins. The burned lumber is fully insured.

Cotton Mills Damaged by Fire.

Norristown, Pa., Nov. 4.—The Wyoming Cotton mills of Dean and Mitchell were damaged by fire to the extent of \$60,000 today, fully covered by insurance. Two hundred hands are thrown out of employment. An overheated cylinder was the cause.

A Sanitarium Burned.

Tiffin, O., Nov. 4.—The Green Springs sanitarium, located twelve miles out of Tiffin, was burned by an incendiary yesterday morning. The sixty guests, many of whom were crippled and helpless invalids, were removed, who, with a number of expert fire bosses, rapidly constructed a stone wall, thus confining the flames to the single chamber in which it broke out. The fire was extinguished late this evening. The sanitarium is owned by H. J. Johnson of Cleveland, and will be rebuilt on an enlarged plan. Loss \$60,000; insurance \$10,000.

A Mine Disaster Averted.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 4.—A fire was discovered this morning in the Phenix colliery, near Durica, which for a time caused considerable excitement. A miner engaged in firing a shot broke into one of the old workings about 100 feet from the foot of the mine, and set off the gas. It was feared for a time that a serious explosion might take place and many of the miners and laborers were sent out. An alarm was sounded, and the Pittston fire department was called. A number of expert fire bosses, rapidly constructed a stone wall, thus confining the flames to the single chamber in which it broke out. The fire was extinguished late this evening. The colliery is owned by the Old Forge Coal and Mining company.

An Opera House Burned.

Decatur, Ill., Nov. 4.—At 7 o'clock tonight the Power's opera house was discovered to be on fire. Then the indications were that there was only a small blaze, but evidently there had been a long start before the fire was discovered. In two hours the opera house, erected five years ago at a cost of \$100,000, was totally destroyed. The flames found their way through into the basement of the Fisk furniture store, adjoining, and then into the store of the Lynn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet company. At 11 o'clock there seemed little prospect of saving anything in that block. The opera house block was occupied by Whitney's drug store, Keck & Weigand's cigar store, Durfee Implement house and the Mahone Abstract and Title company. The Milken block, a new steel fire proof building, is being completed just across the street. That building was looked upon to stop the progress of the fire, which at 11 o'clock is beyond the control of the local department. The loss at this time will reach in the neighborhood of \$300,000. Engines and supply of hose on a special train has arrived from Springfield. Bloomington has been asked for aid, but has not responded. With the aid from the Springfield fire there are hopes that the Lynn & Scruggs store may be in part saved. That firm carries an insurance of \$102,000. The opera house was insured for only \$25,000.

The A. R. U. Order a Strike.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 4.—A strike has been ordered by the