

TELLER TO LEAD THE DELEGATION.

Colorado Republicans Meet
in Convention at
Pueblo.

FIGHT OF THE FACTIONS

Wolcott Withdraws From the
Contest for a Seat at
St. Louis.

WRANGLE OVER THE POLICY.

Resolutions Strongly Favor the Free
Coinage of Silver and Protec-
tion to Industries.

PUEBLO, COLO., May 14.—The Republi-
can State Convention was called to order
this afternoon by Chairman Howbert. Dr.
John Grass of Trinidad was selected
temporary chairman and after a creden-
tials committee was appointed a recess
was taken. The defeated minority of the
Arapahoe County Convention appeared be-
fore this committee to appeal for repre-
sentation in certain districts. Arguments
were made on both sides. It was openly
stated that should the convention decide
to unseat any of the delegates by favoring
the minority appeal the entire Arapahoe
delegation will withdraw from the conven-
tion.

A telegram from Senator Wolcott was
read announcing his desire to withdraw
from the contest for a seat in the National
Convention at St. Louis as delegate from
Colorado in the interest of harmony and
the cause of bimetalism. The friends of
Wolcott are now confining their efforts to
preventing a vote of censure. It is not be-
lieved that this will be done; neither will
the delegates be instructed to bolt.

The report of the Committee on Creden-
tials was submitted at 9:30 o'clock. It de-
cided against the appeal of the McMurray
faction of Denver for representation. No
further fight was waged and the conven-
tion was ready for work.

The delegates were not inclined to allow
business to proceed until resolutions de-
fining the policy of the Colorado Republi-
cans were adopted and a long wrangle en-
sued.

Speeches in plenty were heard and they
kept the delegates in a measure pacified
until nearly midnight when the committee
on resolutions reported. There was a hot
fight in committee on account of the ex-
pected clash between the Wolcott and
Teller factions.

It was finally decided to let Senator
Henry M. Teller head the Colorado dele-
gation. This was reported to the conven-
tion and his nomination was made unan-
imous.

Instructions to cast the Colorado vote
according to his views were also passed.

The resolutions were strongly in favor
of free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 and pro-
tection to American industries. Free
trade and the gold standard were roundly
scorred.

At 1:45 A. M. the convention adjourned
sine die, after electing Senator Teller, J. W.
Rocksfall, James Downing and Frank
Goudy delegates at large to the St. Louis
convention.

The convention of Republican delegates
in the Second Congressional District
today selected Charles Brickenstein of
Concepcion and C. J. Hart of Pueblo as dele-
gates to the St. Louis convention upon a
platform which instructed them to abide
by Senator Teller's judgment in all mat-
ters. A resolution instructing the dele-
gates not to bolt failed to pass.

State Chairman Irving Howbert was re-
signed. Who his successor will be is as
yet problematical.

NO FUSION WITHOUT SILVER.

All the North Carolina Populists Will
Not Join the Republicans.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 14.—The Republi-
can State Convention did not meet until
nearly 1 o'clock this afternoon. A com-
mittee on credentials was appointed and
the convention adjourned in thirty min-
utes. It did not reassemble until 8
o'clock this evening, so numerous were
the contested seats. It is believed that
the convention will not adjourn until late to-
morrow night.

It is asserted that Senator Pritchard
will head the delegates-at-large to the
National Convention. The greatest inter-
est is manifested in the nomination of a
candidate for Governor. Five names—Oliver
H. Dockery, Daniel L. Russell, James
E. Boyd, James W. Moody and V. S.
Lusk—will be placed before the conven-
tion. Lusk is to be permanent chairman
of the convention.

The offices of Lieutenant-Governor,
Treasurer and Secretary of State are to be
left open to be filled by the Populists when
they hold their State convention, or if this
convention declines to fill them, the bolting
Populists, who are now affiliating with
Republicans, will do so. There was a
meeting of these bolters with the Republi-
can conference committee to-day and they
relinquished their demand that they
should be allowed to name the candidate
for Governor. Spier Whitaker was chair-
man of this committee and he withdrew
as soon as this backdown occurred. He
says the Populists in the eastern part of
the State, save those in Vance County,
follow him fully and indorse his course.
It is quite clear that the mass of the Popu-
lists are backing Senator Buckner in the
declaration that there shall be no fusion
or co-operation with the Republicans un-
less the latter pledge themselves to vote
for only free silver men.

There was no regular session of the con-
vention to-night. Two hours were devoted
to speech-making, and any mention of Mc-
Kinley was loudly applauded.

WEST VIRGINIA REPUBLICANS.

They Declare for a Sound Money Policy
and McKinley.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., May 14.—The
following delegates to St. Louis were to-
day elected by the Republican State Con-

vention: Hon. O. W. Hardman of Tyler,
Hon. F. M. Reynolds of Mineral County,
Major J. E. Dana of Charleston and Hon.
A. B. White of Parkersburg. They were
instructed for McKinley.

The convention was one of the largest
and most harmonious ever held in the
State. Thomas E. Davis was named as
temporary chairman. The usual commit-
tees were appointed, and at 12 o'clock the
convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

When the convention reconvened the
committee on permanent organization re-
ported State Senator Morrey of Rich-
mond County, chairman, and Phillip H. Waters
(colored) of Kanawha, secretary.

The report of the committee on resolu-
tions was read. It denounces the unneces-
sary issue of Government bonds in time
of peace; demands a sound money policy
which shall maintain an equality of the
purchasing power of every dollar of Ameri-
can money; indorses protection to Ameri-
can industries as taught and maintained
for thirty years by the Republican party
and instructs for McKinley as follows:

"We declare that our choice for Presi-
dent of the United States is that pure
patriot, that gallant soldier, the foremost
champion of protection, that thorough-
bred American, our friend and neighbor,
William McKinley of the United States of
America. And the delegates chosen by
this convention are hereby directed to vote
for Major McKinley in the Republican
National Convention and to use all other
honorable efforts to secure his nomina-
tion."

DELEGATE MAGEE TALKS.

Defends the Sound Money Policy of Major
McKinley.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 15.—C. L. Ma-
gee, who is a delegate to the Republican
National Convention from the Pittsburgh
district, returned to-day from New York,
where he has been several days looking
over the political situation. Asked about
the talk being indulged in at the metropo-
lis concerning McKinley's attitude on the
currency question, Mr. Magee said:

"The anxiety displayed by Messrs. Quay
and Platt as to Major McKinley's position
on the money question is rather amusing,
considering that whatever record Major
McKinley has made on that question was
made in Congress previous to 1892; yet in
that same year—1892—McKinley's money
record was so good that Mr. Quay cast his
vote for him for President in the Republi-
can National Convention.

"McKinley's record on the money ques-
tion is as sound as Sherman's, and nobody
questions Sherman's. Another point.
Benjamin Harrison has an ideal sound
money record. Yet this did not prevent
Mr. Quay, Mr. Platt and the other con-
spirators of their school from attempting
to defeat the nomination of Harrison in
1892, just as they are now seeking to de-
feat the nomination of McKinley.

"Their efforts were not effective then
and will not be this year. There is not the
slightest danger that McKinley as Presi-
dent will be different from McKinley as
Congressman or McKinley as Governor of
Ohio, in both of which positions he has
been the soundest kind of a sound money
man. To question McKinley's soundness
on money is as absurd as to question his
soundness on the tariff."

PROHIBITIONISTS FAVOR SILVER.

Planks in the Platform of the Wisconsin
Convention.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., May 14.—The
Prohibitionist State Convention, after a
long fight over the silver plank, adopted
a platform with four planks as follows:
Straight prohibition, declaring suffrage
should depend on intelligence rather than
sex, against appropriations of public
money for sectarian purposes and de-
manding that silver be restored to its po-
sition prior to 1873.

The following State ticket was nomi-
nated by acclamation: Governor, Major
J. H. Berkey of Monroe; Lieutenant-Gov-
ernor, Rev. R. Leaton of Racine; Secre-
tary of State, E. B. Knowlton of Manston;
Treasurer, Lorenzo Crandall of Hudson;
Attorney-General, A. E. Didon of Ash-
land; Superintendent of Public Instruc-
tion, Professor W. L. Morrison of Neills-
ville; Insurance Commissioner, B. E.
Broadwell of Sparta; Railroad Commis-
sioner, Dr. A. Christanson of Washburne.
The vote on the silver plank was a tie
and Chairman Severath carried it by vot-
ing in the affirmative.

The Congressional District Convention
nominated as follows: First District,
E. W. White of Evansville; Second, Jesse
Meyers of Verona, Dane County; Sev-
enth, John Mosley of Tomah; Eighth, John
Evans of Waupaca; Tenth, P. A. Oscar of
Washburne.

SEATS FOR CORRESPONDENTS.

Distribution of Space for the St. Louis
Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 14.—The press
committee of the Business Men's League
held a conference to-day with Sergeant-at-
Arms T. E. Byrnes with reference to the
distribution of press tickets for the Re-
publican National Convention. It was ar-
ranged that the committee should take
charge of all applications for seats includ-
ing those already received by the sergeant-
at-arms. All applications will be tabu-
lated and the most equitable distribution
possible of the 418 seats will be made by
the committee and by them submitted to
Mr. Byrnes for his approval. All papers
not having applied to either the sergeant-
at-arms or Chairman D. M. Houser of the
press committee must make application
immediately to the latter. In order to
facilitate the location of the seats and the
distribution of tickets it was decided to
receive no application for seats after June 1.

CATSPAW FOR NO PARTY.

President Traynor States the Stand of the
A. P. A.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14.—It is as-
serted to-night that since the convention
here of the A. P. A. the Ohio delegates tele-
graphed to Mr. Hanna a dispatch, the na-
ture of which was to prevent Mr. Grosv-
enor from making any further utterances
detrimental to Judge Stevens, and that the
reply to the telegram was of a character
thoroughly satisfactory to the friends of
McKinley in the association.

The address of President Traynor, which
was made public to-night, says that the
A. P. A. has passed the probationary
milestone of its existence, and to-day is a
recognized factor in American politics,
whose favor is openly courted by politi-
cal leaders, organizers and aspirants for
public office who a year ago ignored, treated
with contempt and denounced it.

The address does not savor of much re-
gard for eleventh hour converts and much
stress is given to similar points question-
ing the honesty of parties in efforts to con-
trol the A. P. A. vote and organization,



Uncle Sam: "Just wait till I hitch this horse on there."

together with warnings that the order
should in no event be made the cat-
spaw of any party.

The address says:
"Any aspirant for Presidential honors
in any section by any party who desires
the united suffrages of our order must
freely indorse its principles and over his
own signature promise to maintain and up-
hold them to the best of his ability."

FOR GOLD AND SUFFRAGE.

Two Planks in the Delaware Prohibi-
tionists' Platform.

DOVER, DELA., May 14.—Delaware Pro-
hibitionists held their State Convention
here to-day and named delegates to the
National Convention of the party at Pitts-
burg, on May 27. They adopted a plat-
form in which they say, "We advocate the
entire elimination of the tariff question
from partisan politics and its reference to
a non-partisan commission. With all the
progressive nations, we believe that gold
should be the standard of value for our
monetary system, but we also believe that
silver and National notes should be used
as mediums of exchange and recognized as
equal to the value of gold in payment of
all obligations, National as well as private
debts included."

The platform also makes the usual de-
claration of prohibition principles and be-
lieves in equal right of suffrage.

Grosvenor Is Confident.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Representa-
tive Grosvenor, McKinley's campaign
manager in Washington, says that Mc-
Kinley will be nominated on the first bal-
lot by a majority of at least 200, despite
all that Platt of New York can do. Platt
is actuated by spite, says Grosvenor, and
by holding the New York delegation to its
pledge for Morton is practically disfran-
chising the delegates, as Morton has no
chance of nomination.

GOMEZ CONCENTRATING THE REBEL TROOPS.

With Twenty Thousand Men the
Leader Will March On
Havana.

HOT FIGHTING IS EXPECTED.

Correspondents Gather Evidence to
Show That Spaniards Violate
Rules of Warfare.

HAVANA, CUBA, May 14.—It is said
that Maximo Gomez, commander-in-chief
of the insurgents, has ordered a con-
centration of the rebel forces. On Saturday
last he accompanied with Jose Maceo, Rabi,
Carillo Serafin Sanchez and other leaders
on the Campana ranch, near San Juan de
la Yueras. The combined forces are said
to have then numbered about 10,000 men.
It is believed that they have started to
march into the province of Havana, and
that they have been joined by other
forces on the way, the whole body now
numbering over 20,000 men. It is ex-
pected that they will reach the vicinity of
Havana about the end of the month, when
hot fighting is likely to take place.
It is announced on authority that the
two Americans captured in Pinar del Rio
as alleged fugitives from the filibuster

Competitor will not be tried by court-
martial. General Weyler ordered an in-
vestigation into their case prior to re-
ceiving any representations from Consul-
General Williams.

Captain-General Weyler has issued in-
structions in reference to his recent edict
calling upon all peasants to seek refuge in
the towns. General Weyler is reported as
saying that the concentration of peasants
in the towns is not obligatory, but merely
for the benefit of the inhabitants them-
selves. He also says that he is willing to
employ in the army all who shall surren-
der voluntarily. He will be an energetic
enemy, he says, but generous to those who
have repented.

PROHIBITED BY TREATY.

But Spaniards Use Brass and Copper
Tipped Bullets.

NEW YORK, N. Y., May 14.—It is said
that J. C. Creelman and Frederick W.
Lawrence, who have been representing
New York newspapers in Cuba, have in
their possession brass and copper tipped
bullets which, it is alleged, the Spaniards
have been using in Cuba against the
Cubans. The use of such missiles is said
to be prohibited by the Geneva treaty,
and Creelman, it is declared, will take
these samples to Washington, where they
will be laid before the United States Gov-
ernment.

CORRESPONDENTS RETURN.

Arrival of Creelman, Lawrence and
Biddle, Who Were Expelled.

QUARANTINE, STATEN ISLAND, May
14.—The Ward line steamer Segurana,
Captain Hoffman, arrived this morning
from Mexico and Havana, bringing fifty-
three cabin passengers. Eighteen passen-
gers were unable to produce certificates of
acclimatization.

Among them were Messrs. Creelman,
Lawrence and Biddle, Cuban war corre-

spondents for New York City papers, who
were ordered to leave Havana by General
Weyler. The correspondents were most
anxious to proceed with the steamer to the
city, but the Health Officer was unable to
allow them to go. They were sent to the
Hotel Hoffman in the lower bay. They
will be released at 4 o'clock to-morrow
afternoon.

MUST MAKE AN EXAMPLE.

Otherwise Weyler Would Pardon the
Competitor Filibusters.

NEW YORK, N. Y., May 14.—A special
cable to the Herald from Havana says:
The Marquis de Palmerol, Secretary-Gen-
eral of the Government of the island, gave
this authorized statement in the palace
yesterday:

"Captain-General Weyler has no prej-
udice whatever against American citizens
as such, and if it were not absolutely neces-
sary to put a stop to filibustering expedi-
tions he would take real pleasure in par-
doning the condemned prisoners from the
Competitor, foreigners as well as Span-
iards; but as it is necessary to make an
example of them he must perform his duty."

To Denounce the Treaties.

LONDON, ENG., May 14.—A dispatch to
the Central News from Madrid says that
the question of denouncing the treaties be-
tween Spain and the United States will
shortly be introduced in the Cortes.

AFRAID OF ASSASSINATION.

So the Sultan Causes the Arrest and
Torture of Armenians.

BERLIN, GERMANY, May 14.—The Vos-
sische Zeitung publishes a dispatch from
Constantinople which says that owing to
the Sultan's fear that he will be assassi-
nated as was the Shah of Persia, 200
Armenians have been arrested in the city
during the last few days. It is creditably
stated that the prisoners have been cruelly
tortured.

The Convicted Reformers.

LONDON, ENG., May 14.—It is reported
from Pretoria, on good authority, that the
Johannesburg reform committee prison-
ers, who are now held in custody in Pretoria
pending the decision of the authorities
as to punishment, will, with the ex-
ception of the leaders, be fined and re-
leased next week. The leaders, it is said,
will be sentenced to five years' imprison-
ment.

OVERPOWER THE CASHIER.

Silent Robbers Make a Big
Haul at an Illinois Town
Bank.

Not a Word Spoken by the Two Men
Who Secure Eleven Thousand
Dollars.

DECATUR, ILL., May 14.—The Buffalo
Bank at Buffalo, twenty miles west of
here, was robbed of \$11,000 in cash at
noon to-day by two strangers, of whom
the cashier has been able to furnish only
an imperfect clew. At that hour Cashier
Huffbarger was alone in the bank and
there was no one in the immediate vicinity
on the streets. The two men entered
briskly as if on business, and one stepped
up to the cashier's window while the other
walked toward the end of the counter.

The cashier arose to wait on the sup-
posed customer and partially leaned over
the counter. He was seized by the throat
without a word and in an instant the other
robber had got behind the counter and
grabbed him from behind.

The cashier was then bound hand and
foot and a gag thrust in his mouth. The
money on the counter was shoved into a
gripsack and the vault was entered and
all the currency taken from it.

The cashier had been rolled under the
counter and was discovered there half an
hour later by a customer of the bank. No
one had seen the thieves enter or leave
the bank and it is not known positively
how they got out of the town, but the su-
position is that they drove to Decatur.
There was not a word spoken during the
entire transaction. The bank is a private
institution.

FAST TRIAL TRIP OF THE OREGON.

Makes an Average of 16.78
Knots, the World's
Record.

QUEEN OF BATTLESHIPS.

Wonderful Time Recorded Dur-
ing Some Portions of the
Sixty-Mile Course.

17.08 IS THE HIGHEST NOTCH.

Builders of the Great War Vessel
Are Assured a Magnificent
Bonus.

SANTA BARBARA, CAL., May 14.—After
months of patient toil, after weeks
spent in preparations, after trial trips on
the bay and speed trips in the Santa Bar-
bara Channel the Oregon repaid her build-
ers by doing all they asked of her. She
made an average speed of 16.78 knots, the
world's record, and the people of Santa
Barbara are climbing over each other in
their efforts to congratulate Irving M.
Scott.

The weather was perfect. The swell
raised by Monday's storm was laid by last
night's norther and there was scarcely a
ripple on the channel. At 6:15 A. M. the
big battle-ship got under way and headed
for Point Goleta. The Unadilla was already
in position and the manner in which she
acted showed that the swell was not
heavy. Captain C. Miner Goodall was sat-
isfied with the condition of affairs and
so informed Mr. Scott. The orders
were then given and the Oregon
battled the swell around and headed
for a point off Carpinteria, where a small
stakeboat had been anchored in line with
the starting point. Once headed for the
Unadilla the engines were gradually
opened up and passing the Santa Bar-
bara wharf the Oregon was going like a deer-
hound and taking tons of water over her
bow at every jump. More and more way
she gathered and passing the scratch line,
she was beating 16½ knots. Between the
Unadilla and the Gedney there was a ten-
mile course and in covering that the big
battle-ship increased instead of diminished
her speed. At times the patent log
showed a speed better than 17 knots and
the firemen to whom the news was com-
municated were spurred on to fresh ex-
ertions.

Passing the Gedney, half a dozen people
took to the water, and on sped the Oregon
toward the Albatross, the next stakeboat.
Irving M. Scott was restless and paced the
deck. Admiral Beardslee was anxious
and seemed to take as much interest in
the test as the builder. He is proud of the
Oregon and wants to see her at the top of
her class. General Graham, Dr. Chismore
and Messrs. Small and Tucker were in-
terested spectators, and when they heard that
the battle-ship was logging seventeen
knots they were exultant, but Scott
checked them by saying, "That is only
the first leg. Wait, the pinch comes later on."
It was thus he referred to the fact
that during a sixty-mile run it is an utter
impossibility to keep a uniform pressure
on the boilers when the engines are "wide
open." He knew and the navy officers
knew and Captain C. Miner Goodall
knew that at times the speed of the Oregon
would drop below sixteen knots, but
nevertheless all hoped for the best.

Captain Goodall seemed to be the only
disinterested party on the ship. He at-
tended strictly to his duties and barring
an occasional look at the "teletype" that
gave him an idea of the progress of the
battle-ship closer to the help than ever he
steered any of the cruisers and so escaped
some of the remaining swell. On sped the
Oregon and only ten miles of the first part
of the course remained to be covered. The
speed to a landsman did not seem to have
diminished in the slightest, but the en-
signs who were keeping time became a
little serious and there was a general air
of expectancy. Down in the fireroom the
firemen worked like beavers. They were
stripped to the waist and water poured
down their backs and chests, making small
rivulets along the grime that settled on
them from the coalst.

With one big burst of speed the Oregon
passed the McArthur on the western range
near Point Concepcion. While the long
run was being made at full speed the run
was worked out, and when 17.08 knots an
hour was announced the scene on the deck
of the battle-ship was almost indescribable.
Admiral Beardslee, Captain Cotton and
all the other officers and their guests con-
gratulated Mr. Scott. When Chief En-
gineer Forsythe conveyed the news into
the fireroom the men did not even turn
their heads, but they took an extra pull
on their belts and went on shoveling coal.

From Gaviota Point to Point Concepcion
the swell had been heavy, but when the
Oregon was headed for the McArthur the
second time it was at once seen that both
wind and swell had increased. The battle-
ship rushed through it, however, and in
consequence sea after sea broke over her
bows. The turrets in which the big guns
are placed were under water twice, but the
good ship never swerved from her course
an inch, and although the throbbles were
wide open the firemen nevertheless man-
aged to keep steam from escaping from
the safety-valves. It was a hard battle to
Gaviota Point, and had it not been for
that ten-mile stretch, the Oregon would
surely have beaten seventeen knots. From
that point to where the Unadilla was sta-
tioned the work was easy, but when the
result was figured out it was found that
the battle-ship had only averaged 16.49
knots.

When the final result of an average of
16.78 knots was announced, however, and
the trial was over, the firemen lost their
self-control and a cheer went up that was
plainly heard on the upper deck above the
rush of the ship and the roar of the ma-
chinery. Almost before Irving M. Scott
and Admiral Beardslee were aware of the

