SAVANNAH, GA., FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1887.

O'BRIEN IN A LION'S DEN. THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE WELCOME HIM TO OTTAWA.

His Ride From the Depot to the Hotel A Triumphal Procession-The Meeting at Night a Scene of Wild Enthusiasm-A Stormy Scene at the Depot when He Left Toronto.

TORONTO, CAN., May 19 .- The Globe speaks of those who attacked Mr. O'Brien yesterday as ruffians and blackguards, and the Mail says the mobbing was a barbarous and disgraceful act.

Ottawa this morning. On their arrival at the union station they found a crowd of about 100 persons. Mr. O'Brien delivered a brief address. When he commenced to speak he was greeted with mingled groans and cheers. He said: "Citizens of Toronto and brethren in the cause of free speech and of Ireland: I cannot depart without expressing my thanks to you for the right noble reception which you have accorded me. As for the occurrence of last night, I have not the slightest doubt it was deliberate attempt to murder, incited by those whose position in your city ought to have taught them better. I shall not again refer to it, but say that I came to Toronto, not to defy, not to dare them, but not at the same time to fear them. It was a cowardly attempt to murder me, and I am willto leave the verdict as between them and me to the fair judgment of the fair-minded citizens of Toronto. Despite this experience I carry away with me most pleasant impressions of Toronto. We have triumphed. Our cause is just and the lives of hundreds of poor Irishmen depend upon he result of our mission among you. God

He then disappeared within the car, followed by cheers and groans. As the train moved the cheering and hooting was kept up until the last car disappeared from view. Several land leaguers accompanied the train to North Toronto Junction, where about half a dozen policemen were stationed for fear of a row, but there was no crowd. WELCOMED TO OTTAWA.

ffices

ent by

it to

us be

their

fore

Ga.

NDRY,

E LIST.

oa

NTS, etc.

GA

th PEER verything a package strength r fastness ey do not ER, M. D. Houston

t,

OTTAWA, ONT., May 19.—Mr. O'Brien arrived here to-day. A train carrying a deputation composed of the most prominent nembers of the Citizens' Committee of the National League of Ottawa went out to Moberly, a distance of 175 miles, and welcomed Mr. O'Brien and his party. As the train slowed up at the Grand Union station at 5:30 o'clock, it was seen that an immense rowd had assembled, which set up tre-mendous cheering as Mr. O'Brien stepped ato the platform, and this enthusiasm was manifested again and again. The party was at once driven to the Russell House. A REGULAR PROCESSION.

It was a regular procession as the party moved up through the city in a long line of carriages, fully sixty in number, in which ere seated not alone prominent French anadians, but prominent Protestant citins as well, and of course nearly all the presentative Irishmen in the city. procession wound around eautiful grounds which inse the Parliament House and drew up front of the Russell House. When Mr. Brien entered the rotunda of the botel an ttempt was made by some persons in the ging throng to cheer the Queen and to eat the scene that was witnessed at the een's Park meeting in Toronto, but a cheers for Mr. O'Brien and groans r Lord Lansdowne rose above everything

At the Royal Roller Rink to-night 5,000 ersons were packed. Large pictures of lessrs. Gladstone and Parnell were placed front of the platform, with Irish, Ameriand a Canadian flags and the motto in ge green letters "God Save Ireland." In corner of the hall was a solid body of young dents from Ottawa College, 300 in numr, and mostly Americans, who shouted in orus, "O-B-R-I-E-N," amid thunders of plause from all parts of the house. owds around the hall sang "God Save Queen," but they got tired early in the

As Mr. O'Brien stepped upon the platform e vast andience rose as one man and deered enthusiastically. Not another man ald get into the hall. Every incident was diceable, because the whole demonstraon was plainly meant as an answer to the bronto attack. The first proceeding was a reading of an address of welcome by rof. H. J. Frawley, of Ottawa College, the followed the reading by Secretary ray of two telegrams, which set the autence frantic. Men cheered and yelled untitle yould do it no longer. til they could do it no longer.

THE TELEGRAMS. These are the telegrams: Deepest sympathy with you. As a pristian I am shocked, as a Canadian

burnliated, though not much surprised at the vile blackguardism in Toronto. The educated ruffians who met under Mayor Howland are chiefly responsible. "ARCHBISHOP O'BRIEN."

"CHICAGO, May 19, 1887. "At a representative meeting of 30,000 hights of Labor in Chicago resolutions ere passed expressing heartfelt sympathy ith the object of your mission to Canada, condemnation of Lord Lansdowne's ac-

"DISTRICT ASSEMBLY 24, K. OF L."
"Bravo Chicago!" "Three cheers for chbishop O'Brien!" "Three cheers for the rs and stripes!" and similar expressions wed, and again and again a scene of ent and enthusiasm occurred, impos-

L. Dawlin, President of the St. Pat-'s association, then introduced Mr. rien, who spoke as follows: "I am proud earn that I am, I believe, the first repretative of the Irish people who has ever foot in the capital of Canada, and stand here at the seat and centre of Canadian dence, I cannot help thinking if like you we had a nent of our own on College Green would not be necessary for us to travel coss the world to worry you with the rows and sufferings of our poor people, to subject you to so crucial a test of the contraction. rity of your sympathy with Ireland. lause.] Our visit here is a matter of and death for 500 unhappy human begs whom your Governor General has somed to eviction and destruction.

I cannot but believe that your notions of madian fair play are very different from use entertained by Lord Lansdowne's sees] admirers in Toronto. [Groans and uses.] I don't wish to speak in heated or aggerated language of what occurred in rated language of what occurred in to last night. [Hisses.] I do not supere is a freedom-loving man from end of Canada to-day whose cheeks did rn with shame to read of it. gentleman who shook my hand in the this morning thought it necessary to in to me: 'I am a Canadian, but not a guard,' I believe him. [Prolonged] uard,' I believe him. [Prolonged se.] I believe there are millions of

dian people to-day who will be just as I

eager as he to repudiate the murderous and cowardly work renewed applause which was organized last night in Lord Lansdowne's cause by Lord Lansdowne's friends, and I might almost say under Lord Lans-downe's window. [Hisses and cries of

THE CONTROVERSY.

"Let there be no mistake as to the state of the controversy between Lord Lans-downe and ourselves. We have made specific and terrible charges, and given day and date. They are charges which if untrue would wither us with disgrace. They are charges of barbarity and injustice so hideous that if true, and up to this time Lord Lansdowne has not dared to challenge a single one of them, They will be an eternal brand of shame on Mr. O'Brien and Dennis Kilbride left for the Canadian name if you submit without a protest to be governed by such a man. Cheers.] To these charges all the world today is demanding and insisting upon the answer. We believe every generous instinct of Canadian freedom and fair play will revolt at the idea of answering such indictment by riot and murder, by attempts to strangle our voices and stone us to death in the streets of Toronto. [Groans.] LANDSDOWNE RESPONSIBLE.

"It is all very well to say that Lord Lans-

downe is not responsible for the conduct of his friends in Toronto. He has written a public letter eulogizing and endorsing the action of Mayor Howland's meeting, and the speeches at that meeting were every bit as brutal and unmanly as the paving stones that followed them. I am sorry to have to say it, but I believe if Lord Lansdowne had say it, but I believe if Lord Lansdowne had himself headed the mob he could not have taken more effectual means to enlist the forces of the Orangemen of Toronto under his banner. [Groans.] And everybody who knows the dark and bloodstained activity of that faction knows only two well how easy is the transition from the incendiary speeches in Oueen's Park, which Lord Lansdowne pub-Queen's Park, which Lord Lansdowne publicly commended, to the paving stones into which the Orangemen of Toronto translated them. [Loud cheers and groans for Lansdowne.] I can't believe that in full sight of the world the Canadian people will submit to such an outrage on their liberty and upon their fair fame, without some protest, which will proclaim to all the earth that if Lord Lansdowne is to remain in Canadian and himself to remain in Canada and to defend himself, it must not be by aid of advocates who would trample and stone a man to death for attempting to remedy a hideous and intolerable wrong." [Thunders of applause].

The vast audience then arose and sang After a speech by Mr. Kilbrige, the evicted Lansdowne tenant, the following resolution was carried amid great cheering Resolved, That we, citizens of the Capital of the Dominion of Canada, recognizing the justice of your cause and your right to a full and complete expression of it, offer you our cordial and most sincere sympathy.

A vote of thanks to Messrs. O'Brien and Kilbride was carried, the band playing "God Save Ireland" and the entire audience oining in the chorus of the Irish national anthem. It was after 11 o'clock when Mr. O'Brien and his friends reached the Russell House and sat down to a banquet with 200

HAMILTON'S ANTI-IRISH CONTINGENT. HAMILTON, ONT., May 19.-Mr. O'Brien is to lecture here on Monday night. It is proposed to call a special public meeting for Saturday evening to protest against his

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT CALL. CHICAGO, May 19.—A special from Toronto says: "Long after the telegraph offices had closed for the night last night, and just as Mr. O'Brien was about to retire to rest, he was called upon by six members of the Dominion Parliament, who expressed their deep sense of sorrow and shame at the occurrences, and of sympathy with Mr. O'Brien. Mr. O'Brien received them courteously, and then, with a cheerful laugh, said: "I am not at all sorry, now that it is over. Of course I suffered a little, but that s nothing when we take into ascount the fact that it will injure the landlords' case

DUBLIN, May 19 .- The Nationalist outdoor meeting at Dungannon to-day was dis-persed by police. The Nationalists after-ward met in a hall. An indoor Orange meeting was also held.

EMIGRATION FROM IRELAND. London, May 19.—In the House this evening Col. King-Harmon, Parliamentary Under Secretary for Ireland, replying to William A. MacDonald (Parnellite), in reference to the remarkable increase in emigration from Ireland, said it should be attrib uted partly to the growing want of employ-ment in Ireland, and partly to the fact that numbers of Irish people were forced to leave the country on account of their disinclinaion to join societies. [Parnellite cries of Mr. MacDonald-Isn't the increase of emi-

gration partly due to the introduction by the government of the crimes bill and a de-sire of the Irish people to escape its tyranny? [Cries of "Hear! hear!"] The Speaker called for order, saying: "This is a matter of opinion, and not a proper subject for question."

Mr. Labouchere moved to adjourn the

Mr. Labouchere moved to adjourn the debate for the purpose of enabling him to criticize the annexation of Zululand.

Sir Henry Holland, Secretary for the Colonies, protested against discussion of the matter. Full opportunity would be given to discuss it when the Zulu estimates were brought up for debate. Several Radicals supported Mr. Labouchere's motion, when Mr. Smith moved cloture.

Mr. Smith's motion was carried by a vote

Mr. Smith's motion was carried by a vote of 278 to 156. Mr. Labouchere's motion was reje Patrick A. Chance (Nationalist) laid upon the table an amendment altering the title

of the crimes bill to "a bill for the supression of free speech and trial by jury. A BIG BATCH OF AMENDMENTS. Sir Charles Russell (Liberal) moved to substitute the words "conspire by violence or intimidation" for the words "take part

Attorney General Webster opposed the notion.
Sir William Vernon Harcourt insisted that the government should define the meaning of criminal conspiracy.

promised that any ambiguity would be removed by subsequent amendment. Sir Charles Russell's motion was rejected

Attorney General Webster moved to add the words "now punishable by law" to the phrase "criminal conspiracy." Mr. Dillon and Sir William Harcourt opposed the motion, saying it was only an illusory concession and of no value. The amendment was adopted without division.

Mr. Healy raised discussion regarding the government's conduct in the matter of meetings in Ulster.

Mr. Balfour disputed Mr. Healy's argument and contended that Earl Spencer when Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, had dopted a course similar to that pursued by

the present government. W. H. Smith proposed cloture and the motion was carried by a vote of 246 to 95. Lord Hartington and seventy other Lib-eral Unionists have seceded from the Eighty Club in consequence of the club's approval of Mr. Gladstone's Irish policy.

GLADSTONE NOT COMING. In reply to a question, Mr. Gladstone to- | nedy.

day telegraphed as follows: "The statement that I have any intention of visiting America JAY GOULD AS A JUGGLER that I have any intention of visiting America is entirely baseless,"

AN ILLUMINATED ADDRESS. A deputation of English ladies to-day presented to the Irish Parliamentary leaders an illuminated address denouncing the coercion bill and urging them to have courage, faith and patience. Mr. Justin McCarthy, faith and patience. Mr. Justin McCartny Mr. Dillon and Mr. O'Connor made appro priate replies.

HETMAN OF THE COSSACKS.

The Czarewich Installed With Great Ceremony.

St. Petersburg, May 19.-The Czarewich was last evening installed with great ceremony at Novo Tcherkask as Hetman of the Cossacks. The decree of appointment was publicly read to the Cossack soldiers. The Czar thanked the Cossacks for their faithful services. The Czar then handed the Hetman's baton to the Czare-wich, the presentation being attended with great pomp and ceremony, which included a superb exhibition of the imperial regalia and jewels. After the ceremony the Czar reviewed the Cossack regiment, the reserve battery of young military pupils and two regiments of Cossack boys. The day's ceremonies and exhibitions were followed in the evening by gorgeous displays of fireworks and grand jubilation balls.

DeFreycinet Called On.

PARIS, May 19 .- President Grevy had a conference with M. DeFreycinet to day and asked him to form a Cabinet. M. DeFreyasked him to form a Cabinet. cinet said he would postpone his decision until he had consulted gentlemen whom he desired to have as colleagues in the Ministry. He promised M. Grevy that he would intimate the result by Saturday at the

Gen. Boulanger, replying to his secretary's inquiry as to whether his papers should be removed from the War Office, said he felt confident that no statesman would venture to remove him from office.

Lacour Wounded in a Duel. PARIS, May 19.—A duel has taken place between Victor Koning, husband of Mad-ame Jane Hading, the well-known actress, and M. Lacour, the journalist, who had written an article insulting to Madame Hading's reputation. M. Lacour was wounded.

Ridgeway's Fresh Instructions. LONDON, May 19.—Col. Sir Joseph Ridge-vay, who has charge of the British section of the Afghan Boundary Commission, has received fresh instructions from his governnent, and has returned to St. Petersburg

VIENNA, May 19.—It is reported that Prince Luitpold, regent of Bayaria, will reeive Emperor Francis Joseph's sanction to assume the Bavarian throne, and that Em-

Ordered to Join the Czar. St. Peterseurg, May 19.—It is reported that M. DeGier and all the foreign ambassadors have been ordered to join the Czar at Yalta in June.

Navo Tcherkask's Plot. LONDON, May 19.—The Frankfort Gazette confirms the report of the discovery of a plat at Navo Tcherkask to kill the Czar.

VIRGINIA'S DEBTS.

Declared Inaccurate. RICHMOND, May 19.—Both houses of the Legislature to-day adopted a preamble and resolution setting forth that the agents of the foreign bondholders (Messrs. Thornton and Braithwaite) have issued a circular containing statements at variance with the final General Assembly, and calculated to make a false impression and produce a controversy on the facts which really occurred in the joint conference, and appointing a joint

committee to examine said circular and reort thereon as to the truth of said state-

The joint committee appointed to-day by the Legislature to examine into the state Thornton and Braithwaite in connection with the recent debt conference, finished their report to-night, and it will be presented to-morrow morning. It is quite a long review of the conference work, and, while courteous in tone, arrives at the conclusion that the English represer tatives deliberately misstated the effect of their own proposition. Mr. Twyman in-troduced a resolution in the Senate this afternoon proposing an amendment to the constitution only recognizing so much of the debt as has or may be hereafter funded under the Riddleberger act and the bonds held by the literary institutions of the State. A proposition is also made to amend the constitution so as to allow taxation to be assessed directly on or against counties and cities. The resolution went over till to-

DR. McGLYNN'S ODDITIES.

He Bobs Up as Opposed to the Rus sian Extradition Treaty.

McGlynn, Victor Deury and a number of other speakers addressed a meeting at Cooper Union to-night held to denounce the ratification of the proposed extradition treaty with Russia. Dr. McGlynn said it was always customary in drawing extradition treaties to exclude political offenses from the list of extraditable crimes. "I do not stand here to justify the assassination of the Czar," said he; "but I am here to do justice to the group who follows the distance of his contraction." man who follows the dictates of his con-science and thinks it's his duty to kill the

Resolutions censuring Secretary Bayard and protesting against the ratification treaty were overwhelmingly adopted.

SELFRIDGE A SUICIDE.

He Blows Out His Brains in a Fit of Despondency.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Gen. Joseph L. Selfridge, one of the heroes of the late war and a prominent citizen of Philadelphia ommitted suicide this afternoon by shooting himself through the head with a re volver. The act was committed within thirty yards of the residence of the deceased. He was carried to his home and medical aid summoned, but he died from the effects of wounds in about two hours. He had been suffering for several years with Bright's disease, and the only reason which can be assigned for the act is that he had grown

CLEVELAND, O., May 19.—The foreclosure sale of the Nickel Plate road to-day was a very formal affair. It went off smoothly and was purchased on the first bid for \$16,000,000 by Frederick F. P. Olcott, chairman of the Nickel Plate purchasing committee for the boudholders' committee, which is made up of Mr. Olcott, William K. Vander-bilt, James A. Roosevelt and John T. KenHE GOT OUT OF HIS DEAL WITH-

He Prefers to Wait a Year Before Giv-

OUT LOSING ANYTHING.

NEW YORK, May 19 .- The Pacific Railway Commission continued its examination here of Jay Gould to-day. He testified that the underlying a trust. He did not lose any money ence to the interstate commerce bill. Mr. Gould said: "There is a great deal of good and some bad in it. I have not asked the commission for any change yet. I should prefer to wait a year or so before giving any opinion.

THE JOURNAL PRODUCED. Amos Calef was recalled and produced the journal of the trustees of the Kansas Pacific consolidated mortron Pacific consolidated mortgage, which showed a few transactions on exchange, where the pool and not the mortgage rates

Mr. Gould said that the security of the government was increased by the consolida-tion, and he could not conceive how it was in any way injurious to the government's interest. In reply to Mr. Pattison's question as to why he retired from the management of the Union Pacific, Mr. Gould answered; "I made up my mind it would be better to have a large number interested in the road than to have people." terested in the road than to have people say, 'Jay Gould owns it.' So, whenever I saw a chance to place the securities of the road on the market and thus scatter them I did so. I was partly actuated by the undesirability of having the government for a

A DIFFERENT STATE OF AFFAIRS. When the road was in the rut it could have made any sort of a bargain with the government. When it had been congovernment. When it had been converted into paying property, thus increasing the government's security, the government stepped in and attacked it. It is difficult to predict the future of the Union Pacific, but I think the government will have to make large concessions of both principal and interest to the road when the bonds become due, because the road to the converted to the can never pay them. The government has been sufficiently compensated for its loan to the Union Pacific by the benefits it has received from the sale of lands, etc. In my opinion the government should settle with the road on a fair basis, say by taking a bond for a principal sum, \$7,000,000, and cancel the claim for back interest. I would undertake to negotiate such a bond and secure its cash payment. I say this as a man who has not a dollar of in-terests in the road." This concluded Mr. Gould's testimony and the taking of evidence in this city. The commission goes to Boston Saturday

LOUISIANA AND THE OIL TRUST The Attorney General Appeals from a

NEW ORLEANS, May 19.-In the case of the State vs. The Cotton Oil Trust, Messrs. Glenny and Violett, brokers dealing in cotton oil certificates, were made defendants, and their exception of no cause of action was sustained by Judge Houston. The Attorney General yesterday appealed from the lower court to the Supreme Court, on the ground that the dismissing of the suit as to them was contrary to law. It is understood that the object of this appeal is to obtain an expression of opinion from the Supreme Court as to whether the petition makes out a cause against the American Cotton Oil Trust. If the judgment is affirmed that there is no case against Messrs. Glenny & Violett, and the court fails to express an opinion on the subject of the case against the Oil Trust, that case will be pushed for trial in the lower court on its merits. When the appeal was taken Mr. Aldige filed the fol-

lowing answer:
"Now comes Jules Aldige in obedience to the orders of this court, called upon as Vice President of the American Cotton Oil Trust, and reserving and in-sisting upon his disclaimer heretofore filed, denies all and singular allegations of the plaintiff's petition and prays for judgment in his favor.

J. Aldige."

RAIN AND HAIL. Asheville Visited by the Worst Storm

In Its History. ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 19,-The heaviest rain and hail storm ever known in this section prevailed to-day. Much damage was done to property in the city. The Citizen office was flooded and that paper will not be issued to-morrow. The telegraph office at Asheville Junction was set on fire by the electric current, but the flames were extinguished before much damage had been done.

he roof of D. Coper's store was struck by ightning and the damage is considerable

The store of Baird & Reynolds was flooded:

the damage is about \$500. It is still raining

OFF THE RAILS.

Derailment of a Sleeper and Death of a Prominent Actress.

DENVER, Col., May 19.-The sleeper on the Denver and Rio Grande Salt Lake express was derailed near Salida at 5 o'clock this morning.

Grace Leslie, leading lady of the Kate Castleton troupe, was instantly killed.
Dr. George Cox received a severe scalp wound, and Pullman Conductor Aubrey was hurt about the head and hip. The wounded were taken to the company's hospital at Salida. The sleeper was badly demolished.

A Monument to Dead Heroes. LOUISVILLE, KY., May 19.—There was unveiled to-day at Hopkinsville, Ky., in the presence of a great throng, the Latham monument, in memory of the Confederate dead who sleep in the cemetery of that little city. Hon. W. C. F. Breckenridge and Rev. Dr. Deems, the distinguished divine Rev. Dr. Deems, the distinguished divine of New York, delivered orations. The monument was erected by John C. Latham, of New York, formerly of Hopkinsville, a surviving comrade of those who lie at its foot, to commemorate the virtues of the Confed-

Norfolk's Memorial Ceremonies

NORFOLK, May 19.—To-day was Memo-rial day here and was celebrated with great pomp and ceremony under the auspices of Pickett-Buchanan Camp of ex-Confederate Veterans. Military and civic organizations made an impressive parade, and at the ceme tery an original poem was read and an ora-tion delivered by Maj. Baker H. Lee. Gov. Lee and his staff reviewed the procession and took part in the ceremonies at the grave ROBBERS BOARD A TRAIN.

The Express Car Ransacked and the Election of Officers-An Executive Passengers Held Up.

AUSTIN, TEX., May 19.—Passenger train No. 502 on the International and Great ing a Positive Opinion on the Inter- McNeill station, a few miles north of here, Northern road was stopped last night near state Commerce Law-The Future of by fifteen or twenty robbers, who robbed the Union Pacific Not Pictured as an express car. Some fifty shots were fired.

Very Promising for the Government. One man was slightly wounded in the hand Fifty mounted and armed men have left here for McNeill. It is said there were fifteen men in the party of the robbers. They first captured the operator before the tive armived of the robbers. trustees and bonds issued as therein provided. He never dealt in any securities underlying a trust. He did not have a securities and express messenger. engineer and express messenger. The express car was robbed, but the amount by the consolidation nor did he make any.

Mr. Littler here branched off from the subject of the investigation to ask for his own information Mr. Gould's opinion with refering another a diamond pin.

\$4,000 SECURED. The door of the express car was forced open and about \$4,000 was taken. The messengers were compelled to throw up their hands, and were ordered to hand over the cash and registered letters. Seth Spaulding, a railway postal clerk, told the robbers he had none, as the day line carried all the istered letters, and was informed that they did not care for them, as they were not after "Uncle Sam's money, but Jay Gould's." The robbers were in very good humor, and, after going through the express car, bade a pleasant good-night and decamped. ALL NOT MASKED.

of the men were not masked, but the one who gave the orders wore a mask, and was tall and dressed like a cowboy. Express Messenger Nothacker, who was ordered to turn over the money, handed the robbers only a small amount, and was beaten over the head. A brakeman was wounded during the fusilade. Postal Clerk Spanding says he distinctly heard the order given by the leader. Don't touch any of iven by the leader: "Don't touch any of e passengers, and don't shoot any of our own men." The messenger also says that he believes the men were green hands in the

RAIL AND RIVER.

The Two Interests Still Talking Before the Commission.

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- H. Collbran Freight Agent of the Queen and Crescent Route system, appeared before the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day in connection with the application of that system to have the fourth section permanently suspended. C. W. Bryant, representing the water line interests of Louisiana, gave

notice of his intention to reply.

A petition from the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad was received asking a suspension of the fourth section of the act so far as it affects Morehead, N. C., and Kingston, N. C. The road meets water competition at these places.

The Commissioners received a telegram

from a committee representing western and southwestern water lines out of Cincinnati denying that they control rates to western and southwestern points. GOVERNED BY RALROADS.

The committee asserted that such rates are governed by the rates and tariffs of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, Cincinnati and Southwestern railroad. Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company and their western and southwestern connec-tions. The committee therefore ask the commission to rescind the order of suspension of section 4 and make the railroads conform to the will of the people as ex-

The commission went into secret session and spent several hours in an informal talk with Mr. H. Fink, commissioner of trunk lines, as to the operations of the law, its effect upon the railroads, etc. Mr. Fink favored a permanent suspension of the fourth section whenever necessary to meet

THE PUBLIC BUILDING SITE.

Some of the Locations the Supervising Architect Has in View. WASHINGTON, May 19.—The Supervising Architect of the Treasury is awaiting the action of the Georgia Legislature before taking any farther steps towards acquiring a site for the new Federal huilding in Savannah. He assumes that the Legislature act contains a clause authorizing the condemnation, under the right of eminent domain the site at the corner of Bull and South Broad streets, originally recommended by Special Agent Anstell, will be selected and condemned. If the act of cession does not contain such a clause the Supervising Architect will proba-bly take that one of the other sites under consideration which is offered at the lowest price. The Supervising Architect has re-cently received the following additional tenders of sites: Col. John Screven's resilence, southeast corner Abercorn and Congress streets; the residence of the late W. Duncan, on the northeast corner of the same streets; property on Broughton and Abercorn streets, owned by Dr. W. H. Elliott and others, and a lot at the corner of outh Broad and Whitaker streets Supervising Architect wrote to Judge Emory Speer and Collector Wheaton asking their opinions as to the two sites first named above. He has received favorable replies from those gentlemen. The Reynolds square property is thought to be abandoned.

ALLOWANCE FOR DRAWBACKS. Secretary Fairchild Issues a New Order.

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- Secretary Fairchild to-day issued a circular to customs officers extending the regulations of June 3, 1885, governing the allowance of a drawback on bags made from imported material to bagging made in the United States from imported jute, and reported as covering cotton. The circular also rescinds paragraph 15 of said regulations, suspending the allowance of a drawback on such bagging under certain entries then pending or to be readed in the circular state. made, in so far as it may relate to entries to be made by exporters of cotton shipped after June 3, 1885. Collectors are authorized to accept entries for drawback on bagging exported to that date and prior to May 19, and to liquidate the same upon such evidence, satisfactory to themselves, as may now be

Washington, May 19.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day appointed William Daniel storekeeper and gauger at Berea Post Office, N. C.

New Orleans' Postmaster. Washington, May 19.—The President to-day appointed George H. Nott to be postmaster at New Orleans.

Must Fight to a Finish.

New York, May 19.—Richard K. Fox, backer of "Jack" Kilrain, said to-day that he did not intend to make a match with Sullivan except under prize ring rules to

EDITORS OF THE SOUTH.

Committee Meeting.

RICHMOND, VA., May 19 .- The members of the Southern Press Association visited Norfolk to-day and were the recipients of marked attention from the ex-Confederate veterans, who greeted the boat on its arrival from Newport News with the booming of the boat, having accompanied the Association from Richmond. His visit to Norfolk was to attend the ex-Confederate decoration The association resumed its sessions at 6 o'clock at Richmond. The Execu-

of Richmond.
Vice President—C. H. Jones, of the Jackonville (Fla.) Times-Union.

sonville (Fla.) Times-Union.

Secretary and Treasurer—Adolph S.
Ochs, of the Times of Chattanooga.

Executive Committee—Patrick Walsh, of
Augusta, Ga.; F. W. Dawson, of Charleston, S. C.; J. H. Estill, of Savannah, Ga.;
E. P. Howell, of Atlanta, Ga.; H. C. Hanson, of Macon, Ga.; W. W. Screws, of
Montgomery, Ala.; James W. Lambert, of
Natchez, Miss.; George Nicholson, of New
Orleans, La., and Page M. Baker, of New
Orleans.

The Executive Committee was instructed to convene at 10 o'clock on Monday morning next in the New York Hotel, New York city. New Orleans was selected as the place of the next annual meeting. The conven-tion adjourned to-night. To-morrow an excursion will be made to Natural Bridge,

SOUTHERN PRESBYTERIANS. The Assembly Begins Its Session at

St. Louis, Mo., May 19 .- The Assembly of the Presbyterian Church South met at the Grand Avenue church to-day. Dr. Bryson, of Huntsville, Ala., the retiring moderator, opened the session by a sermon. At the close of these exercises officers were elected for the ensuing year. Dr. Strickler, of Atlanta, was elected moderator. The session then adjourned to give the modera-tor time to make up his committees. There was a reception at the church to-night. This session will endeavor to unite the asemblies of the North and South.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIANS. PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The sixty-ourth annual session of the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America opened this morning in the Second Reformed Presbyterian church with religious exercises, conducted by the retiring moderator, Rev. Daniel Steele, of this city. About thirty delegates were present. This ynod has jurisdiction over some fifty-five ongregations, and the church numbers about 8,000 members on this continent. Rev. John H. Kendall, of Tarenbin, Pa., was elected moderator.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. OMAHA, NEB., May 19.—The Ninety-inth General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States met this morning in the Dodge Street church. Five hundred ministers and elders were in attendance. The election of moderator for the ensuing year resulted in the choice of Rev. Joseph Smith, of Baltimore. The assembly will be in session till June 1.

HAMPTON INSTITUTE.

Interesting Exercises at the Annual Commencement. FORTRESS MONROE, VA., May 19 .- The

beautiful grounds of the Hampton Normal Institute were crowded with visitors to-day attending the nineteenth annual commence ment. The exercises began with a battalion inspection, the young men turning out 300 strong, in new uniforms, headed by the Cadet Band. The platforms were then opened, and illustrations were then given of practical studies. This afternoon a opened, and illustrations were then given of practical studies. This afternoon a large number gathered in the gymnasium, where were delivered the salutatory and other addressess, after which followed music and the presentation of diplomas to the graduates, seventeen in number. An interesting feature was the industrial exhibition sting feature was the industrial exhibition During the school year 709 pupils have been enrolled, with an average attendance of 628. Of these 171 were Indians and the others Of these 171 were Indians and the others colored. A majority of the students work their way in the shops, on the farm, or in the household, learning to labor with skill, and paying in part for their education and board. Their earnings for the year amounted to nearly \$47.000, about one-quarter of which was for housework and other non-productive labor. The effort to establish a permanent endowment fund of \$500,000 has so far resulted in securing nearly \$30,000.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Ben Butterworth, of Ohio, who late in the last session of Congress introduced a bill for the abolition of all duties between the United States and Canada, addressed a large audience to-night on "The Commercial Union," at Associa-tion Hall. The address was in response to an invitation from the Canadian Club. In the audience was a large representation of members of the Chamber of Commerce Board of Trade and transportation compa nies, and bankers generally in addition to members of the Canadian Club.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., May 19 .- A Du-

luth special gives particulars of an explosion of four tons of nitro-glycerine eight miles from there, yesterday. Nine residences and as many other buildings were wrecked, and trees in the vicinity were torn up. The shock and concussion were felt in Duluth, and many panes of glass were broken in Oneta, five miles distant. The loss is \$40, 000. No one knows the cause of the explo

Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Line New York, May 19.—According to a statement made by H. S. Ives, the consolidation of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company with the Postal Telegraph Company is to be made, the consolidation to take the form of a new company, of which the Baltimore and Ohio will take one-half the stock and so obtain control. He asserts that the Western Union cannot get the Baltimore and Ohio system at any price.

NEW ALBANY, IND., May 19.—The will of Washington C. DePauw was probated today. It bequeaths \$3,000,000 to his family, and the residue of his estate, estimated at \$5,000,000, is devoted to benevolent and educational purposes, including a bequest of \$1,025,000 to DePauw University.

An Extra Session Expected.

CHICAGO, May 19.—In conversation with a reporter for a local paper last night Senators Voornees and Beck expressed an opinion that the President would call an extra session of Congress by Oct. 1 to consider the revenue question.

WORCESTER, MASS., May 19.—Hanlan left this afternoon for his race with Gaudour at Pullman. He was accompanied by Rubour, the English champion, and took two toots.

AN IRON BOUND PROMISE. CHICAGO BUILDERS DEAL A BLOW AT TRADES UNIONISM.

Employes to be Forced to Sign a Card Recognizing the Right of Every Man to Make His Own Terms-The Build. ers Also to Bind Themselves.

CHICAGO, May 19 .- It is asserted to-day that the lockout of the bosses has assumed a new phase, which may end in a very interesting controversy. The leaders of the workingmen affected by the difficulties have made up their minds to test the legality of the combination of the bosses to prevent the sale of material. The supposition is that the State's attorney cannot obtain indictments against the bosses, there being no grand jury in session now. The labor people intend to procure warrants from a police justice and arrest some of the prominent bosses. They promise some sensational de-

velopments soon. Nearly all the large brick manufacturers have heeded a request to close down their yards. This action on the part of the manufacturers delegates to enforced idleness nearly 700 employes, together with 1,000 attendant teamsters. The gossip concerning the prosecution of the bosses for conspirac

has not taken definite form. AN IRON BOUND PROMISE. AN IRON BOUND PROMISE.

A bold plan of campaign to settle the great building trades lock-out by June 1 and strike a memorable blow at trades unionism was set on foot this afternoon. At conference of delegates from every building interest in Chicago, with representative present from the Illinois Architects' Association, Chicago Real Estate Board and kindred bodies, the members of which hire alto dred bodies, the members of which hire alt gether probably 50,000 workmen, a resolu tion was unanimously adopted that from this time forth the signature of the follow

ing card of principles by employees be made a universal condition of employment by a the building interests of Chicago: "I recognize the right of every man to de cide for himself without dictation when hishall work or cease to work; where he shall work; for whom he shall work; how man hours he shall work, and for what wages he shall work. I recognize the absolute right of the employer to decide for himself, with out interference from any source, whom shall employ, to regulate and manage business with perfect independence an freedom, provided only, that he shall de

lawfully with all men.
"I recognize the right of every father to have his son taught and every son learn an lawful trade on a plane with his knowledge of reading and writing or other branch of learning, which should be subject to regular

tion only by the laws of the land.
"I hereby pledge myself, in all my relations and intercourse with my employers, to maintain and live up to these principles." There was no debate on the adoption this measure, and the action was enthu this measure, and the action was enthusiastically unanimous, but general discussion sprang up when it was proposed that the same card of principles be presented for signature to every employer, with the pledge thereto changed as follows:

"I hereby pledge myself to maintain the principles in prosecution of my business and to lend my aid and power for their maintenance and protection appropriate to place the property of the pro

tenance and protection amongst my fellow employers. I further pledge myself not to employ any workman except upon his si nature to this card of principles."

when it was stated that the pledge meant the discharge of every workman who did not sign the required card, numerous objections were raised, especially by contracting plasterers, carpenters and stonecutters, who are getting along peaceably with their men and are expecting no trouble. All objections were met with a reply that the card contained nothing not consequed by the contained nothing not guaranteed by the constitution of the United State, and that the country had got tired of being shackled by labor unions, and at length a tacit un-

by labor unions, and at length a tacit understanding was reached that the pledge
should be voted upon by the delegates
individually. They go then to their
associations and urge its ratification.

The pledge was thereupon adopted unanimously. June 1 is fixed as the date when
the lock-out would be declared off and business resumed with the card of principles as
the basis

POWDERLY'S TRIP.

His Reception at Denver Most Cordial -Anarchists Must Go. CHICAGO, May 19.—General Master Workman Powderly, of the Knights of Labor, stopped in Chicago on his return from Denver Heremained only two hours, which he spent in company with General Worthy Foreman Griffiths. Mr. Powderly said his reception orninths. Mr. Powderly said his reception in Denver was most cordial, and when he spoke the Catholic Archbishop and nearly all the Protestant clergy were on the platform. Mr. Griffiths says that Mr. Powderly is determined to weed the Anarchists out of the ranks and offered several suggestions to the ranks and offered several suggestions.

touching that point. But who Mr. Griffiths declined to state. Shomakers' Win Their Fight. HAVERHILL. MASS, May 19.—The shoemakers' lockout has been broken and another victory is credited to the Knights of Labor. At a late hour last night a committee representing the Manufacturers ation held a conference with the local board of arbitration and the result was an order for the employes of Chick Bros. to resume work as usual this morning at the prices which were named in the old contract which expired in July, 1886. Three thousand men, who were out, returned to work this morn

Belgium's Striking Metal Workers BRUSSELS, May 19.—The metal workers of Belgium are joining the strike inaugurated by the miners. Workers in other trades are likely to follow suit. Eighteen thousand men have struck. Troops are being forwarded to prevent the strikers from committing acts of violence.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 19.—The compositors on the News struck last night, owing to a difference with the proprietor. The paper appeared as usual this morning, the editors

LOUISVILLE, May 19.—To-day's races were

as follows:

First Race—One and one-eighth miles. Hot tentot won, with Effie Hardy second and Alame third. Time 2:00!4.

Second Race—One mile. Fellow Brook won with Warrington second. Time 1:49.

Third Race—Clark stakes: one and a quarter miles, for 3-year-olds. Jim Gore won easily, with no signs of lameness; Bancloche was second and St. Valentine fast. Time 2:11!4.

FOURTH RACE—Three quarters of a mile. The Crow won, with Biggonet second and Berthe third. Time 1:18.

FIFTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles Wahoo won in 1:52!4, with Revoke second.

Pennsylvania's Legislature. Harrisburg, Pa., May 19.—The Legislature to-day adjarrned sine die. The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the