

## HAIG'S MEN SUCCEED IN TREMENDOUS TASK

McCourt Taken—Droqueant Defense Line Germans Doomed.

WIDENBURG PREPARES FOR ANOTHER RETREAT

That Japan is to Take a Hand at Sea Stirs All Europe.

NAVY TO PROTECT SHIPPING OF FRANCE

Germans Have Won Important Victory—Austrians Counter Attacking.

**THE WAR SUMMARY**  
The battle of the Marne is at its height in British eyes and the Droqueant-Queant appears doomed. The tremendous sacrifices made by the British have proved in vain and flames of burning towns behind their lines give color to reports that Field Marshal von Widenburg is contemplating another strategic retreat.

Additional reports from the Italian front emphasize the importance of the victory won by General Cadorna, but also bring word that the Austrians have reacted and apparently usual period of counter attacks follow the first successful assault on the Italian heights. The enormous difficulties of the terrain over which General Cadorna is moving render probable any sensational advance the prospects are for a repetition of the hammer and tongs fighting that has been going on in France.

**Russian Outlook.**  
Petrograd Premier Lvoff expresses high hopes that the coalition army will weather the storms which have convulsed the country, paralyzed the fighting forces and the sinister spectres of anarchy reaction. Generals Alexieff, Lvoff and Gurko have resumed commands.

**Japan in the Fight.**  
Probably the most important news of Europe is the announcement that Japan is going to take an active part in the great struggle. A Japanese force has arrived at Marseilles (Continued on Page Ten.)

**SPANISH CABINET AGAIN IN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION**

Sinking of Another Spanish Vessel Arouses the Dons.

Madrid, May 18 (via Paris).—An extraordinary meeting of the cabinet called yesterday evening on request of the news of the sinking of the Spanish steamer Patrio, of 3,500 tons, accounts stated that the crew was killed but that one was seriously injured. It is supposed that the cabinet decided to send another note to the most energetic character to many.

## TRUOUSERLESS MAN APPEARS IN JUDGE WHITTY'S COURT

Police Force is Called Upon for Donations, But the Officers Are Too Big and "Bill" Duggan Makes Sensational Walk.

When William DUGGAN appeared in court this morning without his trousers, the women witnesses and spectators were startled. Judge P. Whitty, using rare judgment, called Duggan's case first and hurried the trial of "September Morn" out of the room as fast as possible. Showing Duggan's dismissal on a charge of being drunk there was a great effort upon the part of the court to locate a pair of trousers. Mr. Gilbert, patrol driver, offered Duggan an extra pair of his overalls but the scheme wouldn't work. Duggan's pants are big enough to make a whole family of men Dug-

BRITISH COMMANDER IS WINNING SUCCESS



SIR DOUGLAS HAIG  
Latest photograph to arrive in this country of General Haig, commander of the British forces driving back the Germans in France.

## COAL COMPANIES ASK DAMAGES OF SEVEN RAILWAYS

Complain to Commerce Commission That Roads Failed to Furnish Cars.

Washington, May 18.—In one of the most far reaching complaints filed before the interstate commerce commission, four Utah coal companies today seek to recover approximately \$425,000 from seven railroads as damages alleged to have been sustained through the failure of the roads to supply them with an adequate number of coal cars for their operations.

The case sets a precedent. If decided in favor of the complainants it would open the way for the filing of innumerable similar complaints, not only by coal and other mining companies but by manufacturers and other shippers of virtually all commodities carried in interstate commerce for alleged losses running into many millions.

The complainants are the Cameron, Spring Valley and Standard Coal companies and the Independent Coal and Coke company of Salt Lake City. The Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, Los Angeles and Salt Lake, the Oregon Short Line, the Denver and Rio Grande and the western Pacific Railway companies and the Oregon-Washington Railroad and Navigation company are defendants.

## RESTAURATEUR ARRESTED FOOD POISONED GUARDS

Pittsburg, May 18.—Carl Miller, proprietor of the restaurant at Port Perry, Pennsylvania, from which was served the food which was eaten by soldiers of the Third Pennsylvania infantry just before the death of Lieutenant Corcoran and the illness of many of his men on Wednesday, was arrested this afternoon. The charge was not made public.

## NEW ISSUE OF \$200,000,000 IN TREASURY NOTES FOR URGENT NEEDS OF THE ALLIES

### RETROACTIVE TAX QUESTION BRINGS OUT BITTER TALK

Many Representatives Declare Such a Provision is Unfair.

REFLECTION LEVELED AGAINST TWO STATES

Cannon Delivers Hot Shot at Texas and Kansas on Income Tax Returns.

Washington, May 18.—Resuming debate on amendments to the war tax bill, the house today by a vote of 123 to 54 refused to strike out the section designed to levy a retroactive tax of one-third the amount of last year's income taxes. Representative Foss of Ohio attacked the section as dangerous because of the possibility of its setting a precedent for a wide range of retroactive taxes.

Representative Green of Iowa declared members seemed determined to tear down the bill without offering substitutes for sections they would strike out.

**Fail to Suggest Substitutes.**  
"If the gentlemen who propose striking out provisions of the bill would suggest substitutes for them the committee might receive the suggestions with more grace," he said.

Declaration by Representative Little of Kansas that the retroactive feature was fair, roused Representative Cannon of Illinois to assail Kansas generally.

"Maybe if I were from Kansas I could see plutocrats as the gentleman sees them," Mr. Cannon said. "The fact is, however, that Kansas, with a per capita wealth almost as great as that of Illinois, paid only about \$10,000 in income taxes last year, while the state of Illinois paid more than \$5,000,000."

Representative Hardy of Texas criticized Mr. Cannon for bringing a sectional issue into the debate and Mr. Cannon turned on Texas, quoting from statistics to show that only about 3,000 persons in that state paid income taxes.

## PREDICTS UPHEAVAL IN AMERICA IF RISING FOOD PRICES ARE UNCHECKED

Federal Official Declares Before House Agricultural Committee That "Phenomena in America Inconsistent With Law and Order Will Occur Unless Something is Done to Prevent it." Insists Government Should Fix Maximum Prices and Have Authority to Break Up Corners.

Washington, May 18.—Predictions of a social upheaval unless the rising prices of food are checked were made by George W. Anderson, United States attorney at Boston and special assistant to Attorney General Gregory in co-ordination of food investigations, today before the house agriculture committee, in connection with the administration food control bill. Mr. Anderson, with great emphasis, made this statement:

"Something must be done. That a social and political upheaval is threatened cannot be denied or disregarded. I see the signs of it. Any one with his ears to the ground knows it. There will be a phenomena in America inconsistent with law and order unless something is done to prevent it."

Mr. Anderson and Prof. Vernon Kellogg of Stanford university, a member of the Belgian relief commission, were among the witnesses before the committee. Mr. Kellogg told of the centralization and control of the milling interests in Belgium and northern France. Mr. Anderson advocated legislation to authorize the fixing of a maximum price for food. He said the government should be empowered to break up corners in food by authority to seize and market a portion of the products held by hoarders or unfair traders.

**Can't Get Information.**  
Mr. Anderson said he and his assistants had found it utterly impossible to learn what food supplies were held in storage in New York, Chicago and other cities until witnesses were brought before the grand jury. The delay gave opportunity of shifting stocks or otherwise destroying evidence of law violation. He urged congress to give the department of agriculture authority to ascertain what stocks are held in storage.

Chairman Lever explained that his bill, now the pending unfinished business of the house, provides such authority.

**Public Helpers.**  
Mr. Anderson added that the consuming public was helpless under the (Continued on Page Ten.)

### UNCLE SAM WILL FINANCE ALLIES FOR ONE BILLION BEFORE JULY 1

Six Hundred and Seventy Millions Already Have Been Loaned Them.

BANKS ARE URGED TO TAKE CERTIFICATES

McAdoo Urges Widest Possible Distribution of Liberty Loan Bonds.

Washington, May 18.—A third offering of treasury short-term certificates of indebtedness has been authorized. The new block of certificates would be issued up to \$200,000,000, mature July 30, and bear interest at the rate of 3 1/4 per cent, an increase of one-quarter of one per cent over the last issue.

Proceeds of the Liberty loan, the treasury department announced today, will be deposited in banks and trust companies, which have qualified as depositories, which forward subscriptions of at least \$100,000. Where possible other financial institutions forwarding a less amount of subscriptions will be treated similarly later. The government will receive 2 per cent interest.

The government's apparent intention to advance approximately \$1,000,000,000 to the allies before July 1, \$750,000,000 of which already has been paid, is reflected in a request of Secretary McAdoo to the banks to take as large amounts of treasury certificates as possible, "and at least equal to 50 per cent" of the payment they will have to make on subscriptions.

**McADOO URGES A WIDE DISTRIBUTION OF BONDS**

Chicago, May 18.—William G. McAdoo (Continued on Page Sixteen.)

### MONTANA GUARDS GO INTO AN ARMY CAMP ON JULY 25

Local Troops in the Same Unit With Those of Four Other Northwestern States.

CAMPS ANNOUNCED FOR THE ARMY TO BE DRAFTED

Montana Men Will Be Embodied in the Sixteenth Army Division.

Washington, May 18.—All national guard organizations will be called into federal service between July 15 and Aug. 5.

Governors have been authorized to recruit all organizations to war strength.

The dates of assembly in the western states follow:

July 15—Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota and Nebraska.

July 25—Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Washington and Oregon.

Aug. 5—Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, California and Nevada.

Arrangements formally incorporating the guard into the armies of the United States, terminating for the war period their status as militia or regular troops, are understood to be based upon the possibility of supplying full war equipment for the troops.

It is understood also that the 16 divisional cantonment camps for the guard will all be in the southeastern, southern and western departments.

Dates upon which various state units are to be moved to the big camps from state mobilization points will depend upon completion of the quarters and supply system at the cantonment camps.

The following states have been approved for five of the thirty-two divisional cantonment camps to be established:

Ayre, Massachusetts; El Paso, Tex.; American Lake, Wash.; Atlanta and Augusta, Ga.

**How it Will Work.**

The formal announcement of the war department fixing the date for exercise of the draft says that all national guard coast artillery companies will be drafted July 15.

"After being drafted," the statement continues, "organizations will be held at temporary rendezvous for about two weeks and will then be sent to concentration camps in the southern, southeastern and western departments."

"All national guard organizations both in and out of the federal service will be recruited at once to full war strength. The arms, equipment and clothing for recruits is not at present on hand but it is hoped all supplies will be available by the time the troops are sent to their concentration camps."

The order informs the adjutant general that all enlisted men of the national guard reserve as well as of the active forces will be drafted on the dates given.

**Calling Drafted Men.**

The division of the national guard and selective army which will be summoned about Sept. 1 will be located (Continued on Page Three.)

### SECRET PACT BETWEEN KAISER AND THE CZAR

A Moscow Paper Says it Was Broken Up by the Late Count Witte.

Paris, May 18.—A long account of a secret pact between the Kaiser and Emperor Nicholas and aimed against France is given in the last issue of the Moscow Ruskoye Slovo to reach Paris. According to the story the existence of the treaty was discovered by Count Witte in 1905, while the peace negotiations between Russia and Japan were proceeding at Portsmouth.

Count Witte, furious at the deception of the czar, informed the Kaiser that unless the pact was cancelled he would refuse to countersign the treaty of Portsmouth. As German bankers were interested in a loan to Russia this would have hit them hard and, the story goes, rather than have complications in his economic policy, the Kaiser yielded. Neither emperor, however, ever forgave Count Witte.

At the beginning of the war Count Witte communicated the facts to B. Glinka, editor of the Messenger Herald. He bound the editor to keep the information until he (Count Witte) was dead and circumstances warranted the revelation of "Nichols' inconceivable levity or treason—which ever you like."

## RUSSO-GERMAN TRUCE REPORT NOT CREDITED

AMERICANS WHO GO TO HELP NEW RUSSIA



Petrograd Today Officially Announces Completion of New Cabinet.

**PREMIER LVOFF TELLS OF RUSSIA'S TROUBLES**

He Says Anarchy and Counter Revolutions Have Probably Been Avoided.

**FIVE NEW SOCIALISTS TAKEN INTO CABINET**

Duma, in a Public Declaration, Says Russia Must Stand With Her Allies.

London, May 18.—According to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam, it is rumored at The Hague that a truce is about to be arranged between Russia and the central powers as a result of the political changes at Petrograd. The rumor is characterized as of German origin.

Petrograd, May 18 (via London).—The formation of a cabinet in which six socialists are included has been completed.

After the reception into the cabinet of five new socialist representatives of the council of deputies, Premier Lvoff received the representative of the associated press and authorized him to transmit to America an expression of the premier's confidence in the future. Premier Lvoff said:

"The most serious crisis in the modern history of Russia has been satisfactorily settled and conditions already show marked symptoms of improvement. It is my impression that the new coalition cabinet will receive the support of all reasonable Russian citizens. We have for the first time the prospect of a government which will combine business moral authority and material power."

**Commanded No Force.**

"Most of the difficulties of my first revolutionary cabinet arose from the fact that in all questions I and my colleagues were obliged to rely solely upon moral persuasion. There was no actual governmental power with material force, such as you have in America and in the other democratic countries of the world. After two months' experiment we discovered that moral (Continued on Page Ten.)

President Wilson has appointed these seven men to go to Russia and help put the new government on a firm commercial basis. They are: Top, Elihu Root, chairman; top to bottom, left, Charles R. Crane, former minister to China; Cyrus H. McCormick, wealthy manufacturer; Dr. John R. Mott, Y. M. C. A. leader; right, Charles Edward Russell, writer; James Duncan, vice president of the American Federation of Labor; S. R. Berton, New York banker.

**FIRST CONTINGENT OF RED CROSS ARRIVES**

Hospital Unit of 300 People Arrives in Europe From United States.

London, May 18.—The first of six fully organized and equipped hospital units which the American Red Cross is sending to France arrived in England yesterday. The unit comprised about 300 persons, including 20 army medical officers, 20 nurses and more than 200 other attaches.

This unit will be the first officially sanctioned by the United States government to carry the American flag to the battlefields of France since the United States entered the war. After a brief stay in England the unit will be sent to the continent, where it will take charge of a base hospital behind the British front. The hospital will have accommodations for 500 patients and be fully equipped by the British hospital service.

Sir Alfred Keogh, surgeon general of the British army, in making the foregoing announcement to the associated press today, said it had been decided to send from America six units comprising about 1,500 persons.

**14 MEN PICKED UP AT SEA BROUGHT TO NEW YORK**

New York, May 18.—The British steamship which picked up 14 men of the crew and naval gunners of the American steamship Rockingham after that vessel was torpedoed and sunk off the Irish coast on May 1 arrived here today with them. Two men were killed when the Rockingham was attacked.

The arrivals today—Third Officer Arthur McKenny and 13 naval gunners—said they were adrift in an open boat for 48 hours before being rescued at a point about 140 miles north of the spot where their ship sunk. They had ample provisions and water, they said, and suffered no hardships.

## FLOOD WATERS UNDERMINE APPROACH TO NEW BRIDGE

Interstate Span Over the Columbia on the Pacific Highway Threatened. Sacks of Sand Hurlled Into Stream to Save Structure.

Vancouver, Wash., May 18.—Rising flood waters of the Columbia river have undermined the sand approach of the new Interstate bridge on the Pacific Highway here to such an extent that a foundation erected on the

## ONLY THREE LARGE FRENCH SHIPS LOST

Four Escaped From U-Boats, Says the Paris Shipping Report of Week.

Paris, May 18.—Statistics for the week ending May 13 at midday show that 952 ships exceeding 100 tons entered French ports, while 511 vessels sailed. Three ships of more than 1,000 tons were sunk by submarines. Four French merchantmen were attacked, but escaped.

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