National Republican.

THE DAILY NATIONAL REPUBLICAN
Is published every morning (Sundays excepted) by W. J. MURTAGH & Co., and is furnished to city subscribers (by carriers) at 25 cents per month.

Mail subscribers, $5.50 per annum; $3 for six months, and $1 for three months, invariably in advance.

Single copies, 2 cents.

Daily National Republican.

VOL. II. WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1862. NO. 312.

National Republican.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One square, three days - - - - - - - $1.00
One square, four days - - - - - - - 1.25
One square, five days - - - - - - - 1.50
One square, six days - - - - - - - 1.75
Every other day advertisements, fifty per cent. additional.
Once a week advertisements charged as new for each insertion.
Eight lines or less constitute a square.
Advertisements should be handed in by nine o'clock p. m.

UNIONISTS IN ALABAMA.

"The Atlanta (Georgia) *Confederacy* has been informed that the citizens of Huntsville, Alabama, lately hung in effigy Nicholas Davis, Jerry Clemens, and George W. Lane, of that place, on account of their Unionism. Lane is openly for Lincoln, and went off with the retiring Yankees. Clemens and Davis remain at home, but it seems the people have no confidence in their fidelity to the South."

That the people of the North may know the political status of the above named gentlemen, Judge Lane is a *true Union man*. Clemens and Davis were both members of the convention of Alabama that passed the ordinance of secession, elected as *Union* man and *pledged* to resist all attempts to sever the connection of Alabama as a member of the Federal Government. Clemens was bought over by Yancey the first night he reached Montgomery, for the consideration of the office of major general of the forces of Alabama, an office, the tenure of which, the convention made for life with pay and emoluments amounting to eleven thousand dollars per annum. Of course Jerry went for immediate secession, voted for and signed the ordinance, and issued an address to the people of Alabama, assigning his reasons for a change of his opinions, that his position and opinions were so well and extensively known to the Democratic party in the North, that his action in going with the South would have great influence in bringing the Democratic party North to a proper sense of redressing the wrongs of the injured and trodden-down South. Davis voted against the ordinance of secession in the convention as he had promised the people of his county, but immediately thereafter signed the ordinance, and was soon elected a member of the rebel Congress, which seat he held till the "interesting cabal" removed their seat of government to Richmond; and such has been Davis' *zeal* in the rebel cause, that he gave *eight thousand dollars* towards the establishment of a gun manufactory at Huntsville. Hon. Geo. S. Houston has been *gazetted* throughout the North as another *good Union* man—while a year ago now, he was making speeches through his district, to induce the poor white men to volunteer in the rebel army, and has done as much to promote the rebellion as any other man in North Alabama. He was perfectly willing to accept a seat in the rebel Congress as Senator from Alabama a year ago, but now, seeing their cause has become hopeless, he would be perfectly willing to accept from Mr. Lincoln the office of Military Governor of Alabama. So would Jerry, and so would Nicholas Davis. It is not five months since this same "Atlanta Confederacy" proclaimed that Clemens and Davis were the *leaders* of the secession party in North Alabama. VERITAS.

P. S. It may be, if truth were known, that both *Jerry* and *Nicholas* were silent spectators to the burning of their own effigies, and may have winked at this endowment of their Unionism—at all events, they do not seem to have stood in much dread of an indignant people. Perhaps they have been spared for the good they have done to the rebel cause.

For the National Republican.

THE NEW BALTIMORE JAIL.

BALTIMORE, November 22, 1862.

During the present week, having spent a few days with a much esteemed friend who now holds a high position in the municipality of Baltimore, I availed myself of his official introduction in order to view and examine the new jail, of which I had heard a favorable account from gentlemen whose acquaintance with prison architecture and the requisite appointments of such buildings entitled their opinions to great respect. I was the more anxious to pay a visit to the new jail of Baltimore because, as an old citizen of Washington, well acquainted with the deficiencies and miseries of our county prison, and its being presented as a nuisance for many years past by successive grand juries, I wished to call the attention of Congress to the subject and to point out any improvements which I might deem worthy of special or general notice. But I must content myself for the present with a brief statement of what I saw yesterday through the kind attention of the obliging and intelligent warden, Mr. Thomas C. James, who accompanied me through the different departments of the prison. The jail, it appears, contains 300 cells, and each prisoner occupies one cell. All the occupied and unoccupied cells which I entered and minutely examined were in excellent order, clean, wholesome, and free from any disagreeable odor. And I may truly say that in no part of the building could I perceive any of those sickening and offensive odors which are so generally found in old and badly constructed prisons, and which are probably unavoidable in such jails as that of Washington city. The culinary department of the Baltimore jail is provided with every modern improvement, and the baking and cooking apparatus appear to work admirably. Being present at the dinner hour I saw the dinners of all the prisoners drawn up to the corriders by machinery on trays, so that each prisoner had his meals conveyed to him in his cell. In this way the noise, confusion and inconvenience of going to and from a common dining room were entirely avoided. In less than twenty minutes, as the warden informed me, the meal was gone through and ended.

The chapel on the third story is a neat and capacious hall, as large, I think, as the Unitarian church in Washington, and capable of seating 500 persons. The prisoners generally attend the religious services, which are conducted in turn by clergymen of different denominations—there being no salaried chaplain.

I was conducted through what the warden called the "privilege witness rooms," which are provided with good beds and suitable furniture. These rooms are occupied by persons who cannot find bail for their appearance at court *as witnesses* in criminal cases. To these persons every privilege and liberty are granted during their stay in the prison.

There is a library for the use of the convicts, in which are found good religious books, and some works of history and travels, besides several volumes of *Harper's Magazine*, and other celebrated periodicals.

The ventilation of the prison is excellent. The cells are all warm and comfortable at this time of the year. In summer they are very cool and refreshing.

The warden, whose management is very creditable and praiseworthy, informed me that there are now confined in this jail 280 persons, in which number there are 215 white and colored men, besides 45 white women and 25 colored females.

The warden also informed me that the jail physician, Dr. J. F. Powel, has very few prisoners to attend at this time. I learn from the worthy and efficient mayor of Baltimore, that the total cost of this new jail amounts to about $350,000. It is exclusively a city prison. T.

NAVAL.—Assistant Paymaster S. R. Curtis has been ordered to the Pawnee.

Acting Assistant Paymasters J. R. Mieker and E. R. Morfatt, have been ordered to the Mississippi squadron.

Acting Assistant Paymasters Wm. K. Sherwood and Owen F. Browning, have been ordered to the mortar flotilla in the western gulf squadron.

SOUTHERN NEWS FROM THE RICHMOND PAPERS OF SATURDAY.

Destruction of Tobacco.

We learn that the value of the tobacco destroyed in Fredericksburg will reach some seventy-five or a hundred thousand dollars. The tobacco was seized because it was believed it had been brought to Fredericksburg for the purpose of bartering it off to Northern men in the event of the town being again occupied by the Federal army.

After the tobacco had been consigned to the bottom of the river several parties attempted to "fish up" a pile on their own account, and it is said one man had raised a hundred boxes, but the affair coming to the ears of the military the offender was arrested and the tobacco sent back to the bottom of the river.

From the Southwest.

MOBILE, Nov. 20.—A letter in the *Advertiser and Register*, dated Abbeville, 15th, says:

The army has been on the *qui vive* for a week past, anticipating an attack from the enemy. To-day information was received that the abolitionists have retired some distance. From their movements, it is difficult to conjecture whether they meditate an attack upon Pemberton's army or not. It is certain they have advanced their forces from Jackson, Bolivar, and a portion from Corinth, to La Grange and Grand Junction. At the latter place, General Grant has established his headquarters.

Our army occupy a position of great natural strength, are well fortified, and have been manifesting great impatience to advance upon the invading force. It is not thought probable that the enemy will hazard an engagement.

Message of Gov. Vance, of North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 18.—The Legislature of this State convened yesterday, and Governor Vance sent in his message to-day. He takes ground for a vigorous prosecution of the war, and proposes a reserve force of ten thousand men for the State, to be discharged in the spring, in time for their farming operations. How to raise this force he leaves to the Legislature to decide.

He complains of the bad faith of the Confederate Government in sending agents into this State for clothing and supplies, after agreeing not to do so if the State undertook to clothe her own troops. He has made arrangements to remove large supplies of breadstuffs from the counties threatened by the enemy, and recommends an embargo on clothing and breadstuffs, except for the Confederate Government.

He urges stringent measures against speculators and more stringent measures against deserters and their aiders and abettors. The bulk of the message is devoted to local topics.

Later from Nassau—Loss of a Steamer.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 19.—Nassau dates to the 19th inst., have been received. They bring accounts of the loss of the steamer Kelsie, fifty miles off the coast. She was run into, abandoned, and soon after sunk. She was one of three light draught steamers built expressly on the Clyde to run the blockade. One, the Joana, was sunk in the Clyde. The other having not been heard from is also supposed to be lost.

General Johnston.

The Charleston *Mercury's* Richmond correspondent asserts positively that Gen. Joseph E. Johnston has been ordered to Tennessee, and will have charge of the Army of the West.

The Fever in Wilmington.

The Wilmington *Journal* (the publication of which has been resumed) states that a few cases of yellow fever still occur in that place, and deaths are not unfrequent, but the power of the disease is broken, and the citizens are returning.

The official reports from the beginning of the disease to the 15th of November, show 1,505 cases of yellow fever to have occurred, and 441 deaths, but additional facts warrant the *Journal* in fixing the number of deaths, white and black, in and around the city, at 654.

Army Correspondence.

CAMP WILLIAMSPORT, near Williamsport, Md., Nov. 22, 1862.

Editor Republican: Having a little writing on hand, I may as well drop you a few lines concerning the condition and health of our regiment, while I have my hand in.

We have been lying here for the past six or eight weeks, in *statu quo*. Jackson is still in the Valley of Virginia, and reports say he intends making another visit to "My Maryland." If he does, rest assured he will be received in true military style.

The typhoid fever is prevailing in our camp extensively at present; but we hope to overcome that soon, as we take every precaution to prevent its extending further. We have good tents, and the officers provide everything they possibly can to preserve and advance the health of their men.

I have a sad accident to record, resulting in the death of a member of company H, of our regiment, (Wm. Moor,) a pious and orderly man, and a good soldier. A companion of his was handling his musket, in the tent, when it went off, the contents passing through Moor's head, killing him almost instantly. His body was sent to his friends, in Clearspring, Maryland.

Yours, &c.,
SERGEANT,
Sixth Md. Regiment.

How a Confederate was "Fooled."

Tennessee Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial.

The following case, illustrating the "audacity of the Federals," is worthy of record:

During the progress of one of the encounters by the reconnoitreing party on the 8th, Lieut. Neil, of Major Burch's battalion, of the Second Illinois cavalry, rode up to a Confederate cavalryman, and with pistol in hand demanded a surrender. The rebel did not hesitate a moment to say, rather affrightedly:

"Yes—yes—I surrender; don't shoot."

"Let me have your arms," said Neil.

The Southerner quickly handed to his captor a carbine and two six-shooters, all loaded.—This new armament somewhat embarrassed Neil. Like the man who won the elephant at a raffle, he was a loss to know what to do with it. Finally he asked the prisoner to hold his (Neil's) pistol, while he disposed of the captured arms by strapping them on his saddle.

The Confederate took occasion to examine the lieutenant's weapon, and after looking at it minutely, exclaimed, very truthfully: "Well, I'm d—d if that aren't a good one on me, to surrender to a man that hasn't got the sign of a load in his pistol." The chagrin of the rebel was only exceeded by his full appreciation of the joke which had been played on him. But like many other men in this world, he had found out his mistake when it was too late; and now that he had delivered up his weapons of death, there was nothing left for him but to laugh at the harmless machine, at sight of which he had shown the white feather, and to admire the pluck of his captor, while he wondered at his coolness.

IMMENSE ARMY MOVING DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI.—Between 25,000 and 30,000 troops have passed down the river within the last two weeks. Those going down during last week went to Memphis and Helena—most of them to the former. It is now understood that Gen. Sherman, at present in Memphis, will co-operate with Gen. Grant, now moving against the enemy in Mississippi. From this it would appear that the report that the new troops now going down the river are to be organized into a distinct army under Gen. McClernand is not correct. Nevertheless, we should not be surprised to hear of a big rise in the old Father of Waters very soon, which will effectually wash out Vicksburg, and open the channel clean through to the Gulf.

SICKNESS.—The jaundice is said to prevail in our camps to considerable extent.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR TROOPS AT NEW YORK, *Nov. 21.* In consequence of complaints relative to insufficient quarters being provided for the troops arriving in this city, as alleged, through institution on the part of officials, a visit was paid at 10 o'clock to-night, by Major General Banks, Gov. Morgan and Col. Howe to the Park Barracks, where a most thorough and searching investigation was personally made, resulting in the complete refutal of such charges. The quarters were found ample, well ventilated and clean, the food excellent, and the men themselves declaring that their wants were supplied to a sufficiency.

OAK HALL CLOTHING HOUSE, No. 464 Seventh street, near F street, the Great Bazar of Fashion, where you can find the best cut and made Clothing for Men and Boys' wear that the market can produce, and our prices, for cheapness, and durability of our goods, defy competition. (Our neighbor Smith, two doors above, so long noted for selling clothing less than any house in the city, in a private conversation, acknowledged to us that our Boys' Clothing was the best made and cut goods he ever saw; and, if the citizens of Washington were posted in the goods I have, my store would be overrun with ladies and gentlemen in want of clothing, and I only wish to have you call and see our beautiful assortments of clothing, and I think that our prices and goods will more than pay you for calling at the Leading Clothing House, No. 464 Seventh street, near F street, two doors below Smith's.

Everybody knows Smith, but, instead of calling at his place, come in two doors below.

N. B.—I have a special word to say to the Ladies, that I can please them better than ever in Boys' Clothing, as my stock excels anything I ever had.

J. BRUCE & CO.,
Formerly at Odeon Hall, Now at Oak Hall.
nov 21—dtdec

NOTICE.

U. S. ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
Collection District for the District of Columbia.

All persons concerned in the United States assessment, on Licenses, Goods, Wares, Trades or Occupations, Merchandise, &c., &c., as per act of Congress approved July 1, 1862, who reside in the District of Columbia, are hereby notified that the assessment list is now ready at my office, 502 Maryland avenue, in the Seventh ward, Washington city, for their examination and inspection, and will remain open for such inspection until the 25th day of November, 1862; also, that the undersigned will, for the space of fifteen days after the expiration of the time thus allowed for inspection of said list, remain in his office, at the place before named, during the hours between 9 o'clock a. m., and 4 o'clock p. m., to hear and determine on all appeals which may be exhibited against the proceedings of the Assistant Assessor.

All appeals must be made in writing specifying the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall state the ground or principle of inequality or error complained of.

P. M. PEARSON,
U. S. Assessor for Collection District, District of Columbia.
[Star.]
no 22—3t

GRAND ADVANCE OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, and all the stores are crying up the prices of their goods but SMITH & BEALL, No. 361 Seventh street. We are able to sell good clothing nearly as cheap as ever. We have been fighting against high prices for the last year, and our stock now is good, and we are able to sell at low prices.

SMITH is all the time in the market picking up goods at old prices, and that is one reason we undersell all others. We have the means and ability to sell cheap, and we will do it, as our customers want Good Clothing at low prices, and we are just the men to sell it to them. A call is solicited at the *CHEAP CLOTHING HOUSE* of

SMITH & BEALL,
Clothiers,
No. 361 Seventh street,
nov 21—dtdec First door below the market.

59 TAKE NOTICE. 59

M. T. PARKER,
NO. 59 LOUISIANA AVENUE,

Respectfully and cheerfully returns thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto received.

Having every facility for doing

THE BEST HOUSE, SIGN, AND DECORATIVE PAINTING.

Together with all work pertaining to a FIRST-CLASS Painting Establishment.

He has no hesitancy in soliciting a continuance of the public's favor.

His Prices are Reasonable;
The Work Unexceptionable;
And particular attention is paid to PROMPTNESS IN DELIVERY.

☞ Remember the number!
59 LOUISIANA AVENUE,
oct 21—3m bet. Sixth and Seventh streets.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
MILITARY AND CIVILIAN.

WALL, STEPHENS & CO., are now opening their Fall and Winter Goods, embracing fine Dress Coats, Doeskin Pants, Vests, &c. A large and well-selected Stock of fine heavy Overcoats. We have also a complete assortment of Business Suits, made in the most durable manner. Officers will find our Military Goods desirous to their wants. Heavy Woollen Blankets, for camp use at reasonable prices. WALL, STEPHENS & CO.,
323 Pennsylvania avenue, between
oc 27—dtf Ninth and Tenth streets.

DR. LOCKWOOD continues the practice of Dentistry, in the Washington Building, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street. Having practiced in the South nearly sixteen years, he feels assured that he can give satisfaction to any that may call.

Teeth inserted on Vulcanite, Rubber, or Go Plate. Chloroform administered when desired.
aug 1—tf

NEW YORK BUSINESS.
LAW, FINANCIAL AND COLLECTING.

INVOICE BILLS & BUSINESS NOTES NEGOTIATED.
PROTESTED NOTES AND DEFERRED ACCOUNTS BOUGHT AND COLLECTED.
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION.
GOVERNMENT CLAIMS BOUGHT.

By G. Z. HOUSE,
Counsellor at Law,
25 Nassau street, New York.
☞ Ten years in State and United States Courts. Advice gratis. apl 2

I RECOMMEND MRS. WREN'S TREATMENT for Neuralgia, she having cured me very soon.
M. JOHNSON, Pension Office.

Call and see how many respectable citizens have been cured by my HAND MAGNETISM, of Paralysis, Gout, Rheumatism, Tumors, Bronchitis, Piles in a week, Typhoid Fever in a few days, Luchorhœa or Whites. Sure cure for Scrofula and Cancers.

Magnetic Plasters and Ointment.
MRS. WREN, Physician.
oc 25—1m* 445 K st., bet. 6th and 7th sts.

TOBACCO AND SEGARS
For Sale at Wholesale.

230 boxes of Tobacco, light and dark,
1 pound Lumps,
½ pound Lumps,
¾ pound Lumps, and 10's,
200 gross Fine-cut Chewing, in tin foil, different brands,
ALSO,
200 gross Fine-cut Smoking, various brands.
250,000 Segars, suitable for Sutlers and Retailers.

All of which are offered at the lowest wholesale prices, by JAMES WALLACE,
59 High street, Georgetown, D. C.
Goods delivered to any part of the District free of charge. nov 25—1w*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Copartnership heretofore existing between LYLE & COFFIN is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN G. LYLE,
J. A. COFFIN.

John G. Lyle still continues the business at the old stand.
Washington, July 21, 1862. jy 22

XXX CREAM ALE.

The undersigned has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Washington and the vicinity, that he has been appointed Sole Agent for the celebrated

XXX CREAM ALE AND PORTER.

The superiority of this Ale is so well known that the demand for it has been rapidly increasing since its introduction into this city. It is already used by a large number of private families in the District of Columbia.

XXX CREAM ALE
Is brewed expressly for family use and contains none of the deleterious substances which are so frequently introduced into the manufacture of Ale and Porter to assist fermentation.

XXX CREAM ALE
Is particularly recommended as a mild as well as pleasant tonic.

To persons suffering from the loss of appetite the XXX Cream Ale is invaluable as a most agreeable stimulant, giving a healthy and vigorous action to the stomach.

XXX CREAM ALE
Is highly recommended by the Faculty of Philadelphia and by the principal physicians of Washington.

XXX CREAM ALE
Is put up in pint and quart bottles and small kegs, for family use, and is delivered to any part of the city, free of charge; as is also the most superior quality of Bottled Cider.

E. WERTHEIMER,
462 and 464 Seventh street,
Basement, opposite P. O.

N. B. XXX Ale and Superior Cider always on draught at 462 and 464 Seventh street, Basement.
nov 20—1m

SUTLERS' GOODS.

Provisions,
Hams,
Dried Beef,
Beef Tongues,
Cheese,
Sardines,
English Pickles, Chow Chow, etc.
Worcestershire Sauce,
Lester's Wine Bitters,
Old Brandies,
Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines,
Holland Gin,
Lemon, Ginger and Raspberry Syrups,
Champagne Wines, various brands,
Assorted Preserves,
Jellies,
Old Whiskies, a large stock in cases,
An assortment of Catsups, Canned Fruits,
Potted Meats, Soups, Condensed Milk,
Cigars and Smoking Tobacco,
Brandy Cherries,
London Porter and Scotch Ale.

For sale by NORRIS, CALWELL & CO.,
713 Pennsylvania avenue,
nov 20—1m Opposite Willards' Hotel.

TOBACCO AND SEGAR WAREHOUSE
WILLIAM GROSSE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
TOBACCO and SEGARS, and MEERSHAUM PIPES,
Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth st.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Having recently enlarged my place of business, I am now prepared to offer to the citizens of Washington the best brands of Tobacco and Segars, at wholesale or retail, cheaper than can be bought elsewhere in the city.

LA FAVORITA BUENO,
ELEGANTEES,
LA TUSCA,
FLOR DE MAYO,
LA ESPINOLA,

Are excellent brands, and every lover of good Segars are to test them.

Also, Smoking Tobacco of all kinds, wholesale and retail.

WILLIAM GROSSE,
nov 20—1m Cor. Penn. ave. and Sixth st.

NOTICE.

JUDGE ADVOCATE'S OFFICE,
Washington City, D. C., Nov. 18, 1862.

Applications having been made by ladies, to go to their friends and families in the South, notice is hereby given that all applicants must make a written statement to this office, verified by oath, between this date and the 16th day of December next, setting forth—

First. The name, age, and residence of the applicant.

Second. The date when she came within the military lines of the United States, for what purpose, and where she has since resided.

Third. The place she desires to go to, and the purpose or object thereof.

The persons to whom leave may be granted will be sent with suitable escort from Washington to the United States lines in Virginia, with such personal effects as shall be allowed to pass.

No person will be allowed to take more than one trunk or package of female wearing apparel, weighing not over one hundred pounds, and subject to inspection; and any attempt or effort to smuggle contraband property will forfeit the same, and subject the party to imprisonment during the war.

L. C. TURNER,
nov 17 Major and Judge Advocate.

Edward Everett's Reply to an English Lord.

BY POLITICAL PUMP.

What have we in America?
We've wonder great and grand;
We have the essence of the earth,
The cream of every land.

Our mountains are magnificent,
Our rivers are immense,
And each man has a kingly style,
If not a king's expense.

Our ships are known to all the world;
The farms cannot be beat;
Our cities, full of luxury,
Are famous for the neat.

We've orators and authors, too,
With intellects of force;
We've railroads scattered everywhere;
And one Professor Morse.

Our girls have beauty, wit, and grace,
They're charming, sweet, and fair;
But, then, the grandest thing we have
Is known as great OAK HALL,

Where the fall and winter stock of first-class clothing is now ready in extra abundance and greatest variety. All the new-style Overcoats, Sacks, Business Coats, Peg-top Pants, &c., selling at prices so low that everybody will buy and be satisfied.

J. BRUCE & CO,
(Oak Hall,)
No. 464, Seventh street near F,
nov 21—dtdec Two doors below Smith's.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited until the 5th of December, 1862, for furnishing the Subsistence Department with 400 TONS OF HAY in bales.

The first delivery to be commenced on or about the 12th of December, and the whole quantity put in before the end of said month.

The Hay to be shipped by water and delivered on the wharves at Sixth street, and weighed in Washington, D. C.

Bidders must state in their bids the price per 100 pounds at which they will furnish the hay.

Firms making bids must state the names of all the parties interested.

Payment to be made in Treasury notes, or such funds as Government may have for distribution.

Bids to be directed to Col. A. BECKWITH, A. D. C. and C. S., U. S. A., and endorsed "Proposals for Hay." nov 20

JAY COOKE & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 452 Fifteenth Street,
dealers in
GOVERNMENT BONDS,
TREASURY NOTES,
AND CERTIFICATES,
ARMY AND NAVY BILLS,
COIN, CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE,
Highest price paid for
GOLD, SILVER, AND OLD DEMAND NOTES.
oct 28—1m

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of Nicholas Snyder, late of Washington county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the eighteenth day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of November, A. D. 1862.
SARAH SYNDER,
nov 19—law3w* Administratrix.

OSTHEIM BROTHERS,
OSTHEIM BROTHERS,
295 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
295 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
295 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,

Branch of
39 SOUTH WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK,
39 SOUTH WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK,

Importers of
CHOICE BRANDIES AND WINES,
CHOICE BRANDIES AND WINES,
CHOICE BRANDIES AND WINES,
CHOICE BRANDIES AND WINES,

And wholesale dealers in
RYE AND BOURBON WHISKIES,
RYE AND BOURBON WHISKIES,

As well as every variety of
LIQUORS, CORDIALS, &c.,
LIQUORS, CORDIALS, &c.,
LIQUORS, CORDIALS, &c.,

And the best brands of
GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS,
GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS.

We also offer for sale a complete assortment of
HERMETICALLY SEALED FRUITS, MEATS, &c.,
HERMETICALLY SEALED FRUITS, MEATS, &c.,
Expressly put up for camp use.

BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET,
BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET,
LOWEST NEW YORK PRICES,
LOWEST NEW YORK PRICES,
LOWEST NEW YORK PRICES.

295 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
295 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
Between Ninth and Tenth streets.
oct 8

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!
SPICES!
GROUND COFFEES!!
TOBACCOS!!!

A large invoice of the above articles are now being received, and for sale by

D. J. BROWN,
Commission Broker,
No. 8, Washington Building,
Seventh street and Penn. avenue.

SUTLERS TAKE NOTICE!

Teas in ¼ pound packs.
Teas in 6, 8, 10, 12, 16, 18 and 20 pound boxes.
Canned Tomatoes in 2 dozen boxes.
Canned Peaches in 2 dozen boxes.
Pickles in 2 dozen boxes.
Gum Drops in ¼ pound papers.
Gum Drops in 5 pound boxes.
Raisins in boxes and ½ boxes.
Pepper in 2 ounce papers and in 1 gross boxes.
English Mustard in ¼ pound papers and cans.
English Mustard in ½ and 1 gross boxes.
Preserved Cherries in bottles.
Figs in 2¼ pound drums and 3 pound boxes.
Lemon Syrup in bottles.
PLUG TOBACCO,
FINE-CUT TOBACCO,
CIGARS.

For sale by
D. J. BROWN,
No. 8, Washington Building,
Seventh street and Penn. avenue,
Washington, D. C.
no 5

TO THE OFFICERS OF THE ARMY.

Just arrived, by direct importation per steamer Fulton, from Europe, a very fine and large assortment of Marine, Opera, Field Glasses, and Telescopes, which I will sell a very little above the cost in Paris. As to the qualities, there are none superior to be had, having been selected purposely for this market. Also, a large and well-assorted stock of Opera Glasses, Microscopes; gold, silver, and steel Spectacles and Eye Glasses, suited to the sight by the use of an Optometer. A considerable number of certificates to be seen at my office, from gentlemen who have been suited at my establishment.

425 *Pennsylvania avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets.*

My Establishment is up stairs.
Glasses fitted to suit. The trade supplied.
Oct 19—1y

APPLICATIONS for Duplicate Land Warrants.

Application having been made under the act of 22d June, 1860, for the reissue of the Land Warrants described herein, which are alleged to have been lost or destroyed, notice is hereby given that, at the date following the description of each warrant, a new certificate of like tenor will be issued if no valid objection should then appear.

No. 86, 163, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Rachel, widow of Thos. Meredith, and was granted March 7, 1859—December 6, 1862.

No. 93,709, for 120 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Arnold Harrington, and was granted September 17, 1857—January 4, 1863.

No. 83,464, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the names of the minor children of Daniel F. McCune, deceased, and was granted Oct. 22, 1858—January 11, 1862.

No. 100,947, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March 1855, in the name of Ansel Allen, and was granted March 12, 1862—January 18, 1863.

No. 100,360, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Rachel, widow of Geo. Harner, and was granted January 6, 1862—February 8, 1863.

JOSEPH H. BARRETT,
Commissioner.

WATER NOTICE.

In consequence of the lowness of the water in the General Reservoir it will be necessary, unless great economy of water is practiced, for the Government soon to shut off the supply to citizens entirely.

All persons are, therefore forbidden to use the hydrants on Pennsylvania avenue, or on any streets or avenues under the care and supervision of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, for watering the streets or pavements, or for any private purpose whatever.

And all persons using the water are urgently solicited to be as economical in its use as possible.

B. B. FRENCH,
sep 30 Commissioner of Public Buildings.

200,000 Domestic Segars, consisting of Seed and Seed and Havana of the best quality, put up in most desirable styles, for sale at unusually low prices at
no 12 OSTHEIM BROTHERS.

100,000 imported Havana Segars, comprising the choicest brands in the market, just received and for sale at
no 12 OSTHEIM BROTHERS.

PROPOSALS FOR OATS AND CORN.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
Corner 18th and G streets,
Washington, November 24, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until THURSDAY, the 4th day of December, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing the Government with (200,000) two hundred thousand bushels of OATS and (200,000) two hundred thousand bushels of old shelled CORN.

The Oats to be of a good merchantable quality, put up in bags of about two bushels each.

Oats will be received by weight, at (32) thirty-two pounds to the bushel.

Sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government.

The Corn to be of a good merchantable quality, put up in bags of about two bushels each.

Corn will be received by weight at (56) fifty-six pounds to the bushel.

Sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government.

Delivery to be made in the city of Washington, within (25) twenty-five days from the date of the contract.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals will be received for (50,000) fifty thousand bushels of Oats and upwards, and for (50,000) fifty thousand bushels of Corn and upwards.

The propositions for the Oats and Corn must be on *separate* papers, and entirely distinct from and independent of each other.

The full name and post office address of the bidder must appear in the proposal.

If a bid is made in the name of a firm, the names of all the parties must appear, or the bid will be considered as the individual proposal of the partner signing it.

Proposals from disloyal parties will not be considered, and AN OATH OF ALLEGIANCE MUST ACCOMPANY EACH PROPOSITION.

Proposals must be addressed to Colonel D. H. Rucker, Quartermaster U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Oats and Corn."

GUARANTEE.

The ability of the bidder to fill the contract, should it be awarded to him, must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

Bidders must be present in person when the bids are opened, or their proposals will not be considered.

Bonds equal in amount to half the sum to be received on the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder upon signing the contract.

As the bond must accompany the contract, it will be necessary for the bidders to have their bondsmen with them, or to have bonds signed in anticipation and ready to be produced when the contract is signed.

Blanks for bonds can be procured upon application being made at this office, either personally, by letter, or by telegraph.

Form of Guarantee.

We, ——, of the county of ——, and State of ——, and ——, of the county of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarantee that —— is able to fulfil a contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that, should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith.

Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.

(To this guarantee must be appended the official certificate above mentioned.)

INSPECTION, DELIVERY, &c.

All Oats and Corn contracted for under this advertisement will be rigidly inspected, and such as do not prove of a good sound merchantable quality will be rejected.

Payment to be made upon the completion of the contract, or so soon thereafter as the Depot Quartermaster shall be in funds.

Any informality in the bid, or non-conformance with the terms of this advertisement, will ensure the rejection of the proposal.

Delivery to be made at the Railroad Depot, or at one of the Government Wharves in the city of Washington.

The Depot Quartermaster reserves to himself the right to reject any or all bids that he may deem too high.

D. H. RUCKER,
Colonel and Depot Quartermaster.
nov 24—dtD4

GRAND ADVANCE OF THE ARMY, and clothiers are crying up the great advance of clothing, but we are selling at a small advance on old prices. We have a large stock on hand, and are selling them off to make more room, for we have a very large stock of Clothing at our manufactory, and are now running off our stock at less than wholesale prices to make room. We have always been fighting against high prices, and shall continue to do so. Mr. SMITH is in the market all the time, and is enabled to furnish our store with a superior stock, and we cannot be undersold by any one. We have the means to sell cheap, and are determined to do it at

SMITH & BEALL'S,
No. 361 Seventh street,
nov 21—dtjanl Near K street.

EYE AND EAR.
DEAFNESS.
IMPAIRED SIGHT.
NOISES IN THE HEAD.
Affections of the THROAT.
DISEASES OF THE AIR PASSAGES.
CATARRH PULMONARY.

These maladies are exclusively and successfully treated by
DR. VON MOSCHZISKER,
OCULIST AND AURIST,
277 Penn. avenue, opp. Willards'.

☞ Numerous Testimonials can be examined at his office, from citizens of Washington.
☞ All surgical operations to restore SIGHT and HEARING performed. nov 10—1m*

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL

GOSLING RESTAURANT

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
SOUTH SIDE,
(Formerly of New York,)
Has the Name and Fame of being one of
THE BEST RESTAURANTS IN TOWN.

☞ Give us a trial, and judge for yourself. ☜ Everything in the House is of the
BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

Don't forget the number,
247 Pennsylvania avenue,
between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets,
mar 10 South side.

NEW INVENTION
OR
ARTIFICIAL CLEOPLASTIC BONE TEETH.
without metal plate or clasps, by
DR. S. B. SIGESMOND,
910 Broadway, New York; and 260 Penn. avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth sts.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Calls the attention of the public to the following advantages of his improved system:

1st. The teeth of his manufacture will never corrode nor change color by any acids, and are three-fourths lighter than any other.

2d. No teeth nor roots need be extracted, as the artificial ones can be inserted over them.

3d. The roots will be made inoffensive and never to ache.

4th. No temporary teeth are needed, as permanent ones can be made immediately, thereby preserving the natural expression of the face, which, under the old system, is frequently disfigured.

5th. This work has been fully tested, for over five years, by many of the first chemists and physicians of this and the old country.

Dr. S. has also invented a white indestructible metal filling, with which the most sensitive teeth can be filled without pain, and can build up a perfect sound tooth on any side roots, which will last through a lifetime.

He refers to the following gentlemen: Dr. V. Mott; Dr. Doremus, Professor of Chemistry; Hon. A. Mann, jun.; Capt. Crabtree, Vice President of the Emigration Company of New York; Hon. Judge Wayne, of the Supreme Court, of Washington, D. C.; and thousands of others.

Call and examine for yourselves. nov 6—6m

CAMP STOVES!
CAMP STOVES!!
CAMP STOVES!!!

We are now manufacturing CAMP, COOK and HEATING STOVES, which we will sell by the dozen or hundred as cheap as they can be bought in Baltimore. E. H. & H. I. GREGORY,
nov 18 321 Penn. avenue, near 7th street.

SPERR'S SAMBUCI WINE.
PURE, AND FOUR YEARS OLD,
OF CHOICE OPORTO GRAPE,
FOR PHYSICIANS' USE,
For Females, Weakly Persons, and Invalids.

Every family, at this season, should use the SAMBUCI WINE,

Celebrated in Europe for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a gentle Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic, and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, used in European and American Hospitals, and by some of the first families in Europe and America.

AS A TONIC,

It has no equal, causing an appetite and building