

Not less remarkable than its variety is the range in prices afforded by our holiday gifts. For masterpieces in Silver Sets and elaborately designed Jewelry suitable for important gifts to an almost Limitless Choice of useful and inexpensive articles.

COMPARISON OF "SMALLEY'S" VALUES WITH THOSE FOUND ELSE-WHERE IS CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE OF SMALLEY'S LOW PRICES AND HIGH QUALITY.

### = SUGGESTIONS =

FOR HER Diamond, Necklace, Shopping Bag, Bracelet, Brooch, Silverware, Watch, Ring, Umbrella.

FOR HIM

Seal Ring, Cigar Case, Match Box, Watch Fob, Watch, Cuff Buttons, Cigarette Case, Stick Pin Sets.

lessed when masses are voted as a scientists and philosophers, of whom

nient of the science of eugenics at

parative anatomy, were also among the scientists of the early centuries

Mendel Law Governing Heredity."

The next lecture will be on the

make the coming "Utah Products day" the biggest one in the history

chants are also being urged to put these products in plain view of their

ing the goods, essays will be writ-

TYPHOID FEVER IN

TETON COUNTRY

enough in Utah to ask for one. While the merchants are display-

Sterling Silver Articles in Great Variety.

## See the Prizes in Our Window to Be Given Away New Year's Eve

SMALLEY'S People's 336 25th St.

Speaking upon the "Sins of Today That Crucified the Christ," Rev. Carver spoke briefly last night upon the sin of "Servility" and, said in part: "And Pilate willing to content the people delivered Jesus, when he had scourged him, to be crucified." That is the story of a man not being his own master. Pilate confessed that he did not find the Christ worthy of criminal death and yet he was not of criminal death and yet he was bound of criminal death and yet he was bound by tendenvictions. would deliver an innocent man to an awful death. This servility that so characterized him was one of the sins that crucified the Christ. Pilate was one who was supposed to be that could win in lawful means. The

an economic asset and captives that had formerly been killed were kept as slaves. We have long passed that and now we know that slaves are not an economic asset. We dethe deeper life. No city or state is

A Lady's Hat with every lady's suit. Hats which sold from \$5.00 to \$12.50 are in the assortment.

Unequaled values for your money at the



boss dictates. We demand free men in political life. We also realize the shown and reviewed the great reme truth in worth of men as men searches and discoveries they had defore God. He also told of the bearing nd before God.

In olden time slaves were made by those discoveries had on the develop-cenquest or capture, by purchase, or ment of the science of eugenics at by being born in bondage. The same the present day, is true today. Men surrender inde- Among the men whose pictures pendence because enraptured of some were shown were, Vesalius, the first desire or seeming pleasure. Tempta man to carefully study the buman tion conquers them and they become habit bound. They give up God for lower standards. Again, they sell themselves to factions society, or trends of life for worldly recompence. Harvey, who discovered the circulation of the blood, and Fabricus, his teacher. Aristotle, the greatest of the Greek philosophers, and trends of life for worldly recompence.

or they are born in an environment that they never have power or desire to be freed from. The result in all cases is the same. It is the servillty that aided in crucifying the Christ. But why not serve God? The ge eral answer either denies God's pow-er to enable them to do so, or implies a fear that the Lord will be a hard master seperating them from

the risk of death. These are powers that could win in lawful means. The master and yet he was servile to the clamor of a multitude.

Economists tell us that slavery was a great step in the progress of hurality for it marks the time when the worth of a man was realized as the worth of a man was realized as services of the state of the right in no half hearted way. sert the right in no half hearted way

# PROF. E. G. TITUS

With the lecture room at the Og-den high school crowded with interested listeners. Professor E. G. Titus, Saturday evening, gave his third lec-ture on "Genetics and Eugenics" Preceding the lecture, John M. Mills, superintendent of city schools.

been made to have a direct current of electricity connected with the high view to adding to the subject of "Why Utah products should be used" with a school, so that, in the future states tican lectures could be given without the trouble that had confronted the committee during the present series. He also said that a stereoptican had been selected and would soon be owned by the board and that the school would not need to borrow one, as

While the stereoptican was being connected, Professor Titus gave a est experiments of the scientist "Men in the hybidization of plants With drawings on the blackboard, by explained how the process of graft-ing was done and what results were

evolved. When the lantern was ready, the lecturer had the pictures of the great

We treat each customer as though he was our only

Customer.

GROUT'S GRAIN STORE

H. B. Maris, wife and infant son and Mrs. Barbara Kelly are in Ogden for the winter from Jackson, Wyo, and will reside at 1029 Capital avenue. Mr. Maris is the forest assistant for the Teton National forest of which Robert E. Mills. This forest embraces nearly two million acres, an area more than fifty

The Teton forest contains the highest point in this district, the Grant Teton, 13,747 feet altitude, which has perhaps been scaled only once—by the Bishop Spalding party. This can 1-8c lower and displayed no sign of

be seen from the mountains along Gray's river, 70 miles south, rising distinctly above intervening ranges. distinctly above intervening ranges, from the northeast corner of Yeilow stone park, and from Baidy, beyone Dillon, Mont. 150 miles away.

No rattlesnake or other poisonous reptile has ever been seen in the Teton country, and typhoid fever is

stranger may temporarily become a dude while sojourning in Jackson's hole, in the heart of the Teton forest; indeed, he can not avoid doing so, for every tourist is here a "dude, every canyon roadhouse is a "dude ranch," and every guide and packer

Is a "dude wrangler."

The old timers of Jackson's Hole maintain well stocked wood piles, or wood sheds, and when the supply be gins to wane, the long-legged from gins to wane, the long-legged fron tier-man, (citizens of Jacksons Hole are long-legged for convenience) climbs the butte back of the house and heaves over the cliff another winand heaves ter's supply. This slight exercise can not be done before breakfast however. The Douglas fir saws however. The Douglas fir saws splits and burns admirably, and there is enough dead and dry lodgepole for kindling. The other essential for hot breakfast biscuits—good flour must as yet be brought "over the hill," although wheat is grown abund antly in the upper valley and along the Grovent.

Nowhere else are elk so numerous and gentle. Spring and fail they gaze coyly at the tourist from over the rim of a butte. In mid-summer all but those not in captivity hike back to the hills, but in the deep snow of winter they are too tame, necessi tating the strongest fences to pro tect the rancher's haystacks from the starving herds. The characteristic ard, though attractive, is a pathetic

Balsam Park Beetle.

In his examinations this summer Mr. Maris found that over an area of six or seven thousand acres on Grovent river three-fourths of balsam has been killed in the last three years by a bark beetle. Deputy Supervisor Stewart states that he encountered this beetle on the La Sal in southeastern Utah, in 1910. it was in 1911 that the work of this beetle was first observed on the Te

Since there is much lodgepole timper on the Teton it is fortunate that the pine bark beetle that has killed so much of this timber in the region between Driggs, Idaho, and Butte Mont. has not crossed the Teton

WALL STREET

New York, Dec. 8.-Sentiment in the street was more cheerful today. The change in feeling was attributed chiefly to improved conditions in the money market on Wall Street's estimate of the probable attitude of the Washington administration to ward corporations. Emphasis was placed on a statement attributed to the attorney general that enforcement of the anti-trust law would be undertaken, wherever possible, with-

out recourse to the courts.

The strong showing of the banks in Saturday's statement was followed by an easing off of money rates. call funds renewing today at five per

New Haven was weak throughout the morning on its showing of a shinkage in October net of \$883,000. It fell 2 5-8 to within a fraction of recent low record Sugar dropped three points to 103, the lowest since 1908. Tcbacco shares were bid up vigorously. Bonds were irregular.

South Omaha Livestock.

South Omaha, Dec. 8.—Hogs—Re-lipts 2500. Market higher. Heavy, 160@7.75; lights, \$7.25@8.65; pigs. Cattle—Receipts 2600. Market higher. Native steers, \$6.25@9.2\$: cows and helfers, \$5.85@7.50; west-ern steers, \$6.00@7.85; Texas steers On Wednesday next, "Utah Products Day" will be celebrated throughout the state and the merchants are, one and all, preparing to make displays of Utah made goods that will give a splendid idea of the manufacturing resources of the state.

Committee.

Committees are working hard to er. (7.80; er Bulk \$7.40@7.75; heavy \$7.60@7.80; packers and butchers, \$7.50@7.75; lights, \$7.40@7.70; pigs, \$5.50@

of the state and they ask the people to co-operate with them by making calls of the merchants for "homemade" goods of every kind. The mer-Cattle—Receipts 14.000 Market steady. Prime fed steers, \$8.25@ 9.25; dressed beef steers, \$7.00@8.15; western steers, \$6.00@7.75; southern steers, \$5.50@7.25; cows, \$4.25@7.25; heifers, \$6.00@9.00; stockers and feeders, \$5.50@7.50; bulls, \$4.75@ customers. A list of Utah made products has been printed and every 7.00; calves, \$6.50@10.50. Ogden merchant will have a copy for every person who is interested

Sheep—Receipts 10,000. 1 steadq. Lambs, \$7.50@7.70; ings, \$5.50@6.75; wethers, \$7.50@7.70; yearl-wethers, \$4.50@ 5.50; ewes, \$4.00@4.75.

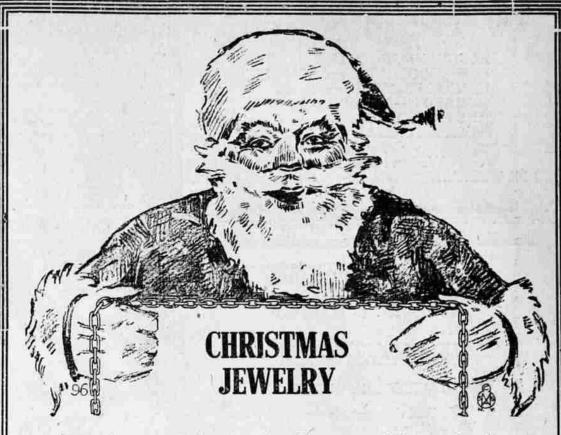
New York. Dec. 8—Sugar—Raw, nominal: muscovado, \$3.04. centrifugal, \$3.54; molasses, \$2.79; refined, quiet; cut loaf, \$5.30; crushed, \$5.20; rould A, \$4.85; cubes, \$4.60; XXXX powdered, \$4.50; powdered, \$4.45; fine granulated, \$4.35; diamond A, \$4.35; confectioners A, \$4.25; No. 1, \$4.25;

Lead. St. Louis. Dec. 8.—Lead firmer, 3.85; spelter, firmer 4.05@4.15.

Chicago Produce

## CHICAGO GRAIN

This forest emoralism for the forest can one than fifty square miles, and is the largest in the Ogden district. By the canyons and passes by which travel is possible, Supervisor Miller can not get from one side of his forest to the other with less than one hundred travel. The market opened 1-8 to 3-8 1/2 c higher and subsequently made a further as



Our selection of Jewelry for Christmas Gifts is the best in the city. Nowhere can you find a better selected stock of new, clean and up-to-date Jewelry at prices that we can sell you. Being just one door off the high rents and expenses we are able to save you 20 to 50 per cent on all your Christmas purchases. We would like to have you come in and look our Jewelry over. We feel sure that you will be well pleased with your visit.

Here Are a Few Suggestions for Gifts:

TOILET SETS JEWEL CASES RINGS LOCKETS CHAINS LA VALLNERES BROOCHES BRACELETS BAR PINS EARRINGS WATCHES UMBRELLAS BRACELET

WATCHES

FOR THE LADIES:

FOR THE GENTLEMEN: CIGARETTE CASE PIPES LIGHTERS WATCHES CHAINS FOBS RINGS EMBLEM JEWELRY CUFF BUTTONS TIE PINS TIE CLASPS FOUNTAIN PENS

FOR THE HOME: CUT GLASS CLOCKS SILVERWARE CHINA PERCOLATORS FOR THE CHILDREN: CUPS RINGS BABY RINGS BIB HOLDERS CHILD SETS LOCKETS BRACELETS

Come in any day this week and we will lay away any article until Christmas on a small deposit. OPEN EVENINGS TILL CHRISTMAS. ALL ENGRAVINGS FREE.

# HARRY DAVIS

The Popular Priced Jeweler The Store With the Guarantee

Wheat strength seemed to neutralize the effect of the er to 1-8 up.

corn weakness.
First sales of provisions varied from Saturday's level to 75c higher, but afterward reacted under the in-

Closing corn prices were at a de-

Cash.

Close wheat was steady, unchang White, 60 @71c; No. 3, yellow, 70 3-4

Ryc-No. 2, 64 1-2c; Barley, 53@ 58c: Timothy \$4,00@5.25; clover 1.07 @140; pork 21.25; lard \$10.62 1-2; ribs, \$1.05@1.12 1-2



Holidays

To all stations on Oregon Short Line, and to points on Salt Lake Route in Utah; also to points on O.-W. R. & N.

Dates of Sale-Dec. 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 31. and Jan. 1, 1914.

Final Return Limit-

Jan. 5, 1914.

THE

**FOLKS** 

ARE

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**FOR** 

YOU

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES

California

**Pacific Northwest** Tickets on Sale-

Dec. 20 and 22. Return Limit-Feb. 28, 1914. Tickets on Sale-Dec. 29, Return Limit-Mar. 7, 1914.

For detailed information concerning rates and reservations, call at or phone

City Ticket Office 2514 Washington Ave.

W. H. CHEVERS

PAUL L. BEEMER.

For Good Hay and Grain. Phone "1229"

332 24th St.