

The concert of Europe appears to lack an efficient handmaster.

Prince Albert's mile in 1:57 shows Dan Patch that there are others.

Dressmakers do not worry over the bills. That problem is up to the men.

The first collar bone has been broken in a football game at Medford. Next!

Such a thing as a wild day in stocks does not appear to ruffle the country's equanimity.

The theatrical manager who shot up his company must have been looking at the show.

If blood was a merchantable commodity the Turk would be in the way to make substantial profits.

If it were not for the man who "also ran," the victory of the successful candidate would not be so conspicuous.

According to arctic explorers there is enough ice about the north pole this year to break the heart of the ice trust.

Barrie's play, "Little Mary," has the noble theme that England overrules. Now for a health food named "Little Mary."

Glance over the market quotations and see if you do not think this is a good time to lay in your winter supply of steel rails.

Joseph Jefferson admits that he visited Chicago in 1839. He stoutly declares, however, that he didn't play "Rip" at that time.

Placer mining machine has been invented that will make gold plentiful, and this will help us to stave off the trusts for a little while.

Let the boys play football while they can, for Dr. Wiley says we are soon to be a hairless race and then it would be all off with that sport.

"Dey say dar am a black sheep in ebery family," mused Uncle Rastus. "Wonder how de cullud man am 'sposed to 'stinguish de one in his."

Members of the international peace congress want to hold their next session in the United States, where there are no cannons booming or bullets flying.

Old wine, old shoes and old friends have always been declared the best. Now, an old horse has paced a mile in 1:57, breaking the record of Dan Patch.

Officers are trying to prevent the inmates of the Pennsylvania penitentiary from making counterfeit money. It is too bad that a man can't work at his trade.

It is stated that bridge whist is suffering from a decline in popular favor. Perhaps the bridge sharps have succeeded in harvesting all the other fellows' money.

The Connecticut man, who has had inscribed under his bust in the cemetery the words: "Going, but Can't Tell Where," is frank even if he isn't strictly orthodox.

George de Pinna, the purchaser of Shamrock I, might as well abandon the idea of converting her into a cruiser; she couldn't overhaul anything in case of war.

Noah Roby of Plainfield, N. J., who claims to be 132 years old, is down with the measles. This second childhood business appears to be dangerous if it is carried too far.

Patil actually has a new picture for advertising purposes! What has happened to the old one, taken when she was nineteen—with which we are all familiar? Did the negative get broken?

Judge Emmons will find a fine field of endeavor in Nome, where unique bal masques are advertised in the public prints as festive occasions to be avoided by all persons whose feelings are easily shocked.

Seventy-five teachers in Chicago's public schools have resigned this summer to get married. Well, it is pleasant, after all, to teach your own children than it is to teach the boys and girls of other people.

One of the designs for the Lipton testimonial shows the American Indian buffalo, seal and American eagle, with delicate trimmings, comprising dainty festoons of Indian corn. For heaven's sake, cut out the corn!

French aeronauts have succeeded in crossing the English channel in a balloon. People who have crossed the channel in boats unanimously admit that they don't know of anything which might more fittingly be crossed in a balloon.

After a thorough consideration of the statements made by the powers with reference to the situation in Macedonia, the unbiased observer will conclude that the matter is likely to be settled only when everybody has either moved out or been killed off.

Were Cotton Mather alive he would preach an interesting sermon on the 11,000 of his fellow countrymen who crossed the river from El Paso on a recent Sunday to attend a bull fight.

Miss Goelet will lose no time in getting acquainted with her mother-in-law after marriage. They are due to meet in December. Merry Christmas!

The Filipinos are organizing a baseball league. They will find more excitement and pleasure in the game than in any insurrection of the past.

## COLORADO STATE AFFAIRS AND DOINGS AT THE CAPITAL CITY

### Geological Survey.

Recognizing the important position occupied by Colorado among the states in which reclamation work is to be undertaken, the geological survey has established a permanent office at Denver, with a large force of experienced engineers, hydrographers and assistants.

The work of the Denver office is under the general direction of Mr. A. L. Fellows. Associated with him are Mr. H. A. Steers, electrical engineer; Charles R. Steiner, assistant engineer; and Mr. E. Duryee, cement expert.

The hydrographic work for Colorado and adjoining states is under the immediate supervision of Mr. N. C. Hindler, engineer, assisted in Colorado by Engineers F. Cogswell and R. C. Meeker. The hydrographic work for Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming, New Mexico and eastern Utah is reported to the Denver office.

Considerable progress has been made in the work upon the Uncompahgre valley project, which is under the direction of I. W. McConnell, resident engineer.

This work has consisted principally in an addition to the topographic maps of the valley made by A. Sargent, classification of the lands therein by W. P. Edwards, and investigation of the reservoir sites on the tributaries of Gunnison river.

The work of the White river project is under the immediate direction of Robert S. Stockton, engineer, whose headquarters are at Meeker, Colorado. Mr. Sargent is arranging for the survey of the eastern end of Ro Blanco county; at the present time being engaged in making an examination and survey of the region about the head of the White river. Stream gauges in this section are maintained by Mr. Ora McDermitt.

Law Regarding the Insane. Judge Lindsey of the County Court of Denver has succeeded in finding an old law which provides that any person who is insane, and who has no property, must pay for his care.

The law has been a dead letter for years, but now that the insane wards of both institutions are crowded it is likely that it will be enforced. At least a number of communications have passed between the Charity Board of the City Council and Judge Lindsey on the subject.

The law in question is as follows: "In case any person who is adjudged to be insane, as hereinafter provided, has no friend or relative who will assume the custody and care of said lunatic, the County Court shall order the said lunatic to be placed in the State Insane Asylum, or other hospital or place suitable for the treatment of the insane. If such lunatic has any estate in the hands of his conservator, an account for the keeping of said lunatic shall be rendered by the proper authorities of said asylum or hospital, or the owner or owners of any other place where he has been received, and the County Court, by which said commitment was ordered, and upon the further order of said court, the conservator shall pay said account out of any moneys in his hands belonging to said estate and which may be so applied."

An Agricultural Epoch. The special meeting of the stockholders of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company, to be held October 21st, the day after the annual meeting, is likely to be one of the most important in the history of the road, says the Denver News. It will mark an epoch in which the Rio Grande is no longer dependent upon mining interests for its traffic.

The knowledge that the Rio Grande source of income from agricultural products is almost as great as that from mines has been slow to break upon the stockholders. The cause of the growth of its income from this source is found in the improved systems of cultivating "arid" lands and in the great trek of homeseekers to points along its line.

The San Luis valley is attracting more homeseekers this season than the entire state of Colorado attracted two years ago. The trains are crowded and arrangements can be perfected for another train is likely to be put on.

The Rio Grande management at the special meeting will give due consideration to the big showing made by its traffic from agricultural and kindred sources. It has been predicted that an industrial age would be appointed at this meeting.

The general passenger agent says that the San Luis valley and other portions of the state tributary to the Rio Grande has surprised even the most sanguine. The travel is unprecedented.

At the stockholders' meeting there will be reports presented which can not fail to convince the most skeptical capitalist that the San Luis valley is a land of great wealth to any road and that when its resources are developed it will surprise everyone.

A list of the state tax due from each county is being prepared by State Auditor Holmberg. Each must contribute its share to the funds for the numerous state institutions and others included in the 4-mill levy. A table is being prepared showing how much each county will have to pay to the state treasury.

Health Commissioner Cough of Denver has taken issue with several of the statements made by the State Board of Health in the set of regulations for the prevention of tuberculosis announced by that body. He says that the statistics kept by his office do not show that so large a percentage of tuberculosis cases are contracted here as is claimed by the State Board. Twenty per cent, the proportion named, is entirely too large an estimate for native cases.

Dr. Cough's statement that the disease is spreading now more than ever is also questioned by the City Health Department. One of the officials said: "If our records prove anything in this connection it is that there has been little increase during the last ten years in the number of cases contracted in Colorado."

The Colorado Court of Appeals has adopted a new rule concerning the transcript of records. Typographically the rule provides: "All transcripts shall be bound in half sheep or cloth with substantial sides, thirteen inches in length and eight and one-quarter inches in width. All briefs of counsel and abstracts of the record shall be printed upon octavo pages nine inches in length and six inches in width, in small pica type, leaded. Extracts and quotations must be in the same type, either solid or indented, in the discretion of counsel. The number of the case in this court must be printed in large figures at the top of title page."

### Denver Grand Jury Discharged.

Judge Booth Malone, of the District Court at Denver, on the 12th instant, vacated the order for the grand jury which was summoned to investigate the alleged charter election and registration frauds. The motion for the removal of the sheriff and coroner, and the appointment of elisors to summon a new grand jury, made by the attorneys of the Honest Election League, was first denied, after which the judge announced his decision discharging the grand jury.

In his decision Judge Malone addressed the panel present as follows: "But, gentlemen, the court desires to say a word to those of you who have been summoned to appear here as grand jurors."

The court wishes to express his high regard for you, collectively and individually. Some of you the court has known personally and somewhat intimately for several years, and the court now takes pleasure in saying that it believes the general personnel of the grand jury is of high character, standing and character as that of any jury called within this state, within the knowledge of this court.

"And yet, gentlemen, the court feels compelled, in justice to you and the public, to say that no unbiased friend of the court, or the public, or the true lover of justice who is familiar with the situation and condition of things as they now appear before the court and jury, can honestly believe that any real benefits or practical results will or likely can be secured to the public at this time under the existing conditions."

"The court believes that were you to attempt to enter upon the duties of a grand jury at this time you would be compelled to act without the approval, sympathy or support of a large part of the general public and of the very parties who have invoked the power of the court to have a grand jury called."

"The court believes that no matter what you might do, or how you might do your actions and even your motives will be misjudged and misconstrued."

"You would enter upon your duties, discredited and handicapped by the actions and the attitude of the very parties to whom you would naturally have the right to look for encouragement and assistance."

"I do not believe, therefore, that you ought to be compelled to struggle with the disadvantages and submit to the unjust aspersions and criticisms that are bound to follow you under the circumstances you are in anywise to blame."

"The order heretofore made by the court, upon the 18th day of September, directing the sheriff to summon a grand jury, will be and the same hereby is vacated and rescinded."

A decision was rendered by the Supreme Court on the 14th instant that the election of November 3rd is a "general election" under the law and that elections can be held at that time to fill vacancies in county offices.

The decision was on a Cripple Creek case, but it is said it will apply to a number of counties, where vacancies have been in place by death, resignation or appointment.

There are fifty or sixty insane patients at the county hospital at Denver awaiting admittance to the Pueblo asylum, to which they have been committed by the County Court. Unless provision is made for their reception they will next to day be committed to the county jail, where they will be crowded into the cells.

A committee, consisting of "Parson" Uzzell, A. N. Patton and Alex Nisbet will bring court proceedings against the state for the recovery of damages.

Disbarment proceedings have been instituted against Frank B. Taylor, a Denver lawyer, by the State Bar Association. The complaint against Taylor is brought on behalf of the Colorado Bar Association. The complaint was drawn by Attorney General Miller. Taylor was given ten days to answer, which he refused to do. There are several counts against Taylor of alleged misconduct.

Register Woodruff of the Land Board has completed his report of receipts for the period beginning March 1 and ending September 30, 1903. The receipts amounted to \$147,813.40, which is \$1,080,000 more than the corresponding period of the previous year. The school fund of the state has been increased by this amount. This does not include payments made to the board by Skinner and Tabor and other large delinquent lessees of the state land.

A campaign through influential sources is about to be made in behalf of a new government building for Denver. And because the present building is so lamentably inadequate it is expected that the campaign will be entirely successful. The new building will be a two-story structure, with a central tower, and will be a model of modern architecture.

R. B. Armstrong, first assistant secretary of the Treasury, was in the city, and made a thorough inspection of the building. It was not an official inspection, as Mr. Armstrong was in the city only to lead of the department to which public buildings belong, the custodian of the building took advantage of the opportunity to give the department some occult proof of the truth of his representations. He took Mr. Armstrong through the building and showed him the congested state of affairs. The first assistant secretary of the Treasury was much impressed by what he saw, and in conversation with Mayor Wright, and others, expressed himself quite freely. He said that he had not realized the congested condition of the federal building, or the great expense to the government and inconvenience to the departments arising from the necessity of locating offices outside of the building. "Denver seems to need a new building badly," he said. "There is no city of its size and business in the country so poorly equipped to take care of the government's business."

State Engineer, on the 10th, inst., examined the bids submitted for the bridge to be built across the Arkansas river nine miles from Pueblo at the mouth of the St. Charles river. All of the bids were too high, the lowest being \$5,000 in excess of the amount the state has to spend. The lowest bidders were M. J. Patterson & Co. of Denver, and the Pueblo Bridge Company. The first was \$12,980 and the second \$12,300. For a combination wood and steel bridge the Patterson company bid \$10,890 and the Pueblo company \$9,980. It was decided to take the two lowest bids under advisement and confer with the county commissioners of Pueblo county and see if they are willing to pay the difference.

## COLORADO BRIEFS.

L. Z. Coman, a prominent Boulder physician, died on the 16th inst., of pneumonia.

James Laundry was instantly killed at Silver Plume on the 16th inst., by the falling of a rock from the Baltimore tunnel. He was twenty-one years of age and unmarried.

A paying flow of oil is reported in the No. 5 well of the Otero company near Boulder. Other companies are actively engaged in drilling in the vicinity.

At one of the vice presidents elected by the Army of the Tennessee at its recent meeting are Captain George A. Dy of Denver and General W. T. Clark, also credited to Colorado.

Thomas J. Hunter, for fifteen years a resident of Larimer county, died at Fort Collins on the 12th inst., at the age of eighty-six years, leaving a wife who is eighty-five.

Dr. Rose Kidd Beere has been appointed trustee officer for the city of Denver. This is said to be the first case in the West where a woman has held the position.

The handsome new opera house at Loveland was opened on the night of October 4th, the play being "On the Hills of California." The seating capacity is about 900.

The second annual meeting of the Rocky Mountain Hotel Men's association will be held at the Adams hotel in Denver, November 5th. There will be a banquet at night.

Farmers have begun delivering beets at the Longmont sugar factory. The plant will not be finished ready for work for several weeks, but the sheds will be filled to full capacity.

Vincent Walsh, son of Thomas F. Walsh of Colorado, had the bones of his right arm badly fractured by the crank of his automobile while out riding at Washington on the 11th inst.

Harry Davies, the snake charmer, received his tenth snake bite a few days since at the hands of a person named Snakely, but did not take it seriously. He had only recently recovered from the bite of a copperhead.

Henry Carr Ferris has been appointed superintendent of the Union Pacific railroad lines in Colorado to succeed W. A. Deuel, who goes to Omaha to take the position of superintendent of the company's lines in Nebraska.

T. D. A. Cockerell, of London, later secretary of the Colorado Biological Association, and one of the most noted biological scientists in the world, has been secured by Colorado College to compile the fauna and flora of Colorado.

B. F. Frenzel of Denver has offered, through the Colorado Scientific Society, a cash prize of \$250 to the student of the State School of Mines who shall write the best paper on "Tungsten in Colorado," the prize to be known as the Frenzel prize.

The students of the University of Denver were elated by the fact that their football team was only beaten 10 to 0 by the Nebraska team that they took a whole day off and paraded the streets in trolley cars with tin horns and college yell.

Dr. J. Grafton Jones of Buffalo, N. Y., is anxious to locate two boys in Colorado and has sought the assistance of the State Humane Society. The boys are sons of Thomas McDougal, now living in Buffalo. Their names are John Patrick and William Albert McDougal.

The troops from Fort Logan, 1,100 strong, started October 12th for the maneuvers at Fort Riley for the Union Pacific. The fort is left without a garrison except a detachment of cavalry of the Tenth regiment, which came to take the places of the infantry while the maneuvers were on.

Prof. Clarence P. Gillette of the State Agricultural college has been notified of his appointment by Director True as chief expert in charge of all the exhibits in entomology made at the Louisiana Purchase exposition by the government experiment stations. He will soon begin the work.

The comptroller of the currency has approved the application of Charles H. Humphrey, Best M. Coggins, L. Denner, A. Nichols and L. L. McGee to organize a new national bank, to be known as the First National bank of Rocky Ford, Colorado. The new bank will employ a capital of \$50,000.

The Telluride mill at Colorado City started up on the 10th inst. The mill is owned by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company. The mill began by treating 200 tons of ore a day, but expects to increase to 300 tons in a few days. Striking millmen asserted that no union men had returned to the mill.

City Chemist Frank H. Martin of Colorado City has completed a chemical analysis of the water which was thought to have caused the illness of sixty-eight soldiers at Camp El Paso in Cripple Creek on the 8th inst. The analysis shows the presence of cobalt in the drinking water. The exact proportion being one and one-half grains to the gallon.

N. Underhill, commissioner of the Colorado Terminal Lines association, recently stated that according to the estimates made by him the tourist business of the year would be close to 70,000. The tourists coming to the state are good until October 31st, and there are now about 4,000 tickets for the return trips not taken out. The tourist business this year has been much heavier than last year.

W. W. Parce, a landscape gardener of Denver, has been awarded the prize of \$150 offered by the regents of the University of Colorado for the best plan for the improvement of the university grounds. It includes among other features a large open air amphitheater placed in natural surroundings on the campus. The center of the grounds will be taken up by a large quadrangle, around which will be grouped the buildings.

At a meeting of the Terminal Lines Passenger association in Denver on the 13th inst., a concession of one fare for the round trip was made for the Elks' excursions in Colorado Springs, November 11th; for the Poultry and Pet stock show December 10th to 12th in Colorado Springs a rate of one fare and a fifth for the round trip was made. A similar rate was made for the Colorado State fair, which opens on the 15th inst. in Colorado Springs October 27th to 29th.

It is stated in Denver that plans are under way for a baseball league to take in the leading cities of this state and Utah, forming a compact little league that is destined to make the loss of the Western league felt. That if the Western falls to appear at the call of "play ball" next spring. The promoters of the state league have been working very quietly for the past three weeks, and have secured backing in many of the towns that it is proposed to take in.

On the 16th inst. the taxpayers of Fort Collins voted in favor of bonding the city for \$160,000 for the construction of waterworks.

## SHORT TELEGRAMS.

Three distinct shocks of earthquake were felt at Nevada, Missouri, on the 9th inst. No damage was done.

Professor Langley and his assistants have not lost faith in his air ship, but will "try, try again." They say it did not fail for want of power.

The order to reduce the force of shop men on the Vanderbilt system has caused the discharge of about 500 employees at Buffalo and Depeve.

Paris is all worked up over a new submarine that is harmless to dogs and larger animals, yet kills rats by the thousands. It is furnished by the Pasteur Institute.

William Beals, an aeronaut, was killed at San Francisco on the 11th inst., by falling from the trapeze of a parachute when he was only forty feet from the ground.

The Uruguayan gunboat General Riquelme was sunk at Santa Barbara, as the result of an explosion. Her commander was burned to death and many of the crew were killed.

It is stated at Rome that the Russian ambassador to Italy has assured Signor Malveaux, acting foreign minister, that the czar will come to Rome to visit the King early in November.

Peter Moller of New York has been decorated by the King of Greece with the Order of the Saviour. Mr. Moller accompanied King George on many of his excursions about Aix Les Bains.

The new British cabinet ministers have assumed their duties, the seals of office having been exchanged at a private council meeting held by King Edward at Buckingham palace October 9th.

A monument to William McKinley was unveiled at North Adams, Massachusetts, on the 10th inst. Among the speakers was John D. Long, who was secretary of the navy in McKinley's cabinet.

A decision has been handed down by the New York Court of Appeals in a case of the people vs. Pierson, declaring dependency upon faith healing in the case of sickness to be criminal negligence.

The last transfer of a stock exchange seat at New York was \$52,500, which is \$7,500 below the last previous recorded sale and about \$20,000 below the high record price at which seats sold a year or more ago.

Socialist demonstration of 20,000 workmen took place at Bilbao, Spain, on the 11th inst., during which a serious collision occurred with the Clericals. Four persons were killed and twenty-nine injured.

Collector of the Port Stranahan of New York City has recently received from Boston a contribution of \$200.70 to a "consolidation fund," it being the largest single payment to this fund ever received at this port.

Mrs. Tree, wife of Judge Lambert Tree, the well known jurist of Chicago, and formerly United States minister to Belgium and Russia, died on the 10th inst., aboard the steamer Campana, on her way home from Europe.

It is proposed to reserve a national park on the eastern coast of Porto Rico. A representative of the United States Bureau of Forestry visited Porto Rico and finds a great forest, preserving a natural water supply.

The body of Wilson S. Bissell, former postmaster general, was cremated at Buffalo, New York, October 9th. The crematorium was crowded with people, many of whom were bearers at the funeral. Included were Governor Cleveland, John G. Carlisle and Hoke Smith.

An agreement was reached at Chicago between the sheep butchers and the packers by which the men will receive an increase of 25 cents a day. About 3,000 men in the packing centers of the country are benefited.

The monument erected to the memory of the Union and Confederate soldiers of Maryland, who participated in the battles around Antietam, was dedicated at Orchard Knob, near the location of Grant's headquarters, on the 8th inst.

Paymaster General A. E. Bates of the army reports that for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, the total amount of funds handled by his department was \$43,645,959. Of this sum \$32,599,546 was expended on account of pay for the army.

A hose company of the Fort Worth fire department has lowered the world's speed record for going into action. The contest was run 250 feet, lay 100 feet of hose, a total run of 350 feet, make plug connections and get water. The time was 23 4-5 seconds.

A magistrate has seized the books of the Franco-American Oil Company at Paris. The manager of the concern recently fled to Paris for America, but the shareholders, who complained that they had received no dividends, asked for an investigation.

Dr. J. C. Brownfield, who figured in the Jessie Morrison case at Eldorado, Kansas, as a witness for the defendant, and was afterwards prosecuted on the charge of having perjured himself, will have to go to the penitentiary.

The Colorado Court of Appeals has affirmed the decision of the court below, which sentenced Brownfield to the state prison for seven years.

As a result of a well organized and partly successful attempt at a wholesale delivery of prisoners from the Utah State Penitentiary on the night of October 9th, one prisoner was killed, one was wounded and wounded, and another man was beaten almost into insensibility, three prisoners were wounded and two others under the death sentence escaped.

The Argentine gunboat Uruguay, 550 tons, started from Buenos Ayres on the 8th inst. for the Antarctic regions to search for the Swedish expedition headed by Dr. Otto Nordenskjöld. The Nordenskjöld expedition left Gothenburg, Sweden, October 15, 1901, on the steamer Antarctic, and was last heard from August 18 last, when the vessel was imprisoned in the ice.

The postmaster general has accepted the resignation of G. A. Christiancy as assistant attorney in the office of the United States attorney general in this way, and Mr. Gourley retorted that they went around with blinders on, unfit to drive sheep across the country.

A proposition is being seriously considered to build catacombs, similar to those of ancient Rome, in the Calvary Roman Catholic cemetery at New York. The design is to use them as a burial place for Catholic priests.

Joseph Folk, circuit attorney of St. Louis, who has been active in recent months in the prosecution of legislative and municipal wrong doers in Missouri, was a guest of the president at luncheon a few days ago. Some of the St. Louis bidders have escaped to Canada and Mexico and Mr. Folk is anxious to have the extradition treaties amended.

## DR. JOHN ALEXANDER DOWIE BEGINS HIS NEW YORK CRUSADE

New York, Oct. 18.—John Alexander Dowie, who calls himself Elijah the Restorer, faced his first New York audience to-day, and although Madison Square Garden was thronged at the afternoon and evening meetings, and thousands were turned away from the doors, he found himself confronted with what he called a new experience when thousands, having evidently satisfied their curiosity, threw the meetings into confusion by their sudden exodus before the ceremonies had fairly begun.

Commands to close the doors and prevent exist were unavailing, and the prophet gave vent to displays of much patience and forbearance. It was one thing to gather a great New York audience, but quite another thing to command its interest after the first demands of curiosity had been satisfied. The house-to-house visitation by the hosts of crusade meetings will be inaugurated to-morrow.

Five thousand persons were turned away from Madison Square Garden this afternoon, after all the seats in the building had been filled with a great crowd, curious to see John Alexander Dowie on his first appearance before a New York audience. Fully 14,000 persons were in the Garden at half-past 2 o'clock when the services began with the processional hymn which the Zion white-robed choir, to the number of about 600, and the capped and gowned ordained officers of the Christian Catholic Church in Zion sang.

The service of prayer opened with the invocation by Dr. Dowie, followed by the singing of a hymn, during which the crowd continued to pour into the Garden. This was followed by the recital of the creed and commandments and the reading of scripture, during which hundreds of persons started to leave the hall, causing much confusion.

The exodus continued in spite of repeated orders to close the doors, until nearly a third of the audience had departed, many of the vacant seats being filled with the waiting crowd outside. After order had been somewhat restored, Dr. Dowie said:

"If this is New York, and this is a typical New York congregation, I am in the face of a new experience. I think that some of the people who came in must have thought that this was a Babelic Babel show. I wonder if the congregations of the churches here enter and leave as they please. I reckon we have learned something and will be prepared hereafter."

Dr. Dowie took his text from the third chapter of the Book of Revelations, the twelfth verse, and to start the knock. If any man hear my voice and open the door, I will come into him and will sup with him and he with me."

With his arms above his head, in a shrill voice that reached the farthest parts of the Garden, he said: "O'ho, it is good to know that God has not ceased to knock at the human heart; to knock at the doors of homes; to knock at the doors of workshops; at the doors of places of business, at the doors of the municipalities; at the doors of the churches; at the doors of princes and of presidents and of kings. Thundering at the door of the world is the King of Kings. And in his name I stand before you to-day and say: 'Open that door and let the spirit of God in.'"

ALASKA BOUNDARY COMMISSION SUSTAINS THE UNITED STATES

Agreement, Oct. 18.—The Alaskan boundary commission to-day reached an agreement whereby all the American contentions are sustained with the exception of those in relation to the Portland canal, which Canada wins.

All that now remains to be done is for the commissioners to affix their signatures to the decision and complete the map which will accompany it.

On the map will be marked the boundary line definitely fixing the division of American and British territory on such a basis that no American citizen will lose a foot of land he already believes he has.

The long standing dispute was only settled after a week of keen, trying, secret deliberation between the arbitrators. Even up to noon yesterday there was an acute possibility that a disagreement might result, and the whole proceedings fall to the ground.

Lord Alverstone, though openly inclined to believe in the justice of the decision, was not so sure.

## CONTINUED BOOM IN SILVER MARKET

Washington, Oct. 18.—Another slice was taken off the rapidly narrowing margin between the bullion value of the Philippine pesos and their face value yesterday by an advance in the price of silver bullion in London to 28 1/2 pence per ounce, equivalent, at today's rate of exchange, to 23 1/2 cents.

The continued advance in the price of silver, notwithstanding the withdrawal of the Philippine government from the bullion market, indicates that purchases made for the new coinage would be most important factors in bringing about the upward movement of the market.

It has gone up almost daily since, in spite of predictions that it would decline and consequently there is increased apprehension lest the advance should be followed by a level as to make it profitable to export the new coins from the Philippines.

Their exportation will not be profitable with silver at just 64.1 cents per ounce. The price must go somewhat above this level to make it worth while for bullion dealers to ship coins to market in Asiatic ports.

There is much difference of opinion as to how high silver can go without starting an outflow of the new coins from the islands, but the Chinese merchants at Manila can be depended upon to begin the exportation as soon as they can see a chance to make even a small margin of profit over the expense of shipping them.

Canadian Statesman Feels Savage. Ottawa,