



THE WEATHER. Forecast for November 10: San Francisco and vicinity—Cloudy Friday; light south winds, changing to fresh westerly. A. G. McADIE, District Forecaster.

THE CALL



THE THEATERS. ALCAZAR—"Why Smith Left Home." CALIFORNIA—"Washington Society Club." CENTRAL—"Uncle Tom's Cabin." CHUTES—"Vandeville. Matinee. COLUMBIA—"The Prince of Pilsen." FISCHER—"Vandeville. GRAND—"Ben Hur." MAJESTIC—"The Light Eternal." ORPHEUS—"Vandeville. Matinee. TIVOLI—"Grand Opera."

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TROOPS CRUSH MUTINY OF SAILORS AT KRONSTADT

THREE THOUSAND TARS AND A BATTALION OF ARTILLERY DEFEATED IN BATTLE WITH COSSACKS AND SOLDIERS OF IMPERIAL GUARD ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 10.—The Governor of Kronstadt telegraphed the general staff at midnight that the mutiny had been crushed; that there was no likelihood of any renewal of the revolt to-day; that the reports to the effect that members of the guard had joined the mutineers were false, as were the reports that the mutineers had seized the arsenal and the forts. Many of the mutinous sailors tried to escape in boats to the mainland, but they were captured and are being brought back to Kronstadt. He gave no estimate of the casualties.

JEWIS IN AMERICA ASK AID FOR THEIR RUSSIAN BRETHREN

Leading Congregations Appeal to Public in Behalf of the Mobs' Victims in the Czar's Empire.

QUICK SUBSCRIPTION IS URGENT To the People of California: AN APPEAL.

The following message received to-day explains itself: "On behalf of the national committee for the relief of sufferers by Russian massacres, of which I have been appointed treasurer, we urge you to call meeting of Jewish community to form branch committee and collect immediate funds. Necessity very great. Conditions appalling. "JACOB H. SCHIFF."

It is needless to explain to the community of San Francisco the nature of this dispatch. Day by day the newspapers have published the horrible tidings of the wholesale massacre of Russian Jews. Whatever the cause, the fact remains that thousands of people have been ruthlessly butchered, hundreds of homes desolated, innocent women and children outraged, and conditions engendered which call for the resentment and protest of the civilized world, and particularly of the millions who in the name of religion preach peace and humanity.

- CONGREGATIONAL EMANUEL. By Jacob Voorsanger, Rabbi. By Henry Wangenheim, President. CONGREGATION SHERITH ISRAEL. By Jacob Nieto, Rabbi. Abraham Aaronson, President. CONGREGATION BETH ISRAEL. By Myer S. Levy, Rabbi. M. H. Wascowitz, President. CONGREGATION OHABAI SHALOME. By Bernard Kaplan, Rabbi. Maurice Kahn, President. FIRST HEBREW CONGREGATION OF OAKLAND. By M. Friedlander, Rabbi. George Mosbacher, President. DISTRICT GRAND LODGE NO. 1, I. O. B. B., By Hugo K. Asher, President, JACOB GREENEBAUM, Chairman Executive Committee.

San Francisco, Nov. 9, 1905. Delegates from the Jewish synagogues throughout the city and the surrounding towns of the bay were present last night at Temple Emanu-El to consider the formulation of an appeal to the Jewish citizens of California for financial aid for the oppressed Jews in Russia. The appeal was issued by the delegates last night and the first response came from Daniel Meyer, who subscribed \$1000, and A. Aaronson followed with a gift of \$500. Many others present at the meeting also pledged themselves to give liberal sums.

The principal delegates came from this city and Oakland and the meeting was held under the auspices of the Associated Congregations, which has charge of benevolent and charitable movements. The chairman of the evening was Jacob Greenebaum. Representing the appeal to the public the delegates adopted resolutions deploring the conditions in Russia and attributing the outrages upon the Jews principally to the bureaucracy, which is endeavoring to create a diversion of the public mind from its own miserable failures.

MRS. AINSWORTH WEDS IN NEW YORK Berkeley Woman Becomes Wife of Walter I. Bradley.

Special Dispatch to The Call. NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cupid figured as Jack Tar in a romance that came to light at Stamford, Conn., to-day, through a published notice of the marriage of Walter I. Bradley, youngest son of the late Salisbury Bradley, the rich New York builder and contractor, and Mrs. Luella C. Ainsworth of Berkeley, Cal. The couple were married on Wednesday by the Rev. Dr. Burrell in the Marble Collegiate Church in this city. Young Mr. Bradley is one of the best-known amateur yachtsmen. It was by rescuing her straw hat from the water that Mr. Bradley met Mrs. Ainsworth. A formal introduction followed. Mrs. Ainsworth turned out to be an ardent sailor, and it was noticed that nearly every important sailing party thereafter had the couple as members. Mr. Bradley's friends had heretofore classed him almost as a woman hater, or at least a man so busy with his boats that he had no time to devote to the fair sex. Their astonishment was great to-day when they read the published notice of the marriage of the couple. Mr. and Mrs. Bradley will spend their honeymoon on the water, Mr. Bradley

CLIMBS ROPE LADDER TO DECK OF A LINER Plucky San Francisco Miss Cheered by Watching Passengers.

Special Dispatch to The Call. BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Miss Grace W. Tarbolton, after a wild ride in a cab across this city, caught the White Star liner Cymric, with the aid of a tug, in the middle of the harbor to-day in a thrilling manner. She climbed up a swaying rope ladder to the deck amid the cheers of the passengers, who had watched her plucky chase. Miss Tarbolton arrived at the South-street station, from San Francisco, only ten minutes before the Cymric's sailing time, and the big ship was moving down the bay when she reached the dock. It was only by chance that a tug was in sight. The tugboat men said she climbed the ladder like a sailor. Miss Tarbolton is on her way to England to complete her education in music. having fitted out his yacht Ariel for an all-winter cruise. Mrs. Ainsworth's father was a wealthy wholesale lumber merchant at Berkeley, Cal. She was educated in the Western University. Her first husband died about five years ago.

Machine Guns Used by Troops in Battle With Drunken Mutineers at the Russian Naval Station.



AMERICAN CHARGE WHO DEMANDED PROTECTION FOR UNITED STATES CITIZENS IN KRONSTADT, DEPOSED HEAD OF THE RUSSIAN POLICE AND SCENE OF FIGHTING FOLLOWING THE MUTINY OF SAILORS AT THE CZAR'S GREAT NAVAL STATION ON THE BALTIC.

NEW YORK BALLOT BOXES FISHED OUT OF RIVER.

Prominent Tammany Men Face Arrest for Alleged Election Frauds and Hearst May Become Leader. Special Dispatch to The Call. Ballot boxes used in the New York City election last Tuesday have been fished out of the North River. Prominent Tammany men may be arrested to-day as a result of disclosures.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The Tribune says: William R. Hearst, as the result of the political head-on collision with Tammany on Tuesday, may be the next leader of that historic day-by-day reminder of political brigandage. Such a thing seems like a fantastic dream to many at this time but so also did the possibility of Hearst becoming a serious political factor in the city of New York. The indications are that Charles F. Murphy will not last much longer as leader of Tammany Hall. Two hundred and twenty-five thousand men voted for Hearst. Of that number probably 175,000 were Tammany Democrats. Attorney General Mayer stated last night that he had received information of the recovery from the North River of certain ballot-boxes used in the election of Tuesday last. He said the matter was under investigation. Attorney General Mayer left his office at midnight, saying the expected developments had not taken place and that nothing could be gained by his remaining downtown longer. Mayer refused to discuss the reported finding of the ballot-boxes in the river, further than to say that such reports had come to him, it being said the boxes were picked up by a tug. A ballot-box alleged to have been stolen and discovered by accident last night was taken to District Attorney Jerome's office and closely examined. BALLOT-BOXES IN BARBER SHOPS. NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Despite Tammany's protests that in all election districts every detail of the law was observed by inspectors and the police on Tuesday, and that the efforts of William R. Hearst to contest the election are entirely without basis, charges of gross negligence have been brought to the attention of the criminal authorities and indictments against policemen and members of at least one election board may be found by the Grand Jury to-morrow. Quite by accident a man connected with the Police Department discovered on Wednesday, in a barber shop which had been used as a polling place the day be-

Three Hundred of the Rebellious Tars Still Holding Out. Conflagration Started During Outbreak Not Yet Checked. Czar Hurries Military Forces to the Aid of the Garrison. Special Dispatch to The Call. NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—A cablegram to the Times from St. Petersburg says: "I hear that the question of autonomy for Poland has been decided in the affirmative."

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 9.—This city was in a furor of excitement all of yesterday and late into the night over the news of the mutiny at Kronstadt. Every one of the exaggerated reports of the affair received credence in many quarters, and half the inhabitants of the capital believed that the mutiny was successful, that the troops sent from here had joined in the revolt; that the entire garrison of St. Petersburg would follow suit to-day; that the town of Kronstadt had been burned to the ground, together with the surrounding forts. The place was represented as being in the hands of 3000 sailors, who had murdered their officers, seized the arsenal and bombarded the imperial palace at Peterhof, across the bay. Butcher was said to have prevailed in the streets all during the day, and the rumors even went to the extent of saying that Father John of Kronstadt had left the bed on which he was supposed to be dying to lead the mutineers.

Many of these sensational reports were, of course, entirely false, but sufficient details have been received to prove that about 3000 sailors and a battalion of artillery from one of the forts, indulged in a mutiny which was put down by about 7000 Cossacks and troops of the Imperial Guard, hastily dispatched from St. Petersburg and from the garrisons near Peterhof, and that machine guns had to be employed.

Drunken Tars Make Use of the Torch. Before the arrival of the troops the sailors, many of whom were drunk on liquor plundered from the spirit shops, had set fire to the market and to several groups of houses. About 200 sailors were still holding out at midnight, and although these are expected to surrender to-day, the authorities became so alarmed that the Paul regiment of the guard was dispatched to Kronstadt at 1 o'clock this morning. The correspondent of the Associated Press at Kronstadt says that the officers estimate the casualties at 200, which is certainly very conservative, in view of the reports brought by refugees who fled the town to the mainland. At this critical juncture there is no attempt made in Government circles to minimize the seriousness of the mutiny, and it is admitted that if a battalion of artillery joined the sailors in open revolt the mutinous spirit must have been contagious. It is admitted that while the Cossacks and guards stood the severer test of shooting upon their fellows in another branch of the service, there is fear that the mutiny will have a bad effect on the morale of the troops, which already has been badly shaken by the revolutionary propaganda. As soon as the news of the mutiny was received here the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Equipages of Sailors of the Guard were locked in their barracks and the barracks surrounded by Cossacks. The mutineers were seen to rush and shout from the windows that they were ready to join their mutinous comrades.

Sailors Murder Some of Their Officers. KRONSTADT, Nov. 9.—The heavens reflected the glare of smoldering fires as the Associated Press correspondent approached Kronstadt at 8 o'clock this evening. Upon landing, however, hurried inquiries revealed the fact that the troops and the loyal sailors apparently had the upper hand. Fighting had ceased in the streets, and the town was quiet, but fears are expressed that there might be further trouble later. To-night patrols are engaged in hunting down and capturing the mutineers. The outbreak started yesterday afternoon, when the sailors of the Seventh fort equipage revolted and, it is rumored, killed some of their officers. They marched out of the barracks and immediately plundered four spirit shops. Crized with liquor, they returned and seized their arms and then went on a rampage, firing promiscuously upon the troops and the loyal sailors. Later they were joined by many of their comrades and fighting continued from midnight until this morning, when the terror-stricken inhabitants began to flee. The lowest estimates place the number of dead at fifty. Several regiments with eight machine guns from St. Petersburg and Oranienbaum were landed to-day.

Machine Guns Turned Upon Mutineers. During the rioting to-day machine guns were employed against the mutinous sailors, who had been joined by a battalion of artillerymen from the fortress, and which raised the total number of mutineers to 2000. The sailors say their chief grievances are poor food and clothing and an insufficient amount of liberty from barracks. Roughs joined in the pillage, but the workmen did not participate in it. Many of the workmen and the civilian population have already fled, or are trying to flee the city, and docks are piled high with baggage and household effects. At midnight the fires are still glowing in the market and another group of buildings. The stores and houses are boarded up and troops are patrolling the streets. Searchlights from warships and torpedo-boats in the harbor are flashing across the waters in order to aid launches in their search for individual mutineers who are trying to escape to the mainland by boat. Though a majority of the mutineers have surrendered, several hundred are still holding out in the eastern section of the town. They have thrown up barricades, but are surrounded, and Maxim guns are posted at all the streets leading to their strongholds. It is expected that the remainder of the mutineers will submit to-morrow. Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

WOMAN MURDERED IN HER OWN HOME GOES TO NEVADA TO GET A DIVORCE Husband, Who Has Disappeared, Suspected of Having Killed Her. Special Dispatch to The Call. TUCSON, Ariz., Nov. 9.—The body of Mrs. Humphrey O'Sullivan, the wife of a well-known contractor, was found in her home to-day near this city. The head and body show marks of fatal wounds inflicted with a hatchet. Apparently the woman had been dead a week. Dogs and chickens on the ranch were found starving. The husband of the murdered woman has not been seen in ten days, and he is suspected of the murder. It is known that he had trouble with his wife a number of times, and threatened her life on different occasions. Nothing can be learned of O'Sullivan's whereabouts. Special Dispatch to The Call. RENO, Nov. 9.—Madame Ida Seminario, who arrived in this city some six months ago from San Francisco, to-day filed a suit for divorce against her husband on the grounds of extreme cruelty and desertion. Her husband is believed to be at present in South America, where he is connected with a large mining company. Mrs. Seminario, since her arrival in this city, has been quite prominent in all society events, and the news of her divorce proceedings created considerable comment in society circles. She is a vocalist of remarkable ability and her voice has been the principal attraction at many social gatherings. She is a strikingly handsome blonde. Continued on Page 2, Column 3.