

# THE SALT LAKE HERAI

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WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE Generally Fair.

### GREAT DEMONSTRATION FOR GROVER CLEVELAND

Ex-President Addressed an Immense Audience at Newark, N. J.

Storm of Applause When He Asked His Hearers to "Rally to the Support of That Noble, That Manly Standard Bearer, Alton B. Parker."

tribute to the strength and en- tion by threats of ruinous attack. husiasm of the first voter, for-

#### Cheer After Cheer.

On Mr. Cleveland's appearance on the platform cheer after cheer rolled from one end of the armory to the other. Men stood on chairs, twirling hats on canes: women waved handkerchiefs and clapped their hands, while patri-otic airs from a band could be heard.

Audience Approved.

his hearers some point upon state is-sues, the demonstration broke out

The remarks of the speaker upon the ent taxations. need of a conservative government were received with an outburst almost equal to that at Mr. Cleveland's entrance into the hall, and when he concluded "I come again after twenty years with this appeal. "That the American The rate of tariff taxation has increased people may be aroused to their sense of justice by these sentiments," the government has more than doubled: audience was on its feet, while at the last words of the speaker, rallying his combinations, the vicious grogeny of hearers to the support of "that noble, that manly standard bearer, Alton B. Stealthily search the pockets of our parkers," the speaker, rallying his combinations, the vicious grogeny of extreme tariff protection openly or stealthily search the pockets of our

### Cleveland's Address.

"It was twenty years 'go almost to protection by the government is no bet-ter than robbery." ark audience charged with the responsibility of my party's presidential canthat campaign denounced the Repub lican party for having failed to relieve the people from crushing war taxes was unjust taxation. This platform also promised that, if entrusted with the control of the government, 'the Democracy would purify the administration from corruption, restore econ-omy, revive respect for law and revise the tariff in a spirit of fairness to all

"In the contest of twenty years ago the tariff then existing was condemned because in and of itself, without ac complices or vicious associates, it was guilty of despoiling our people in their homes. Trusts and combinations did not then appear as its confederates. If they existed at all, they were infant industries, too few and too young to be mentioned in the platform of either of the great political parties, and too newly born to be the companions of such other infant industries as, though still unweaned, had actually grown gray at the breasts of sinfully indulgent tariff protection.

### Infant Prodigies.

"The multiplication of this new race of infant industries soon grew to be wonderfully in excess of all other birth rate records. In 1888 they had attract ed attention enough to be denounced cocity of these infant prodicies far ahead of the most exaggerted imagination of parental pride. Before they were a day old they recognized in the policy of high protection the way wth and strength and wealth. Though it is some times now said that the tariff has nothing to do with trusts. Mr. Havemeyer, the most competent of all men to give expert testimony on know this at the beginning of their in-

They knew that tariff protection builds a highway around American abroad, and they know that nothing prevents the raising of prices to the full height of this wall except competiresulting in the underselling of each other at home and within the fortified f their operations. They knew that this barrier standing between ou consumers and the exaction of prices as high as the wall of tariff protection, must be removed and the margin be tween prices as modified by home com petition and the prices attainable out such competition, be under the con-trol of these industries, if they were to enjoy the fullest extent the fruits of government favoritism. They knew home competition could be eliminated by such agreements among the would entirely fail to accomplish the result desired, if any breach in the wall of protection against foreign interference was permitted; and they knew that the higher this wall was raised the for result." greater would be the scope for Their extortionate machinations.

### Protection an Asset.

"Nor ls it alone in this direct and palpable way that high protection is an sential factor in industrial combina-on. Those who manage these affairs take into account and consider as an asset of their undertaking the increased profits which must result when tariff protection is coupled with the suppression of home compelltion, and counting this as money in hand they are enurchase of similar independent enterprises at high valuations paid in wa-

EWARK, N. J., Nov. 4.-With a tered stocks, or to force their co-opera-

### Labor Ground Down.

ner President Grover Cleveland, in Newark tonight, began his second speech of the present campaign. He waited ten minutes for a cessation of the cheering and noise that his appearance brought forth, and for thirty-five minutes after he began his address 8,000 persons crowded together on the tan bark of a riding academy alternately listened and cheered.

The occasion was the closing Democratic rally of the campaign, a rally under the auspices of a club of "first voters." Mr. Cleveland was the permanent chairman.

Labor Ground Down.

"Schemes of this sort, secured against foreign interference by a protective tariff and shielded from domestic disturbance by covenants of joint participation and defense, when consummated and fully under way, enhance their profits by what is called economy in administration, which is another phrase for consolidation of management, but which really means less work for many employes and laborers, and the reduction of wages to the lowest possible limit. I have said that the higher the wall of protection was raised the larger was the scope for the machinations of was the scope for the machinations of

these trusts and combinations."
After furnishing figures to show the increase in the number of trusts and combinations under Republican protective measures, Mr. Cleveland, continuing, said:

"The protective policy which the Re-publican party has Imposed upon the country and which that party in the For ten minutes the former president stood bowing and smiling in acknowledgement, and repeatedly attempting to address the crowd. A half-way quiet was then restored, and the speech was begun only to be instructed to the crossing of the robbing marauders. the speech was begun, only to be interrupted by another outburst that lasted for three minutes more. It was only when the audience was drowned into silence by the hisses of those desirous of hearing the former president that Mr. Cleveland could go on.

Audience Approved.

Audience Approved.

Audience Approved.

Audience Manufactural results it is the parent and accessory of the robbing marauders which vex and afflict our people's life and demand tribute in every home of our land. They dictate the prices we shall pay for the food we eat, the clothes we wear and the habitations in which we live. We are within their shadow from the cradle to the grave."

This was Mr. Cleveland's first public appearance in this campaign in his own state. During his speech Mr. Cleveland was interrupted by remarks of approval from enthusiastic listeners, and on several occasions, when he campaign of 1884, Mr. Cleveland said, the people were not in the fetters of trusts and combinations; the expenditures of the government were careful and economical as compared with the extraverse ers, and on several occasions, when he departed from his text to impress upon his hearers some point upon state iscondemned as yielding more than sufsues, the demonstration broke out afresh and continued for several min-utes.

#### Twenty Years Later.

Mr. Cleveland continued: Parker," the enthusiasm seemed to people. Again I use my words of gain renewed strength. Mr. Cleveland's twenty years ago, 'the right of the goy. ernment to exact tribute from the citi-zen is limited by its exact necessities

"As I repeat those words the ques-tion is 'n mind whether the startling changes we contemplate will add force and emphasis to this sentiment which in 1884 was endorsed by our countrymen, or whether with these changes another of deeper and sadder significance has taken place in our people's modes of thought and their conceptions of American sturdiness of citizen ship; has the steady growth of public extravagance been so artfully concealed by glorification of their country's pross that they no longer consider public frugality as a fundamental elemen n governmental duty which they cannot remit either with safety to our in stitutions or justice to their own best interests?

### Are the People Deceived?

"Have our people been so misled by he glamour of unsound prosperity and so deceived by the pretense that an exorbitant protective tariff in some mysterious way assures their happicountrymen neither see nor feel, as against the tangible evidence supplied by increased cost of every processing the second transfer of the Bad Lands. They are now not more than ten miles behind the outlaws. Reliable information has been received here that the handless of the bands of the Bad Lands. by increased cost of every necessity of life, enforced self denial in every home tife, enforced self denial in every home of a sympathizer near the notorious and everywhere curtailed opportunity Hole-in-the-Wall fendezvous, southfor remunerative employment

"Has the pressure of trusts and moopolies become so familiar and have so deluded our people that they are willing abjectly to surrender their claims to equality before the law and to support a policy which to their un doing makes these aggregations of riches and power more rich and more powerful? Have the plain people of -so degenerated that they do not re-sent the humiliating suggestion that those made rich through unjust favorthe subject, has declared 'the tariff litism will care for them, and are they is the mother of trusts, and the trusts content to rely on the tender mercies themselves were precocious enough to of such intermediaries as these, instead of the direct consideration due them rom their government? Have our peo ole reached such a state of listless indifference that they see nothing wrong industries which guards them against |in a scheme of tariff protection which competition or disturbance from supplies to foreign consumers articles of necessary use which are the work of American hands and American intion among these industries themselves, I can be purchased by American citi zens? Are they willing for the sake of continuing this discrimination against themselves to perpetuate the which burdens them with protective

### Time For Reflection.

"I will not believe that my countrymen are either wilfully reckless of their nation's safety or heedless of their duty of citizenship or insensible o their rights and interests; but whether the ywill hear or whether they wil Iforbear, I cannot refrain from urging upon them the especial neces industries interested, as would regulate prices and production and con-reflection, and exhorting them to a centrate managements; but above all dutiful review of the intent of our things, they knew that all devices nation's establishment, the character of its mission and its present plight. If this is honestly undertaken and if the exigencies of the hour are clearly seen and patriotically met, I shall not fear

Democracy, Mr. Cleveland said, is conservative; and a conservative gov-ernment was never more needed than now. Democracy insists that the con-stitution should be the chart and constant guide of national conduct; and never was a renewal of obedience to onstitutional commands more neces-The Democratic party regards tariff charges as a tax upon the peo-ple justified only by the necessity of providing for the expenses of their government; and it holds that, like all other taxes, these charges should be this as money in hand they are en-abled to venture confidentially upon the as equitably distributed as possible. It

(Continued on Page 2.)

### GREAT DEMOCRATIC MEETING HERE TONIGHT

JUDGE O. W. POWERS, candidate for congress; Levi N. Harmon, candidate for secretary of state, and James M. Brinson of Colorado will be the speakers at the big Democratic rally in the Salt Lake theatre this evening. This will be the last big Democratic meeting in Salt Lake and it is expected every seat will be filled. Judge Powers is making a wonderful campaign this fall and will be at his best tonight. Mr. Harmon will tonight make his first public appearance in Salt Lake since the campaign opened. He has been busy through the southern counties. Mr. Harmon is a vigorous campaigner and has done much good work for the ticket in the counties he has visited. Mr. Brinson is a young orator who was sent to Utah by the Democratic national committee. His work in this state has given great satisfaction.

John T. Caine will be chairman of the meeting. Several good musical selections are promised, among them some campaign songs by Miss Myrtle Smith of Monroe, a young lady who is said to be one of the most effective singers of camp gr songs in the state.



### THEY SEE THEIR FINISH.

### BANDITS ONCE MORE LOCATED

Wyoming Officers Are Only Ten Miles Behind the Outlaws.

WITHIN THIRTY-SIX HOURS. ----Denver, Colo., Nov. 4 .- A special from

Deranch, Wyo., says: Sheriff Stough of Fremont county and Sheriff Fenton and posse of Big Horn arrived here shortly after sundown, having found the trail of the Cody bank robbers again and followed it into the very heart of the Bad Lands. west of this place, and do not know that the officers have followed this far.

### Asked For Help.

asked for reinforcements from Casper, 100 miles southeast of here, and phone message was received late tonight stating that Sheriff Webb and a large posse had started for the scene. Fenton and his men will do a little scouting quietly tonight and tomorrow to see that the outlaws do not leave their hiding places before Webb and his party arrives. Should the outlaws beome alarmed and attempt to leave the at Wolton, Lost Cabin or one of the smaller stations on the telephone line and an effort will be made to intercept Hole-in-the-Wall. Should the robbers attempt to double back on their trail and escape by the only other exit from the Hole, the route they followed in attacked by Fenton and his party near

### Bloody Battle Certain.

A bloody battle is certain to occur during the next thirty-six hours, either the western or eastern exit of the Hole, or in the vicinity of the present hiding place of the outlaws. Should the bandits remain in ignorance of the plans to bottle them up in the rendezvous, then the fight will occur at the ranch home of their friend, for the two osses from the east and west will combine forces as soon as Webb arrives and close in on the bandits at once.

The officers here are completely worm but they are anxious for the fight. They will get almost twenty-four hours and will be in prime shape for the bat-

#### \*\*\*\*\*\* ONE HUNDRED DROWNED. +

Bona Algeria. Nov. 4.—A hundred persons were drowned last night by the sinking of the French steamer Gironde, after having been in colision with the French steamer A. Schiffino near Herbillon, twenty—three miles from Bona, The Gironde left Bona with 110 passengers, of whom 100 were Algerian natives.

\$250,000. There were no casualties. | state issues.

## SUGAR INTERESTS WILL SUFFER

United States About to Make Further Concessions to Cuban improper motives, direct or indirect, on matter, from the Northern Securities the part of the recipients. Mr. Parker suit to the settlement of the anthracite Planters In Exchange For Rates Favorable to American Manufacturers.

(Special to The Herald.) solutely paralyze the beet sugar in-LW YORK, Nov. 4. Reet sugar interests of the west.

of 1 cent to 11/4 cents a pound, will ab- ican manufacturers

LARGER POSSE IS NEEDED

| New York are seriously alarmed over official reports which have reached here from Havana relative to the size of the coming sugar been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the United States has been in effect, show that the States has been in effect, show that the Cubical Control of the West.

| Pleads Not Guilty. But there is not one particle of truth the statement as regards anything that has gone on in the management of the Republican campaign. Mr. Parker's accurations against Mr. Cortelyou and the Cubical Control of the West.

hext three years. Analyzed, this makes to per cent. The visit of Emilio Nunez, the crop of 1904-05 1,350,000 tons; 1905-06; governor of Havana province, to Washington tons, and for 1905-07, 1,650,000 ington this week brings out the infection of the control of t With the 20 per cent advantage which Cuba now enjoys in the American market, under reciprocity, this enormous crop of Cuban sugar, made at a cost of 1 cent to 11k costs a control will be control to 1 k costs a con

## MUST END IN DISASTER MANY NEAR TO DEATH

### to Hear That Port Arthur Has Fallen.

here of the report that General Stocs- ple were on the car at the time

General Stoessel's ability to hold out against the efforts the Japanese concentrated on the fortress during the last ten days is regarded as marvel-ous, but no confidence in the ultimate result is entertained. been prepared to hear that the fortress

### KAISER'S REPRESENTATIVES.

Dover, Nov. 4.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Hamburg, which sailed for New York from here today, had among her passengers Lieutenant General Von Lowenfeldt of Emperor William's military staff and Imperial Adjutant General Von Schmetwho are to represent William at the unveiling of the statue of Frederick the Great in Washington. Nov. 19. Both delegates are descendants of officers of Frederick the

#### FOUND DEAD IN BED. Chicago, Nov. 4.-Martin W. Burke,

### Sheriff Fenton, who is directing the movement against the desperadoes, has Russian War Office Prepared Motorman's Presence of Mind Prevents Serious Accident to East First South Car.

A collision on the crossing of the St. Petersburg, Nov. 5.—(2:40 a. m.)— San Pedro railroad and the East First Great relief is felt in view of reports indicating that the Japanese assaults and South Temple streets occurred on Port Arthur have been unsuccess- las, night, but the presence of mind ful. A direct report from the Russian of the motorman prevented a seriou consul at Chefoo says he has received accident. The car was going at consul at Chefoo says he has received accident. The car was going at information from Chinese sources that slow rate of speed and as it reaches the language finally religiously the language. information from Chinese sources that the Japanese finally relinquished the attempt on Nov. 3, the mikado's birthday, after losing enormously. The consul says the carnage was awful. The bombardment continued six days without intermission. The Japanese breached and took fort No. 3, but, according to the Chinese, were forced to abandon it owing to the concentrated fire from the supporting fortifications. No confirmation has been received here of the report that General Stoss-Among high officers of the war of-fice, where the true conditions inside fice, where the true conditions inside the car and walked home. The car the fortress of Port Arthur are known, was brought in to the barn, but the names of the motorman and conduc tor could not be learned at the power

### **OUESTION OF VERACITY.**

Sensational Scene at Trial of Rioters at Gomel, Russia.

at Gomel, Russia.

Gomel, Russia. Nov. 4.—During the trial today of the persons charged with being responsible for the rioting of September, 1903. Captain Gorstkin, commander of one of the companies of troops on the occasion of the riots, testified upon crossexamination that he allowed Christian rioters to slip through the line of soldiers. He further declared that he had not received instructions from Police Chief Raevsky. The latter, who was present in court, jumped up and flatly denied the statement, saying:

"I told you to serve out ball cartridges. I shouted to you to cheek the progress of the rioters, but you formed a loose corden, enabling them to pass through."

Dr. Alexanderoff testified to the intense race feeling at Gomel, no Jews being admitted to the town club.

Counsel for the Christians closely crossexamined the Jewish witnesses regarding the Zionist congress.

The Zionist congress claimed this was relevant as proof that the Jews were organized.

The Zionist congress claimed this was relevant as proof that the Jews were or-

## PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT OUT WITH A STATEMENT

Enters a Plea of Not Guilty to the Charge of Blackmailing Trusts.

Contributions to the Republican Campaign Fund Declared to Have Been Made Without Threat or Promise-Can Prove It by Cortelyou.

> New York, Nov. 4.—The statement issued by President Roosevelt in Washington was shown to Judge Parger at a late hour. The judge had decided not to make any more speeches during this campaign, but after reading the president's statement he announced that he would make a reply, which will be delivered before the King's County Democratic club tomorrow night. Mr. Parker would make no comment on the statement

W ASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—President age my campaign. I am content that Roosevelt tonight made the following algorithm with multiple and the multipl lowing signed statement to the American people in answer to the campaigns; he by the character of his charges made against himself and Mr. nominee, Thomas Taggart, and I by the Cortelyou in public speeches by Mr. character of Mr. Cortelyou. Parker, Democratic candidate for the

Parker, the candidate of his party for falsehood. The assertion that there has the office of president. He neither has been any blackmail, direct or indirect, produced nor can produce any proof of the truth of the charges, yet he has not withdrawn them, and as his position gives them wide currency, I speak now lest the silence of self-respect be misunderstood. Mr. Parker's charges are in effect that the president of the United States and Mr. Cortelyou, formany source, is a wicked faise-mark. merly Mr. Cleveland's executive clerk, then Mr. McKinley's and my secretary, then secretary of commerce and labor, and now chairman of the Republican national committee, have been in a conspiracy to blackmail corporations. Cortelyou using his knowledge gained while he was secretary of the department of commerce and labor to extort money from the corporations. and I, the president, having appointed him for this especial purpose.

### Sort of Blackmail.

"The graveness of these charges lies in the assertion that the corporations have been blackmailed into contributing and in the implication, which in one or two of Mr. Parker's speeches has some kind of improper consideration in view of their contributions.. That con-Mr. Parker's assertion is in effect that such contributions have been made for this administration has taken in eve friends and advisers who represent the great corporate interests that stand be-

### Pleads Not Guilty.

Gabriel Cuduso, president of the Agrarian League of Cuba, has officially reported to the Cuban department of agriculture that the coming crop will exceed that of 1902-03 as much as that the crop now being planted will give 15 per cent annual increase for the next three years. Analyzed, this makes the crop of 1904-05 1,350,000 tons; 1905-06; sition. I chose him with extreme relu demanded in the man who was to man-more. THEODORE ROOSVEELT."

"The assertion that Mr. Cortelyou White House, Washington, Nov. 4. had any knowledge, gained while in any 1904.—Certain slanderous accusations as to Mr. Cortelyou and myself have been abled to secure and did secure any correpeated time and again by Judge tributions from any corporation is a by Mr. Cortelyou or by me, is a false hood. The assertion that there has been made, in behalf of and by authorization of Mr. Cortelyou, or by any

"That Mr. Parker should desire to avoid the discussion of principles I can well understand; for it is but the bare truth to say that he has not attacked us on any matter of principle or upon any action of the government save after first mis-stating that principle or that action. But I cannot understand how any honorable man, a candidate for the highest office in the gift of the people, can take refuge, not merely in personalities, but in such base and un-worthy personalities.

### No Evidence to Offer.

"If I deemed it necessary to support my flat denial by any evidence I would ask all men of common sense to pon-der well what has been done in this taken the form practically of an assertion, that they have been promised certain immunities or favors or have been assured that they would receive the first support of the compare it with what Mr. Parker himself did when he was managing Mr. Hill's campaign for governor, and to compare what has been done as recompare what has been done as reriew of their contributions. That con-tributions have been made to the Re-publican committee as contributions with what was done under the last problem committee as contributions have been made to the Democratic administration, while Mr. Olney was attorney general: I would ask all honest men whether they seriously draw it possible that the course matter, from the Northern Securities knows best whether this is true of the coal strike, is compatible with any contributions to his campaign fund theory of public behavior save the thewhich have come through his trusted ory of doing exact justice to all men, friends and advisers who represent the without fear and without favoritism; I would ask all honest and fair minded men to remember that the agents through whom I have worked are Mr. Knox and Mr. Moody in the department of justice, Mr. Cortelyou in the department of commence and labor, and Mr. Garfield in the bureau of corporations, and that no such act of infamy as Mr. Parker charges could have been done without all these men being parties to it.

### Accuses Parker of Falsehood.

"The statements made by Mr. Parker are unqualifiedly and atrociously false.
As Mr. Cortelyoù has said to me more than once during this campaign, if elected I shall go into the presidency nhampered by any pledge, promise or understanding of any sort or kind, save my promise made openly to the American people that, so far as in my power lies, I shall see to it that every man

### SAVESTWO CENTS, LOSES ONE VOTE

Howell's Use of Frank Costs Him Lawyer's Support. 

MANTI MAN IS DISGUSTED

W. K. REID SAYS HE'LL VOTE FOR POWERS.

his congressional frank to send out tion would approximate this figure a personal appeals for aid in his fight careful checking up was instituted yesagainst Judge Powers appears to be ters the same conclusion that the lists not meeting with unanimous endorsement. The franking privilege legally entitled to vote was reached. official business. The political welfare of Joseph Howell is not official business and it certainly is not a public document. Several extends only to public documents and

c document. Yet Mr. Howell has mailed, under his frank, letters to men in different sections of the state, entreating them to rally around him. That his course Reid was the recipient of one of the ranked letters. In reply he wrote:

Joseph Howell-Dear Sir: Yours of the 1st inst., calling upon me that enough evidence of fraudulent reg-for personal assistance looking toward istration had been discovered to justify your election to the high position of the closest scrutiny of the lists in many M. C., to hand and contents noted. M. C., to hand and contents noted.

Seeing that this is your own personal challenge eards are now being prebusiness, in which the government of the United States has no interest, I cers will be stationed at the polling the United States has he interest, it can be statished at the poining think it would have been in better taste if you, out of your salary of \$5,000, arrests are certain to follow if some had gone to the expense of 2-cent, of those who have registered attempt stamp instead of using the franking to vote. It is claimed that enough eviprivilege. It, to me, is an evidence dence to warrant conviction in at least

a cent gained.
"To stop this, and for other good and sufficient reasons duly arrived at, I shall vote for the Democratic nomi Mr. Howell's use of his frank for his

LOSS \$250,000.

BRYAN AT OMAHA.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 4.—Fire swept
Tifton, Ga., today, destroying several business and causing a loss of this city tonight, speaking mostly on Marion, in Tuscola county. Loss \$200,plained on the ground that he lacks

### FRAUDULENT REGISTRATION. Many on Lists Who Are Not Entitled

to Vote.

That many illegal registrations have en recorded in Salt Lake county this fall is now the unanimous belief of all party leaders. For the first time since statehood the registration has been far in excess of the number of votes shown by the canvass books of the party workers. Democratic and Republican canvassers show about 2,000 otes less than the number now on the registration lists. Checking had not been completed at American party county headquarters, but it was stated that the registration ran far ahead of

Complete returns on registration are still lacking, but it is now certain that the registration will be found to be close to 35,000 for the county. With Congressman Howell's action in using the knowledge that the total registraterday. At all three county headquarcontain the names of many persons not

Detectives were placed at work imdiscovery of hundreds of cases in the county. There appears to be reason for a belief that the work has been done in a wholesale manner. One case in which six persons were driven to three districts and registered in each bers of his own party, is shown by the following letter from W. K. Reid, the well known attorney of Manti. Mr. was reported and is now in process of investigation. Addresses that fall on

that where a cent can be saved it is twenty cases in Salt Lake City was secured resterday.

> ONE HOTEL'S REGISTRATION. Single Place in Ogden Claims 102

Voters. (Special to The Herald.)
Ogden, Nov. 4.—The fact that 102
names of men giving their residence

(Continued on Page 2)