

NO GUESS WORK
STANDARD DISPATCHES
ARE GENUINE AND GUAR-
ANTEED BY THE GREATEST
NEWS GATHERING ASSO-
CIATION IN THE WORLD
39TH YEAR—NO. 253

The Ogden Standard.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 22, 1909

WEATHER FORECAST
UTAH—THE INDICATIONS ARE
THAT THE WEATHER WILL BE
FAIR TONIGHT AND TOMOR-
ROW.
PRICE FIVE CENTS

JEFFRIES RETURNS FIT TO MAKE THE FIGHT OF HIS LIFE FOR WHITE RACE

Sturdy Boilermaker Is Met at the Wharf by Admirers, Who Express Surprise at His Remarkably Fine Condition.

New York, Oct. 22.—James J. Jeffries has come back from his European trip ready and fit, it is believed, to fight Jack Johnson for the heavy-weight championship of the world in the environs of Carlisle, Bohemia, the one-time boilermaker is asserted to have trained vigorously for the Johnson mill, without giving the slightest hint to his friends in America of what he was doing. When Jeffries walked down the gang plank of the steamship Lusitania, today, he looked as if he was in fighting trim. His solid build of frame was without superfluous flesh and his complexion was clear.

Sam Berger, his sparring partner, and a host of admirers at the dock appeared surprised at the physical condition of the retired champion. "I am ready to fight Johnson tomorrow," said the big fellow, "and the sooner the articles are signed the better. I'll live up to the Berger agreement, but as to details they can take care of themselves."

"What about Johnson?" was asked. Jeffries' brown eyes snapped as he replied: "I care not about Johnson. That nigger has made more noise and done less than any man I know."

Jeff told how he had brought himself into fighting condition but he was a little reticent about his weight. "I weighed under 220 pounds at Carlisle," began Jeff, slowly, "and the last time I jumped on the scales it was in France—I tipped the beam at 223 pounds, but you can't get me on the scales now for \$20."

"How did I get into shape?" It seems the newspaper men always have me with a lot of fat on my body. I did not have much when I went away and I have not any now."

HAS FAITH IN AMERICA

German Financier Who Was Skeptical Sees a New Light

New York, Oct. 22.—Paul Hartog, a director of the Bank Fur Handel und Industrie of Berlin, who is making an official investigation of American industries and its financial institutions, declare American securities are of the recognized variety to be safe for German investments. He said: "I came to this country somewhat skeptical regarding American business conditions, but from what I have already seen and learned, I have become thoroughly convinced of the inherent soundness of the industrial and financial situation in this country and I feel certain of the continuance of the prosperity which your industries are showing. One point on which I have been impressed is the thoroughness of American organization in all lines of endeavor and with the effectiveness of your corporation management. In the latter respect, there has undoubtedly been much improvement in recent years as a result of aroused public sentiment of honest and efficient management, and I feel, speaking generally, that the management of your corporations is now such as to command entire confidence."

CLOSING QUOTATIONS OF WORLD'S MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS.	
Amalgamated Copper, 80 1/2	American Beet Sugar, 46 1/4
American Car and Foundry, 69 1/2	American Cotton Oil, 76 1/2
American Locomotive, 58	American Smelting, 95 1/8
American Sugar, 120 1/2	American Smelting, 111 1/4
Anaconda Mining Co., 46	Atlantic Coast Line, 138
Achilles Railway, 120	Baltimore and Ohio, 115 1/4
Brooklyn Rapid Transit, 76 7/8	Canadian Pacific, 183 1/4
Chesapeake and Ohio, 87 1/4	Chicago and Northwestern, 188 1/4
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul, 157 1/2	Colorado Fuel and Iron, 44 3/4
Colorado and Southern, 52 1/4	Delaware and Hudson, 185
Denver and Rio Grande, 46 1/2	Denver and Rio Grande, 46 1/2
Erie Railway, 35	Great Northern, 147 1/4
Great Northern, 147 1/4	Illinois Central, 148 1/2
Interborough Met., 48 3/4	Louisville and Nashville, 151 1/2
Missouri Pacific, 68 7/8	Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 46
National Lead, 86 1/2	New York Central, 134
Norfolk and Western, 95 1/4	Northern Pacific, 148
Pacific Mail, 38 1/2	Pennsylvania Railway, 146 1/8
Pullman Palace Car, 191	Reading Railway, 160 5/8
Rock Island Co., 38 1/8	Rock Island Co., 38 1/8
Southern Pacific, 128	Southern Railway, 128
United States Steel, 88 1/8	United States Steel, 126 1/2
Wabash Railway, 20 3/8	Western Union, 62 3/8
Western Union, 62 3/8	Standard Oil company, 69 5/8

Chicago, Oct. 22.—Close: Wheat—Dec. \$1.05 3/4; May \$1.05 1/2; July 98 7/8. Corn—Oct. 60; Dec. 59 5/8-2 1/4; May 61 5/8; July 61. Oats—Dec. 39 7/8; May 42 1/4; July 39 7/8-5/8. Pork—Oct. 23 3/4; Jan. \$18.70; May \$18.47 1/2. Lard—Oct. \$12.55; Nov. \$12.02 1/2; Jan. \$11.10; May \$10.85. Ribs—Oct. \$11.20; Jan. and May \$9 1/2. Cattle—Cash 72-74; Dec. 72-73 1/2; Jan. 72-73 1/2; Feb. 72-73 1/2; March 72-73 1/2; April 72-73 1/2; May 72-73 1/2; June 72-73 1/2; July 72-73 1/2; August 72-73 1/2; September 72-73 1/2; October 72-73 1/2; November 72-73 1/2; December 72-73 1/2.

estimated at 3,000; market slow to weak; beefs \$3.85-4.75; Texas steers \$3.75-4.50; western steers \$4.00-4.25; stockers and feeders \$3.00-3.50; cows and heifers \$2.00-2.50; calves \$7.00-9.50.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 16,000; market 5c lower; light \$7.10-7.70; mixed \$7.25-7.85; heavy \$7.25-7.90; rough \$7.25-7.45; good to choice heavy \$7.45-7.90; pigs \$5.25-7.15; bulk of sales \$7.50-7.80.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 12,000; market steady; native \$2.40-2.80; western \$2.00-2.55; yearlings \$4.40-5.35; lambs, native, \$4.25-4.70; western \$4.50-4.75.

THIEF OF UNLIMITED ASSURANCES.

Sheridan, Wyo., Oct. 22.—A thief possessed of unlimited assurance is at work in this vicinity. Some time ago two small buildings used as storehouses were carried away from the rear of a store, where they stood on a wagon. The climax to this occurrence came last night when thieves carried off a large substantial barn, 160 acres of fencing valued at \$500, and a ton of coal from a ranch near here. No trace of the stolen property has been found.

RICHARD CROKER COMING OVE BEFORE ELECTION

New York, Oct. 22.—Richard Croker, formerly leader of Tammany hall, has engaged passage on the steamship Mauretania, to sail from Liverpool for this city tomorrow, according to a cablegram received here.

Since retiring from politics and taking up his residence abroad, Mr. Croker has invariably visited this country, but on the occasion he will arrive several days before election. He has a winter home at Palm Beach, Fla.

HE CAN FLY 500 MILES

Orville Wright Says the Aeroplane is Not as Dangerous as Auto

Paris, Oct. 22.—Orville Wright has outlined his views on the subject of mechanical flight.

"There is not as much danger in flying as there is in automobile racing," he said.

"We can now turn out motors that will run regularly for a short time, forty-nine times out of fifty, and in ten years, or five years, or even two years, I think there will be an aeroplane motor absolutely reliable."

"We will soon build a machine for speed to be used with our present motor to show what can be done. It will go faster than any machine you have seen over here."

"How far can you fly in one of your present machines?" was asked.

"In Berlin," he answered, "I took up as a passenger a man who weighed 225 pounds. I had seventy-five pounds of gasoline on board. I could replace the weight of the man with gasoline and that would give me 300 pounds of fuel. With that I could fly 500 miles."

"Yes, any one who can run an automobile can fly. It is not nearly as difficult or dangerous as automobile racing."

though the travelers did not know which way to turn, the footprints on the sand told of the search for water against a desperately growing need. Sometimes the trail of one or the other of the children disappeared, indicating that the father or the mother had expended a last drop of energy in carrying their dying little ones.

The trail followed the bed of a dry creek for many miles, and then led off to that country from which few travelers return. Nothing but a red run there and sand, and a man and a woman calling upon their God.

Kellogg returned to civilization and searching parties were started out at once, but no word has been received.

A BLOODY ELECTION

Gary, Indiana, Makes Ogden's Campaign Look Tame

Chicago, Oct. 22.—One murder and two riots, with scores of street fights between citizens, and the severance of three business partnerships, is the result of four days of intense political strife at Gary, Ind., attendant upon the election of the first mayor of the "Steel City."

The mutilated body of Roda Ivanich, one of the participants in the primary riot on Monday last, was found at daylight yesterday, lying in the middle of one of Gary's principal streets.

Ivanich had been shot with a revolver through the back of the head. His face was then beaten into an almost unrecognizable mass. Two men are held as suspects.

Following close upon the disclosure of the Ivanich murder it was announced that three business firms had dissolved partnership because of animosities growing out of the bitter mayoralty campaign.

YERKES-ESTATE TO BE SETTLED OUT OF COURT.

New York, Oct. 22.—After three years of ceaseless litigation which has involved interests on both sides of the Atlantic and produced volumes of records in the federal and state courts in New York and Chicago, it is declared that the controversies over the estate of the late Charles T. Yerkes are to be settled out of court.

The compact is said to include the settlement of all creditors' claims in full.

The chief factor in this impending settlement is George W. Young, head of the banking house which bears his name. About three months ago he was appointed by Mrs. Yerkes as her personal representative with irrevocable power to exercise absolute authority.

Mrs. Yerkes confirmed this information yesterday.

SMALL BOY'S LIFE IS SNUFFED OUT

Edward Davies, Eight Years Old, Is Killed by Watson Transfer Wagon.

Salt Lake, Oct. 22.—In attempting either to get onto or off of a dray belonging to the Watson Transfer company, of 558 South Fourth West street, Edward Davies, 8 years old, was instantly killed almost in front of his home at 435 West Second South street about 8 o'clock Thursday evening.

The lad's left thigh was fractured and his right hip crushed.

No blame attaches to the transfer company or its employees, but the company refused to give out the name of the driver of the wagon, on sentimental grounds. The driver, to whom about \$800 was offered, refused to give out the name of the driver of the wagon, on sentimental grounds.

The driver of the wagon, on sentimental grounds, refused to give out the name of the driver of the wagon, on sentimental grounds.

UNEASINESS IN FINANCIAL CIRCLES OVER SENSATIONAL DISCOUNT RATES

TWO JOHN GEORGE REISTS.

Philadelphia, Oct. 22.—Six residents of this city, each named John George Reist, went to the office of Henry Miller yesterday and each made affidavit that the Peter Reist, who died in Germany twenty years ago, after having accumulated \$50,000, was his father.

Will Not Tell the Police Who Shot Him

New York, Oct. 22.—Although he has a bullet wound in his abdomen from which the hospital physicians say he probably will die, Frank Ranez will not tell the police who shot him. He was found in East Fourteenth street early today suffering from great pain, but would not say anything about the circumstances of the shooting.

Ranez, who is 24 years old, was employed near where he was found, but the police obtained no information.

INJURED IN A TAXICAB

Two Prominent Men Are Victims of an Accident

New York, Oct. 22.—When the taxicab in which they were riding skidded and turned turtle in Irving place before daylight today, Andreas Dipple, one of the directors of the Metropolitan Opera house and G. Stengel-Semmler, husband of Mrs. Semmler, the singer, were severely injured. A lay rider with them and the chauffeur were not hurt.

The accident occurred in front of the Players' club, and one of the first men to assist the injured was Booth Tarkington, the author. Doctors who were called to the club house, found that Mr. Dipple had sustained a head cut back of the right ear and another scalp wound. Mr. Stengel-Semmler suffered so from the shock and possibly internal injuries that he was sent to his hotel in a private ambulance.

MESSINA ONCE MORE UNEASY

Messina, Oct. 22.—Yesterday's earth shocks felt in the vicinity of Mount Etna coincide with the renewed activity of Mount Vesuvius and have caused much alarm here. The fact that such seismic disturbances had been predicted by Frank A. Perret, the American scientist, formerly assistant director of the royal observatory on Mount Vesuvius, does not lessen the uneasiness.

Mr. Perret was in this city during the last week of September and at that time pointed out that September 29th would be a date most favorable for earthquakes and volcanic eruptions, for the reason that at that time the sun, earth and moon would be in line, thus constituting a combination tending to produce a gravitational distortion of the earth's form.

Mr. Perret added that if nothing out of the ordinary occurred, as proved to be the case, it would mean that the earth had resisted the unusual pressure but that telluric convulsions would likely be experienced in the latter half of October.

Naples, Oct. 22.—The eruption of Mount Vesuvius, which became alarmingly active yesterday, appears to be decreasing today. The villages in the vicinity of the volcano are filled with strangers, mostly foreigners, who had hastened here to witness the phenomena.

"DIVINE HEALER" DREW GREAT CROWDS IN DENVER

Denver, Oct. 21.—Francis Schlatter, the "divine healer," who has been performing apparently miraculous cures and created a profound sensation throughout the west, came to Denver from New Mexico September 16, 1895. While the stories of his reported powers had preceded him they were not given general credence until his demonstrations in this city.

During his stay here Schlatter was the guest of former Alderman E. T. Fox, and addressed his audiences and performed his cures in the front yard of the Fox home. He remained about a week, but before the end of that time the railroads were bringing in trainloads of sick, halt, lame and blind to Denver to have Schlatter heal them by the laying on of hands.

So great were the throngs that many erected tents near the Fox home to await their turn with the healer. Schlatter never wore coat nor hat and took no money from the patients he was supposed to have healed.

Blame for Bank of England's Gold Policy Is Placed on the Banks of New York, Which Have Borrowed Immense Sums.

New York, Oct. 22.—New York bankers are not entirely agreed as to the influence of New York credit operations in having forced the sensational advances of the last two weeks in the Bank of England's official discount rate.

Current estimates of New York's borrowings from foreign markets have run as high as \$500,000,000 for the season. Jacob Schiff asserts that much exaggeration has attended these estimates. It is a fact, however, that New York clearing house banks contracted the loan account \$110,000,000 from the last week in August to October 16, without evidence of any corresponding liquidation in the stock market. These loans were supposed to have been transferred, to a large extent, to foreign banks. At the same time, the country's foreign trade has been abnormal in the heavy value of exports and the scanty exports, leaving no adequate supply of exchange to meet maturing indebtedness abroad.

Plans for flotation of new bond issues also have been held up, in which foreign bankers were expected to participate and thus take up portions of maturing indebtedness.

Miscalculation of the autumn money markets is admitted to have resulted from these abnormal conditions. The rapid rise in foreign exchange rates in New York for several days past shows that foreigners are insisting on payment of maturing indebtedness and indicate that exports of gold may be involved in meeting the requirements. Gold exports to Europe are not improbable, judging from the intimations given out by bankers today. The assay office has some \$5,000,000 in gold bars on hand, and inquiry as to its availability for export was made there today.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—Inquiry among the big international bankers today developed that all are incredulous regarding the reported German purchases of gold in London. Bankers say it would be impossible to import gold with profit at the present rate of exchange. As Berlin bankers view the London situation, the present stringency there is due to the mistaken policy of the Bank of England in maintaining too low a discount rate during the summer.

This encouraged speculation in New York and facilitated the purchase of gold for other countries as well as caused English bankers to offer money in considerable sums for German bills.

These latter operations were due rather to the demand from English bankers for temporary investments than to the actual German requirements for money.

As a matter of fact, instead of Germany borrowing to excess in London, Berlin bankers have large balances there. One representative of a great international banking house informed the Associated Press today that it had larger balances in sterling than all the London bankers have with it in marks. The Reichs Bank is also understood to have big balances in London.

Bankers here hardly expect the London check rate at Berlin to rise to such a point that the gold export point will be reached, because the English demand will be diverted to Paris before that time.

NO LONGER A CITIZEN

Capt. S. F. Cody Has Renounced American Citizenship

New York, Oct. 22.—Captain S. F. Cody, the American aviator who has been teaching the British army officers how to fly, has renounced his American citizenship and taken out naturalization papers as a British subject, according to a message received here from Doncaster, England, where he is attending an airship meeting.

A large crowd cheered Cody when he was given his naturalization papers but he refused to lower the American flag which was flying over his headquarters.

It was said some time ago that Cody was informed that he would have to become a British subject if he desired to hold his position there.

THE HAND THAT DUSTS THE FURNITURE RULES THE HOUSE

Chicago, Oct. 22.—American families are under the subject of the maid of all work, according to Dean Sophus Breckenridge of the University of Chicago, who lectured on "The Modern Household" yesterday at the university. The hand that dusts the furniture is the hand that rules the house, Dean Breckenridge believes.

HAULING OF PLAIN CITY BEETS

RAILROAD COMPANY SLOW IN MAKING CONNECTIONS.

Otherwise the Beet Crop Would Now Be En Route to the Sugar Factory.

Emil S. Rolapp, assistant secretary of the Amalgamated Sugar company, was in Salt Lake yesterday attending to the matter of having connections made between the Oregon Rapid Transit line and the Oregon Short line at Harrisville, so as to handle the beet crop from the Plain City district within the next week or ten days.

The Rapid Transit people will finish the ballasting of their road tomorrow, and after that time they will be ready to attend to whatever freight traffic there may be in that section. All parties concerned are anxious over the making of the connections between the two roads. The beets are ready for the factory and the factory is ready for the beets, the only obstacle in the way of accomplishing both purposes just now lying with the delay of the Oregon Short line people.

Mr. Rolapp was given assurance yesterday that the spur connecting the two roads at Harrisville, would be built within a few days and it would be only a few days before the beet crop could be moved.

It is understood that the company commenced work on the spur track this morning, and the sugar company managers state that they expect the transportation of beets from the fields to the factory will begin Tuesday or Wednesday of next week. There are about 600 acres of beets to be handled from the Plain City district, or about 9,000 tons.

MYSTERY CLEARING

New York, Oct. 22.—Following the receipt of dispatches from Hamburg, Germany, last night saying that the young woman, whose body was found at Islip, L. I., last Sunday, might have been Anna Latter, of Altoona, a suburb of Hamburg, a number of points in the mystery have been cleared away. The identification is considered correct, and the police are now seeking to locate Otto Mueller, who is said to have married the girl in Newark, N. J., on February 6, 1908.

For several months previous to that time it is said that Anna Latter had been employed as a maid in the home of Isaac Seligman, a New York banker. Shortly after the wedding, Otto Mueller took his bride to Europe, where they visited her relatives in Germany and then hurried back to New York. They spent a few days in Newark visiting friends, but suddenly were lost track of, and although inquiries were made their disappearance remained a mystery until the disclosure of the fact that the skeleton found at Islip might be that of Anna Latter.

It has been the belief of the police that the murder was committed more than a year ago. The girl could then have been a bride of but a few months when she met her death.

The discovery of a pair of automobile glasses near the skeleton strengthens the theory that the girl was taken to the woods in a motor car. A road house keeper nearby has told the police that two men and a woman came to his house in an automobile last fall and after quarreling, hurried away. The two men returned later without the woman.

Mueller met Miss Latter at Fort Rockaway beach while she was carrying on an invalid there. He had represented himself as an architect and said he owned lots in Jamaica, L. I., where he planned to build a house. The police are looking for Mueller for further information.

MAN SHOULD LIVE TO BE 150 YEARS

New York, Oct. 22.—The normal span of human life is 150 years, according to a remarkable study by Professor Irving Fisher of Yale, which has just been published by the National Conservation commission at Washington. Professor Fisher shows that the length of man's existence steadily growing, both in this country and Europe, with the progress of science, sanitation and social betterment, and declares that the span of 150 years will not long be impossible of attainment.

The investigations by Melchiorff are quoted by Professor Fisher to show that the average normal span should be 150 years. Mammals generally, he points out, live about five times their growing period. Man's period of growth is 30 years, and, according to that, he should live for 150 years.