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VOL. XI. WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1870. NO. 132.

Auction Sales.

TO-DAY.

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auct'rs. (Successors to J. C. McGuire & Co.) Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

LARGE SALE OF EXTRA CHOICE FRENCH, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CONSTANT BLOOMING ROSES, COMPRISING BOURBON, DAILY, NOISETTE MOSS AND MONTHLY ROSE, PERPETUAL CLIMBING PLANTS, MAGNOLIAS, ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, ORANGE AND LEMON TREES, &c., &c.

On FRIDAY AFTERNOON, April 29, 1870, at 3 o'clock, at our auction rooms, we shall sell a superior collection of the above plants. Terms cash. A. JARDIN, Florist. COOPER & LATIMER, Auctioneers.

ap27-3t

FUTURE DAYS.

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auct'rs. (Successors to Jas. C. McGuire & Co.) Southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street.

SIXTEEN BUILDING LOTS AND THE WHOLE OF A SQUARE IN THE FIRST WARD AT AUCTION.

On MONDAY AFTERNOON, May 2d, 1870, at 5 o'clock, w[e shall sell] … [illegible]

Terms: One third cash; the balance at six and twelve months, secured by a deed of trust, with notes bearing interest. A deposit of $50 will be required on each purchase. Title to the property indisputable. Conveyances and revenue stamps at cost of purchaser. COOPER & LATIMER, ap23-d&ds (Star) Auctioneers.

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Aucts. New Marble Building, Nos. 900 and 902, S. E. cor. Pa. ave. and 9th st.

FIRST GRAND SPRING PAWNBROKER'S SALE OF UNREDEEMED PLEDGES OF MESSRS. S. GOLDSTEIN & CO., AT AUCTION.

On SATURDAY MORNING, April 30, commencing at 10 o'clock, and EVENING at 7 o'clock, and to continue until all are sold, we will sell on the first floor of our spacious Sales-rooms, a large lot of unredeemed pledges, being the entire stock of Messrs. S. Goldstein & Co., removed to our store for convenience of sale, comprising—

Fine Gold and Silver Watches, such as Jules Jurgensen, English and Swiss, plain and with diamond sets; American Watches,
Solid Gold Chains of all descriptions,
Diamond Pins and Rings,
Jewelry of every description,
Silver Ware, Opera Glasses,
Guns, Pistols, Revolvers,
Musical Instruments, among which are a few very fine old Violins.
With other articles, which are unnecessary to mention.

We call special attention to the above sale, as all goods will be guaranteed as represented, or the money refunded. S. GOLDSTEIN & CO., Pawnbrokers.
ap28-4t W. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers.

BY E. P. GODMAN, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

On THURSDAY, May 5, 1870, at 12 o'clock m., (if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter,) the real estate of which Israel M. Jackson, late of said county, died seized and possessed, consisting of a farm or tract of land situate in Bladensburg district, in said county, known as Mount Hope, containing 218 ACRES OF LAND, (more or less.) This farm is desirably located, in a good neighborhood, adjoins the Maryland Agricultural College, the estate of Robert Clarke, and others; is about three miles from Bladensburg, and one and a quarter miles from the College station, a depot on the Washington branch of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and about eight or nine miles from Washington city. The improvements consist of a BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, in good order, containing eight rooms, one good Stable, Corn and Carriage house, Blacksmith Shop, and other necessary outbuildings. There is also on it a fine orchard of all varieties of fruit. The soil is good, and well adapted to the growth of the usual products of the county. Above fifty acres of this land is in wood, and fifty in meadow; the balance of the farm is arable land. A fine opportunity is offered for good investment.

Terms of sale: One third cash, on the ratification of the sale by the court, two hundred and fifty dollars of which is to be paid down on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal annual installments, in one and two years from the day of sale, the whole to bear interest from the day of sale, and the deferred payments to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the trustee; and upon the payment of the whole purchase money the trustee will convey to the purchaser the property, free, clear, and discharged of all claims of the parties. Conveyancing and stamps at the cost of the purchaser. SAMUEL L. WILLIAMS, Trustee.
ap28-td E. P. GODMAN, Auctioneer.

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Auct'rs. New Marble Building, Nos. 900 and 902 southeast cor. Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth street.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

The undersigned, guardian of the minor children of William McDermott, deceased, in pursuance of a decree of the Orphans' Court of the District of Columbia, passed on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1870, and which was duly ratified by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia on the … day of April, A. D. 1870, will, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of MAY, A. D. 1870, at the hour of 5½ o'clock p. m., in front of the premises, sell all the right, title, interest and claim of the said minor heirs in and to that part of Lot No. 20, in Square No. … in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, … [illegible]

Terms of Sale: One third cash; residue in two equal payments, for which the notes of the purchaser will be required, payable one in six months and one in twelve months, with interest from day of sale, and on the payment of the last notes a deed of conveyance will be given. All conveyancing and stamps at the cost of the purchaser. And the undersigned reserves the right in case of default on the part of the purchaser to comply with the terms of sale within ten days from day of sale, to resell said premises at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser. One hundred and fifty dollars will be required when the property is struck off.
JESSE McDERMOTT, Guardian.
ap27-eo&w W. L. WALL & CO., Aucts.

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Aucts., New Marble Building, Nos. 900 and 902 southeast Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth street.

CHANCERY SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE AT THE CORNER OF FIFTEENTH STREET WEST AND G STREET NORTH, IN WASHINGTON, D. C., KNOWN AS "DOUGLASS GREEN HOUSE."

By virtue of a decree passed March 2, 1870, by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in equity sitting, in the cause of Corcoran & Riggs vs. Henry Douglass et al., No. 152, equity docket No. 9 of said court, the subscriber, as trustee, will expose to sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, the second day of May, A. D. 1870, at 5 o'clock p. m., in front of the premises, the following pieces or parcels of ground, being in the city of Washington, D. C., … [illegible]

This property is most eligibly situated at the corner of Fifteenth street west and north G streets, opposite the Treasury buildings and the Quartermaster's Department.

Terms of sale: One third cash; the residue in three equal installments … [illegible]

CHARLES E. MATTHEWS, Trustee. WM. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers.

BY THOMAS DOWLING, Auct'r, 178 Bridge street, Georgetown.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN GEORGETOWN, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

By virtue of a deed of trust from the late … [illegible] … THURSDAY, May 5th, 1870, 5 o'clock p. m. … [illegible]

Terms: One fourth of the purchase money cash; … [illegible]

All stamps and conveyancing at purchaser's cost. HUGH CAPERTON, Trustee. THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer.
ap19-cold (Star)

Auction Sales.

BY THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer, 178 BRIDGE STREET, GEORGETOWN.

VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY ON THE HEIGHTS OF GEORGETOWN, FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY, May 3d, at 5 o'clock p. m., we will sell, at public auction, on the premises, that valuable property on N. W. corner Eighth and High streets. The house was built four years ago, and of the best materials. It contains thirteen large rooms, with butler's pantry, gas and water, and all the conveniences pertaining to a first class residence. … The property has a front of 141 feet, and a depth of 180 feet. It commands an extensive view of the Potomac river. There is an excellent Stable, Carriage and Cow House on the premises.

Terms of Sale: One third cash; and the balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by a deed of trust on the property. Stamps and conveyancing at the cost of the purchaser.
DODGE & DARNEILLE. THOMAS DOWLING, Auct.

SALE OF COPPER SCALE.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR, April 18, 1870.

There will be offered for sale at public auction, on FRIDAY, May 6, 1870, at 12 o'clock, m., at the United States Navy Yard, Washington, about seventy thousand (70,000) pounds of Copper Scale, in lots to suit purchasers.

It can be examined at any time previous to the day of sale, upon application to the Commandant of the Washington Navy Yard.

Samples of similar scale have shown 82 per cent. of metallic copper.

One half of the purchase money must be deposited at the time of sale, and 10 days will be allowed to remove the scale from the yard, otherwise the deposit will be forfeited to the Government.

All payments to be made in Gov. … funds, and before the scale is removed from the Yard.

Special Notices.

THE WEED FAMILY FAVORITE takes the lead of all other SEWING MACHINES! It is a Straight Needle; makes the Elastic Lock Stitch—alike on both sides; is so simple that a child can understand it; so light running that scarcely any effort is required to keep it in motion, and is capable of performing the greatest variety of work.

The Weed was awarded First Prize at the Paris Exposition in 1867; Highest Medal and Diploma at American Institute, New York, 1869; also, Gold Medal at Maryland Institute, Baltimore, 1869, over all other machines.

Persons in search of the Best Machine for family purposes should not fail to examine the WEED before purchasing any others.

Sold on installments of $10 per month by GORSUCH & DE VAUGHAN, 318 Seventh street, ap13-tf Bet. Pennsylvania avenue and D st.

PROSTRATION PLAYED OUT.—Violent purgatives, emetics, salivants, blistering, and bleeding have had their day.

The sick can no longer be persuaded that the best way to cure them is to destroy the little strength that disease has left them.

Dyspeptics instead of dosing themselves with epsom salts, aloes, colocynth, jalap, and other powerful cathartics, tone their digestive organs and regulate their bowels with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Persons of bilious habits, instead of throwing the whole glandular system into a state of morbid irritation with mercurial poisons, seek relief, and find it, in the operation of that wholesome vegetable alterative upon the disordered liver.

Nervous sufferers, tremulous, weak, and despondent, recruit their shattered energies with a course of this invigorant, and bless the day when the adulterated liquors of commerce were superseded by a medicated stimulant, perfectly efficient and entirely harmless.

Travelers by land and sea … [illegible]

The weak and debilitated feel their strength return and their spirits revive under its bracing, appetizing, gently exhilarating action.

It is the only stimulant which cautious physicians … recommend to ladies in delicate health, or to the aged and decrepit.

There is not a city, town, or settlement on the American continent where it is not recognized as a household remedy, and a safeguard against epidemics; and, in short, wherever there is intelligence, prudence, and common sense, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is pronounced a standard specific, for which, in the whole range of pharmacy, there is no substitute or equivalent. ap28-eolt

Franklin Publishing Company.

FRANKLIN PUBLISHING COMPANY.—A Live Book-Store in an unexpected place, midway between Congress and the raging Tiber—131 Pennsylvania avenue.

ANOTHER INVOICE OF THOSE NEW AND Splendid Chromos of Grant, Lincoln, Washington, &c., at Gold Prices, at HOPKINS', 131 Pennsylvania avenue.

FOR A FEW DAYS LONGER—SCHOOL, CLASSICAL, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books at AUCTION PRICES, at the FRANKLIN BOOK-STORE. HOPKINS.

MORE AGENTS WANTED.

Another Large invoice of the Home Physician, Physical Life, Laws of Business, Olive Logan, Mark Twain, &c., at HOPKINS', 131 Pennsylvania avenue.

GREAT BARGAINS!—THREE SUPERIOR SHOW-CASES, as good as new. Call at the NEW BOOK-STORE, 131 Pennsylvania avenue, between First and Second streets, near the Capitol.

20 THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND LIVE AGENTS WANTED at 131 Pennsylvania avenue to circulate some 5 to 10 of the new and most popular Books of the day, including "Physical Life," "Home Physician," "Olive Logan's 'Behind the Scenes,'" "Mark Twain," "Barnum," &c. mh23-tf

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR A FEW DAYS AT THE FRANKLIN BOOK-STORE, 131 Pennsylvania avenue, to purchase Books and Stationery at GOLD PRICES. Just received, the New York sales; 20 to 50 per cent. saved.

LAW AND MEDICAL BOOKS.

A large invoice just in, and going at GOLD PRICES at the FRANKLIN BOOK-STORE.

Legal Cap, Note and superior French Paper, Envelopes, &c. A large assortment. All at wholesale prices. Trade supplied at 131 Pennsylvania avenue. mh23-tf

Blank Book/s.

A large stock just received.

Also superior INK, MUCILAGE, COPYING PRESSES, &c., By the FRANKLIN PUBLISHING COMPANY, mh23-tf 131 Pennsylvania avenue.

A BIBLE IN EVERY FAMILY,

In every variety of Style and Binding, from 50 cts. to $50. All at GOLD PRICES, At the FRANKLIN BOOK-STORE.

1870.

GET THE BEST.

Another and full supply of WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED at publisher's prices. The Trade supplied at a large discount.

FRANKLIN PUBLISHING COMPANY. mh23-tf 131 Pennsylvania avenue.

Interior Adornments.

1223. NEW SPRING GOODS. 1223.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF PAPER-HANGINGS, WINDOW-SHADES, &c., &c., in the District now in store, at low prices, for cash, which defy competition.

Order for work in the city or country executed promptly and at the lowest prices.

WINDOW-SHADES of every description made to order.

F. CLARK. No. 1223 Pennsylvania avenue, ap18-1w Between Twelfth and Thirteenth sts.

GEORGE WILLNER, PAPERHANGER AND UPHOLSTERER, Importer and Dealer in FRENCH AND AMERICAN PAPERHANGINGS and UPHOLSTERY GOODS, 434 Ninth st. west, bet. D and E sts., fe21 Washington, D. C.

ART REPOSITORY.

No. 435 F street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.

OIL PAINTINGS, FOREIGN AND AMERICAN CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS, PHOTOGRAPHS AND LITHOGRAPHS; ARTISTS' MATERIALS of all kinds; STEREOSCOPES AND STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS; the celebrated "ROGERS' GROUPS OF SCULPTURE," for which we are sole agents for the District; Statuettes, Parian, … Brackets, Picture Mats, Cord, Tassels and Nails, and a general and complete assortment of everything in our line. Black Walnut and Gilt Oval and Square Picture Frames.

de16-tf SMITH & STRONG.

THERMOMETERS OF ALL KINDS, in great variety, just received. Sole Agents for Woodruff's patent portable Barometer, the best in use.

H. H. HEMPLER, Optician, near National Hotel. ap7-tf

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have formed a limited partnership for BRICK-MAKING AND SELLING, at Kimball's old brick-yard, corner of New Jersey avenue and south K street, under the name of "JOSEPH REICH & CO." Joseph Reich is the general partner … [illegible]

April 6, 1870. JOSEPH REICH, … CHARLES JUST.

WRAPPING PAPER ON SALE AT THIS Office.

WASHINGTON FACTS AND IMPRESSIONS.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS yesterday were $461,757.14.

SECRETARY BELKNAP will leave here this evening for New York on personal business, and will be absent a few days.

CITIZENS of the Fourth ward remember that to-morrow closes the registration in your ward.

SECRETARY ROBESON intends going to Annapolis to-day to witness the rowing match between the champion oarsmen of the graduating and first class.

THE PRESIDENT and his family, accompanied by General Porter, and Secretary Cox and lady, left here yesterday for West Point to visit his son, who is a cadet there. The President will be absent several days.

GENERAL SHERIDAN telegraphed the War Department yesterday that he should leave Chicago without delay for Sioux City as the Indian troubles were growing more serious every day.

GEN. SHERMAN returned here last evening, after a brief inspecting tour of the fortifications along the Potomac. He will leave on his Western tour shortly, and will give especial attention to the northwestern frontier.

J. B. JOHNSON, M. D., of the St. Louis Medical College; J. S. Moore, M. D., Missouri Medical College; N. S. Davis, M. D., Chicago Medical College, delegates to the Medical College to be held in this city, have arrived in town.

A TELEGRAM was yesterday received at the Navy Department from Havana, stating that the volunteers had rebelled and assumed charge of affairs. The Aspinwall steamer had been detained by the volunteers, and the impression prevailed that they would take charge of the island.

IT MUST BE APPARENT to all who read the proceedings of the German mass meeting last night that whatever else our German citizens may do, there is not a man among them who will support Sayles J. Bowen for Mayor. That seems to be clearly determined.

AID OF THE RICHMOND SUFFERERS.—A subscription has been started in this city in aid of the more destitute by the Richmond calamity. A committee will be appointed to-morrow to receive such sums as may be contributed, and give the money the proper direction.

BRIGNOLI-ITALIAN OPERA.—The Brignoli Opera Company gave a fitting illustration and interpretation of the music of Donizetti in their admirable performance of "Lucia Di Lammermoor," at Wall's Opera House last evening to a very good house. To-night "Il Trovatore" will be given.

THE HOUSE Committee on Foreign Affairs yesterday considered and about completed their report upon Paraguay. This subject has been a long time under consideration, and a vast amount of testimony has been taken. Meantime Lopez has been killed and his government overthrown, which deprives the report of that interest which would attach to it had events taken a different course.

A. B. MULLETT, supervising architect of the Treasury Department, has gone to New York for the purpose of examining the work on the new post office building. The Secretary of the Treasury will in a few days advertise the proposals for furnishing the iron work for that structure, making one of the largest contracts ever given out by the Treasury Department.

THE ACCOUNTS of the late Collector J. F. Bailey, of the Thirty-second New York district, are being brought up by the clerks in the accounting division of the Internal Revenue Bureau, and the exact deficit will probably be ascertained by the first of next week, when the papers will be placed in the hands of the First Comptroller for suit and prosecution to recover the amount of the bond.

HON. JOHN T. NIXON, who was yesterday nominated for judge of the United States district court for the district of New Jersey, graduated at Princeton College in 1841, and came to the bar in 1845. He is one of the most distinguished lawyers in the State, and has held various offices of honor, trust and profit. He is not unknown to our citizens, for he represented his district in the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth Congress. His appointment was recommended by Secretary Robeson, Senator Cattell, Representatives Moore, Hill and others.

BIDS FOR STATIONERY.—Bids for furnishing stationery for the Treasury Department for the next fiscal year were opened yesterday, and it will be several days before the award can be made. They were as follows: Blanchard & Mohun, John C. Parker, Philp & Solomons, French, Langran & Ogilvie, and N. R. Russell, of this city; P. W. Derham, E. Devoe & Co., Frank H. Smith, Wolf & Graham and the Rubber Clothing Company, New York; R. D. Lockwood, Philadelphia; Greenleaf A. Taylor, Manufacturing Company, Chapin & Gould, Manufacturing Company, E. Morgan, Manufacturing Company, and Carew Manufacturing Company, Springfield, Mass.

THE EXCITEMENT caused in this city by the terrible calamity in Richmond on Wednesday, and the intense anxiety manifested to know all the sad details, impel us to devote unusual space, to the exclusion of other matter, to the telegraphic reports relating thereto, as well as to extracts from the Richmond papers. The circumstances cannot fail to appal the stoutest heart, and to create everywhere a deep feeling of sympathy for the bereaved community.

THE HOWARD INVESTIGATION.—The Howard investigating committee, at its session yesterday, concluded the examination of Mr. R. M. Hall, the real estate agent, who testified that he had sold the lots of the university under instructions from the trustees. He sold one of the lots to General Ballock for ten cents per foot, and one to Mr. Alvord for eight cents per foot. The total sales made by him during the three or four months during which the property was in his hands amounted to about $130,000. Which he turned over to Messrs. Bascom and Whittlesey for the trustees. He was further examined in relation to the Barry farm, but nothing material was developed.

Prof. Ogden, of the Fiske University, at Nashville, was examined in relation to the investment of certain moneys received from the Freedman's Bureau in bonds of the Young Men's Christian Association of Washington.

Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, a member of the committee, questioned him quite closely in relation to this transaction, and the witness fell into the error, from the name being the same, of supposing that he was being examined by the United States Attorney General, and was not aware of his mistake until he had left the committee room.

A FULL REHEARSAL of the Choral Society will take place at Lincoln Hall this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

THE STRICKEN CITY

Further Particulars of the Richmond Calamity.

THE CONDITION OF THE INJURED

THE HOUR OF GRIEF AND GLOOM

Funeral Marches to the Grave

Touching Accounts of the Survivors

The Last Solemn Messages of the Dying.

Richmond, Like Rachel, Weeping for Her Children.

Meeting Yesterday in Capitol Square

Impressive Addresses of Governor Walker and Others.

The Full Details of the Sad Affair.

RICHMOND, April 28.—To-day, all the houses of business have been closed, having crape on the doors and the inscription: "Closed on account of the calamity at the Capitol." The streets have been filled all day with funeral corteges. In the funeral procession of the dead policemen both sets of police join. All the late political feeling seem to have been forgotten. The bells of the city have tolled all day, and the streets wear the appearance of Sunday. A crowd of about seven thousand people is now assembled in the park, hearing addresses of condolence from Governor Walker, Judge Ould, Judge Crump, ex-Governor Wise, and others, delivered from the southern portico of the Capitol.

Thomas S. Baldwin, one of the injured, died to-day. He was from Newark, New Jersey, and owned a large clothing house here. That is the only death which has occurred since yesterday.

Both houses of the Legislature held an informal meeting this morning and agreed to unite with the citizens in any general funeral procession that may be determined upon.

The body of the colored Senator Bland was sent home this morning, the hearse being followed by white and colored members of the Senate to the depot.

Ex-Gov. Wells is better to-day.

SECOND DISPATCH.

RICHMOND, April 28.—Business is almost entirely suspended. In the city to-day bells are tolling, and the day is being observed as one of general mourning. The citizens are nearly all attending the funerals of friends who were victims. So great is the demand for hacks and hearses that it is almost impossible to obtain them.

In several instances funerals will take place from the same church, one just after the other; the funerals of Mr. Thomas H. Quarles and Captain Pichegru Woolfolk are now taking place together from Sycamore church. The church is crowded, and the remains are escorted by the Howitzers, the Grand Division Sons of Temperance and other organizations. The funeral of N. P. Howard, esq., is also taking place from St. James church, which is crowded. The funeral of Policeman Cox has just taken place, and the remains are escorted by the members of the police force. At 5 o'clock, the funerals of Patrick Henry Aylett, Powhatan Roberts, Samuel A. Eaton, R. H. Maury, jr., and young John Turner will take place.

This morning at 11 o'clock Thos. S. Baldwin, the clothing merchant, died from his injuries, after great suffering. Mr. W. C. Dunham, agent of the Old Dominion Steamship Company, is better, and there are hopes of his recovery. Ex-Gov. Wells is better, but his condition is still considered critical. The point of one of his broken ribs has entered his left lung, which causes much spitting of blood.

One of the most remarkable escapes of yesterday was that of D. B. White, member of the Legislature from Elizabeth city. He fell through the floor with the rest and did not receive a scratch. He did not leave the spot, but despite the suffocating dust remained and worked vigorously to get out the wounded and dead.

From conversations with many of those who were in the court room at the time of the accident I am convinced that the accident was caused, as is reported in this morning's *Dispatch*, and illustrated by the diagram. Major Kelley of Fredericksburg was conversing with Mr. Aylett when the crash commenced and says he was killed by a beam from the gallery. The larger number of deaths occurred among those persons who were standing under the gallery. Dr. Brock was just in reach of it, sitting at his table writing, when the same beam that killed Mr. Aylett struck him. When he was brought out from the ruins he was breathing, but expired in a few moments. The scenes on the capitol square were such as cannot be described. In several instances wives came upon the bodies of their husbands.

One of them was so shocked that it is scarcely hoped that she can live through the day, and another is insane with but little hope of recovery. A member of the Legislature describes his fall as follows: "I heard a low rumbling sound, and felt myself sinking rapidly. I was facing the gallery, and saw it falling towards me. Fortunately it did not reach me. I saw the men scrambling over each other in the gallery, and heard what seemed to be one unearthly yell of agony, which seemed sent up from one mouth. Then came the crash, and I sank into darkness."

I found myself under a mass of rubbish with a dead body over me, a wounded man under me, and another at my side. The poor fellow under me said, "Oh, me! but if I could only fear God always as I do now! How wicked I have been all my days! Oh! God forgive me! Spare me, and I will be a true follower of Jesus." The man at my side exclaimed, "Oh death where is thy sting! Oh grave where is thy victory!" I heard a number of cries all about me. Some were speaking about their wives, others of their children, while others were begging for air. I believe many of the men died from suffocation, for, although but little hurt myself I should have died from suffocation if I had not been removed when I was.

Mr. Joynes tells the following touching incident concerning Dr. Brock: "I was sitting behind Dr. Brock and fell under him, I lay with my mouth to his cheek and could feel him growing cold. He asked my name and I told him who I was. He said, "I am dying; tell my poor wife how much I loved her and thought of her in my last moments."

Telegrams of sympathy, offering help for the afflicted are coming in from all parts of the country. A citizen of New York has given authority to a gentleman here to draw on him for a thousand dollars for the relief of the sufferers. A telegram announces the death from sorrow of Mrs. Brewis, the wife of one of the victims.

An experienced architect, who has reviewed the plan of the Capitol building, says that the girder which gave way was composed of two pieces of timber bolted together, making when combined, an area of 12 by 20 inches. It was formerly supported by columns, which were subsequently removed to improve the appearance of the Hall of the House of Delegates. In the centre of the girder was a mortise, which reduced the available strength to 8½ by 20 inches. The fatal error was in making interior changes without examining the girders with reference to their capacity to endure the new stress placed upon them.

[THIRD DISPATCH.]

RICHMOND, April 28.—There have been about twenty five additional funerals this evening, the majority of which took place in the afternoon. Hearses could not be obtained for all of them, and furniture wagons, appropriately draped, had to be substituted.

While the funeral of Patrick Henry Aylett was going on, five processions passed the church.

The funeral of John M. Turner, a little page in the House of Delegates, and Powhatan Roberts, a prominent lawyer here, took place from the Monumental church at the same hour. The General Assembly attended the funeral of young Turner in a body. The pages of the House acted as pall-bearers, and the scene was very affecting, and there were none present who were not in tears. Young Turner was a bright handsome boy, about thirteen years old, and universally beloved. The funeral of Patrick Henry Aylett took place from St. Paul's church. The church was not much crowded, the people seeming to have acquired a lively dread of crowded houses. The streets about the church were crowded with citizens, and there were numbers of ladies in the windows and porticos adjacent.

Major Calvert, late State treasurer, makes the following statement:

"I was in the clerk's office, just under the gallery, looking through a window in the court-room. Standing by my side was Maury, Roberts and Baldwin. I was nearest the door leading out. A friend of mine started to come in. He remarked, 'I will not stay here; it is much safer outside than it is inside.' He stepped out of the door, and had hardly disappeared when the crash came. I tried to get to the door. I had almost made my escape, when I was borne down into the darkness below. I hardly remember anything but the confused din of voices and falling timber. I found myself entirely covered. My left side seemed nearly crushed, but my right arm was free. With this I removed the rubbish from about my head, and was thus enabled to breathe a little. I was released in about three quarters of an hour. My left leg was badly broken and my left side bruised."

In pursuance of the announcement a mass meeting of the citizens was held in the square this noon. About four thousand persons were assembled on the sward south of the Capitol. On the portico were gathered the General Assembly and many prominent citizens.

Gov. Walker presided and addressed the meeting as follows:

Fellow-citizens, you are gathered upon an occasion more solemn, distressing and mournful than you or I ever witnessed before. A great public calamity has befallen us. "In the midst of life we are in death." Yesterday's sun rose bright and clear upon a city happy and joyous, and set upon a city draped in mourning—the evening air rent with lamentations and wailing.

Fellow-citizens, I have no heart to talk now, for there are occasions, and this is one of them, when the heart is too full of sorrow for utterance. Some of the dearest friends I had on earth, friends whose memory I will cherish while life and recollection last, have been stricken down in a moment. I mourn no kindred, but I mourn that which is higher, more sacred and more dear—the loss of sincere, generous, high-souled and manly friendship. It is eminently meet and proper that we should meet together this day and humbly recognize in this appropriate manner the terrible visitation of a mysterious providence.

I pray God, my fellow-citizens, that during the remainder of my life and your life our eyes may never again rest upon a scene so appalling and heartrending as that we witnessed here yesterday, when, where all was life and hope, over fifty of our fellow-citizens, in a moment, without warning or preparation, were suddenly plunged into eternity. It was indeed, my fellow-citizens, one of those awful sights which rends the heart, which language fails to describe, and which has to be witnessed to be appreciated. On a solemn occasion like this it is fitting that we should appeal to the throne of grace for aid and succor in this our time of affliction."

Rev. Dr. Hoge then offered prayer.

A committee on resolutions was appointed, headed by Judge W. W. Crump, and the following resolutions were reported:

With hearts crushed and bleeding, with an overwhelming sense of our bereavement, we have assembled to testify our sorrow for the dead, to offer our tenderest and deepest sympathies to the living and to mingle our tears with the stricken households over which the angel of death has so suddenly passed. With heads bowed in reverential awe before the Great Disposer of events, we contemplate with shuddering anguish that fearful and terrible catastrophe which has hurled into eternity our friends, and our fellow citizens. This fearful disaster which has brought lamentation and mourning to us all, without distinction, has in the universal sorrow, it has diffused, touched that chord of sympathy among us which makes "all mankind kin."

Nor has this dread calamity been confined alone to this mourning city, but it has cast its sombre shade throughout and beyond the limits of Virginia. In the capital of our State, within the honored precincts of that hall where justice sits supreme among us, in a time of profound tranquillity; at a season when nature is renewing her life under the glowing warmth of a vernal sun when in unison with the spring time, heart and hope rose highest; without warning; in an instant death, the remorseless, has snatched from life some of our most valued citizens, conspicuous alike in public and private life, and occupying every position of usefulness among us. Though accustomed by years of painful experience to the sights of wounds and death, these were the inevitable hazards of war to those who stood upon the perilous edge of battle, and though nature would have voice, and tears of anguish would flow, yet there was wanting to our grief the keen pang which has pierced our hearts in this unexpected and stunning shock which has bowed our souls in woe under its dread dispensation.

More than two generations have passed away since our people have been called to mourn a catastrophe so portentous. It is fit that we should follow the example of our fathers, and bend before the Great Jehovah in humiliation and in prayer, and ask for His mercy and His grace to support us in our heavy affliction.

Be it therefore resolved, That we mourn with profound sorrow the loss which our State and our city has suffered in the death of her citizens, that we offer with saddened hearts and tearful eyes our profoundest sympathies to the bereaved and to the suffering, and fervently pray that as their days of affliction are so may their strength be.

2. That Wednesday next, the 3d of May, be set apart as a day of humiliation, prayer and religious service, on which day the people of this city are requested to assemble in their respective places of public worship at such hours as may be designated by the clergy, who are respectfully invited to co-operate in the purposes of this resolution.

The Judge followed in a few remarks, so full of eloquent sympathy, so fervent in their appeal to all of the citizens of the city to repair to their respective churches at the time designated and upon bended knees to implore the great Jehovah to extend His consolation to the afflicted and bereaved, that many of those present, old and young, were unable to repress their sobs and tears flowed freely from many eyes.

Judge Ould spoke forcibly of the horrors of the scene of yesterday, the dead and dying, the horrid pit where old and young were mingled, some crushed out of the semblance of humanity. He contrasted the beauty of the day with the grief of our people, and said Richmond was like Rachel weeping for her children, and would not be comforted because they are not.

Mr. A. M. Keily briefly addressed the meeting, alluding in most affecting terms to the death of little Jno. M. Turner, one of the pages of the House.

Hon. Henry A. Wise, drew a vivid picture of the horrors of yesterday, and in alluding to the fraternal spirit which animated sufferers and workers on the occasion, asked why such a spirit should not continue to animate us!

The meeting then adjourned with a benediction offered by Dr. Hoge.

The streets are as still as on a Sabbath. Active measures are on foot for the relief of the destitute families, and contributions are offered from all quarters.

[FOURTH DISPATCH.]

This afternoon has been one of funerals. In some of the churches three or four bodies were before the altar at the same time. Many of the ministers denounced the carelessness of modern architecture, which placed in jeopardy the lives of citizens. In nearly every principal street of the city funeral processions were going out to the cemeteries. All business was suspended. The *Dispatch*, *State Journal* and other newspaper offices were hung in mourning. The flags on the Capitol, custom-house and all public buildings, and on all the vessels in the harbor, were at half-mast. The railroad trains coming into the city were covered with emblems of mourning, and many of the trucks and carts through the streets were also so covered. At all the funerals the old organizations to which the deceased were attached turned out. At one of them the State Grand Division of Sons of Temperance, now in session here, followed the corpses to the cemetery.

Governor Walker to-night received a telegram announcing that the Illinois Constitutional Convention had to-day adopted resolutions expressive of regret at the calamity in Virginia, and adjourned out of respect to the sufferers; a suitable reply was sent by the Governor, thanking Illinois on behalf of the State of Virginia. A dispatch to the *Enquirer* says that Fredericksburg has closed her business houses; the town bells were tolled all day, and the merchants are arranging means to raise funds for the sufferers here.

Action of the Washington Press Club

The Washington Press Club held a meeting yesterday afternoon at the REPUBLICAN office for the purpose of taking suitable action in reference to the sudden death of Dr. J. B. Brock, of the Richmond *Enquirer*, who was killed by the sad disaster in that city on Wednesday. Dr. Brock was much esteemed by a large number of acquaintances connected with the press of this city, who, with their brethren of the Richmond press, deeply mourn his loss. The following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas in the sad details of the dread calamity which has stricken the city of Richmond with sorrow and suffering, and which must call from every nation of the universe where civilization is known heartfelt expressions of poignant grief and sympathy, we read among the list of dead the name of Dr. Joseph B. Brock, who fell in the performance of the duties of the profession to which he had devoted his talents and to which we belong: therefore be it

Resolved, That we consider that this sad occasion calls for an expression of the grief which we, in common with all others, feel in learning of the great harvest reaped by death in its sudden and most awful call, and by which the stricken city has lost so many of her useful and cherished citizens, and has planted another thorn in her crown of anguish.

Resolved, That as members of the Press Association of Washington we but perform a solemn duty in tendering to the Press Club of Richmond, of which Dr. Brock was a member, the respectful grief which the sad death of our friend and their professional associate, as well as friend, has impelled.

Resolved, That to the family and friends of the late Dr. Brock we only offer consolation in the declaration of the high regard and affection with which the deceased has been held among us. We feel to the Almighty alone can those who have been stricken by the loss of friends and kindred seek consolation and relief from their despair. We earnestly assure them of the sympathy we have for them, and among us his memory will be cherished ever.

Resolved, That a committee of four be appointed to attend the funeral of Dr. Brock, in the city of Richmond, at 10 o'clock to-morrow, and that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased, and to the Richmond press club.

In accordance with the resolutions a committee, consisting of Messrs. Arthur Shepherd, James G. Holland, W. C. MacBride and M. B. Godwin was appointed to visit Richmond to attend the funeral, which takes place to-day.

NEWSPAPER ACCOUNTS.

The Richmond papers of yesterday all come to us in deep mourning for the dead who were ushered into eternity by the sad and terrible accident of Wednesday. The *Dispatch* says:

THE CATASTROPHE.

The room of the Court of Appeals was the scene of this horrible occurrence, and its many historic associations, and reminiscences have culminated in an affair which beggars description, and which will be remembered as long as Richmond is a city. As is well known, the mayoralty controversy was about to be decided, and an immense concourse of anxious spectators and listeners had gathered to ascertain the result. Members of the Legislature, visitors to the city from all parts of the country, members of the bar, representatives of both police forces of the city, members of the press and representatives of all classes and conditions of life were assembled.

In order that the account may be better understood we give herewith a

DIAGRAM OF THE COURT-ROOM.

A. Judge's stand.
B. B. Reporter's tables.
C. C. Counsel's tables.
D. Clerk's office, over which was the gallery—the line representing the partition between the clerk's office and the court room is just where the girder was that first gave away.
E. Door from court-room to conference-room.
F. Door from clerk's office to court room.
G. Entrance to gallery and clerk's office.

The court-room is just over the hall of the House of Delegates.

The bells had just tolled the hour of 11, and death-like silence reigned as Mr. Starke, the clerk, entered and placed his books on the table. Judge Joynes was in his seat, Mr. Starke, leaning over the railing, was talking with him, while the rest of the Judges were in the conference-room, not quite prepared to enter on their day's duty. The counsel for Mayor Ellyson, Messrs. Neeson and Meredith, had taken their seats, and were ready to proceed to business. Ex-Gov. Wells and L. H. Chandler, esq., were also in their places; and the reporters of the *Enquirer*, *Dispatch*, *Whig*, and *State Journal* were at the desks set apart for their use and accommodation. The moments were spent in pleasant conversation by the spectators present. Various were the speculations as to the final result, when, all at once, a panel piece of ceiling fell, and then the girder, which is represented by the line of partition between the clerk's office and the court-room, gave way with an awful crash, and precipitated the spectators who were in the gallery of the court-room to the main floor, and the additional weight in one single moment's time dragging the court-room floor through.

The mass of human beings who were in attendance were sent, mingled with the bricks, mortar, splinters, beams, iron bars, desks and chairs, to the floor of the House of Delegates, and in a second more over fifty souls were launched into eternity! The whole atmosphere was thick with a dense cloud of dust from the plastering, and the human beings sent up a groan which will ring forever in the ears upon which it fell. In a moment, a few survivors clinging to the windows and fragments of hanging timber, and the bare and torn walls were all that remained to mark the place where only a moment before there was a scene of life, vigor and hope.

SCENE ABOUT THE CAPITOL BUILDING.

The scene about the capitol building just after the sad occurrence was one of terror. The first notice that those who were in the building had of the impending evil was the premonitory rumbling as the floor was settling. Then there came a fearful crash, accompanied by a cry of human agony and terror which smote the hearts of all who heard it. In a moment the frightful situation was realized. The few who had been so fortunate as to be able to get into the windows shouted aloud for help for those who had fallen, and called for ladders. In a short time the bells were tolling, and the hook-and-ladder truck being brought upon the spot, the ladders were put up to the windows, and the work of humanity began. The blinding dust within prevented any one from seeing anything, and the rushing of persons within the building and the cries of the wounded was all that could be heard.

IN THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Here was a scene that fairly made one's heart bleed. As the dust cleared away a little mass of timbers and rubbish of every description was descried, and the reflection of the numbers of human beings crushed beneath its weight, dead and dying, was sickening. Add to this the cries and groans of those who were there, many in the agony of death, and there is a picture to make the stoutest hearts quail. The entire hall was flooded with the ruins, except the space under the gallery. Desks, chairs, and tables were crushed completely, showing the force of the falling wreck. The work of removing the *debris* was a difficult one, but was undertaken by those present with a will, and it was not long before the unfortunate men were being rescued from their painful position.

BRINGING OUT THE DEAD AND WOUNDED.

This scene defies even an attempt at description. The doors and windows of the hall were thrown open, and within were soon collected the busy workers, who, mid their own shouts and the agonizing groans of those they were seeking to rescue, were removing the timbers. As the wounded and dead were reached, they were brought out and placed in the Senate chamber or else under the trees in the square, where they were attended by our city physicians and others who were on hand with such appliances as could be obtained. As the men were brought out they were so covered with dust that they could scarcely be recognized, and for a while the anxious inquiries of the by-standers, "Who is he?" could not be answered. One by one they were borne out—the dead and the dying. Here was one mangled and silently enduring, another crying aloud with pain, while the still form of a third told too well that its spirit had fled to another world. In one moment the gray hairs of age could be descried upon the head of some dead one, while in the next the tall, manly form of one who had been cut off in the full bloom of life was being borne past. It seemed as if sickening horrors would never cease, and ages seemed to pass in the performance of this sad duty.

THE SCENE IN THE SQUARE.

The tolling of bells, the rushing and shouting of excited men, and the news of the fearful calamity, which spread like wild-fire over the city in an incredible short space of time, brought an immense crowd of all classes, ages and colors to the square.

Hundreds of wives, mothers and friends were constantly filling the grounds, who, with wringing hands, sought in despair to know if any of their loved ones had been of the number mangled. War, with its horrors, its agonies, its sad separations, its ghastly wounds, its horrible deaths, pictures to the mind no such scene as the one which was yesterday enacted in the square.

To contemplate upon such a shocking affair—to see the faces of those who expected each moment to find a near and dear friend borne from the ruins to be cared for on the grounds by the citizens and physicians in attendance—fills the soul with horror and awful fear.

Had the catastrophe occurred ten minutes earlier possibly half the members of the House of Delegates would have been killed by the falling of the mass upon them, for a caucus of the great majority of the body had adjourned probably not ten minutes before the occurrence; or had the hour for the meeting of the court been 12 instead of 11 o'clock, a like destruction of life would have taken place, for the Legislature would then have been in session.

INCIDENTS.

Mr. Thomas Joynes fell together with Dr. J. B. Brock, and his mouth rested against the Doctor's cheek. He asked who it was near him. He told him his name, and he asked him in case he survived to carry many messages of affection to his family. With words of endearment and love for those he left behind he died.

Mr. Rush Burgess fell on top of a gentleman whose name he could not learn. He asked, "My friend, can you not move a little?" Mr. Burgess replied, "No, I cannot stir." "Well," said he, "I must die. Good-bye."

During the time in which Hon. George William Brent, of Alexandria, was covered in the ruins, Mr. Chandler, who was between the window and Mr. Brent, was endeavoring to get away when Mr. Brent caught him by the arm and begged him, for God's sake, to let him get some air, but in Mr. Chandler's position it was impossible for him to move until assistance was rendered. In a short time, however, he was taken out and his life saved.

We learn from Mr. Chandler, who was d[illegible] well late last evening, that Mr. Samuel A. Eaton was sitting on the back of his chair when the floor fell through. Eaton was killed and Mr. Chandler not seriously injured—such escapes are most remarkable.

The Conservative caucus which had met in the hall of the House of Delegates adjourned not many minutes before the calamity. Fortunately there had been a dispute about the judgeship of Henry county, and an adjournment was necessary. Had this not been the case more than half of the Legislature would have been crushed.

Dr. Thompson, member of the House of Delegates from Hanover, was caught under two men, who were instantly killed by a heavy falling beam. He himself was slightly injured.

Mr. P. H. Keenan was buried beneath the ruins for three-quarters of an hour, and was found nearly suffocated under the dead bodies. He has almost entirely recovered.

THE THEORY OF THE ACCIDENT.

From conversations with several who were in the court room at the time of the fall we learn the following as the true theory of the accident: The large girder which was under the partition between the clerk's office and the court-room snapped in twain, and immediately afterwards the floor commenced to cave. The support of the crowded gallery having given way, the gallery parted from the wall and fell over into the centre of the court-room, crushing through the floor and precipitating the mass of human beings and rubbish into the hall below. We examined the girder and found that it had broken off just in the centre. It was sound timber, and just where it broke was a cut, as if the workmen in hewing had made a misstroke and driven his adze into the wood about a quarter of an inch.

HORRIBLE DEATH.

The most terrible feature about this whole affair is the heart-rending manner of death in the majority of instances. Many of the dead, when brought out, were found to be without serious bodily injury, but had evidently died from suffocation. The mere contemplation of such a thing is sickening. Hard, indeed, was the fate of those who had escaped death from the falling timber to die from the untold agonies of suffocation.

AN OLD RELIC GONE.

If we may be pardoned for any consideration of loss other than that of human life, we will mention the smash-up of an old and much honored relic of by-gone days, the Speaker's chair of the House of Delegates, which was formerly used in the House of Burgesses, decorated with the royal arms of Great Britain. It was subsequently moved here from Williamsburg, and has been used in the House of Delegates ever since. It was buried and broken in the ruins of yesterday.

The *Enquirer* says:

There were many touching incidents connected with this catastrophe. Wives in search of their husbands, sisters in search of their brothers, and mothers anxiously inquiring of every one the whereabouts of their sons—all with grief on their countenances and despairing looks. It was a sight to touch the hardest heart.

And as friend met friend, a hearty thank God went up, bad as matters were, that they were no worse. We saw men a few hours before proud in the consciousness of manly strength, who, when taken from the wreck within the hall of Delegates, were as helpless as babes. A few moments more and they were raving in the agonies of death. Of such is life. Now men, women, and children flock to the scene of disaster from every quarter, and the conventionalities of state were forgotten, as each inquired of the other have you seen my father, my brother, or my son.

There were brave men there at work—just as brave as ever faced a cannon or charged a redoubt. Their sole purpose seemed to be to see who could do most to help the wounded and make comfortable the last moments of the dying. We know they care not to have their names published, but we saw some whom we will not forget while memory lasts. The situation of the fallen timbers and the *debris* from the court-room was such that as they rescued one sufferer, they could sometimes hear the piteous moans of a dozen more, and who can tell the agony that this gave them as they toiled on in their sad work. May God bless them!

GOVERNOR WALKER.

Governor Walker was in his office, only separated from the fated room by a smaller room occupied by himself and Colonel Owens, when the crash came. Colonel Owens becoming aware of the disaster communicated it to his Excellency, and both at once made for the lower part of the building. On the stairs the Governor met a crowd rushing frantically above. He stopped them in a tone of command, and prevented any from going until they could be of service. As the wounded were removed and men were called for, he allowed them to go in, adding, "if you mean to work."

The *Whig* says with regard to some of the escapes:

That portion of the floor on which the judges' platform was erected did not go through with the rest, as there was comparatively but little weight upon it, Judges Joynes and Anderson escaped to the "conference room," and were followed by Mr. Pizzini of the *Whig*, and several others, who had struggled through the mass of rubbish and reached the platform. Colonel McPhail was leaning against the mantle, and clung to it until he obtained a foothold. His arm was badly injured by the plaster falling from above. Mr. William Taylor, grocer, of this city grasped a window sill near him and held on until assistance came.

A large number of those who went through sustained no other injury than a severe shock and a few bruises or cuts. It is marvellous that so many escaped death from the falling timbers and heavy plaster ceiling of the court-room which must have fallen upon the crowd.

The bar, the press club, and other associations all held meetings on Wednesday evening and adopted resolutions appropriate to the sad affair.

The following is given as a correct list of the killed: P. H. Aylett, N. P. Howard, Dr. J. B. Brock, J. W. D. Bland, W. A. Charters, Samuel A. Eaton, R. H. Maury, jr., W. H. Davis, David S. Doggett, Col. Samuel Hairston, Henry county; B. F. Robertson, Thomas H. Quarles, Charles Grinnan, Washington, D. C.; Ed. Ward, of England; Capt. Jas. Kirby, Charles Watson, clerk in the Danville depot; Hugh M. Hutchinson, coal dealer; Lewis N. Webb, Daniel Dugger, James A. Blamire, druggist; John Hughs, of Manchester; W. E. Randolph, supposed to be from New York; John Lynch, John Newman, Thos. H. Wilcox, Charles City; Ash Levy, Col. Pichegru Woolfolk, —— Tyler, W. H. Thompson of Sidney, Capt. Thompson, —— Messley, P. A. Foley, deputy United States marshal; Anton Beins, R. M. Schofield, city assessor; John M. Turner, page in the House of Delegates; James Newman, T. A. Brewis, —— Hubil, Charles Brown, J. D. Massie, George Gleman, E. P. Hulce, Powhatan Roberts, attorney-at-law; Julius A. Hobson, Hugh Grady, Wm. Dunn, Wm. Taylor, of Richmond county, Samuel Hicks, S. E. Burnham, Balston Spa, N. Y., Charles Brown, colored servant in the employ of Mrs. Spotswood, corner of Eighth and Franklin; policemen—Capt. D. G. Tourgee, Sergeant James T. Cox, Privates Gray, Michael McCarthy, John P. Meagher, James N. Walker, Joseph A. Seay, P. S. Coleman, Private Watchman John S. Ryan.

A stranger was carried to the Medical College, dead, and on him were found some scraps of paper, with the name of Chas. Brauch.

A dispatch received in this city last night announced the death of Mr. Thomas S. Baldwin, who died yesterday of injuries received at the accident. Mr. Baldwin was one of the largest clothiers in Richmond, and a brother of Mr. S. M. Baldwin, of this city.

The condition of others of the wounded is reported in telegraph dispatches given above.

THE WOUNDED.

The following is a corrected list of the wounded. If any deaths have occurred since, they are noted in our telegraph dispatches:

Governor Wells, breast-bone broken and internally injured; M. P. Handy, *Dispatch*, bruised and cut by falling timber; H. K. Ellyson, slightly injured; George Chahoon, slightly injured; John Howard, lawyer, badly hurt; Marshall Hanger, member of the House of Delegates, badly injured; Henry M. Hall, of Augusta, House of Delegates, arm broken and head cut and bruised; John B. Sedgwick, badly hurt; Wm. H. Soper, merchant, Baltimore, three ribs broken; Wm. Taylor, of Richmond county, badly injured; Judge J. A. Meredith, badly injured; Henry Bell, seriously injured; John H. Strother, of Culpeper, leg broken; James Neeson, severely injured; W. D. Chesterman, correspondent Petersburg *Index*, painfully injured; Wm. C. Elam, correspondent Petersburg *Courier*, badly hurt in back; A. D. Leftow, severely hurt; F. C. Wilson; Rush Burgess, collector Third district, badly injured internally; Peter W. Ralston, ex-Auditor, in a critical condition; W. C. Dunham, not expected to live; Col. George W. Bolling, of Petersburg, badly hurt; Wm. Mathew, of Loudoun; Isaac H. Hunter, colored, messenger of City Council, slightly hurt; Daniel Bradford, jr., concussion of brain; Wm. T. Richardson, printer, slightly wounded in the head; R. T. Howard, cut under the chin, left leg bruised; L. M. Porter, severe blow on left shoulder; John T. Hull, of Charles City, internal injury; L. H. Chandler, injured in shoulder; Hon. Thomas S. Bocock, ex-Speaker of United States House of Representatives, foot mashed; will have to be amputated; S. Selcisher, of Broad street, badly hurt about the head; Thomas Cullingsworth, injured in abdomen; Senator Kendrick, of Scott county, right arm hurt and a left rib supposed broken; Richard Rosse and brother, of Charles City, badly cut—face, arm and leg; W. A. Hoppe, foot badly mashed; J. T. Chase, wounded in the chest, not dangerously; John Sikes, of Rocketts, internal injuries; Thomas Carroll, wounded in right side; W. H. Tompkins, injured slightly in the back; W. H. Wheeley, hurt in the left shoulder; Gen. Montgomery D. Corse, of Alexandria, hurt on the head, not dangerously; Col. George W. Brent, of Alexandria, thigh broken; Capt. George W. Allen, post-warden, seriously hurt; W. E. Williams, policeman, seriously hurt; Charles W. Geatry, seriously hurt; Joseph Tyrrell, cut in face and seriously injured in back; Col. Sherwin McRae; W. A. Jones, of Hanover, right leg broken and head severely cut; Mr. Bowen, of Tazewell, slightly; Mr. Miller, of Montgomery, slightly; Mr. Lindsay, of Carroll, slightly; Mr. Fowler, of the Bristol *News*, painfully but not mortally; Col. Charles Ronald, of Blacksburg, Montgomery county, not seriously; Col. Beverly, of Alexandria, not dangerously; Major J. W. Daniel, House of Delegates, slightly on the head; B. H. Hord, slightly in the breast; H. F. Jones, of Warwick county, slightly; Thaddeus Lyon, wounded internally; S. K. Moore, of Charles City, slightly; David Strassberg, seriously injured; Charles H. Langford, badly wounded in back and head; Thomas Mosely badly wounded in the head; John H. Lewis a colored barber, badly cut about the head; A. T. Peebles, severe wound in the head; F. H. Hoy, Manchester, leg broken; Wm. A. Page, severely injured; Thomas Nowlan, jr., slightly; P. Keenan, tobacconist, severely; R. D. Bevill, seriously hurt; Capt. Chas. H. Epps, police force, badly injured; F. R. Grattan, slightly; E. R. Howison, slightly; James H. Clark, colored, janitor of the Senate, badly hurt; Peter D. Glinn, seriously; Sergeant Hull, of the police, slightly; Sergeant Terry, police, badly; Captain Pemberton, badly; John Davenport, seriously; —— Dalby, seriously; Captain Henry Bowen, of Tazwell, severely about head and shoulder; Wm. Smith, cut and bruised about the head; Thomas M. Binford and Matthew Blair, of Richmond, were also bruised and cut about the head; C. J. Woodson, of Goochland, cut and bruised slightly; Colonel Wood Bouldin, cut on head and face and badly stunned; Wm. S. Wood, tinner, slightly wounded in the head; Wm. Allen, policeman, bruised about the head badly; Wm. Green, hurt severely about the head and arms; John Allen, watchmaker, injured about the head and body, and supposed internally; Judge Watts, of Norfolk, slightly; James H. Watts, colored, barber and porter at the Senate, severely hurt about the head and chest; Winston Rogers, seriously in the head and arm; Wm. Fontaine, colored, bruised and cut about the foot, face and head; J. H. Kelly, esq., of the Fredericksburg *Herald*, and member of the House of Delegates, severely; J. N. Stubbs, member from Gloucester, severely about the head; Stith Bolling, esq., member from Lunenburg, slightly; John A. McCall, member of the House from Roanoke, slightly; —— Fitzhugh, of Fredericksburg, seriously; Wm. A. Smith, of Gloucester, severe cut on the head; Mike Doyle, slightly; John Davenport, merchant, slightly; Walter Haines, Henrico, slightly; Rev. George W. Nolley, of Caroline, slightly; George L. Christian, attorney-at-law, slightly; Captain W. B. Smith, face cut, not serious; John Keegan, slightly injured in shoulder; R. D. McCoy, of Petersburg, painfully wounded in back and foot dislocated; Pleasant Green, badly; —— Phillips, slightly; Otis Dean, of the gas works, slightly hurt in side; L. H. Chandler, esq., right shoulder, severely strained; Capt. G. W. Allen, harbor master, cut about the neck and bruised about the arm and leg; Sergeant Kendall O'Dwyer, of the police, arm broken and bruised about the head; he was also injured in the legs; Thomas Connors, seriously; John Finney, leg broken and otherwise injured; —— Maroney, who resides near the penitentiary, had his left ankle dislocated and his right thigh fractured; also, fracture about the shoulder; William Matthews, of Loudoun, slightly; Dr. Burgess, member of the House from Southampton, slightly; F. W. Mahood, of Giles, member of the House, slightly; J. S. Shelton, member from Stafford, badly; W. M. Campbell, a guest at the Exchange, from Virginia, slightly; Mr. Thos. R. Joynes, son of Judge Wm. T. Joynes, slightly; Robert Beverly, severely; S. B. Jacobs, badly; Henry A. Pleasants, of the *Dispatch*, bruised; Judge Nowlin, of Carroll county, shoulder dislocated and otherwise injured; Dr. Thompson, member from Hanover, cut about the head and bruised badly; Alcides Jones, Louisa county, breast and face very much bruised; John M. Murray, First National Bank, leg broken; F. K. Jones, colored, considerably but not seriously hurt; John Wilson, not seriously; —— Gannon, R. H. Heckman, Thomas E. Wilson, Wm. Mothers, M. T. Anderson, D. Antilotti, Daniel Wren, H. H. Fogarty, Policeman W. E. Williams, seriously; Dr. Campbell, of Shenandoah, slightly in the head, shoulder and leg; —— Murphy, No. 108 Jackson street, severely hurt; —— Oathwright, Broad street, between H and I streets, seriously; Senator Charles Herndon, of Fredericksburg, cut on side of his head; W. A. Maury, esq., attorney at law, bruised about the body slightly; A. S. McKenney, of Fredericksburg, seriously; Geo. S. Green, esq., of Fredericksburg, slightly; Joseph Robinson, carpenter, seriously; Attorney General W. C. Taylor, slightly injured.

THE REMAINS OF MR. BREWIS.

The Alexandria *Gazette* of yesterday evening says:

The remains of Mr. Brewis reached here this morning by the O., A. & M. R. R., in charge of the State Senator from this city and Mr. W. A. Taylor, and was taken at once to the residence of the deceased, on Cameron, near Washington street, and will be buried from St. Paul's church to-morrow, at 11 o'clock.

The rumors current on the streets this morning concerning the health of members of the families of the gentlemen from this city who were killed or injured by the accident were incorrect.

The members of the Corn Exchange in Alexandria held a meeting yesterday morning and adopted resolutions expressive of their feeling at the loss of Mr. Brewis.

CONFIRMATIONS.—The Senate yesterday in executive session confirmed the following nominations:

John L. Stevens, of Maine, to be minister resident to Paraguay.

Consuls—Henry Ruggles, of Connecticut, at Barcelona; John H. Stewart, of Pa., at Turks' Island; Wm. H. Faxon, of Conn., at Curacoa; James H. Whalan, of Pa., at Port Mahon; Isaac Jenkinson, of Ind., at Glasgow.

Consul Generals—Horace L. Pike, of N. C., at Tampico; Adam Badeau, of N. Y., at London.

Assistant Surgeons in the Navy—John C. Wise and John L. Nelson; Charles F. Eastman to be assistant paymaster in the navy.

Supervising Inspector of Steamboats—Frank Burnett, Fourth district.

James Coates to be pension agent at Little Rock, Ark.; George Lount, of Arizona, to be receiver of public moneys for the Land district of Prescott, Arizona; Frederick Mauley to be register of Land office at Detroit; Pinkney Ross to be collector of customs Pearl River, Miss.; John Taylor reappointed collector of customs at Annapolis.

Collectors of Internal Revenue—John N. Camp, First district of Texas; Alfred E. Lee, First district of Ohio; Wm. Leimbeer, Eighth New York.

Assessors of Internal Revenue—Morrel Friedam, Fifth New York district; John J. Parry, Twenty-first New York district.

Justices of the Peace for the District of Columbia—John Franklin Bates and William W. Tucker.

POSTMASTERS.—John H. Smith, Paola, Kansas; James W. Rice, Garnett, Kansas; Henry S. Dean, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Wm. Holland, West Troy, N. Y.; Mrs. M. Louise Willson, Santa Cruz, Cal.; James R. Brown, Olathe, Kansas; W. A. Pattie, Warrenton, Va.; Noah Boynton, Mt. Vernon, Ohio; Edward Downey, Brownsville, Texas; Mrs. Elizabeth P. Brown, Logansport, Ind.; John F. McCarthy, Valparaiso, Ind.; Gerhard V. Schmittburgh, Nevada City, Cal.; John A. Goodwin, Lowell, Mass.; Mrs. Betsey A. Mower, New London, Conn.; Edwin Rogers, North Adams, Mass.; Isaac Seeley, Great Barrington, Mass.; Wm. Stowe, Springfield, Mass.; Henry Chickering, Pittsfield, Mass.

The Senate also confirmed the following promotions in the army:

Fifth Cavalry—First Lieutenant Robert H. Montgomery to be captain, and Second Lieutenant Frank C. Morehead to be first lieutenant.

Ninth Cavalry—Second Lieutenant Frank P. Gross to be first lieutenant.

Fifth Artillery—First Lieutenant Benjamin F. Rittenhouse to be captain, and Second Lieutenant John McClellan to be first lieutenant.

First Cavalry—Captain George C. Hunt to be major; Second Lieutenant Albert J. Garrett to be first lieutenant, and Second Lieutenant Wm. T. Ditch to be first lieutenant.

Third Cavalry—Second Lieutenant Adolphus H. Von Luettwitz to be first lieutenant.

Fourth Cavalry—First Lieutenant Sebastian Gunther to be captain, and Second Lieutenant Leopold O. Parker to be first lieutenant.

Fifth Cavalry—Second Lieutenant Bernard Reilly, jr., to be first lieutenant.

Sixth Cavalry—Second Lieutenant Charles O. Gordon to be first lieutenant.

Ninth Cavalry—First Lieutenant Charles Parker to be captain, and Second Lieutenant Eugene D. Dimmick to be first lieutenant.

Third Artillery—Second Lieutenant Charles Humphreys to be first lieutenant.

Transfers—First Lieutenant Geo. F. Foote, 8th infantry, to 8th cavalry; First Lieutenant Joseph Kargé, 8th cavalry, to 8th infantry; First Lieutenant Edward Hunter, 12th infantry, to 1st cavalry; First Lieutenant Greenleaf Cilley, 1st cavalry, to 12th infantry.

Reinstated—Lewis S. Chase, late second lieutenant in 24th infantry, to second lieutenant of infantry, March 7, 1867.

Promotions in the Navy—First Lieutenant Percival C. Pope to be captain in the marine corps, and Second Lieutenant Manell C. Goodrell to be first lieutenant in the marine corps.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.—Commissioner Wilson, of the General Land Office, has just returned to the Surveyor General of California the survey of "Los Pretos Najalagura" Rancho, which was sent to the General Land Office some two years since, and which embodied forty-seven leagues of land covering a large portion of the town lands of Santa Barbara county, Cal., and a large number of pre-emption claims. The Commissioner directs a new survey to be made in accordance with the original grant and the act of Congress of 1866 confirming the title, and quotes the decision of the Secretary of the Interior in the celebrated Miranda case of New Mexico, in which he states that the quantity of the grant cannot exceed eleven leagues. In this case the claimants will not probably be allowed but a small part of the eleven leagues. William E. Lovett, esq., of Monterey, California, attorney for the protestants, with quiet energy and persistent determination, has labored for two years past to secure this action on the part of the Government. His success will be hailed with delight by large numbers of residents in Santa Barbara county, whose homes were embraced in the forty-seven league survey.