

WATCH
The \$250 Piano
Price Drops \$10
per Day

The 10 Day Cash Carnival

SWINGS MERRILY ALONG

TO THE BARGAIN GOAL

WATCH
The \$250 Piano
Price Drops \$10
per Day

FOLLOW THE CROWD AND LET YOUR POCKETBOOK SMILE

The crowd has been here morning, noon and night, and still they come, tempted by prices that startle and Bargains that astonish. Now is the time when folks want a dollar to do the work of 100 cents. It will do it at West's 10 Day Cash Carnival and then some. Come to the Bargain Carnival, criticise and compare prices and then do your buying.

BRASS BEDS Solid brass, satin finished, regular price \$38.00, special price \$27.98	Mahogany Parlor Suit 5 piece, upholstered in first quality velour, \$46.00 value, special during Cash Carnival \$34.00	Laundry Appliances Cedar Wash Tubs at 58 cents. Galvanized Tubs, Washboards, Sad Irons. If you need anything for Kitchen or Laundry, come to West's Carnival.
DINING CHAIRS Solid Oak, rattan seat, special at 48 Cents Each	LAMPS Swinging Hall Lamps, brass finished, \$3.50 value, special price \$2.18. Beautifully decorated Parlor Lamps, Nickel Plated Lamps, anything you can call for in Lamps.	Wood and Coal Heaters Large assortment, special prices, 94 cents to \$15.00.
Feather Pillows. Soft and comfortable pillows at 98 cents. Large size Cotton Pillows at 44 cents.		LACE CURTAINS Ecru and white, \$1.00 values at . 65 cts. Hansome \$3.50 curtains at . . . \$2.48

**10 DAY
CASH
CARNIVAL**

You'll find something of interest to you and your whole family.
Just follow the joyous throng to

J. H. WEST'S

**10 DAY
CASH
CARNIVAL**

ISSUED MANDAMUS AGAINST BOARD.

Case of Dr. Mauldin Decided by Supreme Court.

The State.

In the case of the State ex rel John Mell. Mauldin, petitioner, against O. A. Matthews et al., respondents, the supreme court has granted the writ of mandamus prayed for, and Mr. Mauldin will have the right to secure a license from the pharmaceutical board of South Carolina. The case was recently argued before the court and the decision is written by Associate Justice Woods.

The case involves the powers of the board of pharmacy, it being claimed that Mr. Mauldin, from Greenville, at the proper time and place, applied to the board for a license and gave them satisfactory proof of his being a regular graduate of the Maryland College of Pharmacy, and although not required to do so by law, he offered to submit to the examination to which other applicants, not graduates in pharmacy, were subjected.

The board refused to examine him and also refused to grant him the desired license.

Mauldin, who was represented by Messrs. W. C. Benet and Oscar K. Mauldin of Greenville, applied to Chief Justice Pope for mandamus and the case came on to be heard before the supreme court on the order of the chief justice to the board to show cause why the petition should not be granted. Mauldin claimed that he had fully complied with all the requirements of the statute, which reads: "No examination shall be required in case the applicant is a regular graduate of a pharmacy from any reputable college; but such applicant shall be entitled to a license upon furnishing evidence of his graduation satisfactory to the said board and upon payment of a fee of \$5."

Mauldin also went further and offered to stand the examination.

The three main issues, as contended for by the petitioner, were:

1. Is the discretionary power of the board reviewable and controllable by the court?

2. Is by-law No. 6 of the Pharmaceutical association of South Carolina repugnant to the statute section 1120?

3. Is the Maryland College of

Pharmacy a reputable college?

The board contended that in refusing to issue a license to the petitioner they were acting in a judicial and not in a ministerial manner and that in so doing they could not be compelled by mandamus.

The board bases its refusal to issue the license on the ground that the petitioner failed to produce proof of having served not less than four years with a druggist or apothecary and also that the Maryland College of Pharmacy is not, in their opinion a reputable college.

The decision of the court is contrary to the position taken by the board and Mauldin is now entitled to his license on the payment of the fee of \$5.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

The President Designates Thursday, Nov. 26, as Day—Would Have the People Look More to the Life of the Spirit.

Washington, October 31.—The president today issued the annual Thanksgiving proclamation, in which he pointed out the steady growth of the nation in strength, worldly power, wealth and population, and that our average of individual comfort and well-being is higher than that of any other country in the world. For this, he declares, Americans owe it to the Almighty to show equal progress in moral and spiritual things.

The proclamation follows:

By the President of the United States of America—Proclamation:

"Once again the season is at hand when, according to the ancient custom of our people, it becomes the duty of the president to appoint a day of prayer and of thanksgiving to God."

"Year by year this nation grows in strength and worldly power. During the century and a quarter that has elapsed since our entry into the circle of independent peoples we have grown and prospered in material things to a degree never known before, and not known in any other country. The thirteen colonies which straggled along the seacoast of the Atlantic and were hemmed in but a few miles west of tidewater by the Indian-haunted wilderness have been transformed into the mightiest Re-

public which the world has ever seen. Its domains stretch across the continent from one to the other of the two greatest oceans, and it exercises dominion alike in the arctic and tropic realms. The growth in wealth and population has surpassed even the growth in territory. Nowhere else in the world is the average of individual comfort and material well-being as high as in our fortunate land.

"For the very reason that in material well-being we have thus

abounded we owe it to the Almighty to show equal progress in moral and spiritual things. With a nation, as with the individuals who make up a nation, material well-being is an indispensable foundation. But the foundation avails nothing by itself.

That life is wasted, and worse than wasted, which is spent in piling, heap upon heap, those things which minister merely to the pleasure of the body and to the power that rests only on wealth. Upon material well-being as a foundation must be raised the structure of the lofty life of the spirit if this nation is properly to fulfill its great mission and to accomplish all that we so ardently hope and desire. The things of the body are good; the things of the intellect better; but best of all are the things of the soul; for, in the nation, as in the individual, in the long run it is character that counts. Let us, therefore, as a people set our faces resolutely against evil, and with broad charity, with kindness and good will toward all men, but with unflinching determination to smile down wrong, strive with all the strength that is given us for righteousness in public and in private life.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States, do set apart Thursday, the 26th day of November, as a day of general thanksgiving and prayer, and on that day I recommend that the people shall cease from their daily work and, in their homes or in their churches, meet devoutly to thank the Almighty for the many and great blessings they have received in the past, and to pray that they may be given strength so to order their lives as to deserve a continuation of these blessings in the future."

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed."

"Done at the city of Washington, this 31st day of October, in the year of our Lord 1908, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-third."

Theodore Roosevelt.

By the President:

Alvey A. Adee.

Acting Secretary of State.

NEW YORK HERALD GIVES TAFT 306

Bryan Credited With 177—New York Newspaper Issues its Final Election Prediction and Gives Taft the Victory.

New York, October 31.—Reasonably sure Republican—California 10, Colorado 5, Connecticut 7, Delaware 3, Idaho 3, Illinois 27, Indiana 15, Iowa 13, Kansas 10, Maine 6, Massachusetts 16, Michigan 14, Minnesota 11, Montana 3, New Hampshire 4, New Jersey 12, New York 39, North Dakota 4, Ohio 23, Oregon 4, Pennsylvania 34, Rhode Island 4, South Dakota 4, Utah 3, Vermont 4, Washington 5, West Virginia 7, Wisconsin 13, Wyoming 3. Total, 306.

Reasonably sure Democratic—Alabama 11, Arkansas 9, Florida 5, Georgia 13, Kentucky 13, Louisiana 9, Maryland 8, Mississippi 10, Missouri 18, Nebraska 8, Nevada 3, North Carolina 12, Oklahoma 7, South Carolina 9, Tennessee 12, Texas 18, Virginia 12. Total, 177.

This is the final forecast by the New York Herald of the election of 1908. There have been few changes in the outlook since the publication of the forecast of last Sunday, when the Herald's electoral table gave Taft 280 votes; Bryan 156; doubtful, with Republican leanings, 26; doubtful, with Democratic leanings, 21.

Basing the forecast of today still on surface indications and on reports made by disinterested correspondents in various doubtful States, the Herald gives Mr. Taft 306 electoral votes and Mr. Bryan 177. The States changed from the table of last Sunday are six. No State that Mr. Taft seemed then to have with reasonable surety has been lost to him during the last week of the campaign. No State that Mr. Bryan was credited with last week has gone from his column. The four States of Colorado, Indiana, Montana and Wyoming, which were last

week classed as doubtful, with Republican tendencies, are now credited to Mr. Taft by the correspondents of the Herald. The two States of Nebraska and Kentucky, which were classed as doubtful, with Democratic inclinations, are now given to Mr. Bryan.

Thus during the week the net apparent gain of the Republican candidate has been twenty-six electoral votes, while the net apparent gain of the Democratic candidate has been twenty-one.

All observers agree that Mr. Bryan did not add to his electoral strength by his last journey to the East. He utterly failed to shake the electoral vote of New York from its Republican moorings, and, indeed, during his presence in the Empire State the belief was intensified that there is a working agreement between a large number of Democrats and Republicans to throw the State to Taft and Chandler. It yet remains to be seen, however, whether the peculiar announcement by John D. Rockefeller that he would support Taft can be turned by the Democrats into an argument which may swing some close States back to Bryan.

The Democratic campaigners are making use of the incident with all the avidity with which a last card is seized upon in the closing hours of the campaign. So far as the New York governorship is concerned Mr. Hughes has a small lead. The tide seems to continue to run in his favor, but the contest is so close that at the last moment something might develop which would change the conditions.

NON-RESIDENTS MUST PAY HUNTING LICENSE

The fact is not generally known that non-residents are not permitted to hunt game in South Carolina without the payment of a license. The act of the legislature says:

"It shall be unlawful for any non-resident of this State, except on his own land, or on the land under his control or except when accompanied by resident freeholder by special invitation for a special occasion, to catch, kill, injure or pursue with such intent any wild turkeys, partridge or quail in any county of this State, without a license and the clerk of court for such county is hereby auth-

orized and required upon the payment of a fee of \$25 to issue to any such nonresident, a license to hunt in each county which shall be for one year. All license and fines collected under this act shall be turned over to the warden of the county for the enforcement of the game laws."

NO REASON FOR DOUBT.

A Statement of Facts Backed by a Strong Guarantee

We guarantee immediate relief and a positive cure to all sufferers from constipation. In every case where we fail to effect a cure, we will supply the medicine free. That's a frank statement of facts, and we want you to substantiate them at our risk.

Renall Orderlies are a gentle, effective, dependable and safe bowel regulator, strengthening and tonic. They re-establish nature's functions in a quiet, easy way. They do not cause any inconvenience, griping or nausea. They are so pleasant to take and work so easily that they may be taken by anyone at any time. They thoroughly tone up the whole system to healthy activity. They have a most beneficial action upon the liver.

Renall Orderlies are unsurpassable and ideal for the use of children, old folks and delicate persons. We cannot too highly recommend them to all sufferers from any form of constipation and its attendant evils. That's why we back our faith in them with our promise of money back if they do not give entire satisfaction. Gilder & Weeks, Newberry, S. C.

TO DRAW JURY.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Jury Commissioners for Newberry county, S. C., will at nine o'clock A. M., November 7th, 1908, in the office of the Clerk of Court, openly and publicly draw the names of thirty-six men who shall serve at the Court of General Sessions as Petit Jurors for one week beginning November 23, 1908, this being the second week of the Court of General Sessions which will convene at Newberry, S. C., on November 16, 1908.

Jno. L. Epps,
Wm. W. Cromer,
Jno. C. Goggans,
Jury Commissioners for Newberry County, S. C.

Newberry, S. C., October 26, 1908.