feel about things. We must get honesty, directness and lotty purpose wrought into the fibre of our being. We must fix right standards of judg. willing to learn the way that we must

HALIBURTON says: There is nothing like fun, is there? I haven't any my-self and I do like it in others. Oh, we need it-we need all the counterweights we can muster to balance the tad relations of life! God has made tunny spots in the heart; why should we exclude the light from them?

We may be growing flippant and fond of petty mental diversions, and we perhaps may be even ignoble in many ways; but one splendid sign is well fitted to cheer us even when the signs of decadence are most painfully apparent, and that is the growing tendency toward toleration of all opinions

THE first and most important element of memory is the taking of an impression in such a way that it is likel; to be retained; the more sharp and vivid this impression is made, the more permanent it is likely to be. Attention in taking in what we wish to learn, then, is the secret of remembering it afterwards.

BE not anxious about to-morrow Do to-day's duty only; fight to-day's temptations, and do not weaken and distract yourself by looking forward to those things you cannot see and ould not understand if you saw them. Enough for you that God is just and merciful, and will reward every man cording to his work.

No good action, no good example dies-it lives forever in our race. A single virtuous action has elevated a whole village, a whole city, a whole nation. It is from small seeds dropped into the ground that the finest productions grow, and it is from the born dictates of conscience and the inspired principles of duty that the finest growths of character have arisen.

THERE happens to be no especial demand in this country for miniature apple trees, four inches high, and covered with flowers and fruit; but there is an immense demand for similar human specimens in the way of four-inch young ladies four-inch ficials, none the less blooming all over with flowers of fragrance, piety or patriotism, and setting a full crop of lomestic, religious and political

THE adage of the prophet has been ulso the maxim of the world. In all callings in life there is a demand for obedience as the first and absolutely necessary qualification. There is a yoke at school if the school be worthy of its name; there is a yoke to be passed under as the doorway to every profession and every work of life; and it is noticeable that the men who have most thorough training, whether formal or informal, make the best leaders the hest masters the hest commanders. It is good that a man should be well disciplined in his youth -not in the sense of cruelty or harsh-ness, which reproduce themselves, but in the sense of orderliness and self-

FIFTY years ago the peers of Eng land exerted all their influence to keep the railroad station as far as possible from their manor-house. They re-sented the intrusion of the plebian railway car where now they welcome the advantages of its neighborhood, and from London and its facilities for bringing down supplies of fresh fish and meats and other delicacies of the' metropolitan market. And now so red of haste are these descendants of these old-time seekers after seclusion that they are content to drive to their halls by a more direct but rather sneaking side drive, ignoring altogether the great avenues of lime, elm or beech along which it was the just pride of our fore-fathers to pass from London road lodge to their respective thresholds."

When once a man has established a home, his most important duties are fairly begun. The errors of youth may be overlooked; want of purpose. and even of honor, in his earlier days may be forgotten. But, from the moment of his marriage, he begins to write his indelible history-not by pen and ink, but by actions, by which he must ever afterwards be reported and judged. His conduct at home; his solicitude for his family; the training of his children; his devotion to his wife; his regard for the great interests of eternity-these are the tests by which his worth will ever after wards be estimated by all who think or care about him. These will deter-mine his position while living, and influence his memory when lead. He es well or ill the brief space allotted to him out of all eternity to build up ame founded upon the most solid

A KANSAS CYCLONE.

A GENUINE TWISTER

Does Considerable Damage Nea

Mission township in Shawnee which Topeka is the county seat was visited by a cyclone on the night of the 2nd that did read damage. It was a genuine rotary cyclone, and it de

great damage.

It was a genuine rotary cyclone, and it demolished everything in its path. In some places the very bark was peeled from the trees. Houses were torn in fragments, trees uprooted and crops ruined. The house of James Mitchell, a farmer, was in the path of the storm. It was oecupied by Mitchell, his wife and their five children when the cyclone struck it. It was demolished. Mitchell was fatally injured. Mrs. Mitchell escaped, but the children were all seriously hurt and are now in a dying condition.

The house of Philip Lux was demolished, but the family escaped by taking refuge in the celiar. The residence of Charles Thrasher was blown down and Thrasher was badly hurt. Thomas brooks' house was destroyed and the family were more or less injured, but none were killed. An unknown woman, who had just moved into a house which has long been vacant, was killed outright when the house was demolished.

The house of Joseph Hurd was blown down and Mrs. Hurd was killed. James Plaxton's house was carried from its foundations and wrecked, and Plaxton was instantly killed in the fall of timbers. The other members of the family escaped with slight injuries.

Swan Anderson, a farm hand, was working in a field when the storm came up. He was hurled against a stone fence and killed. Gabe Halderman, a farmer, was fatally injured in the destruction of his barn.

The Pleasant valley school house was demolished. A number of children had taken refuge there from the storm, but they miraculously escaped death, though some received severe injuries.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE

The Twenty-First Quadrennial Gener

The first business session of the Co

The first business session of the Conference opened in Boyd's opera house on the morning of the 2nd. The 500 delegates and large numbers of visitors crowded the building. Bishop Bowman called the meeting to order, and Bishop Newman read from the Bible following which Bishop Foss offered prayer. S. D. Monroe of Pennsylvania was elected secretary and he appointed Manley S. Hurd of Wyoming and Charles Hudson of Indiana as his assistants.

After the election of secretary the permanent seating of the delegates was in order. Immediately the old trouble between the lay and ministerial delegates came to the surface. The lay delegates held a meeting Saturday afternoon and decided to ask the conference treat them by themselves, separate from the ministers, thinking by this means to secure greater recognition than they now have. After a heated debate on the subject the petition of the laymen was granted, and the drawing for seats then commenced. The first allot ment drawn was by R. E. Gilman (colored) of Missouri, who took the best seat in the house; F. J. Young of North Dakota alleged there was fraud and a heated debate followed until the conference adjourned until morning. In the evening a reception was tendered by the mayor and city officials.

The seat question came up again Tuesday morning when the lay delegates complained that seats reserved for them had been occupied by ministers. The matter was finally disposed of and other business taken up.

Dr. Neely read the report of the commission. Among other things suggested by the

Dr. Neely read the report of the comm sion. Among other things suggested by the commission was a change in the arrangemen of the discipline. No material change was recommended in the rules or in the working of the discipline, but the commission though the book could be arranged to much bette advantage. They also suggested that the general conference hereafter meet on the firs Wednesday in May and that laymen and

The standing committees were

On Wednesday morning Bishop Warren of Denver presided and Bishop Foster delivered the Episcopal address. It states that since the last general conference fully 400,000 members have been added to the church, a greater growth than had ever been known in the history of the church. Upon the admission of women to the general conference, the result was given as follows; Laity, for 235,668, against 163,84; ministerial, for 5,699, against 4,944. The report gave a very exhaustive review of every branch of the church work, and recommmended that great care be exercised in procuring ministers, strong, loyal men fully abrest with the education of the age, for the educated pew would not endure an uneducated pupitt.

WYOMING REPUBLICANS.

The Republican Convention Indorse President Harrison.

The Wyoming Republican convention on Cheyenne on the 4th and elected the

(Cheyenne on the 4th and elected the fol-wing delegates to Minneapolis: Frank Mandell of Cook county, Attorney eneral Potter of Laramje county, E. R. Din-iddie of Sheridan, Johnson county; Frank Foote of Unita, Charles L. Vagener of urbon and Colonel S. W. Downey of Albany, he alternates are A. E. Hoyt of Weston, W. Keayes of Johnson, Mrs. Theresa Jenkins Laramie and Mrs. Cora G. Carleton of ita. There were several lady delegates in

were adopted indorsing the ad istration of President Harrison; also urg

The Behring Sea Fleet.

The Behring Sea Fleet.

The secretary of the navy has issued instructions to the naval and revenue marine vessels assigned to enforce the modus prohibiting sealing in Behring Sea. These instructions differ from those of last year in three important particulars.

First—Any vessel found sealing in Behring Sea is to be seized whether or not she has been previously served with notice.

Second—The mere presence of a vessel in Behring Sea, having on board a sealing outfit, is cause for seizure.

Third—Persons on board the vessels seized are to be taken prisoniers with the vessel to suffer the penalty of the law. Under the British law, all persons killing or aiding or abetting in killing fur seals in Behring Sea, are punishable by a fine of £100 and imprisonment at hard labor for six months. Under onment at hard labor for six months. Under the American law they are subject to six months imprisonment and a fine of \$1,000.

African M. E. Conterence.
The quadrennial conference of the African M.
E. Church, which is to continue three weeks, began in Philiadelphia on the 2nd. Nine bishops and 317 delegate were present, representing every state in the Union. In addition delegates were present from Canada, Nova Scotia, Bermuda, Sau Domingo, Hayti, Sierra Leone and Liberia.

A Girl Forced to Marry

A few days ago Miss McDonald a young lows school teacher was abducted by her lover, W. W. Bain, who bound and gagged of all foundations-private worth her and forced her to marry him.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Western News Notes.

The Golden Globe has been purchased by an

A new \$300,000 hotel is to be built at Glen wood Springs.

Montrose has organized a silver club with 200 members. A new national bank has been organized at Raton, New Mexico.

Raton, New Mexico.

A number of coal miners at Golden has secured at advance in wages by striking.

The citizens of Fremont have decided to change the name of their town to Cripple "The Gold Bug" is the name of a new pape oon to be started at Jimtown in Boulde

The contract for printing State official no tices has been awarded to the Denver Time at three cents per line.

Henderson Russell, • murderer who, while under sentence of deam escaped from the authorities in Mississippi, has been arrested

in Denver. A thirteen-year-old boy held up a ranchniar near Kit Carson, Colorado, a few days ago it the most approved style, but without obtain-ing any money. He is now in jail.

ing any money. He is now in jail.

A very pretty fight is going on in Den
between a lot of choir singers and an Epis
pal clergyman who objects to the members
his choir appearing in abbreviated dresses
the operatic stage as chorus girls.

Work was resumed in a most vigorous manner on Raton's new water works. By the first of July water will be supplied to that town by the new company in unlimited quantities and it will have the finest water plant in the contract.

Telegraphic Brevities

4The ninth victim of the Philadelphia fire Baron Fava is on his way from Italy t Washington.

Vashington.

Augustus Kountze, the well-known New

York banker, died on the 30th. A large flat in New York burned last weel and two women lost their lives.

Three young people were drowned a Chattanooga, while attending a school picnic The business portion of the town of Vatrous, New Mexico, was burned on the

Ferdinand Ward who squandered Genera Grant's fortune has been released from Sing

Sing.

Jay Gould has bought the El Paso and
White Oaks railroad, ten miles of which are

Charles Crotzer shot William Callahan Sat urday at St. Louis in a quarrel over the price

of a shave. Two burglars at Camden, Tennessee

cured \$1.500. secured \$1,500.

The wheat shipments from Duluth, Minne sota, to buffalo this week will aggregate 3,000,000 bushels.

Preparations are being made for an extensive wool exhibit at the World's Fair in the

agricultural building.

Rev. J. Lambuth, D. D., one of the oldes 30th at Kobe, Japan.

SUL at Kobe, Japan.

There was a great fire in Winnipeg a few days ago that destroyed the theater and other property valued at \$125,000.

The anarchists in Belgtum are very activ houses for anarchists and bombs.

A boiler exploded near Rocky Comfort,
Arkansas, on the 30th, killing three persons
and fatally wounding several others.

The sale or disposal of the "dam" bonds of
the Austin, Texas, by any person holding the
same has been restrained by an injunction.

The resition being a insyniated in New York

The petition being circulated in New York for an anti-Hill convention in May has re-celved the signatures of 120,000 Democrats. Mrs. Deacon has left France to avoid bell made to testify against her husband. Ti indicates a better spirit than she has show

As a further sequel to the Bor rowe-Drayte

As a further sequel to the Bor rowe-Drayto affair Milbank fought a duel on the 29th with the Due de Morny. The latter was danger ously wounded.

Out of 35,000 Polish emigrants who went to Brayll 1.500 are recorded.

Dr. Keeley of bi-chloride of gold fame, threatened with death by an unknown won who claims that the doctor is responsible for

her husband's death. A copy of "Tamerlane," one of Poe's earlie productions sold at anction in Boston a few days ago for \$1,850. There is only one other

copy in existence.

Two large buildings in Pittsburg were detroyed by fire on the 30th. The loss was \$300, 000. The fire was caused by a candle being dropped into a pile of waste paper.

General Butler is still having trouble over his book. The C. H. Jewett Publishing Company, with whom he violated his original contract, has entered suit for \$50,000 damages.

A. K. Linderfeldt, resident of the National

A. K. Linderfeldt, president of the Nationa Library Association and librarian of the Mil waukee public library during the past thirte years, has been arrested for embezzlement.

A socialist named Graham created great ex-citement in the House of Commons the othe day by his radical remarks and lack of respect for the officers. He was suspended for a week.

A large and beautiful estate in North Pe A large and beautiful estate in North re brokeshire, England, called Kelwendeage, been leased by Captain Osborne. Thither will retire with Mrs. Osborne and live in str

seclusion.

The board of World's Fair managers to Virginia are in session at Chicago. A separate building will be erected, and it is probable that Washington's home at Mount Vernor will be reproduced.

Six hundred coal miners at Massoulah, Ill nois, have struck because of the discharge o three men who had been sent by the miners Springfield to investigate the enforcement of the weekly payment law.

A bill in equity was filed on the 2nd in th United States Circuit Court at Philad to prevent the sugar trust from taking possession of the sugar refineries in that city which the trust recently purchased

the trust recently purchased.

Arsenic was put into a well at Cleveland a few days ago for the purpose of poisoning a family of Hungarians. A neighborhood quarrel was the cause. It was discovered before any one drank of the water.

The Santa Fe road has given notice of a reduction of rates from Chicago and St. Louis to the gonclave in Penver next August. It will make a rate of \$12 round trip. It claims that all other lines are secretly cutting.

Miss Incz Sykes, a young lady was causty.

Miss Inez Sykes, a young lady, was eaugh by a ruffian on the streets of Charlotte, North

Carolina. He smothered her crie and cut off her hair, which she wore in a lon plait. Her assailant then struck her in the breast, threw the hair away, and escaped. breast, threw the hair away, and escaped.

At Vilna, Russia, six men and women have been convicted of murdering bables that had been entrusted to their charge, and were sentenced to from six to twenty years penal servitude. In many cases the murders were committed with the connivance of the mothers of the little victims. ers of the little victims,

HERE IS A BEAR STORY. MAY DAY WAS QUIET

NO BLOODSHED IN EUROPE,

The Precautions of the Police Have Good Effect and the Agitators

Were Peaceful. No disturbances occurred in London as a result of the May-day demonstration, which was on the largest scale ever attempted. It took three hours for the procession to pass a given point. The men walked abreast, almost filling the street from curb to curb, and the number in the march was from 60,000 to 75,000. The concourse of spectators in Hyde Park was fully 150,000. When the procession arrived there, and it did not finish marching into the park until 5:30, it distributed itself into sixteen different platforms allotted to arrived there, and it did not finish marching into the park until 5:30, it distributed itself into sixteen different platforms allotted to speakers of the various trades. Here resolutions were passed in the usual way, the eighthours' working day topic being the keynote of all the spoken or written nuterances. The police were everywhere and thousands of soldiers within immediate call. All the arrangements were admirable, but up to 9 o'clock in the evening not the smallest disturbance had occurred and not a single arrest was reported. Perfect quiet reigned on May day in Paris. The mounted guard municipale patrolled the streets, one states were thickly sanded to prevent the horses from slipping, but with the exception of a few English and American sightseers, the streets were practically deserted.

erican sightseers, the streets were practi-y deserted.

the demonstrations which occurred at

tions passed calling for the working day being limited to eight hours, but there was no
violence at any time. A portion of the garrison remained in the barracks all day.

Perfect tranquility existed throughbout Rome,
although in expectation of riots many large
shops were closed. Vehicular traffic was suspended, but this was not from fear of dynamite, but because the cabmen have struck. A
few socialist meetings were held during the
morning, but the attendance was generally
small and the language was not particularly
violent.

There were no outbreaks in Spain, and there was no excitement in Berlin. There was a great procession in Vienna, but no riotou

occeedings.
Liege, Belgium was the scene of the only Liege, Belgium was the scene of the only violence committed in Europe. The day passed without disorder, but in the evening a body of militia while marching to relieve a guard were set upon with cries of "kill the hirelfings." The militia charged and a minute later there was an explosion. The pavement was shattered and window glass for some distance smashed. Within ten minutes two more bombs were exploded. The damage was trivial, but the excitement was intense. Numbers of workmen were arrested. Bodies of militia patroled the streets during the night.

WESTERN CATTLEMEN.

The Inter-West Cattlemen's Congress Or-

The Inter-West Cattlemen's Congress Organized at Ogden.

The Inter-West Cattlemen's Congress, called by Western representatives of cattle interests to meet in Ogden, opened on the 20th, with nearly 200 delegates present. The day began with a parade with bands of music, the streets of the city being gally decorated with the national emblems.

At the noon meeting a permanent organization was effected by electing the following officers: President, Orlando North, Nevada; first vice president, Wm. Crawford, Evanston, Wyo; second vice-president, J. O. Shirley, Union, Ore.; third vice-president, W. E. Skinner, Omaha; fourth vice-president, J. H. Waite, Kansas City, Mo.; secretary, R. L. Armstrong, Ogden; A. B. Patton, Ogden treasurer. These will be the officers of the permanent organization. The interstate commerce law was the chief subject under discussion, but no decisive action was taken.

Great Safe Combine.

Great Safe Combine.

Great Safe Combine.

The official announcement has been made of the combination of the great safe manufacturing houses of the country, Herring, Hall and Marvin. The headquarters of the Herring and Marvin companies are in New York, and those of Hall in Cincinnati. The two first named have existed over a century and Hall's Safe and Lock Company was founded in 1845. The new firm, which is incorporated as the Herring, Hall, Marvin Company, will begin business on the first of next June. Its capitalization is \$3,300,000, the issue of stock being 18,000 shares of 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and 15,000 shares of common stock, the par value in each case being \$100. Large advance subscriptions are reported, although the books are not yet formally opened. The parties at present in interest are to retain a majority of the common stock. The combined profits of the three companies last year olned profits of the three companies last year were \$316.780.

A Mine Caves In.

A Mine Caves In.

An immented eavelin occurred in the big copper mine at San Pedro, New Mexico, owned by the Santa Fe Copper Company. The collapse occurred on the 22th. "The extent of the cave-in can only be estimated from the secopleft in the side of the mountair, as there is no approach to the interior. The main tunnel for several hundred feet, and the air shaft and hundreds of feet of drift are involved in the collapse. The machinery and drills inside the mine are burled. Several important ore pillars were removed recently and their place not filled properly by timbering.

About ten days ago, a dozen men quit work, ome alleging sickness, but all were afraid of the impending disaster. Two men narrowly escaped death.

Methodist Laymen Complain

Methodist Laymen Complain.

About 100 Methodist laymen who are in Omaha to attend the general conference which met on the 2nd, held a preliminary meeting Saturday night in which speeches were made urging that the 150 lay delegates to the conference be allowed to sit in a body separate from the 350 ministerial delegates. It was charged that the laymen were so swallowed up amidst the ministers that they never get a chance to speak. Resolutions to this effect were carried by a vote of 74 to 24. The layman also intend to agitate for an increase in representation so that they may equal in number the ministers.

The eastbound Burlington passenger train known as No. 4 was wrecked three miles west of Creete a little after six o'clock Sunday morning by running into a washout. As a result/three men were killed and six were more or less injured. Two of the men killed were tramps and the others injured were train

A Zealous Priest.

Rev. Father Tracy of Burlington, New Jersey, drove a parishoner and his daughter from church last Sunday at the point of a revolver, because the young lady has been receiving attentions from a young man who is a Protestant.

Will Stop the Round-up.

The attorneys of the large cattle companies ranging cattle in Johnson county, Wyoming, have decided to apply to Judge J. A. Riner of the United States Circuit Court for a temporary injunction to restrain the small cattle owners. have decided to apply to Judge J. A. Riner of the United States Circuit Court for a temporary injunction to restrain the small cattle owners from carrying on the round-ups they have projected for May 12 and 15.

A Trapped Brute Assisted by An-other Bear in Carrying off the Not long ago a cow died in the vicin

ity of the Guinn ranch, near the head of Goose creek, South of Wagon-Wheel zap, says the San Juan Prospector. It soon became apparent to William Guinn, owner of the ranch, that the Guinn, owner of the ranch, that the carcass of the cow was being visited by a bear of very large dimensions, and, in company with Dell McClelland, Mr. Guinn decided to "sit up with" the bear and endeavor to get a shot at it by night. This was done, but lowing to darkness the bear was not killed by shots fired. As the next resort a large bear-trap, weighing about seventy-five pounds, was procured and set near the dead "critter," and the trappers went to bed laughing at the trick they had played on the bear. The trap was chained to a pole eighteen feet long and eight inches through at the large end. In the morning an examination of the premises about the dead cow showed plainty that the bear and a cub had been there during the night. There was a large track, evidently made by a cub. The trap, however, was gone, and with it the eighteen-foot pole, and the disturbed condition of the ground showed conclusively that the bear had been caught in the trap. The trail, however, away from the scene was only the trail of two bears—there was not a mark of dragging the strength and the proposed as a single process of the owner of the most remarkable and the remarkable and the remarkable and the promises about the dead cow showed blainty that the bear and a cub had been there during the night. There was a large track, eighteen inches long and six or seven inches wide, and a small track, evidently made by a cub. The trap, however, was gone, and with it the eighteen-foot pole, and the disturbed condition of the ground showed conclusively that the bear had been caught in the trap. The trail, however, away from the scene was only the trail of two bears—there was not a mark of dragging the disturbed condition of the ground showed conclusively that the bear had been caught in the trap. The trail, however, away from the scene was only the trail of two bears—there was not a mark of dragging the dragge and a control to the case. carcass of the cow was being visited premises about the dead cow showed plainly that the bear and a cub had been there during the night. There was a large track, eighteen inches long and six or seven inches wide, and a small track, evidently made by a cub. The trap, however, was gone, and with it the eighteen-foot pole, and the disturbed condition of the ground showed conclusively that the bear had been caught in the trap. The trail, however, away from the scene was only the trail of two bears—there was not a mark of dragging sither trap or pole. Mr. Guinn took up the trial, which he followed eight miles without coming upon the bears, trap, or pole. At the camp of Tom Carey, seven miles away, that gentlem and heavy fall on the ground, as though something had been dropped. Having no gun Mr. Carey set up in his tent the balance of the night and endeavored to keep warm by poking wood into a sheet-iron stove. The trail was followed a mile or so further and then lost. In one place the bears had passed through a heavy quaking aspen thicket and had literally moved a path through the saplings showing that the trap and pole were being taken along. The natural inference is that the bear was caught in the trap and had picked up the same, with the pole, and started for the high. The bear is an old oftender in these parts, and Mr. Guinn tope the case was defined and started for the high. The bear is an old oftender in these parts, and Mr. Guinn hopes to find it yet.

Later—A man just in from the head of the San Juan reports that he pass—of the San Juan

parts, and Mr. Guina heres
yet.
Later—A man just in from the head
of the San Juan reports that he pass
at the bears on the Pagosa road, beyond Summitville. jogging contentedly along, each carrying one end of the
pole, while the old bear was caught in
the trap by the right front foot.

wherever they went. For safety the for lo inhabitants fled to the castles and in my that; inhabitants fled to the castles and fortified towns, and among the most notable of the fortresses of Aberdeenshire was Staine's Castle, where were collected a large number of people of the neighborhood. The Danes projected a surprise. Approaching the castle in the darkness, they planned to scale its walls, and laid aside their shoes that the greater secrecy might be observed when drawing near to the fortifications. The surprise might have been successful had it not been for the fact that, on descending into the dry moat, they found, to their great disconfiture and mortification, it was filled with thistles, by which their feet was so severely pricked that several made an it may be a supprise the fact that and the sharp as and the sharp as a famility. wall in time to repelthe onset. Regard-ing their good fortune in repelling the Danes as due to the thistles, these plants were immediately placed in the arms of Scotland and adopted as the emblem of the country. emblem of the country.

A remarkable snake story was told by a resident of Clarion county recently, and but for the unimpeachable character of the narrator would sound like a "snake story." He stated that a farmer who lived near Clarion while in a field was attacked by a snake fully ten feet in length. The reptile coiled itself around the farmer's waist and glared fixedly in his face evidently trying to charm him. Shaking off the dizzy feeling caused by the snake's hypnotic gaze, the farmer cut it to ypnotic gaze, the larmer cut it to deces with the scythe and then, ex-dense with fright and overexertion,

hausted with right and overexertion, sank to the ground.

The head of the snake, with a portion of the body, lay near him and the peculiar color caused him to pick tup and he found it was an albino the body of the color of the body of the color of the clacksnake. The peculiar formation of the snake's eyes caused him to exmine them closely and he could hardy believe the evidence of his senses then he discovered. ly believe the evidence of his senses when he discovered a perfect reproduction of his face photographed in the center of the eye. He brought the snake back to town, where it was photographed and preserved in alcohol. The negative taken by the photographer shows the snake's eye perfectly with the farmer's face showing as clearly as if also taken with a camera. —Oil City Derrick.

A Joke on Her Malesty

A Joke on Her Majesty.

Few people are perhaps aware how thoroughly the queen enjoys a joke. A gentleman-in-waiting, whom let us rall Mr. A—, distinguished for his imitative powers and dramatic talent, is not infrequently called upon to trip the light fantastic toe, figuratively speaking when in attendance at Windson and Balmoral.

One day the great ledy looking with

sor and Balmoral.

One day the great lady, looking with a certain austerity straight into the face of Mr. A — demanded:

"Now, Mr. A — , I am perfectly well aware that when my back is turned you imitate me. I wish to see you do it now, this minute!"

Poor Mr. A — fell straightway into the royal trap, crimsoped, faltered. the royal trap, crimsoned, utterly lost his countenance. "Ah!" exclaimed the countenance.

THE SARATOGA MIRACLE my organ and plane

FURTHER INVESTIGATED BY AN EXPRESS REPORTER.

The Facts Already Stated Fully Confirmed-Interviews with Leading Phy-sicians Who Treated Quant-The Most Marvellous Case in the History of

for Pais People, a popular reasesty propered and put up by the Dr. Williams Medicine company, Morristowa, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont., IS TRUE, and that all its statements are not only justified but verified by the fuller development of the further facts of the case.

Perhaps the readers of the Express are not all of them fully familiar with the details of this miraculous restoration to health of a man who after months of treatment by the most skillful doctors in two of the best hospitals in the State of New York—the Rousevelt hospital in Albany—was dismissed from each as incurable, and because the case was deemed incurable, and because the case was deemed incurable, the class was denied admission into several others to which application was made in his behalf. The story as told by Mr. Quant himself and published in the Albany Journal, is as follows:

"My name is Charles A. Quant. I am 37

published in the Albany Journal, is as fol-lows:
"My name is Charles A. Quant. I am 37 years old. I was born in the village of Laiway, and excepting when traveling on business and a little while in Amsterdam, have spent my whole life here. Up to about eight years ago I had never been sick and was then in perfect heath. I was fully six feet tall, weighed 180 pounds, and was very strong. For twelve years I was fully The thistle was selected as the national emblem of Scotland in the year 1010. It was during the reign of Malcolm I. that a notable invasion of the country was made by the Danes. They came in thousands, and, landing on the coast, swarmed over the inhabited districts like locusts, describers. early summer of 1800 curable, and thought Imagine my surpris-letter from him about ing me that he was a Eighteenth street, to windebted for assisting locomotor staxis: "I cases of this disease practice. I will not a but I never knew of a I will say it is not do remedies known to the After the success for the stay of the success for the succ

ing case and excited Poor fellow, he coufouble sight and was dizzy. My trouble so iffected my whole nervous system that I had to give up business. Then I returned to New York and went to the Roosevelt hospital, where for four months I was treated by specialists and they pronounced my case locomotor ataxia and incurable. After I had been under treatment by Prof. Starr and Dr. was for four months, they told me they bear dama all they could for me. Then I

who said there was no hope for me. I was brought home, where it was thought that death would soon come to relieve me of my sufferings. Last September, while in this helpless and suffering condition, a friend of mine in Hamilton, Ont., called my attention to the statement of one John Marshall, where case had been similar to my own, and who had been cured by the use of Last Marshall, who is a prominent member, the long it remplars of the minest that treatment after four years of constant treatment with Dr. William & course of treatment with the warmer; my head felt was overy weak, but I continued to follow instructions as to taking the pills and the treatment, and even before I had used up the two boxes of the pills and the treatment, and even before I had used up the two boxes of the pills and the treatment, and even before I had used up the two boxes of the pills and the treatment, and even before I had used up the two boxes of the pills and the treatment, and even before I had used up the two boxes of the pills and the treatment, and even before I had used up the two boxes of the pills and th days the cold baths were pretitudity severe, as I few was so very weak, but I continued to follow instructions as to taking the pills and the the two boxes of the pills I gazan to feel not so bad. I felt warmer; had gree better; my food began to reits and agree better; my food began to reits and agree began to come back into my limbs; I began to to come back into my limbs; I began to be able to get about on rutches; my eye came back again as good in the sing gan to be able to get about on rutches; and now, after the use of eight boxes of the pills, at a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and a cost of only \$1.60-\$son of the bills, and the bills which bring a bill state of the bills with the bills of the bills of the bills of the bills with the bills of th Facts About Wa

Mr. Quant place GERIES E) ROOSEVELT HOSPITAL No 14037. OUT-PATIENT NO 14037. Admitted depth ...

Chao, Quanth ...

Age J44 Birthyley Try.

Civil Condition ...

Mondays, V To verify Mr. Quant's porter a few day called on Dr. Al 22 West Twenty-city. Dr. Starr i

lir. M. A. Star

By means of this ords was permitted history of Mr. Qua