

115 BODIES HAVE BEEN RECOVERED

Not All Bodies Have Been Taken From Ill-Fated Marianna Mine.

GHOULS ARE AT WORK.

PREPARATIONS MADE TO MAKE SHORT WORK OF ANY CRIMINALS CAUGHT OPERATING—MONEY STOLEN FROM BODIES.

Marianna, Penn., Dec. 1.—One hundred and fifteen bodies are now in the improvised morgue, the remains of the victims of the ill-fated mine shaft a few feet distant. There remain at least 40 bodies at the bottom of the shaft, but there is no hurry to bring them up. The facilities of the coroner and of the undertakers' assistants already have been overtaxed with caring for the bodies that have been brought up. Several of these men have fainted from exhaustion.

Frank Ellinger, in Memorial Hospital, at Monongahela, is in a critical condition. It is now feared that his mind may not survive the shock of 12 hours in the pit of death and darkness.

A race of nearly 4,000 miles is now on to the bedside of the injured survivor. Ellinger's wife and four children in an interior town of England, have been called for by the company, which hopes they will arrive in time to help him back to life and strength by preserving his reason.

Survivor Tells of Disaster.

Frank Ellinger, the only miner to escape after the explosion, said today: "When the explosion happened, I did not see the beginning of it, and for that reason I cannot assign a cause. I did hear, however, a hissing sound, and instinctively concluded something was wrong. This was the burning of the gas preceding the report of the explosion. I immediately buried my face and head in the dirt and mud and then pulled my coat over my head. The explosion came along. It struck me and threw me with terrific force against one of the mine walls. For ten minutes, as far as I can judge, I was unable to move.

"I never lost consciousness, although I was badly stunned, but I was unable to move. Every part of my body ached. As hour after hour passed, I heard my comrades groaning all around me, but gradually the groaning grew less and less and I knew that they were all dead. I was in the mine twelve hours after the explosion and was ultimately rescued by Fire Boss William Underwood."

While the officials at the mine assert that they do not know what caused the explosion, many of the rescuers who had been at work on another shift in the mine, profess to have reached a satisfactory conclusion. They assert that, while the hydraulic drill was at work, it opened a pocket of gas, and while the gas was escaping into the mine the drill struck a piece of rock, caused a spark and the explosion followed.

In spite of the two squads of state constabulary on the grounds and the 35 deputy sheriffs, which surround the mine mouth, human ghoulies have invaded the town and have reaped a harvest. The pockets of at least a score of persons were picked.

Coroner Sipe was robbed of \$250 in cash while he was examining a body. Someone jolted him as he bent over the corpse, and when the coroner got his glasses again his money was gone, so were two young men who had jolted him.

The state constabulary forces have loaded their guns with ball cartridges and announce that they will make a "good job" of the first ghoul caught.

Money Belts Rified.

Coroner Sipe said that money belts on many of the bodies had been rifled. A majority of the miners carried their savings in such receptacles.

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These little cones perform their duties so quickly as to be almost an over night relief or cure. Testimonials unsolicited come to us daily of the great success Pyramid Pile Cure is making.

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Don't be skeptical, buy a box at once, and give yourself relief. It will not take months to prove their value. One or two applications is all the proof you will need.

Any druggist, anywhere, will supply you, or if you prefer, send us fifty cents and we will send you a box by mail in plain wrapper, or send us your name and address and we will send you a trial package by mail free. Address Pyramid Drug Co., 152 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

Million Ties Up Butter Market

Corner Is in Large Measure Responsible for High Prices—Illinois and Eastern Firms Engineer Deal.

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 1.—Manipulation of the leading butter markets of the country by a coterie of Chicago, Elgin, and eastern producers is said to be responsible to a large extent for the present extravagant prices for butter. While supplies of butter are larger than is usually the case at this season values are materially higher than a year ago, with prospects good for further advances before there is any relief.

Rumors of a corner in June storage butter, which is the best of the season's pack, have been circulated for some time, and while vigorously denied by the principals, the fact remains that the stock of choice storage butter is tightly held, with prices high and on the up grade.

Leading commission firms in Chicago, Boston, New York and Elgin are credited with being the engineers of the so-called deal. T. E. Purcell & Co., a South Water street commission firm, is given the credit for handling the local end of the operation. At Elgin the Fox River Butter company is reported to have had charge.

Dates Back to Last June.

The alleged "deal" dates back to last June, when the production was unusually heavy, with receipts at the principal markets enormous. Representatives of the above firms were heavy buyers here and in the other leading

butter markets. Their buying was responsible for unusually high prices during June, and other dealers to a large extent, were taken by surprise and did not buy their usual quota of butter. All through June and well into July brokers were scouring South Water street for choice creamery stock, and succeeded in buying an enormous line.

A large part of these purchases is still in storage, although there have been free marketings at remunerative prices to the holders for several weeks past.

Some estimates place the percentage of storage stocks of June butter held by the clique at 75 per cent, and the more conservative commission men say the amount is nearer 50 per cent. About \$1,000,000 is said to have been invested in the operations.

Stocks of storage butter in the principal warehouses of the country, are approximately 10,000,000 pounds larger than a year ago, and about that much larger than two years ago, so there is apparently little reason for extravagantly high values.

Independent dealers who were fortunate enough to secure fair sized lines of butter are said to have sold their stocks to the big interests, which has given said interests a tighter grip on the situation.

THIRTY-NINE ARRESTS MADE IN NOVEMBER

Considered "Loafing Month" By Police.

November was a loafing month for the members of the police department. The coppers were on their jobs the same as usual, but had fewer opportunities to make arrests. The total number taken into custody for all causes was 39, divided as follows: Drunk, 16; suspicion, 2; superintendent's order, 3; jumping trains, 3; petty larceny, 5; assault and battery, 5; and one each for carrying concealed weapons, forgery, bastardy, provoke, jumping bond and runaway.

The Arabian Joke Teller.

Story telling and jesting have always been counted the favorite amusements of semibarbaric people. To the first we owe the "Arabian Nights" and to the second the clowns, who were formerly the appendage of all great houses. In Russia the paid joker still flourishes, and the people pay so much an hour to listen to his jokes and witlings. He provides himself with two or three hundred tickets, and mounting a sort of rostrum, he announces that he is going to regale his audience with choice tidbits of mirth provoking lore. He begins selling tickets at a penny each, and when he has sold enough to warrant his beginning he turns himself loose, and the audience remains spell-bound by his humorous stories for an hour or two. A recent traveler who saw a number of these jokers in St. Petersburg, says, "If I listened to them several times, and, although I could not understand one word the joker said, I was sure from the way the audience greeted his stories with roars of laughter that the jokes were above the average."

Adam, Eve and Some Apples.

How many apples did Adam and Eve eat?

Some say Eve 8 and Adam 2, a total of 10. Others say Eve 8 and Adam 8 also, total, 16. But if Eve 8 and Adam 8, the total will be 90. Now, if Eve 8 and Adam 8 the total would be 903. Then if Eve 81 and Adam 812 the total would be 1,623. Or, again, Eve 814 Adam, Adam 81242 oblige Eve, total 82,056. Though we admit Eve 814 Adam, Adam, if he 8181242 keep Eve company; total, 8,182,056. All wrong, Eve, when she 81812 many and probably felt sorry for it, and Adam, in order to relieve her grief, 812; therefore Adam if he 81812424 Eve's depressed spirit; hence both ate 81,896,864 apples. —Kansas City Independent.

Generally Observed.

The noon prayer meetings that are being held every noon from 12:05 to 12:25 at the St. Paul's Episcopal church are being well attended. The week of prayer is being observed more in Richmond than at first thought. The Baptist church will hold special services on Wednesday and Thursday. All the churches will observe special prayer services Thursday evening.

There is a lighthouse to every fourteen miles of coast in England, to every thirty-four miles in Ireland and to every thirty-nine miles in Scotland.

New Prosecutor Faces Ordeal

Charles Ladd, prosecutor-elect, has gone in training for a fearful ordeal. So heart-rending are the tortures that Mr. Ladd is quietly, but courageously preparing himself to confront, that their description is more fit to be woven into a tragedy entitled, "From Homespun to Glad Rags," than into mere cold-blooded newspaper tale."

An abrupt, undramatic statement of the unknown terrors Mr. Ladd is facing with Spartan like fortitude and gameness are a boiled shirt, patent leather pumps and a dress suit. He has agreed to pry himself into the said high fatin' dude outfit on the occasion of the Policeman's ball, which will be pulled off with great pomp and ceremony, on the evening of December 9, at the Coliseum.

Mr. Ladd has consented to lead the grand march at the ball with Prosecutor or Wilfred Jessup, who he will succeed January 1. Mr. Jessup will also be lit up in evening clothes, but this prospect has no terrors for him. The indifference displayed by Mr. Jessup is satisfactorily explained by him, as follows: "When I was in Washington I wore a boiled shirt and a dress suit frequently. You know there are a lot of places in Washington where you can rent such things."

The police officers state that Mr. Jessup has already, by his past experience with glad rags, a great handcap on his hair, and that if he wears his top hat it will be rubbing it in on Mr. Ladd.

IT'S FOREIGN TRADE

John D. Archbold Says Standard's Greatest Business Is Abroad.

TRUST AGREEMENT OF 1882

New York, Dec. 1.—The development of trade of the Standard Oil company in foreign fields as a subject of evidence in the government's suit to dissolve the oil combination gave John D. Archbold, vice president of the Standard, an opportunity as a witness to spread upon the records some interesting features of the Standard's business in foreign countries. Of the total amount of illuminating oil refined by the Standard in 1906, Mr. Archbold stated that 63 per cent was sold abroad. Export figures of other years further showed that the Standard exported the major bulk of its illuminating oil.

Testimony was given by Mr. Archbold that during the period of the Standard Oil Trust the trustees poured millions of the company's earnings back into the trust for the construction of new refineries and pipe lines.

Mr. Archbold told of the trust agreement of 1882, and said that all of the shareholders of the Standard and the beneficiaries of the Vilas, Keith and Chester agreement signed the agreement. Mr. Archbold said that 20 trust certificates were issued for each single share of Standard Oil Company stock.

"The capital stock of the Standard was \$3,500,000," said Mr. Archbold, "but the plants and property were valued at \$70,000,000."

He then gave therefor the formation of the Standard Oil Trust, saying:

"It was done as a simple and effective form of holding the property. We were advised by counsel that neither the Standard Oil Company of Ohio, nor any other corporation could effectually or safely, perhaps, hold the property, which was widespread in many states whose laws were restrictive of the rights of corporations. The trusteeship was suggested as a simple method of bringing together the property and form a token of ownership which would have a market value and enable the owners to have a more effective administration."

As a Holding Body.

Mr. Archbold said that the Trustees of the Standard Oil Trust, after its organization, formed the Standard Oil Companies of New York and New Jersey to hold properties which had previously been held by Standard interests. The witnesses said the Standard Companies of New York and New Jersey were still the same companies as those formed in 1882. The capital stock of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey was \$3,000,000 in 1882, but increased in 1892 to \$10,000,000, and in 1899 to \$110,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 was preferred.

Desires Information.

Helms Would Like to Know Those Going to Omaha.

The secretary of the State Corn Growers association has enquired of J. S. Helms of this county, who has had charge of the work of securing Wayne county's exhibits for the National Corn show at Omaha, how many Wayne county people will make the trip to Omaha with the state delegation. Mr. Helms wants everyone who intends to make the trip to communicate with him at once so that he can notify the state secretary before Saturday.

The special train bearing the state delegation leaves Indianapolis over the Monon at 3:15 p. m. December 14. The railroads offer a round trip rate of one and a half fare. The round trip from Indianapolis to Omaha will amount to \$20.55.

PEOPLE IN A FRIGHT

Flags Hoisted Over Port Au Prince to Warn Revolutionists.

GOVERNMENT'S LOSSES.

Port Au Prince, Dec. 1.—Every hour brings the revolutionary army nearer to Port au Prince. The advance guard of Gen. Antoine Simon's forces is not more than twenty-five or thirty miles away and the insurgents are sweeping all before them.

The government losses at Anse a Veau on Friday and the rout of the loyal troops have caused consternation among the officials with the exception of President Nord Alexis. The aged president, who has faced many revolutions before, announces his determination to fight to the last. Many of the residents of the capital, however, are panic stricken and the great majority of the natives have closed their stores.

There is an uneasy feeling among the foreigners, notwithstanding the presence in the harbor of the warships of the United States and France, from which forces will be landed if the insurgents succeed in passing the gates of the city. Flags of different nations are flying over the homes of many foreign residents, the markets are deserted and the country people have fled precipitately and refuse to return.

CITY IN BRIEF

L. C. King's job printing office over 12 N. 7th St., is in charge of Mr. Geo. H. Kramer while Mr. King is confined in the hospital. Your patronage solicited and appreciated.

Furs Remodeled. Mrs. Bessie Dennis, 458 S. West 3rd St.

Hear Dr. J. Everist Cathell's great lecture on Abraham Lincoln in the Coliseum Friday, Dec. 4, at 8 p. m. Benefit of Y. M. C. A. Admission 25c.

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\$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00

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BANK STATEMENT.

No. 1988. Report of the condition of the Second National Bank, at Richmond, in the State of Indiana, at the close of business, November 27, 1908.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$ 946,953.42
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	2,838.76
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	250,000.00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	1,000.00
Other Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	55,000.00
Premiums on other Bonds	5,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	317,583.02
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	25,000.00
Other real estate owned	1,600.66
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	6,234.57
Due from State Banks and Bankers	53,295.04
Due from approved reserve agents	510,114.39
Checks and other cash items	510.00
Notes of other National Banks	17,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	81.38
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	143,000.00
Legal-tender notes	19,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	12,500.00
Total	\$2,366,751.23

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 250,000.00
Surplus fund	300,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	110,410.03
National Bank notes outstanding	250,000.00
Due to other National Banks	11,401.79
Due to State Banks and Bankers	17,048.50
Individual deposits subject to check	1,330,880.65
Demand certificates of deposit	46,714.89
Cashier's checks outstanding	191.47
United States deposits	50,103.90
Total	\$2,366,751.23

State of Indiana, County of Wayne, ss:
I, Sam'l W. Gaar, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
SAML' W. GAAR, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1908.
KATHERINE L. GIFT, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
HENRY GENNETT,
GEO. W. MILLER,
JOHN B. DOUGAN, Directors.

BANK STATEMENT.

No. 2680. Report of the condition of the First National Bank at Richmond, in the State of Indiana, at the close of business, November 27, 1908.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$ 854,897.19
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,723.17
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	50,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	19,385.88
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	19,600.00
Due from approved reserve agents	\$115,156.48
Checks and other cash items	5,405.85
Notes of other National Banks	9,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	226.65
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	79,300.00
Legal-tender notes	53,800.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	5,000.00
Total	\$1,312,869.32


LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 100,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	13,732.45
National bank notes outstanding	98,497.60
Due to other National Banks	12,635.66
Individual deposits, subject to check	659,174.86
Demand certificates of deposit	322,242.28
Certified checks	1,583.67
United States deposits	45,000.00
Total	\$1,312,869.32

State of Indiana, County of Wayne, ss:
I, F. M. Taylor, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
F. M. TAYLOR, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of December, 1908.
JAMES W. WILSON, Notary Public.

Commission expires July 16, 1912.

Correct—Attest:
JOHN L. RABALA,
S. E. SWANEY,
A. D. GAYLE, Directors.



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Your Xmas Jewelry Case

Is just yearning for some of the trinkets we are now showing. You'll yearn too when you see the pretty rings, lockets, brooches, scarf pins, cuff buttons, etc. They are just as delicate as can be; just the things that nice people are wearing. Come in and look at them. The prices are by no means alarming.

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Palladium Want Ads—Cent a Word