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Rudolph G. Leeds.....Editor

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This Is My 51st Birthday

JAMES K. VARDAMAN.

James K. Vardaman, who has been selected to succeed United States Senator Le Roy Percy of Mississippi, when the latter's term expires next March, was born in Jackson county, Texas, July 26, 1861. At an early age he removed with his parents to Mississippi and his educatiaon was received in the public schools of that State. He was admitted to the bar in 1882 and began the practice of law in the town of Winona, whre he subsequently engaged in the publication of a newspaper. Later he established newspapers in Greenwood and Jackson. From 1890 to 1896 Mr. Vardman was a member of the lower branch of the Mississippi legislature and during a part of that time he served as speaker. In 1904 he was elected governor, after having twice been an unsuccessful candidate for the nomination. After having been an unsuccessful candidate for the United States senate in 1907 he was elected to the senate last year for the term beginning next March.

CONGRATULATIONS TO:

George Bernard Shaw, the celebrated English critic and dramatist, 56 years old today.

George B. Cortelyou, former secretary of the Treasury of the United States, 50 years old today.

John D. Archibald, one of the powers of the Standard Oil Company and for many years its vice president, 64 years old today.

Robert S. McCormick, former United States ambassador to France and now a leader in the third party movement, 63 years old today.

Frederick W. Plaisted, the first Democratic governor that Maine has had in many years, 47 years old today.

Aram J. Pothier, governor of Rhode Island and the first French-Canadian to attend the office of chief executive in any of the States, 58 years old today.

How to Stop Drafts.

A simple and practical way to prevent drafts entering under a door that has through shrinkage a wide crack under it is to fold three thicknesses of paper together just the width of the door and two inches deep and cover it with serge or cloth as near the color of the door as possible.

Sew to this three small brass rings a quarter of an inch from each end and one in the middle. Fasten into the bottom of the door three small screw hooks and hang the rings to them. You will have a perfect protection from cold air coming under the door and one that is easily removed and kept dusted.

The Masonic Calendar

Friday, July 26.—King Solomon's Chapter No. 4, R. A. M. Called Convocation, work in Most Excellent Master and Royal Arch Degrees, work commencing promptly at 7 p. m.

A New Party and a New Deal.

Those who have had the work of "organizing" the Progressive party have found that they have no difficult task. The votes are with the Progressive party. In some townships and counties in this district the Republican party is entirely obliterated and the Democratic party doubly decimated. The work of organizing under these conditions is not worthy of the name when compared to the fine Italian work which will be necessary to muster a corporal's guard for "Taft-Shank? and Watson?" or what ever amalgamation of lame ducks can be pulled together under the semblance of the Good Old Reactionary party.

The reason given by the men of the erstwhile Republican and Democratic parties is simply enough put.

They want: A NEW PARTY AND A NEW DEAL.

They take as their motto the words of Theodore Roosevelt:

"The new party will fight on live issues and not dead ones. It will embody a protest against the corruption in both of the old party machines. It will be a party into which ex-Democrats and ex-Republicans, without regard to their political past, are to come in on an exact equality. When we get this started it will be a party not only representing the people at election time, but will represent them in party management. We are going to see to it that it is organized so that it will be impossible for any fifty-three men, chosen four years before by politicians, to stand superior to all the voters of a great state like California, and so that if that state has not shaped its laws according to a given call of fifty-three private men the state shall not be disfranchised."

So much for the new party. What about the new deal?

What is it that the people want so badly? Where is it that the other parties have failed to supply the necessary vitality?

It may be summed up briefly. The people want the machinery with which to govern themselves. Twelve states already have the right to govern themselves after a fashion—some with complete power—others with only a semblance.

(It is interesting to note that these are the states in which the Republican party is the Progressive party and where it is only a matter of changing the name without even organizing a third Progressive party.)

The people demand the right to make their own laws by proposing them themselves—and then adopting them by vote.

They demand the right to make their own constitution by amending it.

They demand the right to nominate every officer who is their servant.

They demand the right to elect their senators directly.

They demand the right, if they shall think it necessary to discharge any officer for whatever cause as readily as they put him into power.

Moreover they demand that there shall be no secrets about this matter of government, no clumsy means whereby the issue can be confused.

This done all platforms and parties of the old sort are dismantled and made instruments for the people.

Any law depends not on the legislator's promise but on the will of the people.

And finally in the words of Theodore Roosevelt:

"And in this party we intend to build a government without and within the party on the lines of genuine popular rule and of social and industrial justice for farmer, wage worker, business man and professional man alike, to be achieved, not through the boss, not through the indirect control of the party organization by special privilege, but to be achieved through genuine and not merely nominal rule of the people themselves."

Heart to Heart Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE.

A CREED FOR THE DISMAYED.

I believe, therefore I affirm—

When God made me he made me to be true and useful and happy.

If I am to be true—

I must regard the ills that befall only as a discipline to my spiritual self. I must believe the perils through which I pass will "work out a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory."

If I am to be useful—

Each test must be the touchstone to character and ennoble my soul. Suffering must make me worthy and experience make me wise.

If I am to be happy—

I must not waste my days with repinings nor my strength in useless regrets. With a calm mind and an unperturbed spirit of optimism I must go forward.

I believe, therefore I affirm—

If God made of me a quickened spirit he must have made that spirit to be, under him, the master of my destiny.

Therefore my soul shall not be crushed by failure nor ruined by disaster. Circumstance shall not be my lord.

I believe, therefore I affirm—

That out of sore defeat I may be able to wring a victory. I may rise on stepping stones of my dead self to higher things. Because—

God gives no yesterdays. God always gives the best; therefore he gives todays—and tomorrows.

Today, therefore, I shall face a new world of opportunity with hope and courage.

Today, though clouds may lower, I shall be sure that in his wonted place the sun will be rejoicing to run his race.

Today I will do the best that is in me and be therewith content.

Today I will not dissipate my soul with fears.

Today I will not boast of yesterday nor regret it.

Today I will not be sure, but hopeful, of tomorrow.

And today and tomorrow—and tomorrow—I will go my way and be a man.

Because—

I am an immortal soul and there is nothing in all God's created universe that can hurt me.

How to Clean Woolen Shawl.

To clean a white woolen shawl without washing spread over a table a sheet and on this place the shawl. Powder it over with finely ground starch, fold it up, powdering it well at each fold, press well together and leave it for several hours wrapped up in the sheet. Then squeeze well and rub together with both hands, finally shaking off the starch. The shawl will be equal to a new one.

How to Clean White Paint.

The secret of cleaning white paint is to divide the work between two people, one of whom undertakes the washing of the wood and the other the polishing. Soap suds and warm water, which are the best for enamel, should be applied with a piece of flannel, while a clean duster and a piece of old linen are ready to dry and polish the wood immediately the flannel has done its work.

JULIUS ARRESTED AGAIN FOR DRUNK

Julius Youngblood, a highly educated aged German, but who has descended the social ladder until he is on a lower rung, was arrested again last evening on Elm place by Officer Vogelsong. This is his third offense. He will probably be given the limit when he appears in court tomorrow.

SIX STATES ADOPT PLAN FOR CAPTURE

Of Republican Organization by National Progressive Party.

(National News Association)

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 26.—Six stanch Republican states have adopted a plan, Col. Roosevelt said tonight, for the bodily capture of the Republican organization by the national Progressive party. The states he named are Kansas, Minnesota, South Dakota, Idaho, California and Washington. In each of these states, according to Roosevelt leaders who have talked with the former President or his aids, the Republican organization is in control of the supporters of the new party to an extent sufficient to enable them to transfer the organization virtually intact to Col. Roosevelt's support. In each it is the intention to retain the name Republican and place candidates for Congress and state offices on the regular Republican ticket.

In states where law requires the name of Taft and Sherman be placed on the ballot as the Republican nominees, the candidates for election will go in a separate column. Where the law does not exact this, the Roosevelt candidates probably will be placed under the regular Republican emblem, on the theory that Col Roosevelt is the legitimate nominee for the party.

This claim goes back to the meeting held in Chicago the night the Republican national convention adjourned. The Roosevelt delegates, together with Roosevelt candidates for seats in the national convention who were excluded assembled in Orchestra hall and tendered the presidential nomination to Col. Roosevelt, declaring that they constituted a majority of the honestly chosen delegates to the convention.

No Delay In Work.

It was Col. Roosevelt's expectation that no decision would be reached as to the procedure in these states until the general situation was discussed at the Chicago convention of the new party next month. It has been represented to him, however, that the movement had advanced more rapidly than was expected, and that there is no reason for delaying the work longer. In South Dakota, Col. Roosevelt said, the plan already had been put into effert, and in the other states it had been decided to take like measures.

The Minnesota situation was cleared at a conference which Col. Roosevelt had with Lieutenant Governor Samuel Gordon and C. J. Knapp from that state. The impression was obtained from Mr. Gordon that no independent ticket would be run in Minnesota.

Col. Roosevelt said, however, that as he understood it, this decision applied merely to the candidates for state and congressional offices, and that the Republican candidates for electors, who are Roosevelt men, will resign and run on the national Progressive ticket. The other Republican candidates are to be supported by the followers of Col. Roosevelt, working through the Republican organization.

A mass convention will be held in St. Paul July 30, at which delegates to the Chicago convention will be named and candidates for electors suggested. Col. Roosevelt said that Gordon would make a campaign for the gubernatorial nomination on a Roosevelt platform.

The Colonel Smiles.

Col. Roosevelt smiled when he was told of reports that William J. Bryan would follow his trail through the campaign.

"Bryan?" he asked. The colonel's jaw shot forward aggressively and his teeth came together with a sharp click. "I don't see that there is anything for me to say at this time," he added.

It was pointed out that Roosevelt and Bryan have crossed swords in two national campaigns, and that the former President is thoroughly familiar with the characteristics of the Nebraskan, while thus far he has had no opportunity to become acquainted with the fighting qualities of the Democratic nominee of 1912.

Col. Roosevelt was irritated by the opinion given by Jacob A. Livingston, New York state election commissioner, to the effect that under the law no candidates for presidential electors could be named by petition by the national Progressive party in this state.

"That seems to be a development of the national committee's idea that it is supreme," he said. Mr. Livingston will find that he is very much mistaken. He will find that the people are supreme and that he and the politicians are the servants of the people and not their masters."

INSTRUCTS FOR T. R.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The Maryland progressive Republicans in mass convention today selected sixteen delegates with a half vote each, and a like number of alternates, to the national Progressive convention at Chicago. Resolutions were adopted empowering a committee of seven to select seven presidential electors, independent of those named on the regular Taft ticket, and declaring that no elector now on the Taft ticket shall be placed on the Progressive ticket unless he first resigns.

The resolution denounced the action of the Republican national committee for its decisions in cases of contesting delegations; vigorously attacked both of the old parties on the ground that they are "boss ridden" and can not give relief to the people, and declared that the great majority of Republicans i nthis state "knowing that the laws of Maryland will not permit Theodore Roosevelt's name to be placed upon the ballot under a party designation containing the word Republican, are, nevertheless, willing to support him as their candidate for the presidency without regard to the party name upon which he may run."

The delegates to the Chicago convention are instructed to vote on every ballot for Theodore Roosevelt for presidential nomination.

"THIS DATE IN HISTORY"

JULY 26.

1758—England took possession of Nova Scotia.
1759—Ticonderoga was abandoned by the French and occupied by the British.
1799—Isaac Babbitt, the inventor of "Babbitt metal," born in Taunton, Mass. Died in Somerville, Mass., May 26, 1862.
1863—John J. Crittenden, noted statesman and author of the "Crittenden Compromise," died in Frankfort, Ky. Born in Woodford County, Kentucky, Sept. 10, 1786.
1864—William H. T. Walker, the first U. S. army officer to espouse the cause of the Confederacy, killed near Decatur, Ga. Born in Georgia, Oct. 18, 1816.
1886—Lord Salisbury became prime minister of Great Britain.
1890—Lawrence, Mass., visited by a disastrous cyclone.

"Thou Shalt Not Steal"

A call has been issued to the voters of Wayne County to meet at the Pythian Temple, Saturday afternoon, July 27th, at 2 o'clock.

The purpose of this meeting is to elect delegates to a state convention to be held in Indianapolis, August 1st, at which time a platform will be promulgated, a state ticket and electors will be nominated who will HONESTLY represent the wishes of the people.

This is a movement of and in behalf of the whole people. There are no bosses in the Progressive party. Therefore it rests with those who believe in our free institutions to turn out and do their share toward making the movement a success.

This meeting is open to all voters. It makes no difference whether you have been a Republican, Democrat, Socialist, Prohibitionist, or what not there is here an opportunity for you to actually make your voice heard in the affairs of your own government. Will you take it?

Remember the Progressives of Wayne County will hold their first mass convention at the Pythian Temple, South 8th street, Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, July 27th.