

THE IOWA HAS SPEED TO SPARE

Fast Time Made by the
Battle-Ship on Its
Trial Trip.

SEVENTEEN KNOTS THE
AVERAGE.

Builders of the New Floating
Fortress Win a Bonus
of \$25,000

ENGINES SHOW REMARKABLE
UNIFORMITY.

Not the Least Defect Apparent When
the End of the Course
Is Reached.

BOSTON, MASS., April 7.—Under favorable conditions and to the satisfaction of all concerned, the United States battle-ship Iowa was given her official trial to-day over the Cape Ann course, and under the inspection of the naval board appointed for the purpose. On the trial she made an average speed of 17 knots over the 66-mile course, exceeding her contract speed by one knot and winning a bonus of \$25,000 for her builders.

The figuring of 17 knots is a close one and there is not much of a margin to allow for error, but since the tidal corrections are likely to be in the ship's favor it is reasonably certain that the official figures will show 17 knots.

The Iowa finished her run after nearly five hours' continuous steaming in just as good condition as when she started, and without the least defect being apparent anywhere and without the slightest heating of her bearings. The conditions were favorable for making steam and the boilers showed an average pressure of 152 pounds, or all that could be expected of them. Both engines ran with remarkable uniformity, the revolutions of the screws not falling below 111 per minute nor rising above 113½, and averaging 112 for the run. The speed was also remarkably uniform between the several marks along the course, and shows that the vessel made scarcely any stops, but kept close to her best work all the time, the variations being almost wholly due to the changing depths of the water.

Immediately after the completion of the course the Iowa was sent along rapidly to port and then to starboard for a half circle under way, to determine the maneuvering ability. She answered her helm readily and showed the possibility of turning a circle of less than 400 yards. She was also very steady in her trimming, and her greatest angle of heel was only two degrees. The absence of vibration, even when the ship was driven at her highest speed, was very marked. In fact the vibration could hardly be felt, except at the extreme bow and stern.

The trial showed, in short, that little is left to be desired either in design or construction, and the official board expressed it unofficially so. But the official report will be the same.

The stations were 6.6 miles apart, and the course was thirty-five miles north-east from the first station, about five miles northeast of Thatchers Island, to the sixth station, about a mile to the eastward of Boone Island buoy, and return. The elapsed time for the first half was 1:57:23; average speed, 16.873 knots. For the second half, 1:56:24; average speed, 17.47. Average speed for the entire distance, 17 knots. Elapsed time, 3:52:47.

The ship left her moorings in Boston harbor for the racecourse at 8:30 A. M., and returned to her anchorage off the lower light shortly after 4 o'clock P. M. To the newspaper men on board Edwin S. Cramp expressed himself satisfied by the showing made by the ship and with her behavior. The Iowa will sail early Thursday morning for Philadelphia. She is the

last Cramp ship for which the Government offers a speed premium. The next Cramp ship to come here for trial will be the Japanese cruiser, now building, and to be completed in about a year. She will have a speed trial, since 22 knots is guaranteed.

DR. RUTLAND'S CASE.

Startling Array of Testimony Against the
Man Who Ground Out Bogus
Medical Diplomas.

CHICAGO, ILL., April 7.—Evidence in the case of Frederick Rutland, S.D., Ph.D., M.D., president and director of the Electric Medical College, was submitted to the Federal Grand Jury to-day. The case is one of National interest from the fact that Rutland is charged with using the mails as a means to defraud young men ambitious to become physicians, the nominal fee of \$35 being charged for matriculation, examination and graduation. The alleged college was located in the residence district of the West Side, but the "examinations" were conducted through the mails.

The books of the concern failed to show the total bogus diplomas issued, but they are said to run into the thousands and are found to be in every State in the Union.

Rutland was admitted to bail after his arrest by the Federal officers, but skipped his bonds about three weeks ago. His household effects and those of the college were shipped to Canada, but the fugitive has not so far been located.

The evidence is so overwhelming that a true bill of many counts is certain. Rutland's bogus diploma scheme is said to have been the most pretentious and extensively operated in this country since the infamous "Dr." Buchanan of Philadelphia was sent to the penitentiary in the '80's.

On the trial of Buchanan's case it was shown that he had sent no less than 10,000 diplomas to foreign countries. His conviction put a stop to the business in this country for several years.

A MEXICO SENSATION.

The Widow Ordonez Accuses Ex-Governor
Riveroll of the Murder of Her
Husband.

PACHECO, MEXICO, April 7.—A big political sensation has been caused here by the action of Mrs. Emilda Ordonez. Her husband was a newspaper editor and writer of this city, who was alleged to have been killed while serving a brief term in prison here for offenses against the State government.

She has filed a petition with the Mexican Congress, praying that ex-Governor Ramon F. Riveroll, now a member of Congress from this State, be surrendered to the courts for trial for the death of her husband.

She alleges that ex-Governor Riveroll had her husband killed for political reasons.

Just what action Congress will take in the matter, of course, cannot be definitely stated. It can be said, however, that there will be an investigation of some sort.

Riveroll is a prominent man and his friends scout the idea that he had anything to do with the murder of Ordonez. On the other hand the widow is positive in her statements, and it is said that all the political enemies of Riveroll are backing her up.

The mystery surrounding the death of Ordonez has been a deep one, and as he was known to be an energetic and fearless writer it is said that not a few prominent politicians would be interested in his death.

REPUBLICAN VICTORY.

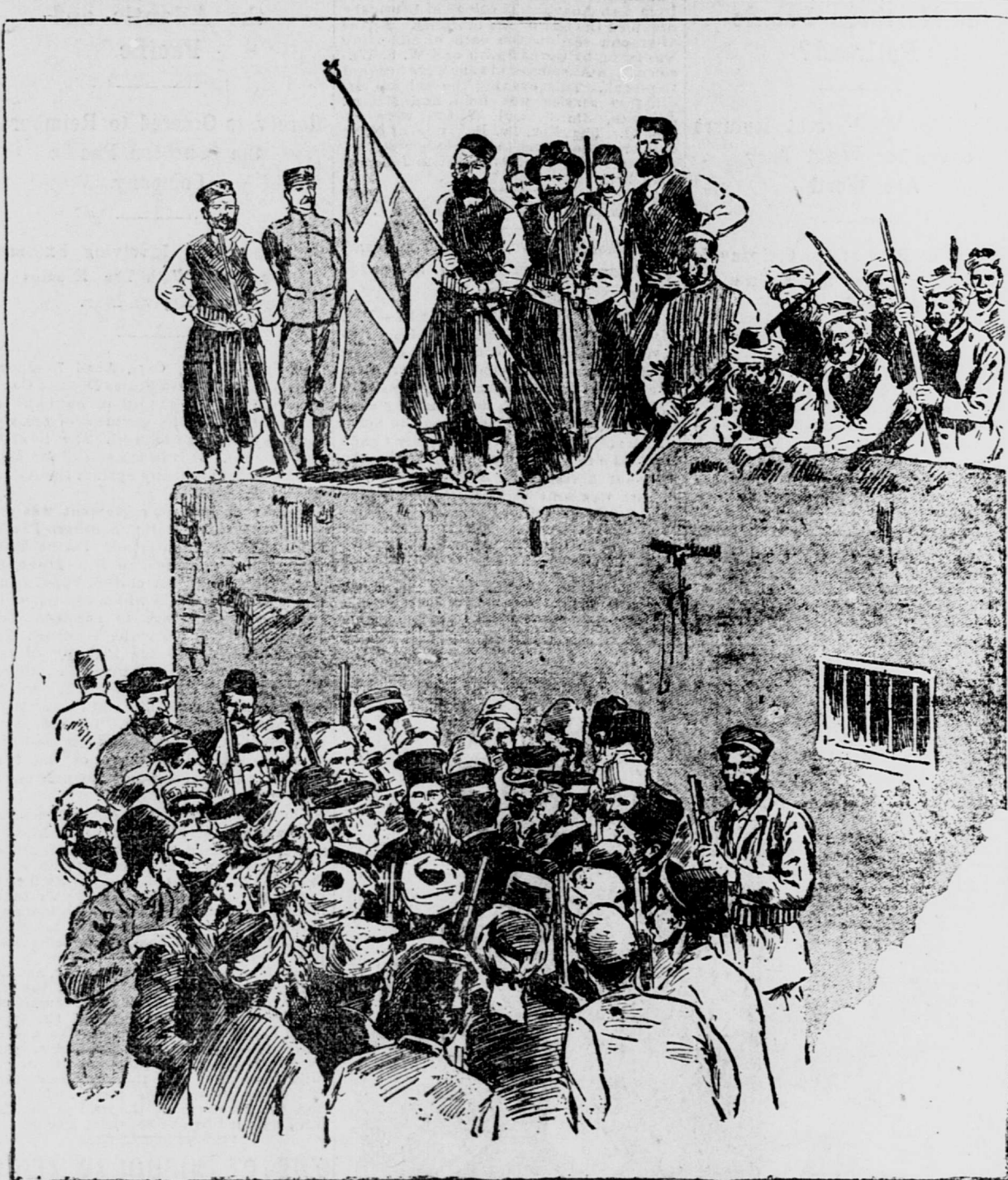
Elisha Dyer Elected Governor of Rhode
Island by Largest Plurality Ever
Known in the State.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 7.—In the Rhode Island election to-day the Republicans easily elected their State ticket and retained their large majority in the General Assembly, but were unsuccessful in selecting their Legislative ticket in the City. General Elisha Dyer was elected Governor by a plurality of not less than 12,000, the largest ever obtained by a gubernatorial candidate.

In this city a good-government legislative ticket, endorsed by the Democrats, was nominated against the Republican machine ticket, and it was elected by good pluralities, although the Republican State ticket carried the city easily. The vote was light throughout the State, the Democrats suffering the greater loss.

Date Set for the Hearing.

FRANKFORT, KY., April 7.—Circuit Judge Cantrell to-day set April 14 as the date on which he will try the case of the State vs. the Southern Pacific Railroad for penalty and franchise tax. The Pacific Company has not filed an answer to Attorney-General Taylor's suit.



A VISIT TO THE CAMP OF THE INSURGENTS IN CRETE.

[From photographs taken during an interview between the Insurgents and British naval officers. Reproduced from the London Daily Graphic.]

WHEN WILL THE WATER SUBSIDE?

The Question That Agitates
Many Sections of the
South.

Vast Areas That Will Not Be
Drained in Time for a
Cotton Crop.

Suffering Continues Among Poor Fam-
ilies, but No Further Loss of
Life Is Reported.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 7.—All of the country east to the main line of the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Railroad is flooded, and in many places the water has gone over the tracks.

The upper crevasse in Tunica County is 2000 feet wide, and so great is the outpour that water from below the break is being drawn up to and hurled out over the fertile valley through the crevasse.

The supreme question is the duration of the flood. At the lower levees along Louisiana and Southeastern Arkansas hold, which it is believed they cannot do, the emptying of the delta and St. Francis basin will be slow.

If they break and the river continues to fall at Cairo the upper St. Francis basin and the delta will be clear of water by May 5. If this should prove true, there will be no difficulty in growing cotton. Breaks in Louisiana and Southeastern Arkansas will hold water in that territory until the middle of May, far after the

usual time for planting cotton in that territory. The river at Memphis was stationary last night.

Ice in the Wake of the Floods.

SIoux CITY, IOWA, April 5.—Thousands of dollars worth of damage has already been done by caving banks on the Missouri a few miles to the north of Sioux City. The cutting still continues. The stream is falling and the removal of pressure against the banks is increasing the trouble. In several cases the cutting has progressed so fast that occupants of houses near the banks have had narrow escapes. Ice from the Yellowstone is due soon. It is going above and may make similar trouble here.

Alarming Conditions at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, MINN., April 7.—The Red River rose only 3 inches last night, but the big Coulee, west of the city, took a sudden spurt and went up 14 inches, flooding the entire west side of town and driving hundreds of people from their homes. The water works at the reserve station was compelled to shut down. There is much suffering among the poor families.

Families Evicted With Difficulty.

CHILLICOTHE, ILL., April 7.—The Grand River is over its banks. People are leaving the bottom lands and coming to town. A family surrounded by water had to be rescued by boats. There is no loss of life yet, but great damage to property has resulted.

Cinching an Insurance Company.

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 7.—A World special from Harrisburg, Pa., says: A rumor is in circulation among the members of the State Legislature that \$50,000 was demanded from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York City to defeat the bill introduced by Senator McQueen which prohibits the insuring of children under 16 years of age. This information comes from one of the officers of the company. The bill will come up for final passage in the Senate to-day. The outcome of the matter may be an investigation by a committee.

Death Taken von Stephen.

BERLIN, GERMANY, April 7.—Dr. von Stephen died to-day.

FINDS A QUARRY OF COPPER ORE

Bonanza Struck in the
Foothills Southeast
of Tacoma.

Prospector Uncovers Two Veins
on a Claim That Was
Once Abandoned.

Streaks of Gold Glisten in the Ledges
of the Less Valuable
Mineral.

TACOMA, WASH., April 7.—A copper mine which promises to rival the bonanzas of Montana, Arizona and Mexico has been discovered on the Mashel River, thirty miles southeast of Tacoma. For several years past prospectors have occasionally brought in samples of float copper from that section, but they gave up before locating the mother vein.

Early last year Henry Jordan located in the foothills near Mashel River a claim which another prospector had taken up the year previous and abandoned. To-day Jordan stands in the shadow of immense riches. Believing that he had a good thing he located a dozen other claims, all bearing copper. One group of these are in sheets of from less than one inch to nearly two feet surface and almost as thin as a sheet of newspaper. These are all pure copper and are taken from the seams between the layers of rocks, which is itself full of shot gold and copper. There are two veins, which together aggregate seventy feet in thickness, and they have been traced a distance of two miles. In fact, it is an immense quarry of copper and gold. There is but one mine like it on the globe, and that is in Old Mexico, and has been operated successfully for 300 years.

HE MAY BE COURT-MARTIALED.

Charges of a Scandalous Nature Against
Dennis W. Mullan, Commandant of
the Pensacola Navy-Yard.

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 7.—The Sun's Washington special says: Commander Dennis W. Mullan, commandant of the Pensacola Navy-yard, has been under investigation by a court of inquiry upon charges of a scandalous nature, which, if proven, will lead to his dismissal from the service. Captain Roamy and Lieutenant Lauchheimer have just returned from Pensacola, where they spent several days investigating the case and taking testimony. Upon their report it will depend whether Commander Mullan is to be court-martialed.

If he is tried it is believed that he can hardly escape severe punishment. If the court believes the charges can be substantiated he may be asked to resign, so as to avoid a scandal in open court. Secretary

Long will take the report up for consideration this week. Commander Mullan some years ago received the thanks of the Maryland Legislature for meritorious services on a cruise in the Pacific.

Commander Dennis W. Mullan, a native of Maryland, graduated from Annapolis in 1863, and was at once sent into active service as ensign on the Monongahela, in the West Gulf blockade squadron. He participated in the various engagements in which the navy took part, such as the battle of Mobile Bay and the attack on Fort Morgan.

After the war the more notable incidents in his career were his participation in 1871 in two attacks on Korean batteries, his visit as American representative to arbitrate the war between Chile and Peru, and his experience at Samoa.

In October, 1887, then a commander, he was appointed to command the Nipsic and ordered to Samoa, where matters were becoming threatening. There he took such a bold stand in defense of American interests as to compel the respect of the Germans, who were trying to carry things with a high hand. He was in command of the Nipsic at the time of the great Samoan hurricane of 1889, when of the three American warships in the harbor the Nipsic was the only one that escaped wreck.

For his conduct at Samoa the City Council of Annapolis, Md., where Commander Mullan was born, tendered him a vote of thanks, and the Maryland Legislature presented him with a gold watch.

Commander Mullan has several times been stationed on the Pacific Coast.

DAVITT CALLS ON HARRISON.

The Irish Home-Rule Leader a Warm
Personal Friend of the New Mayor
of Chicago.

CHICAGO, ILL., April 7.—Michael Davitt, member of Parliament from South Mayo, Ireland, reached Chicago last night, en route to California, with his family, and is registered at the Auditorium.

He paid his respects to-day to Mayor-elect Harrison, who was his traveling companion twenty months ago in an extended journey from New Zealand to San Francisco. The two in company photographed the Samoan natives and exchanged ideas on Irish and Chicago politics under the Southern Cross.

"I feel a strong attachment," said Mr. Davitt last night, "to the Mayor whom you have just elected, as I did toward his father, whom I also knew well. I am aware, however, of the feelings and prejudices of the American people, and that it is never wise to interfere in their politics, as they are fully able to manage their own affairs."

"How do you enjoy the noise of an American election night?" he was asked. "You do not beat us in noise or excitement, but I think you are ahead of us in the method and expedition with which you collect your votes," was the answer.

"The speed with which you determine the decision of the people and discover their will is something startling to me, and we have nothing like it in the old country."

"How is the Cretan question affecting the standing of the parties in Great Britain?"

"The Salisbury Ministry has rendered itself extremely unpopular because of its dastardly policy, and I am not sorry that its position is damaged. It might have brought about a settlement creditable to the powers and itself had it chosen, but its blunders would turn it out of office were it left to a vote."

"What is the present status of the home rule cause?"

"Prospects were never brighter. A union of forces is making the struggle potent, and with our ranks closing up we are prepared to make a grand home run. The latent political sense of the Irish people is asserting itself, and the disturbers are being sent to the rear with returning consciousness that there is really nothing to wrangle about."

"What do the Irish people think about Cuba?"

"The Nationalist and Liberal organs are with the patriots, but the Salisbury organs are with the Spanish."

The present is the tenth visit of Mr. Davitt to America, and he declares that on account of his domestic relationship he knows it as well as Ireland. He will leave his family in California, where they will spend a year, and will then hasten back to London.

STEEL MILLS SHUT DOWN.

Four Thousand Employees About to Go Out
on Strike, Suspended by the Illinois
Steel Company.

CHICAGO, ILL., April 7.—The Illinois Steel Company's works at South Chicago were closed down to-day, shutting out about 4000 employees. This action was taken by the management of the concern when it was learned that a strike had been ordered to-day among the workmen.

They have been ordered to the steel mills for several months under the sliding scale of wages and the employees have been dissatisfied. Several efforts were made by the workmen to have the old wage system restored. They were unsuccessful to effect an agreement, and to-day a strike was ordered among the greater number of the men employed there. When the management learned of this all work in the mills was suspended and every employee has been shut out.

NOTABLE WEDDING.

Postmaster-General Cary's Daughter Is
Led to the Altar.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 7.—The marriage to-day of Miss Ina Catherine Cary, daughter of Postmaster-General and Mrs. Gary, to Francis E. Pegram was one of the notable events in Baltimore society circles. Among the guests at breakfast were the Vice-President and Mrs. Hobart, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Gage, the Secretary of War and Mrs. Alger, the Secretary of Agriculture and Attorney-General, Governor and Mrs. Lowndes, and a number of State and city officials.

FIGHTING IN THE PHILIPPINES

Spaniards Capture a Town Shortly
Defended by the Rebels.

MADRID, SPAIN, April 7.—A dispatch received to-day from Manila, capital of the Philippine Islands, says that the Spanish troops have captured the town of San Francisco Malabon, where nearly all the insurgents who are continuing their resistance to the Government have taken refuge. The rebels fought desperately to gain their positions, but were finally routed with enormous losses. Large numbers of insurgents who were injured escaped into the interior in an utterly demoralized condition.

TURKISH OUTPOSTS ATTACKED

Engagement in Which the
Moslems Hold Their
Position.

ELEVEN CRETANS ARE
KILLED.

Assailed From Four Directions
at Once, the Turks Fight
Stubbornly.

POWERS STILL MAINTAIN THE
BLOCKADE.

Greeks Occasionally Find Supplies in
Crete, but Starvation Threatens
the Inhabitants.

CANEA, GREECE, April 7.—Fighting of a somewhat serious nature occurred to-day outside of Canea. The insurgents, who were numerically stronger than the Turks, attacked the outposts of the latter from four points at once. The Turks made a strong fight and succeeded in holding their position. Their loss was only two killed, while the loss of the insurgents was eleven killed.

The insurgents at Kissamo have sent a letter to the foreign admirals, warning them of their intention to attack the fort at that place. The Turkish garrison displays no inclination to have any further fighting with the Christians and has asked to be relieved. It is likely that in view of the circumstances a strong force will be placed in the fort, and it is not beyond probability that international troops will be dispatched to garrison the place.

With the exception of the fight outside of Canea, in which the Christians were repulsed with a heavier loss than they inflicted on the Moslems, there has been little or no prospect of the impasse being overcome by the powers, and even the Turks are becoming disgusted with the situation. Reports from the interior show that the scarcity of provisions is becoming greater daily, and that there is much suffering among the Christians, who are now practically the only residents outside the coast towns. The blockade is maintained with severity, but despite this fact Greek sailors manage occasionally to run in a cargo of ammunition and food supplies. Of course no sufficient supply from this source can be received, and unless the powers speedily come to some arrangement and the blockade be raised the suffering will become unbearable.

ROME, ITALY, April 7.—The Italian Government is disinclined to send reinforcements to Crete. It now seems probable that no more men will be sent.

MAY LIVE TWO WEEKS MORE.

Failure of Electrocuting Apparatus Gives
William Haas New Lease of Life.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, April 7.—The electrocution apparatus which was to have executed at midnight the death penalty upon William Haas failed at the last minute, and Warden E. G. Coffin was obliged to request Governor Bushnell to respect the condemned man until the defect could be remedied. One of the armature coils burned out while the last test was being made tonight. A temporary repair was made, but the machine failed to develop more than 1500 volts. It was run to 1700 volts before the current was sent through the body of the condemned man. The representative of the company making the dynamo was not willing that such risk should be taken, and at his suggestion Warden Coffin asked for and obtained a reprieve for April 22.

BRADY TALKING FOR CORBETT.

Wants to Give Fitzsimmons \$10,000 to
Box the Ex-Champion Four Rounds.

NEW YORK, N. Y., April 7.—Billy Brady returned to this city this afternoon. He was in a cheery mood, and seemed confident as to the ability of Corbett to beat any fighter living. Fitzsimmons included. Brady says his chief business here is to try and arrange another meeting between Fitzsimmons and Corbett. He does not care whether the contest comes off in six months or a year as long as the Cornishman guarantees a fight.

Brady also said that he would give Fitzsimmons \$10,000 to box Corbett four rounds, and would bet \$20,000 that the Californian beats him in a finish contest.

Murder Trial Room.

WILLIAMSON, W. VA., April 7.—For two days trials of mountain murder cases have been going on here, and thus far the prisoner has been convicted of a greater or less degree of murder in every case. About a dozen murder cases yet remain on the docket. The trial of Captain Hatfield will come up to-morrow. He has brought a score or more of his kinsmen to town, and the people are looking for trouble.

Colorado Miners Suffocated.

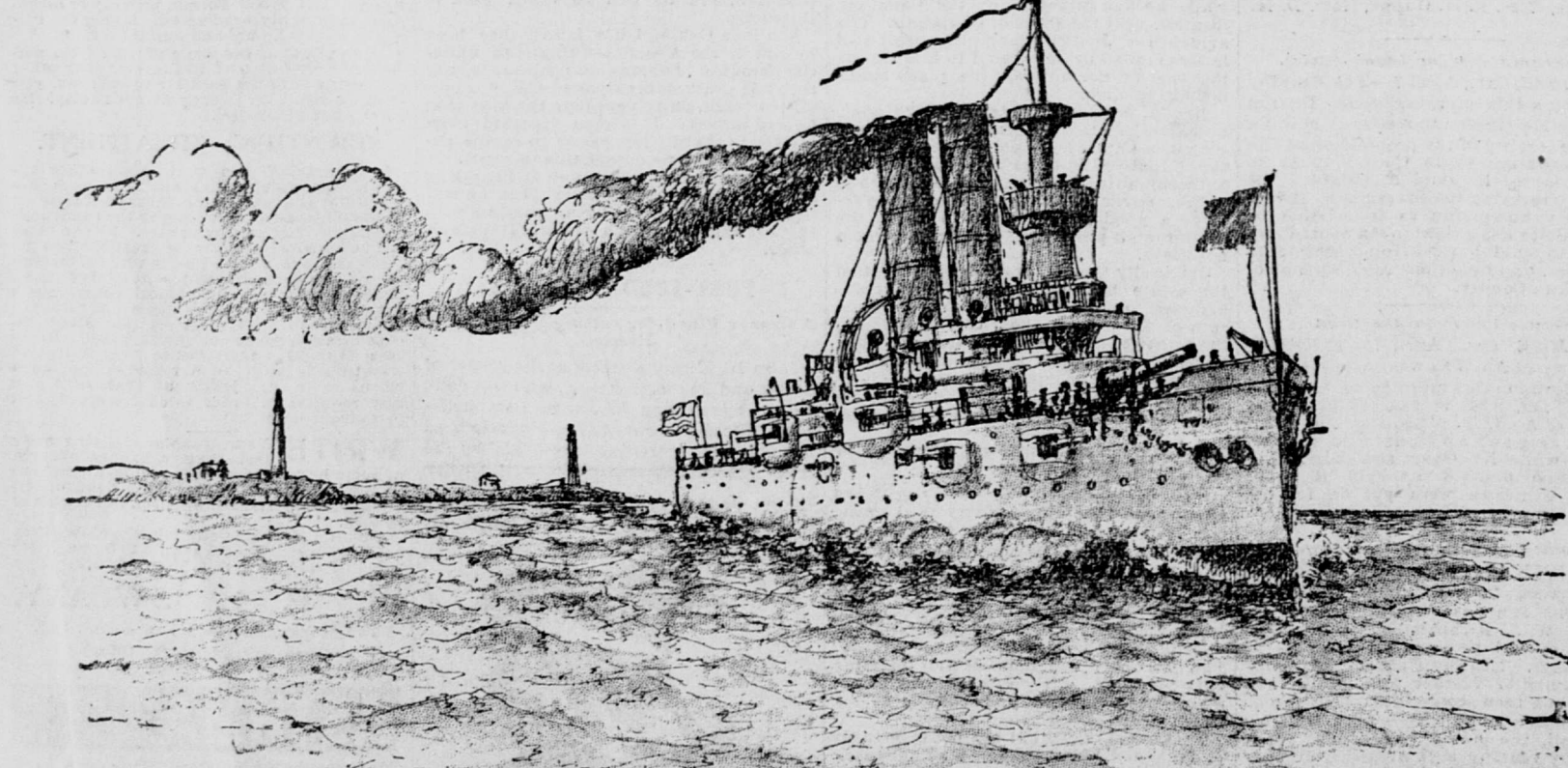
COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., April 7.—Seven men working in the Strickle tunnel, on the west slope of Pikes Peak, were overcome by smoke and gas to-day. Two—George Gordon and Michael Tew—are dead, and the others are in a critical condition.

Burglars Crack a College Safe.

LANSING, MICH., April 7.—Early this morning burglars cracked the safe in the Agricultural College and got away with \$2500. There is no clue to their identity.

The Kentucky Senatorial Deadlock.

FRANKFORT, KY., April 7.—The Silver and Gold Democrats and the anti-Hunter Republicans refused to answer to their names on rollcall at to-day's joint session of the Legislature preventing a quorum.



THE LATEST ADDITION TO UNCLE SAM'S NAVY.
The Battle-ship Iowa at the Conclusion of Her Trial Trip, Just After Passing Cape Ann.