reap a harvest of coin. The Coupe Com-pany, which has a very extensive stock of vehicles, has arranged to rent all of

Thousands of persons crowded into the

city tonight to see the illuminations. The Mansion Bouse, the official residence of

the lord mayor, and the Bank of England presented an especially trilliant appear-

ance, being ablaze with colored lamps

letters "V. R." (Victoria Regina), while others represented the imperial crown

There was also a display of illuminated

mottoes.
At about 9 o'clock it began to rain, which

drove the sightseers to places of slielter

or to their homes. There was some hissing

and greaning at the omnibuses, the owners of which, owing to the heavy jubilee traf-

fic, have raised the fares, usually one penny, to sixpence and one shilling. There

vere, however, no serious disturbances. The rain continued throughout the night

Trial to Her.

wheeled her to her carriage, and two

ladies in waiting helped her to enter.

It is probable that the national merry

making will not be marred by the pub-

and in well informed circles, but knowl-

edge of it has not yet reached the masses.

SERIOUS SHOOTING AFFRAY.

James Bryan Probably Fatally

Wounded by His Brother Nate.

Samuel Seymour, a brother-in-law of the

Bryans, is locked up, together with the would-be murderer, at No. 8 station,

charged with being an accessory to the

been of long standing, and on several oc

casions previous they are said to have

The trouble between the colored men has

that he will not recover.

spoiled by the downpour.

ne of which were arranged to form the

them at \$75 a day each.

The circulation of The Times yes-terday was

41,300 COPIES. Daily average last week,

40,069 COPIES.

NO. 1,188.

WASHINGTON, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1897-TWENTY PAGES.

THREE CENTS.

DETAILS OF THE MUTINY

The Pizarro Regiment Objected to Paper Money.

KILLED THEIR COMMANDER

A Prisoner of War Shot-De Lome Cables to the Madrid Government to Prevent Weyler From Taking Steps Against the Life of Rivera.

Havann, via Key West, June 19 .- The report exclusively published in The Thues on June 5 that the soldiers of the Pizarro regiment had mutinled and killed their heutenant colonel was denied here by the press censor. The truth of the statement is now well known, and the following details are the talk of all Havana; The Beutenant colonel killed was C.

Arguelles, who was nearly seventy years old. A commission of one sergeant and two soldiers, together with the cashier of the regiment, called on the lieutenant colonel to tell him that the soldlers did not wish to nocept all their pay in paper "If you have received silver with which

to pay us," said the sergeant to the lieu-tenant colonel, "why do you give us all paper? If you pocket the difference we

are resolved not to tolerate it any more."

On bearing this Lieutenant Colonel Arguelies became very angry and threatened to shoot the sergen's mamediately if he did not withdraw his words. The sergeant at cause he had said only what he was instructed to say by the regiment. Then the lieutenant colonei tried to raise a pistol from his desk, but had no sergeant thrust his sabre into the officer's body, and when he fell to the floor, two soldiers ended his life. The cashier fiell, and the sergeant, running to the barracks, cried loudly, "Everybody to horse. The lieutenant colonel has been killed by us.'
About haif of the regiment mounted there

borses and took to the forest with the sergeant, where they joined the insurgents.
Guillermo Molina Gonzalez, a Cuban The grand military tattoo in the quadrangle after the royal dinner party was orisoner of war, captured about ago by the Spaniards, was shot this morning

at the Cabanas Fortres At Cagansal and Vinales, P par del Rio THE QUEEN DREADS THE ORDEAL province, the Spanish-Cuban battalion was defeated by the assugents under Vidul Jubilee Celebration Will Be a Heavy Ducase and compelled to retue with one lieutenant and twenty solders killed and London, Jone 19 .- The Queen continues wo lieutenants and seventeen soldiers in good general health, but greatly dreads

wounded. The lieutenants wounded are Manuel Guellesa and Manierto Sanchez, next week's series of orderis. She drove News from Madrid states that a conferthis afternoon from Windsor Castle to Frogmore for tea. Her Indian attendant ence has occurred between Canovas and the minister of war, Gen. Azcuraga, in which the general told the prime minister that in his opinion the military situation

was very grave in Cuba. The ministerial papers say that the interview had no such sportance Senor De Lome has cabled to his government to forbid Gen. Weyler to take any further steps against the life of Gen. Russ

THE PAY OF THE ARMY.

Castellanos Explains Why the Gov-

ernment Is in Arrears.

Madrid, June 19 .- Senor Castellano,

minister of the colonies, in an interview today regarding the statement that the government was six months in arrears on the pay of the army and the civil service in Cuba, explained that, when the Conservatives entered office, these pay-The truth is also widespread in the clubs ments were already three months in ar-rears, and so many demands subsequently sprung up that these old debts were not

He stated that it was untrue that only \$2,000,000 were sent to Cuba every month. Some months as much as \$7,000,000 were sent. Prime Minister Canovas del Castillo whe

James Bryan, colored, was shot and probably fatally wounded by his brother, Nathaniel Bryan, in the latter's house, was also interviewed, on the subject, con-fessed that since the beginning of the near Brightwood avenue and Pincy Branca war there had been a shower of dams on the government. The greatest number a quarrel over the possession of a keg of beer. The injured mun was brought to Freedman's Hospital, and it is thought of these had been from France, but none

A CURIOUS INTERVIEW.

Marquis Rabell Gives His Opinion as to American Designs.

Madrid, June 19.-The Heraldo publishes

a curious interview, cabled from Key Wes, with Marquis Rabell, leader of the government reform party in Cuba, who had just arrived from New York According to the dispatch, the marquis declared that Americans detest the in-

eral times Nate is said to have warned his surgents as much as they hate the Spanlards. What the Americans are aiming at is to foster a war, thus draining the vital forces of the island and procuring the exmoned and cared for the injured man until the arrival of the patrol wagon from No. haustion of Spain, after which, by appealing to humanity and the collective interests S station when he was conveyed to Freedof the powers, they believe it would be man's Hospital, where Dr. Warfield ateasy to annex the island.

THE PHILIPPINE REBELLION.

A Battle Between the Insurgents

One division of the rebels was composed of deserters from the Spanish colonial army, who, with their uniforms and Spanish cheering, almost deluded the regulars into the belief that they were part of

The Girl Healer Has a Band of Several Hundred Followers.

Hermosilo, Mex., June 19.-Santa Teresa Urrea, the so-called inspired Mexican girl benter has been found. She is near San Bernardino, close to the Arizona border. She has already collected several hundred lived to be arranging to go into the Yaqui

San Francisco, June 19.-The shortage of Cashier Norton, of the internal revenue office, who committed sucide on Wednes-day, when he learned that his books would be examined, will reach \$50,000. Norton lest the movey playing fare and betting

A HOUSE WITH REED, AND WITHOUT RULES.

FUTURE OF JOHN SHERMAN

He Broods Over the Treachery of Republican Politicians.

THE CAUSE OF HIS CONDITION

Openly Stated in Political Circles That the Intention of McKinley and Banna to Shelve the Eminent Chican Is Responsible for His Failing Realth.

After having passed half a century in active political worksidehn Sherman, Secretary of State, and perhaps the most noted of all living founders of the Republican party, will soon retire to private life,

About a month ago The Times told in detail the decept one that had been practiced on John Sherman by Republican politicians in persuading him to reluguish his seat in the Senate to gratify the aubition of Mark Hanna, and stated then that the retrement of Mr. Sherman from the Cubinet would take place before the

beginning of the new year It was also stated that if it were not for the uncertainty of the election to be held in Ohio next fall, Mr. Sherman's retirement would be a question of but a few weeks. At the time this authentic account was published in The Times the program relating to Mr. Sherman's cued retirement was correct in detail Since then there has come to the surface facts, that are greatly to be deplored, and which for some months, have been suppressed by the friends of Mr. Sherman, but which may hasten his exit from the Cabinet and his retirement to private life.

It is troudly and openly stated now that the distinguished statesman's falling health, mental and physical, is due to the treach-ery which he has experienced from the Republican party, and The Times learns from a high source that the Secretary broods a great deal over the anomalous position he occupies as head of the State Department, but practically subordinate to

bis cider assistant, Judge Day.
When the President, to please Mr. Hansa. announced that he had determined to appoint Senator Sherman Secretary of State, in order to accommodate Mr. Hanna. A number of warm personal friends of both the Senator and the President, attempted to dissande Mr. McKinley from such action They called attention of the President to the advanced age of Mr. Sherman, and pointed out the infirmities that are the companions of age. With the greatest these friends mentioned, among other failings, consequent upon age, his failing memory. This had been observed for some considerable time by Senators and others at the Capitol and elsewhere, who came in

close and constant connection with him The vast amount of work to be done by the Secretary of State during the presen Administration, owing to the diplementic complications existing between the country and Spain, Cuba, Hawaii, Japan, and Turkey, was pointed out to the President and he was told that Mr. Sherman's advanced age and his infirmities would not permit him to give these important matters the consideration due them.

The President was not to be deterred in his purpose, for he wanted to pay his debt of gratitude to Mr. Hanna. He said to these advisers that he would see to it that Mr. Sherman's strength would not be overtaxed, for he would give him an assistant thoroughly capable of relieving the Secretary of the greater portion of the

cares of the office. Mr. Sherman was appointed and it was with the greatest reluctance that he accepted. His many years of politics warned him that in relinquishing his seat in the Senate, he was harrying to a close of his public career, but the firmness of will that had ever characterized John Sierman in his aggressive career seemed to be wanting, and the appointment was finally

after Secretary Sherman was instatled in office his falling health became very apparent. It created grave appreheasion in the Administration. Finally the infirmity became so pronounced that the President concluded that he could hesitate no longer, and one morning, to the surprise of every one, he canceled the co of Judge William Day as special commis sioner to Cuba and appointed him Ass stant Secretary of State, thereby anticipat ing by several weeks an action that had eduled to go in effect upon the return of Judge Day from Cuba.

The Assistant Secretary was at once placed in charge of all the important state matters, and from that day to this John Sherman has been Secretary of State in name only. This action of the Administra tion worried the Secretary very much. He realized its import, and seemed to feel it as a reflection on him. He knew that his former colleagues in the Senate were doing business with an assistant that should be done with himself, and he felt keenly the knowledge that the diplomatic representatives called on official business to see Judge Day and called on him as a mere formality.

He brooded over it constantly and his memory became more and more treacheris, and so forgetful is he now that often at Cabinet meetings he has forgotten to take with him papers he knew to be indispensable to the subject to be con

sidered by the Cabinet. He has repeatedly made statements to representatives of the press on one day and, forgetting what he has said, has, on the following day, given out the reverse. This has been the experience of the members of the Cabinet, and for a long time they have been much concorned and under fear that the Secretary's acherous memory would involve the State Department in serious complications

with foreign diplomats
Recently Senor Dupuy de Lome, the
Spanish minister, presented Secretary Sherman with a printed bound copy of the reforms that Spain has offered to give to Cuba. Mr. Sherman read the volume with interest and treated it as something entirely new. He had read the same thing a score of times on typewritten paper, but apparently had forgotten it. He had, also, heard the reforms discussed at the Cabinet meet

Another, and a more serious indication of firmity, was his assurance to the guese minister and several other foreign ministers, that he did not approve of the treaty with Hawaii, and his denial later that he had made the statement. His for-getting to notify the Japanese minister when he notified all others of the time when he notified all others of the time when the Hawatian treaty would be sign-ed, although he had been specially re-quested to furnish the information, has

the Japanese government, for which the Administration will probably have to

apologize.
It is related by a visitor who called or him a little while ago to discuss a matter connected with the war in the East and who asked some question concerning Greece, which Mr. Sherman could not answer, that the Secretary said: "Why

don't you go and ask the Greek minister?" The visitor responded: "There is no The visitor responded: "There is no breek minister in Washingtion." "On, res, there is," persisted Mr. Sherman. "Go and ask him about this ques-

tion." And yet everybody here except our venerable Secretary of State knows that Greece, for reasons of economy, has not for years kept a minister in the United States, and has none here now.

It is said that the members of the Cabinet realize now that the forgettulness of Mr. Sherman is liable at any time to very seriously interfere with the delicate atic matters the State Departmen has on its hands, and that they would feel nach casier if Mr. Sherman would show his resentment against being made a sub-ordinate in the State Department, where he should be chief, and tender his resigna-

In fact. If was current gossip about the State Department yesterday that Mr. Mc the Oldo election is held, but that inmediately after the convention request the Secretary to resign. It was also said that it was proposed to induce the venera ble Secretary to take a long summer vaca tion, with the alluring hope that rest will recuperate and benefit him.

During the last week there have been mny stories told of Mr. Sherman's forgetfulness of social functions as well as iness engagements,

CHARGED WITH LARCENY. George C. Blair Arrested in Boston

on a Serious Offense. Boston, June 19 - George C. Blair wa arrested this afternoon charged with stealing a dress-suit case, containing clothing and jewelry valued at \$500, from G. Butler Smith, of the Hotel Vendome. Smith, who knew Blair slightly, asked him to look after his dress-suit case for a moment at the Umon station while he did an er-

When Smith returned, Blair and the baggage were missing, but the latter was caught within half an bour by prompt work of the inspector. He was about to take a train for New York, from the Boston and Albany depot. Blair, when arested, refused to give his address. He has been living at an up-town hotel for several weeks, and doing the heavy-swell act around town.

He is said to be a graduate of the Uni- OTHER versity of Virginia,

MACHINES TO REPLACE MINERS. Coal Operators Waiting for an Op-

portunity to Use Them. Altoona, Pa., June 19 .- The convention of coal miners held in this city a few days ago, bids fair to inaugurate the dying struggle of the Pennsylvania bituminous coal miner against the inevitable reduction of wages. Should a general strike be declared, as is probable, a year's time will witness the passage of man

power in mining. The largest corporations are waiting for an opportunity to substitute steam-mining machines for man power, and a strike would give them the chance they want. An idea of the vast utility of the mining machine may be obtained when it is known that one machine can dig 250 tons of coal daily, or just as much as fifty

THE EASTERN SITUATION.

Hard to Believe That Turkey In-

tends to Surrender Thessaly. London, June 19 .- Although the dispatch from Constantinople received today. stating that the peace negotiations had en brought to a satisfactory conclusion, is based on Turkish official authority, it is felt here that it is almost too early to assume that the Sultan intends to give up Thessaly, which is the richest province in Greece. It is possible that the attitude of Great Britain in firmly refusing to see Greece despoiled of her territory, had the effect of causing Turkey to abandon her intention to hold on to the conquered province, but the Turk is very wily, and it is thought it would be better to await the evacuation of Thessaly by the Turkisa army before taking it for granted that the troops are to be recalled.

FIRE AT BOWIE STATION.

Country Residence of Mr. Emmor

of Washington, Destroyed. Bowle Station, Md., June 19.-The handme residence of Mr. George E. Emmons. of Wasnington, D. C., took fire today about 8:30 a. m., and was totally destroyed. The only articles saved were some pieces of furniture. The house was one of the finest in the county, and was recently purchased from Mr. Austin Herr, son of the

The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed to have started from sparks from the kitchen stove. The house keeper, the only occupant of the house, would have perished but for the timely a sistance of friends. The amount of damage is not known.

FATAL AFFRAY AT NORFOLK.

William Boone, a Prominent Citizen Kills James McAlpin.

Norfolk, Va., June 19 .- At 10:45 o'clore on High street, in Portsmouth, James Mc-Alpin was killed by William Boone, a prominent citizen. Three shots were fired, the one which produced death passing Boone is under arrest. He refused to talk, other than to intimate that McAlpin had attacked him with a black-jack. The dead man was a son of Dr. Charle McAlpin and belonged to one of the oldest families in the State. His brother Ken-neth is on the inspection board at the

Brooklyn navy yard. BANK EMPLOYE GOES WRONG.

Forges a Check on a Long-Standing Account.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 19 .- M. T. hiel, a well-known society young man and for four years a trusted employe of rest for forgery, He speculated with the E. S. Dean Investment Company and drew a check on the Green castle Bank for \$200, using an assumed name. The forge check was on an account that has bee standing at the bank for several year Dashiel and his arrest today.

Lacy's pure food ice cream, none bette 90c. per gallon. 601-603 N. Y. ave. nw.

Ivy Institute Business College, 8th and K. Unexcelled summer course, \$5; day or night.

FEELS AGGRIEVED

Annexation Proposition Kept Secret From Her Minister.

Will Continue to Press Her Demands of Indemnity-Importance of the Hawaiian Islands From a Military Standpoint-A Valuable Report Suppressed by Cleveland.

The statements attributed to Secretary Sherman relative to the conduct of the Japanese, as an excuse for his alleged change of front on the subject of Hawadan annexation, has not tended to put expenditure of \$500,000 for the fort ficethe representatives of that power in any tion of Peaul Harbor. That report was so too friendly an attitude toward the aupexation of those islands to the United States. The protest of the Japanese has been filed with the State Department. It is diplomatically denied that it is a protest in the strict interpretation of the word, but it is a very strongly worded of it. It is an intensely interesting document, in which that government sets ment, and should now see the light of day. forth the fact that she hopes her rights will be protected by this Government in keen interest in this treaty, and every one the absorption of the island. That note of them hopes for its ratification. The the decorations, especially the Venetian will be sent to the Senate as a secret man who is enlisted under the flag and masts, hung with festoons of artificial document for use in the consideration

While the Japanese officials profess nothing but the most friendly feeling for this Government, they do not so diplomatically conceal their true feeling toward the Hawalians. It is now an open secret that several of the European powers have had cognizance all the time that this annexation oposition was in contemplation. Japanese, however, who have more of their citizens on the island than any other astionality, were ignored, and knew nothing of it until the treaty was signed. They believe they should have been con in the matter, or at least notified. The relations between the two govern were, however, so strained that the Hawaiians reasoned, and justly, that it would not do to intimate to the Japanese the step the Hawaiian government was about to take. It might have precipitated at once a condition on the islands very similar to that which is sought to be avioded by this policy of annexation. The Hawaiians were too tightly caught in the clutches of Japanese power to give that government any hint of their efforts to escape the meshes that were gathering about them. It was for this reason that Japan was kept in the dark, and it is natural that government should feel itself aggrieved and slighted.

The Japanese government will continue to press its demands for an indemnity for the acts of the Hawaiian government with respect to the refusal to admit certain immigrants who landed on the islands, but the Hawasians, made bolder by the first steps looking to annexation, will not make that rapid progress in these negotiations she might have been induced to make a few weeks earlier. It is quite probable that this question will remain unsettled up to ever indemnity shall be paid, if any, will

be settled by the United States. Senators who have given the subject some attention say that it is more than certain that Japan will have cause to com plain of the United States if Japan clin; to the idea that under her treaty rights with Hawaii she has perpetual privileges which cannot be set aside. The annex ition of a country to another vitiates all treaties and puts the annexed country before the world on identically the same plane as that of the country to which it is annexed Necessarily any and all treaties, and especially those with Japan, will be collified, and Hawalian territory will be controlled by existing treatles be tween this Government and those that have had previous relations with Hawaii. The idea of Japan holding a perpetual right of any kind would not be entertained by this Government, and it is doubtful if Japan presses that point very strongly.

One of the things that will go hand in band with annexation will be the construction of a cable to the islamis.
"This will certainly be done," said Sena-tor Davis, "and should have been done" some time ago. It would be an impera-tive necessity with the Islands belonging to us. They are 2,000 miles away, and we could hardly depend upon the steamers for our news from those islands. A cable is necessary, anybow, and would be con-structed in course of time. With the con-

struction of a cable distance is annihilated, and the Hawaiian Islands at once become practically configuous property."

The Hawman Islands will be taken by
the United States more for their military

WHY NOT?

importance than anything else, and such men as Senator Frye look upon them as of such vast importance that no amount of cost should be considered in securing them and rinking them the stronghold of the Parific. In this connection, it may be POWERS NOTIFIED stated that there is in the possession of the Government an important document, one of the few, if, indeed, it lengt the only one, in connection with the Bawellan subject that has not been scat to Congress. It is the report of Admiral Walker on the survey of Pearl harbor, with an estimate of the cost of converting | Cinto a strongly fortified navni station. There is supposed to be so much information in this report that it is likely it will be called for by the

This report was guarded with painstak ing secrecy and one by the last Adminis-American ser timent in regard to Hawaii. It is understood that the old admiral made a strong argument is favor of the immediate entirely at variance with the established policy of an administration that had endeavored to put a defunct Queen back on a tottering throne that it was hidden away and the officials in charge threatened was ever given a chance to get a gl mpse Naval and military men are taking a

who sees its colors constantly floating above him becomes attached to it, perhaps more than he who sees it only as a holiday emblem. These military men have for years looked with longing eyes upon these islands, and now that they are within our grasp and under the protecting care of a fdendly Administration, they are more than delighted. They say that, the department can store thousands of tons of coal at this proposed station, supply it cheaply to ships attached to the Pacific station, and by preparing for minor repairs ships making long runs at intervals by ships making long runs at intervals by being forced to return to San Francisco. Nothing will be done at this session of Congress, but it is said by members of the committee at both ends of the Capital that as soon as the islands are annexed pro-vision will be made for this work, and within a very few years the United States will have a fortified barbor and other facilities in the middle of the Pacific that will make her the controlling sea power of that great water highway.

ANTI-FOREIGN RIOTS.

English Mission at Wuchen stroyed by a Mob.

Shangbal, June 19.-It is reported that there has been a renewal of the anti-foreigner riots in the province of Kiang Hi. The English mission at Wuchen has been destroyed by a mob, headed by one of the literati, who ordered his followers to kill five English Indies who had taken refuge in a bars, after freemy from the house of Mr. Blandford, a missionary, whose residence was afterward destroyed. The refugees have arrived at Kiu-Kiang, almost naked, baving lost all

they possessed.

The rioters attacked the French Catholic mission at Wuchen. Four European gunboats now guard the European settle-

THE ENGLISHMEN SURPRISED. Object to This Country Entering

London, June 19 .- London has been great ly surprised and shocked to discover that the United States has gone into the busi-ness of annexation, a field which she considered belonged entirely to herself. rumor is in circulation here that Lord Salisbury will protest against the annexa-tion of Hawaii by the United States, but it is highly improbable that there is any truth in it. Some of the Tory organs were prepared to make enslaughts on the new American policy, but it is believed that word was sent out by the Tory leaders that the matter was one that might better be left alone.

Cutting Down Wages. Pittsburg, Pa., June 19.-The Schoen-berg mills announced today that the recharlion of 10 per cent in wages at the blooming and converting mills will be followed by another reduct on an Monday of 10 per cent on all the remaining skilled labor, between 300 and 400. The cause given is the scarcity of steel orders and the low prices. The men will accept the situation

London Bedecked With a Combination of Warring Colors.

OPINIONS OF THE JUBILEE

the jubilee decorations. These are now almost all in place, and the result is, as to suit individual taste. The London tem-perament does not incline to harmony in consideration of London journalism that of the desire to show loyalty to the Queen day, which practically ruined many of all, the newspaper offices. flowers. Today these present a most of the jubilee on the public mind, it would be a hard matter to attempt to describe it. Much, of course, depends upon the individual, and while some regard it as something the like of which the world has never seen and will probably never see again, others look upon it

as silliness Dial, says that London is a big baby, to whom its mother, the Queen, has given new toy, which she calls a diamond jubilee. London, which is a strange child, has pulled out all its little wooden boxes and bricks, piled them up all over the fronts of the houses, made little bows, roseettes and streamers out of bits of stuff, and picked up odds and ends of wire and bits of glass bottles and twisted them into stars, crowns, and V. R's. In Piccadilly it has tried its little fingers at drawing roses and things to put on masts, they come out much like other babies' first attempts. In one place, it even essayed a can man of England, which looks like a badly battered coal-scattle. The country next to it is spelled "Holand." but it is

not discreditable for a beginning.
Continuing, he says that it is all very ridiculous if you like to take it that way, but if you like to take it the other way it is also very sublime. Go into the smoke-soiled back streets, off the line of the royal route, and there will be found in one house a poor little Union sticking its undaunted head out of the top corner of a broken window. door is displayed a cheap brand of the royal standard, while next again is a home-made "V. R." These pokey little flags and red letters are the keynote of London is settling down to play ut all through the game it never for gets love and reverence for the mother

who inspires it. Speculators who expected to make fortunes by selling seats from which the Tuesday are likely to have occasion to remember the jubilee with chastened men ories. These speculators fondly imagined that they could charge about what they pleased for seats, and when the jubilee fervor first became manifest it appeared as though their expectations might be realized. But soon the market for seats was in a condition best expressed by the market phrase of buyers and sellers apart, A slump set in, and there has since been no sign of a recovery. There has been, of course, a demand for seats in really good positions, but hardly at the prices first de manded by the speculators. At the present

coup themselves, but many of them will lose large sums of money. Four men, who went into the speculation very extensively, calculate now that they will lose in the neighborhood of \$200,000 Strangers visiting London and those resi deals of the city who patronize restaurants and hotels will be compelled to pay enor-

me Regard It as a Wonderful Affair and Others Look Upon It as Silliness-Speculators Lilkely to Lose Large Sums of Money on Their Investments in Seats.

London, June 19.-Londoners are not She was heavily veiled and noticed nothing establishing for themselves a reputation about her. She did not acknowledge the for artistic perception in the matter of salutations of the passers-by. a whole, very martistic. There was no lication of the melancholy news regarding general plan for the beautifying of the the gracious sovereign which has been city, and the decorations were put up detailed in these dispatches this week. It is a high tribute to the good taste and colors, and, in many instances, the result it refrains from changing the popular for is a hideous conglomeration of warring into sadness, for the facts regarding the colors, enough to drive an artist almost | Queen's impaired sight and probable abto despair. Heavy showers fell yester dication are now known in most, if not As to the effect

mous prices for food. Persons who arenow making arrangements for meals for parties of visitors find themselves called upon by some of the hotels to pay \$25 per head. Carriages of every description are in the

A DISASTROUS FIRE.

Splendid Library of the Iowa State University Destroyed. Iowa City, Iowa, June 19 .- Fire early this morning ruined the library building of the Iowa State University. The spler lection of which has been in progress since the school was organized, is believed to be wholly lost. Many of the volumes are

very rare, and some can never be replaced.
The firemen of the city volunteer department worked bravely, but ineffectually, to save the building, taking great risks. A number were seriously burt, one brave fellow is dead, and the city is in mourning. The fire was caused by a bolt of lightning which struck the building at 4 o'clock this morning Neither library nor building wa insured. The State's loss is over \$150,000.

ACCIDENTS TO GRADUATES.

A Scaffolding Falls With Them and

Two Are Seriously Injured. Ottawa, Ill., June 19 .- While 240 grad uates of the county schools were on a temporary scaffolding, at I o'clock this afternoon, for the purpose of having a photograph taken, the structure gave way of vantage are making every effort to re-

> Action of Maine Populists. Auburn, Me., June 19.—At the meeting of the State Populist committee today the party decided to "keep in the middle of the road."

prother that if he did not keep away from him he would shoot him, and last night he carried out his threat. Dr. Darling, of Brightwood, was sum-

Madrid, June 19 .- A dispatch to the Heraldo, from Manilla, dated June 15, mys a junction was effected by the in surgent chiefs Aguinaldo and Llanera, with 4.000 men. A battle followed with the government troops under Rivera and Dujielo. The Spaniards lost twenty-three killed, including four officers, and fifty eight seriously wounded-

theis own army. The strategem, however,

SANTA TERESA URREA FOUND.

devoted followers around her, and is beand all fell a distance of ten feet. Jennie
Andrews and Linnie Reid, both from Grand
Ridge, were severely hurt. Many others
Yaquis.

Shortage Will Reach \$50,000. The photographer built the scaffold out