

The Bemidji Daily Pioneer

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME 4. NUMBER 5

BEMIDJI, MINNESOTA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1906.

TEN CENTS PER WEEK

TERROR OF BOMBS CANNOT STOP CZAR

WILL OPEN PARLIMENT

Though in Terror Will Leave
Shelter of Palace
May 10.

Emperor's Decision Creates
Considerable Surprise
in Russia.

Advice of Premier Witte and
Others Said to Be
Responsible.

St. Petersburg, April 25.—After much hesitation Emperor Nicholas has finally decided to come to St. Petersburg to greet the representatives of the people and personally open the first Russian parliament May 10. His decision comes as a surprise, as it was supposed that after his long absence from the capital he would not dare to leave the shelter of the palace of Tsarskoe-Selo. But Premier Witte and other advisers urged that it would be a great blunder to miss such an opportunity.

A most elaborate programme for the opening of parliament has been prepared. The ceremony will be attended by the pomp and circumstance befitting the event. Imperial heralds will pass through the streets summoning the representatives of the people and an imposing military escort will accompany the emperor to the Tauride palace, where parliament will assemble.

It is rumored that the emperor in greeting parliament will announce general amnesty for political prisoners and the abolition of martial law.

Emperor Retains Full Control.

The final draft of the "fundamental law" was published during the day. It consists of seventy articles and constitutes Russia's so-called "constitution." The main point gained by the people in their fight against the crown is the incorporation in the "fundamental law" of the provisions of the imperial manifesto of Oct. 20, creating a parliament and thus making it impossible for the emperor hereafter without usurpation to withdraw what he has granted. Otherwise the modifications of the "fundamental law" are entirely in the direction of supporting the em-

peror's present powers against the assaults of parliament. He not only retains absolute control of the army and navy and foreign relations, with the power to declare peace or war, but he keeps in his hands the vital prerogative of declaring cities, districts and provinces under martial law or "in a state of reinforced security." Inasmuch as an exceptional state of security involves the suspension of civil rights and as normal conditions have not existed in Russia for years, St. Petersburg having been "in a state of reinforced security" since 1882, the personal guarantees granted can be wiped out by a stroke of the emperor's pen.

OLYMPIC CONTESTS IN GREECE.

New Yorker Wins First Heat of Swimming Race.

Athens, April 25.—Phalaron was during the day the scene of the principal early events of the Olympic contest, consisting of boat racing and swimming. The weather was dull, it rained intermittently and the attendance was moderate. The Italians distinguished themselves in the rowing and Daniels of the New York Athletic club distinguished himself in the swimming contest. The Italians won the races for four-oared gigs and six-oared galleys, the French and Greek crews taking second places.

The greatest excitement was aroused by the twelve-oar navy barge race, which was won by the Greeks, who were also second. An Italian barge was third.

C. M. Daniels, New York Athletic club, holder of the world's championship 100 yards swimming record, won the first heat of the 100 metres swimming race in 1:17 3/4 seconds.

TRIAL OF HENRY G. GOLL.

Government Closes Case Against Milwaukee Banker.

Milwaukee, April 25.—The government finished its side of the Henry G. Goll case just before the noon recess was taken. Bookkeepers for several corresponding banks were called to testify to the effect that no corresponding accounts appeared on their books on the days when their accounts were charged here on the books of the First National bank with large amounts.

Frank J. Kipp, cashier, and Thomas E. Camp, assistant cashier, of the First National bank identified the handwriting upon a dozen charge and credit slips and some drafts as that of Henry G. Goll.

Anthracite Coal in Canada.

Toronto, Ont., April 25.—In the Ontario legislature Frank Cochrane, minister of mines, announced that anthracite coal had been discovered in New Hudson bay. He declined to give any information as to the locality or extent of the deposit.

DISPUTE AS TO NUMBER KILLED

Coroner Says 1,000—General
Greeley Says Only 300
Are Dead.

San Francisco, April 25.—Coroner William Walsh estimates that the total number of dead will not be less than 1,000. His reports are complete and his estimate is made up from all the data he has been able to collect. Coroner Walsh said:

"Bodies the deputy coroners have found and buried number 300, as follows:

"At Polk and Bay streets, 32; at Portsmouth square, 23; at Washington square, 12; at the Six-Mile House, 200; at Laurel hill, 23; scattered in different parts of the city, 10. No thorough search has been made of the district south of Market street or the Chinese quarter. Many lives must have been lost in these sections. South of Market street are the cheap lodgings and many of these collapsed from the earthquake. There is little chance that half of the inmates of the collapsed buildings had opportunity to escape. This is also true of Chinatown."

"Shortly after the earthquake soldiers and police, so I have been told, buried bodies found along the water front. I have received no official report of these. The total number of dead will undoubtedly reach, if it does not exceed, 1,000."

MANY BURIED BY SOLDIERS.

Exact Number of Dead May Never Be Known.

San Francisco, April 25.—The coroner's office will be reorganized at once and a morgue will be opened in a vacant store in Hayes valley. Up to the present time bodies have been buried by the soldiers and the naval militia in open squares near where found. For that reason it is feared that the exact number of dead will never be accurately known. Coroner Walsh reports that his deputies have cared for 350 bodies taken from the ruins, but this number does not include those buried by the police and by the naval militia.

From now on all burials will be made in the cemeteries and the usual reports will be made to the coroner and an opportunity given for identification. The bodies which were buried in Portsmouth and Washington squares and near Bay and Polk streets will be exhumed and an attempt to identify them before reburial in the cemetery.

GREELEY'S REPORT DIFFERS.

Estimates Loss of Life at Less Than Three Hundred.

Washington, April 25.—The official report from General Greeley of the extent of the loss of life in San Francisco is as follows:

"Very careful investigation made by Captain Winn limits as far as infor-

THESE HAVE GIVEN TO RELIEF FUND

A. A. Carter.....\$10
The Pioneer.....10
E. H. Jerrard.....5
Wm. Hillgrove.....1
William Pelkey.....10
A. A. Goodrich.....5

Subscribers may be paid to Mayor Carter, the Lumbermens State bank, the First National bank or to the Pioneer.

mation is obtainable the entire San Francisco death list from late disaster to 277 victims; of these about 50 unknown gathered from various parts of the city have been temporarily buried in Lombard and Bay streets, Washington square and Portsmouth square. In the Valencia hotel 24 bodies were recovered and 56 others are said to have perished in the ruins.

"Although this report very materially reduces the death list for San Francisco it is not believed that it will be further increased save by isolated victims among the ruins."

QUESTION FOR SCIENTISTS.

Not a Tremor Felt on Island in San Francisco Bay.

San Francisco, April 25.—There is one place within pistol shot of ruined San Francisco that the earthquake did not touch, that did not lose a chimney or feel a tremor—Alcatraz island. Despite the fact that the island is covered with brick buildings, brick forts and brick chimneys not a brick was loosened, not a crack made nor a quiver felt. When the scientist comes to write he will have his hands full explaining why Alcatraz did not have any physical knowledge of the event. The scene from the island was awe inspiring. The crash of a falling city filled the ears of the aroused island, but no one understood what it was all about. There was no earthquake that he knew about, yet the city a few hundred yards across the bay was crashing to ruin.

Clark's Home Partly Demolished.

San Jose, Cal., April 25.—The home of W. A. Clark at Burlingame was partially demolished by the earthquake. No one was injured. Many other residences suffered to a greater or less degree. At San Mateo all brick buildings are down. No one was killed or injured. All stores suffered severe damage.

University Out of Business.

Berkeley, Cal., April 25.—President Wheeler of the University of California met with the academic council and suspended the sessions of the college for the rest of the academic year.

STRIKES INCREASING IN FRANCE.

Serious General Movement Feared on May Day.

Paris, April 25.—The strike element is increasing in France with the approach of May day, when the authorities apprehend a serious general movement. About 6,000 persons employed in the jewelry trades and 4,000 employed in the paper industry during the day joined the book printers here, who struck work some time ago. The leading establishments are guarded by troops.

GREATLY EXAGGERATED.

Reports of Clashes Between Police and Guardsmen.

San Francisco, April 25.—Chief of Police Dinan said during the day that reports of clashes between police and national guardsmen were greatly exaggerated. The officers of the department are taking their regular details from the captains of their respective companies and are doing patrol duty in connection with the regulars. It is believed that before the close of the day every militiaman will be withdrawn from duty on the city streets. "As far as the police department is concerned," said Chief Dinan, "we have endeavored to co-operate with the regulars in patrolling the streets and preserving order. We have had no clash with militiamen or the citizens' patrols, but there have been numerous complaints of the overzealousness of the guardsmen by citizens and for that reason we have deemed it advisable to request the withdrawal of all bodies of troops not acting under the direct command of General Funston."

CHINATOWN GONE FOREVER.

Celestials Will Be Concentrated at New Points.

San Francisco, April 25.—The big fire has obliterated Chinatown from San Francisco forever. Mayor Schmitz has informed Chief of Police Dinan that all of the Chinese now in the city would be collected and placed in and near Fontana's warehouses, near Fort Mason, and that the new Chinatown would be located at Hunters Point, on the southern extremity of the county on the bay shore. It is several miles distant from the old Chinatown. All Chinese who have left the city and who return later will be concentrated at the new points.

Legislature Appropriates \$250,000.

Albany, N. Y., April 25.—Governor Higgins has signed the bill appropriating \$250,000 for the relief of the people of San Francisco and the state of California. The bill was introduced in the legislature during the evening and immediately passed by both houses.

THOUSANDS ARE DESERTING CITY

General Greeley Reports Exodus of 24,000 in Last Twenty-four Hours.

Washington, April 25.—Major General A. W. Greeley, commanding the department of the Pacific, in a telegram to the war department received over night, praises General Funston and the conduct of the people of San Francisco. He estimates that more than 25,000 people have left the city in twenty-four hours. Present indications point to largely decreased demands the coming week owing to rapid removal of inhabitants to country and adjacent towns. Relief trains are arriving daily and he says the facilities for feeding the destitute have greatly improved since the arrival of twenty-eight cars sent by the chamber of commerce relief committee of Los Angeles provided with cooking arrangements capable of caring for 15,000 persons.

GOMEZ TO RECEIVE M. TAIGNY.

Venezuelan Plan of Satisfying Demands of France.

New York, April 25.—A cable dispatch to the Herald from Willemstad, Curacao, says:

Former President Castro has had a slight stroke of paralysis, but has now recovered.

President Gomez says that there will be no change in the policy or conduct of the government.

It is reported that the French punishment will take this form: M. Taigny, escorted by a fleet, will be received as representative of France with full honors. M. Taigny will then be withdrawn and relations be re-established.

It is believed that President Castro, in order to avoid receiving M. Taigny, made General Gomez acting president. It is doubted that this will satisfy the French.

INTERMENT AT ANNAPOLIS.

Remains of Paul Jones Placed in Temporary Resting Place.

Annapolis, Md., April 25.—The ceremonies incident to the sepulture of the remains of Admiral Paul Jones, which were recently conveyed from France to this country, were carried out during the afternoon in the presence of a distinguished audience. The program included addresses by President Roosevelt, Ambassador Jusserand and Governor Warfield, with "The Star Spangled Banner," "The Marseillaise," "Maryland, My Maryland," and "How Sleep the Brave," sung by the Baltimore Oratorio society, concluding with a procession to Bancroft hall, in which the body was deposited until chapel hall, its final resting place, has been made ready.

DAMAGE AT PALO ALTO.

Will Amount to More Than a Million Dollars.

Palo Alto, Cal., April 25.—But little destruction is in evidence on the university campus. The students still lack funds here. No one is allowed upon the campus without a pass. Workmen are clearing away the debris of the Memorial church. Most of the campus dwellings have been repaired.

Alabama Bank Closed.

Washington, April 25.—The First National bank at Attalla, Ala., was closed during the day by direction of the controller of the currency upon information received from National Bank Examiner Cooper that the bank is insolvent. Examiner Cooper has been appointed receiver.

Cossacks Kill Many Peasants.

Veronezh, Russia, April 25.—The governor general of Veronezh is hastily left for Diewiteza, where, it is reported, Cossacks have killed nineteen and wounded fifty persons in suppressing peasant disorders.

ESCAPED WORSE FATE.

Three Men Shot to Death on Burning Roof of Hotel.

Salt Lake City, April 25.—That three men were shot to death on a blazing roof in San Francisco to keep them from being burned alive is solemnly asserted by Max Fast, a garment worker, who has arrived here. "When the fire caught the Windsor hotel at Fifth and Market," said Mr. Fast, "there were three men on the roof and it was impossible to get them down. Rather than see the men fall in with the roof and be roasted alive the military officer directed his men to shoot them, which they did in the presence of 5,000 people. I saw great stones fall on three men near the city hall, crushing the life out of them. In Union square I stood beside a woman who died actually from fright and thirst. Her last request was for water and we had none to give her. At Jefferson square I saw a fatal clash between the military and the police. A policeman ordered a soldier to take up a dead body to put it in the wagon and the soldier ordered the policeman to do it. Words followed and the soldier shot the policeman dead."

ON PLANS FOR RELIEF.

Government and Red Cross Working in Conjunction.

Washington, April 25.—Working in

PAUL JONES, FIRST ADMIRAL, BURIED

HONORS FOR DEAD HERO

President Roosevelt Speaks at Annapolis at Memorial Services.

Ten Thousand Gather to Do Reverence to Revolutionary Sailor.

Remains Brought From France and Re-entombed at Annapolis.

Annapolis, Md., April 25.—Attended by the official head of the nation, served by the ambassadorial representative of the land in which he died, by naval representatives of the United States and France and by thousands of citizens of the country whose first admiral he was, the remains of John Paul Jones were today placed in a crypt beneath the stairway of Bancroft hall.

The coffin will remain there resting in state until the completion of the chapel in which the remains will be deposited permanently. Crowds such as the ancient capital of Maryland has seldom known lined the streets and stood about the railroad station long before President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt, members of the cabinet, the French Ambassador and Madame Jeserand and other dignitaries had arrived.

Early this morning the casket containing the remains of the long dead admiral had been removed from a temporary vault in which they rested since being brought from France, and deposited in the new armory of the naval academy. The oaken casket was almost hidden by the union jack and upon it rested two crossed palms, a wreath of green and the sword presented to the great naval commander by the king of France.

President Roosevelt made a notable address, full of patriotic sentiments. He related at length the history of the admiral's exploits and told how he had laid almost forgotten for a century in a French cemetery before the United States decided to bring the remains to this shore.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK HOTEL.

All Radiators in the Building Filled With Gas.

Mansfield, O., April 25.—A plot to blow up the Von Hof hotel was discovered during the day. By means of rubber tubing the radiators of the hotel were filled with artificial gas and when A. L. Lott, a jeweler whose room was in the block, lighted a match flames shot up to the ceiling.

All the radiators were discovered to be filled and a panic among the guests was narrowly averted.

Hobson Nominated for Congress.

Birmingham, Ala., April 25.—Late returns from the Sixth district Democratic congressional primary confirm the nomination of Captain Richmond P. Hobson over Congressman John H. Bankhead. The nomination is equivalent to an election.

BRIEF BITS OF NEWS.

A heavy snow storm prevailed over the greater part of Maine Tuesday.

Delegates from England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales and from every section of this country are gathered at Philadelphia for the 20th anniversary of the organization of the Presbyterian church.

Walter Wellman, the newspaper correspondent, who will next June make an attempt to reach the North pole by a dirigible balloon, sailed from New York Wednesday for Europe on the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II.

Francis A. Blades, city controller of Detroit, Mich., since 1898, retired Methodist clergyman and prominent member of the Republican party, of which he was one of the founders, under the oaks at Jackson, Mich., is dead at Detroit, aged eighty-five years.

Long Coats arrived last week the very latest styles \$15.00	O'Leary & Bowser Bemidji, Minn.	Grey Suits, just in. Very Stylish, \$15.00
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Wednesday to Saturday

We are going to display our elegant line of Wash Goods. We want the ladies to see them. To make it a special object to visit our store we are going to offer some **WONDERFUL BARGAINS** for four days.

1000 yards 15c Chambray for, per yard,	9 1/2c	1 lot Ladies' White Skirts, (slightly soiled), worth from \$2.00 to \$2.50, choice, each,	\$1.39
5000 yards 7c Prints, for, per yard,	5c	1 lot Boy's 25c hats, for each,	15c
10 doz., 25c Sun Bonnets, for each,	15c	1 lot White Embroidered Shirt-waist Patterns, worth 95c, \$1.35 and \$1.50 each, choice for,	79c
10 doz., boys' 50c fine Mad-dras waists, each	29c	1 lot Ladies' fine Belts, regular price \$1.50 each, choice,	\$1.19
15 doz., Men's Shirts, worth from 50c to \$1.00, for, each,	33c	1 lot Black Cat Cashmere Hose, to close at, a pair	19c
25 doz., red and white fringed Napkins, per doz.,	29c		

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

We want every boy to be well dressed for Decoration Day. It won't cost much if your clothes are bought here, and for each suit, whether it be a \$2.00 or \$15.00 one, you will receive a "Never Stop Top" free of charge.

25% Off 15 dozen Men's and Boys' muslim Night Robes at a discount of 25 per cent from regular price **25% Off**